# STUDY REPORT

For

# NORTHLAKE FOREST SUBDIVISION DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS

Prepared For:

Harris County
Precinct 3
UPIN: 19103MF14F01



Prepared By:



Texas Firm Number: F-487 16340 Park Ten Place, Suite 350 Houston, Texas 77084

Phone: (713) 461-9600

10/07/2021

October 2021

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

<u>Desc</u>	ription	<u>Ption</u> Pag				
Nort	hlake For	est Subdivision Drainage Improvements				
Execu	ıtive Sumr	mary	1			
1.0	General I	nformation	2			
2.0	Authoriza	ation	2			
3.0	Purpose a	and Scope	2			
4.0	_	Conditions Analysis				
	4.1	Storm Sewer				
	4.2	Water				
	4.3	Sanitary Sewer				
	4.4	Electric	3			
	4.5	Gas	3			
	4.6	Telecommunications	3			
5.0	Topograp	phic Survey and Existing ROW	3			
	5.1	Topographic Survey	3			
	5.2	Existing ROW	3			
6.0	Geotechr	nical Report				
	6.1	Underground Utilities	4			
	6.2	Outfall Structures	4			
	6.3	Proposed Pavement	4			
7.0	Drainage	Analysis	5			
8.0		ce Utility Engineering				
9.0		endations				
10.0	Construc	tion Cost Estimate	6			
List o	of Exhibit	S				
		oject Location Key Map				
		sting Storm Sewer Layout				
		pposed Storm Sewer Layout				
		sting & Proposed Typical Cross Sections				
		pographic Survey				
	Exhibit 6 – Drainage Area Map & Hydraulic Data					
		st Estimate				
		lity Conflict Table				
	2 2 3 (1)					

# **List of Appendices**

Appendix A – Geotechnical Exploration Study

Appendix B – Drainage Analysis

Appendix C – INO Letter

Appendix D – Existing ROW Maps

UPIN: 19103MF14F01



# **Executive Summary**

Harris County identified approximately 23 and 84 single-family residential homes that were flooded during the April 2016 (Tax Day) and August 2017 (Hurricane Harvey) storm events, respectively. HDR Engineering completed a preliminary drainage study in 2019 and concluded that the cause of the structural flooding is due to the overflow from Little Cypress Creek during major storm events (1% annual chance or less). R. G. Miller Engineers has prepared this study report outlining the findings and recommendations to reduce structural flooding within the project area.

The project is located within Precinct 3 in Cypress Texas. It is generally bounded Huffmeister Road to the north and east, Spring Cypress Road to the south, and Northlake Forest Drive to the south. The proposed improvements are located within the Northlake Forest Subdivision. The project area is located in Key Map Grid 327Z.

The purpose of this project is to extend the existing storm network and upsize one existing outfall to address the existing flooding in the subdivision. The study phase included assessment of the existing flooding based on NOAA Atlas 14 rainfall data and recommend improvements to alleviate existing flooding within the subdivision.

Topographic survey, geotechnical investigation, and drainage analysis were conducted for this study report. The topographic survey provided all public and private utilities that were found through visible means or with Level B SUE investigations and was approved by Harris County Engineering Department (HCED) on May 17, 2021. The geotechnical investigation was conducted for this study report to outline the findings and recommendations for the proposed improvements and was approved by HCED on November 11, 2021. The drainage analysis was conducted for this project to analysis the existing storm sewer system and provide recommendations for the proposed storm sewer improvements and received Harris County Flood Control District (HCFCD) INO on June 4, 2021.

There have been multiple single-family homes that have been flooded during the April 2016 (Tax Day) and August 2017 (Hurricane Harvey) storm events. Approximately 25 structures and 84 structures were flooded during the Tax Day and Hurricane Harvey storm events, respectively. During the study of this project, it was identified that the cul-de-sacs adjacent to the pipeline corridor are poorly drained and collect water.

The recommendation to alleviate the flooding that is being experienced is to extend the storm sewer system along Clear Point Drive, Cortree Knolls, and Medlowe Court, upsize the existing inlets on Bach Springs Court, Light Springs Court, Fable Court, and Elinor Court, and upsize the existing storm sewer outfall into the detention basin near Arlington Place Street. These recommendations reduce ponding during the 2-year, 10-year, and 100-year storm events and have no adverse impact to the receiving waterways for storm events up to and including the NOAA Atlas 14 100-year storm event.

The preliminary cost estimate for this project is \$494,807.00.

UPIN: 19103MF14F01



# 1.0 General Information

Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvements. UPIN: 19103MF14F01. Harris County Engineering Department, Precinct 3. Refer to Exhibit 1 for Project Location Key Map.

# 2.0 Authorization

R.G. Miller Engineers, Inc. (RGME) has been authorized to proceed with the Study, Design, and Bid Phase Engineering Services for Harris County Engineering Department (HCED), for the improvement of Northlake Subdivision Drainage Improvements on July 14, 2020.

# 3.0 Purpose and Scope

The purpose of this project is to extend the storm network and address existing flooding in the subdivision by upsizing 1 of the existing pond outfalls, installing a restrictor plate on the pipe's downstream end on the outfall, extending the currently existing storm network on streets that are prone to flooding based on NOAA Atlas 14 rainfall data. The proposed improvements will cause pavement restoration for half the existing road section.

# 4.0 Existing Conditions Analysis

A Utility Conflict Table is provided with the study report to outline existing public and private utilities (see Table 2)

# 4.1 Storm Sewer

The Northlake Forest Subdivision conveys stormwater runoff through a storm sewer system and curb and gutter streets as shown in Exhibit 2. The storm sewer system drains to a system of detention ponds within the neighborhood. The storm sewer network will be improved to accommodate Atlas 14 rainfall data.

# 4.2 Water

The Northlake Forest subdivision is served by Harris County Municipal Utility District #10. The MUD engineer is Van De Wiele and Volger, Inc. The existing water system is located within Harris County right-of-way along multiple roadways where the existing storm sewer system exists.

# 4.3 Sanitary Sewer

The Northlake Forest subdivision is served by Harris County Municipal Utility District #10. The MUD engineer is Van De Wiele and Volger, Inc. Record drawings of the existing potable water system within the subdivision were provided by the MUD engineer and was confirmed with information from the topographic survey. The existing water system is located within Harris County right-of-way along multiple roadways within the project area. The potable water system is not likely to be impacted by the construction of improvements for large storm events. However, the system may be impacted by localized improvements to the interior drainage system which may result in more efficient drainage during smaller storm events. The sanitary sewer system should not be impacted by the localized improvements to the existing storm sewer system.

UPIN: 19103MF14F01



# 4.4 Electric

The Northlake Forest subdivision is served by Centerpoint Energy. Overhead power lines are located along the west side of the subdivision, the pipeline easement, and the south side of Huffmeister Road. Existing streetlights may be affected, coordination between contractor, engineer and Centerpoint will be needed.

# 4.5 Gas

The Northlake Forest subdivision is served by Centerpoint Energy. Gas lines within the neighborhood are located along the back of lot lines within existing utility easements. It is not anticipated that gas service will be impacted by the construction of the proposed localized improvements to the storm network. A pipeline runs in the southwest to northeast direction through the subdivision. It crosses under Huffmeister Road. The recommended localized improvements avoid crossing the pipeline corridor and the pipeline should not be impacted by the proposed improvements.

# 4.6 Telecommunications

The Northlake Forest subdivision is served by Comcast and AT&T telecommunications. Existing utilities are located throughout the neighborhood along the back lots within Harris County right-of-way. Existing buried AT&T cables will be affected by the proposed improvements, coordination with AT&T will be required.

# 5.0 Topographic Survey and Existing ROW

A topographic Survey and Existing ROW maps were conducted by "Kuo and Associates" that were completed in May 2021 and approved by HCED on May 17, 2021. See Exhibit 5 for Topographic Survey and Appendix D for Existing ROW maps.

# **5.1 Topographic Survey**

All public and private utilities were found through visible means or with Level B SUE through the One Call Services. The topographic survey was used for the design of the storm sewer extensions and outfall replacement at Arlington Place.

# 5.2 Existing ROW

The existing ROW of the subdivision consists of a 60-foot ROW with waterline and sanitary sewer easements throughout the subdivision. A pipeline easement runs northeast and southwest through the subdivision. All proposed improvements are within the existing ROW. See Exhibit 4 for existing typical cross sections.

# **6.0 Geotechnical Report**

A geotechnical exploration study (attached in Appendix A) was conducted by "Geotech Engineering and Testing" in November 2020 and approved by HCED on November 11, 2020.

UPIN: 19103MF14F01



# **6.1 Underground Utilities**

The soil stratigraphy and groundwater conditions along the project alignment were explored by conducting four (4) soil testing borings to the completions depths of 15' and 20', which consists of one (1) boring at each outfall, one boring close to the storm sewer tie in point on Light Falls Court, and one boring at the cul-de-sac on Clear Point Drive. The project alignments are generally flat and exhibit a topographic variation of less than 3'. In general, the vicinity of the project alignments consists of residential facilities. The soils along the project alignment appear to be uniform. Existing soil stratigraphy includes an existing concrete pavement 7" and 10" in thickness and sandy lean clay from 0'-20' beneath the existing pavement. The bedding and backfilling material for the proposed storm sewer should be constructed in accordance with the Harris County Specifications.

The results of the field explorations and laboratory testing indicate that unsatisfactory soils for excavation, such as soft clay soils, exist at various depths in the borings along the project alignments. If these conditions are encountered during the time of construction, suitable groundwater control measures should be implemented. Furthermore, the contractor may have to over excavate an additional 1-ft and remove unstable or unsuitable materials with approval by the geotechnical engineer, then place an equal depth of cement stabilization sand. Due to potential variability of the onsite soils, unstable trench conditions may still exist in the areas where borings were not conducted, if these conditions are encountered during the time of construction a stable trench should be provided to allow proper bedding and installation.

There was no groundwater encountered during the exploration and at 0.5-hour after drilling in the borings. If groundwater is encountered during construction, it is the geotechnical engineers' recommendation that groundwater should be lowered to a depth of at least three-ft below the deepest excavation grade in order to provide dry working conditions. Any minor water inflow in cohesive soil layers can probably be removed using a sump-pump or a trench sump-pump immediately. A wellpoint system can be used in the area where sands are present.

# 6.2 Outfall Structures

The reinforced concrete pipes should be placed on a well prepared, properly compacted working surface. The drainage outfall pipes can be supported on the natural soils, provided the subgrade is protected from construction disturbances and surface water is not allowed to pond within the excavation. In the event that potentially wet and unstable cohesionless soils are encountered during construction, these soils need to be stabilized by lowering the groundwater, excavate and replaced with cement stabilized sands.

# **6.3 Proposed Pavement**

The proposed pavement shall be in accordance with Harris County Engineering Department standard sections for residential streets. RGME recommends replacing the existing pavement to the existing cross section which includes a depth of 8-inches of reinforced concrete and 8-inches of cement stabilized subgrade.

UPIN: 19103MF14F01



# 7.0 Drainage Analysis

A drainage analysis was conducted by HDR in April 2021 (attached in Appendix B) and approved on June 4, 2021. An INO was received from Harris County Flood Control District on June 4, 2021 and is provided in Appendix C.

The general topography of the subdivision slopes towards the southeast. The subdivision is currently mapped within FEMA effective Special Flood Hazard Area Shaded Zone X, which indicates that the entire subdivision lies within the 0.2% annual chance (500-year) floodplain of Little Cypress Creek, as shown in the floodplain map found in Appendix B Exhibit 2. Additionally, Appendix B Exhibit 5, Exhibit 6, and Exhibit 7 provide the pre-project conditions ponding maps for the 2-year, 10-year, and 100-year storm events within the Northlake Forest subdivision, respectively.

As a part of the study phase of the Northlake Forest subdivision project, HDR analyzed the existing storm sewer system and proposed improvements within Sections 1 and 3 of the Northlake Forest Subdivision. See Exhibit 2 for the existing storm sewer layout. Storm sewer improvements are proposed along Clear Point Drive, Bach Springs Court, Light Falls Court, Corktree Knolls, Medlowe Court, Elinor Court, and Fable Lane. The storm sewer improvements involve extending the existing storm sewer along Corktree Knolls, Clear Point Drive, and Medlowe Court., and upsizing the existing "B-B" inlets on Bach Springs Court, Light Springs Court, Fable Court, and Elinor Court to "C-1" Inlets. The purpose of the storm sewer extension and inlet replacements is to reduce ponding during the 2-year, 10-year, and 100-year storm events. The proposed storm sewers will be placed within the existing road right of way, underneath the pavement to avoid conflict with the existing water lines. Additionally, the storm sewer outfall near Arlington Place will be upsized to reduce the hydraulic grade line within the underground system throughout the subdivision. See Exhibit 3 for the proposed storm sewer layout.

The pre-project and proposed condition's peak flow rates were compared. 0.10 acre-foot of storage will be provided by upsizing the 5'x4' RCB outfall near Arlington Place St. to a proposed 6'x4' RCB and constructing a 5'x4' restrictor plate on the downstream end of the pipe.

Appendix B Exhibit 4 of the HDR drainage report provides a layout of the proposed storm sewer improvements. Additionally, Appendix B Exhibit 8, Exhibit 9, and Exhibit 10 of the HDR drainage report provide the proposed conditions ponding maps for the 2-year, 10-year, and 100-year storm events, respectively. The downstream boundary condition of the model used is based on a fixed backwater condition of the detention basin static water surface elevations and does not consider any overflows from Little Cypress Creek or the flood levels in Little Cypress Creek. The drainage analysis has been reviewed and approved by HCFCD. HCFCD INO (Project No. 2012100253) was received June 4, 2021 and is provided in Appendix C.

# 8.0 Subsurface Utility Engineering

Kuo and Associates conducted Level B SUE to locate private utilities within the ROW. Existing utility documents can be found in Exhibit 5.

UPIN: 19103MF14F01



# 9.0 Recommendations

During the April 2016 (Tax Day) and August 2017 (Hurricane Harvey) storm events, approximately 25 and 84 single-family residential homes respectively were flooded in the Northlake subdivision. In 2019, HDR Engineering Inc completed a preliminary drainage study and concluded the cause of flooding during large storm events (1% annual chance or less) to be overflow from Little Cypress Creek, while Harris County Flood Control District (HCFCD) has undertaken the Little Cypress Creek Frontier Program which will reduce the risk of structural flooding within the Little Cypress Creek watershed and the Northlake Forest subdivision, the drainage analysis done by HDR in 2020 shows street ponding during smaller storm events (50% annual chance or more) and proposed improvements within Section 1 and 3 of the Northlake Subdivision to reduce the risk of flooding and street ponding.

Storm sewer improvements are proposed along Clear Point Drive, Corktree Knolls, and Medlowe Court, and upsizing the existing "B-B" inlets on Bach Springs Court, Light Springs Court, Fable Court, and Elinor Court to "C-1" Inlets. The storm sewer improvements involve extending the existing storm sewer toward the end of each respective cul-de-sac to provide inlet capacity. The proposed storm sewer will be placed underneath one side of the street pavement to avoid conflict with existing waterlines. Additionally, the storm sewer outfall to the detention basin near Arlington Place Street will be upsized and a restrictor plate will be added. The existing detention basin is a wet bottom basin. The contractor shall ensure dry conditions at the outfall with the use of, but not limited to, pumps and coffer dams.

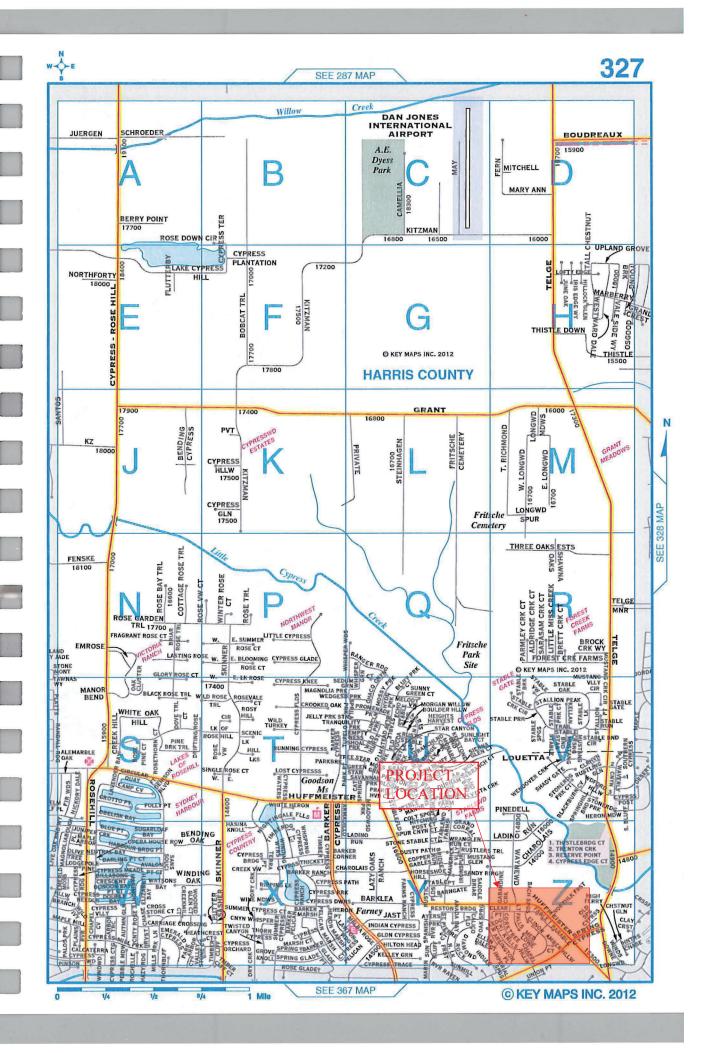
The proposed pavement for pavement replacement shall be in accordance with Harris County Engineering Department standard section for residential streets. RGME recommends replacing the existing pavement to the existing cross section which includes a depth of 8-inches of reinforced concrete pavement and 8-inches of cement stabilized subgrade.

# 10.0 Construction Cost Estimate

The preliminary cost estimate for this project is \$494,807.00 (See Table 1).



# EXHIBIT 1 PROJECT LOCATION KEY MAP





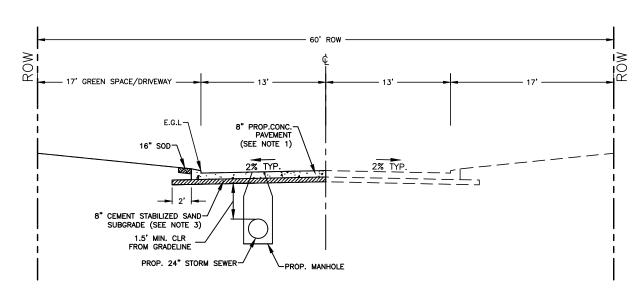
# EXHIBIT 2 EXISTING STORM SEWER LAYOUT



# EXHIBIT 3 PROPOSED STORM SEWER LAYOUT



# EXHIBIT 4 EXISTING & PROPOSED TYPICAL CROSS SECTIONS



PROPOSED TYPICAL SECTION



# NOTE:

- 1. CONCRETE PAVING SHALL CONFORM TO SECTION 7 IN HARRIS COUNTY INFRASTRUCTURE REGULATIONS.
- 2. REINFORCEMENT TO BE INSTALLED PER DETAIL ON SHT. 29
- 3. SUBGRADE SHALL CONFORM TO HCED SPECIFICATION ITEM 222, PORTLAND CEMENT STABILIZED SUBGRADE
- 4. CONCRETE PAVEMENT SHALL BE CLASS C WITH A MIN COMPRESSIVE STRENGTH OF 3,000 PSE @ 28 DAYS AND SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENT IN ITEM 360 CONRETE PAVEMENT.
- 5. ALL REINFORCEMENT BARS SHALL BE GRADE 60 STEEL

NORTHLAKE FOREST

TYPICAL CROSS SECTIONS



16340 Park Ten Place Suite 350 Houston, Texas 77084 (713) 461-9600

TEXAS FIRM REGISTRATION NO. F-487
DATE: 9/22/2021



# EXHIBIT 5 TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY

# HARRIS COUNTY ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

# EXISTING TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY NORTHLAKE FOREST SUBDIVISION DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS - 2018

# UPIN NO. 19103MF14F01

HARRIS COUNTY ROAD LOG IDENTIFIER NO.

Clear Pointe Drive 0305601 Bach Springs Court 0305501 Light Falls Court 0305401 Corktree Knolls 0305201 Northlake Forest Drive 3603101

Fable Court 0304201 Elinor Court 0304401 Medlowe Court 0304601 Kedgwick Lane 0305001 Chapel Hollow Lane 0304701

# RODNEY ELLIS

COMMISSIONER

PRECINCT 1

LINA HIDALGO COUNTY JUDGE

STEVE RADACK

COMMISSIONER

PRECINCT 3

ADRIAN GARCIA

COMMISSIONER

PRECINCT 2

R. JACK CAGLE

PRECINCT 4

MICHAEL POST, CPA

COUNTY AUDITOR

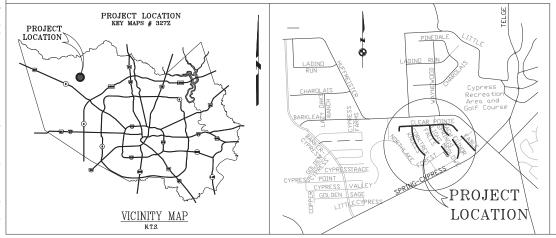


MAY 2021 PRECINCT 3

Harris County, Texas

JOHN R. BLOUNT, P.E.

COUNTY ENGINEER



& associates, Inc.

10300 Westoffice Dr., Sulte 800 Houston, TX 77042 Tel: (713) 975-8769 Fax: (713) 975-0920

APPROVED: HCED-Permit Group Flood Plain Management

CIVIL STANDARD PCS

W:\Proj-2020\20109 (NORTHLAKE FOREST)\Dwgs\HCED

INDEX OF DRAWINGS

DESCRIPTION

SHEET LAYOUT

ARLINGTON PLACE OUTFALL CHAPEL HOLLOW LANE OUTFALL CORKTREE KNOLLS STA. 1+00 TO 4+00 CORKTREE KNOLLS STA. 4+00 TO END

LIGHT FALLS COURT STA. 1+00 TO END MEDLOWE COURT STA. 1+00 TO END

BACH SPRINGS COURT STA. 1+00 TO END ELINOR COURT STA. 1+00 TO END

CLEAR POINTE DR. STA. 1+00 TO END

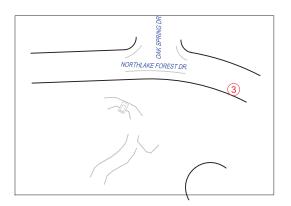
FABLE COURT STA. 1+00 TO END

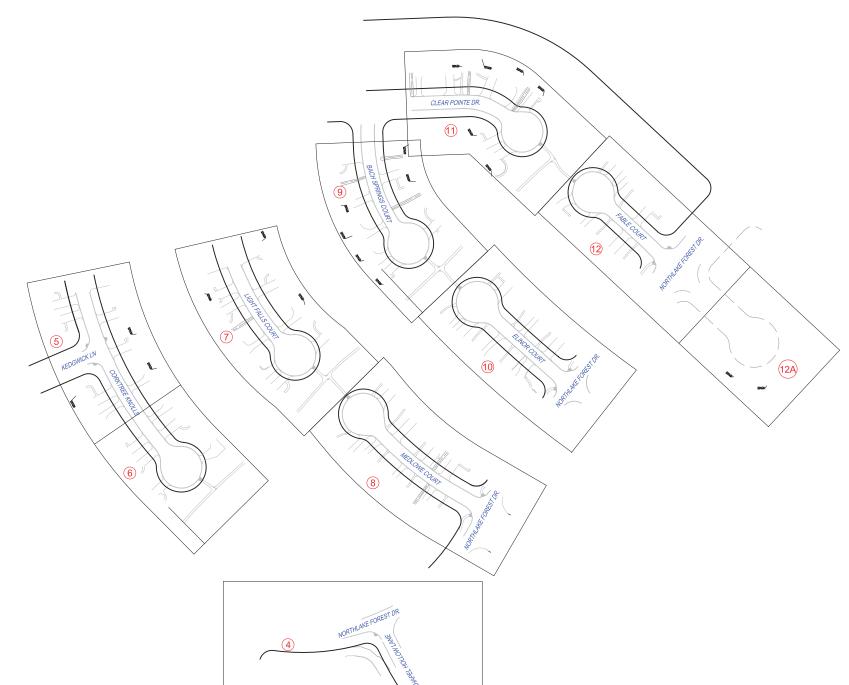
- 1. BY GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION ONLY, THE LIMITS OF THIS PROJECT APPEAR TO BE LOCATED WITHIN ZONE X (SHADED) OF THE FEMA FIRM PANEL MAP NO. 48201C0410M. DATED REVISED OCT. 16, 2013.

  2. SUBJECT TO THE TERMS, CONDITIONS AND PROVISIONS OF CITY OF HOUSTON BUILDING LINE ORDINANCE AS RECORDED UNDER HARRIS COUNTY CLERKS FILE NO. N253886 O.P.R.R.P.H.C.

  3. THE TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON SUBSTANTIALLY CONFORMS TO THE CURRENT TEXAS SOCIETY OF PROFESSIONAL SURVEYORS STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR A CATEGORY 6, CONDITION II SPECIFICATIONS FOR A CATEGORY 6, CONDITION II
  SURVEY.

  4. THE FIELD WORK WAS COMPLETED ON DEC. 11, 2020.







DEINCHIMARN.

FLOODPLAIN REFERENCE MARK NUMBER 110960 IS AN HCFCD ALUMINUM ROD STAMPED 110960 LOCATED ON EAST SIDE 90 DEGREE BEND IN DITCH APPROXIMATELY 0.2 MILES FROM THE INTERSECTION OF LADINO RUN STREET WEST OF WAYNEWOOD DRIVE IN KEYMAP 327Y IN THE CYPREESS CREEK WATERSHED

ELEV. 146.48 FEET NAVD 1988, 2001 ADJUSTMENT

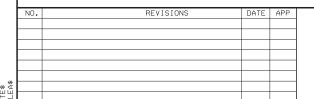
HORIZONTAL DATUM: ALL HORIZONTAL COORDINATES ARE BASED ON TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, SOUTH CENTRAL ZONE, NADB3. THE COORDINATES & DISTANCES SHOWN ARE SURFACE AND MAY BE CONVERTED TO GRID BY MULTIPLYING BY A SCALE FACTOR OF 0.999870017.

EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITY INFORMATION (TYPE, SIZE & OWNERSHIP) ARE SHOWN APPROXIMATELY BASED ON THE AVAILABLE RECORD DRAWINGS AND FIELD VERIFICATION (WHERE AVAILABLE RECORD DRAWINGS AND FIELD VERIFICATION (WHERE FEASIBLE) WITHOUT PROBING AND EXCAVATION. NO WARRANTY IS MADE AS TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF UTILITY LOCATION SHOWN ON THE DRAWING. CAUTION SHOULD BE EXERCISED WHEN EXCAVATING OR BORE AND JACKING IN THE VICINITY OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES. OWNERS OF THE UTILITIES SHOULD BE NOTIFIED PRIOR TO SUCH ACTIVITIES. CALL UTILITY COORDINATING COMMITTEE AT 713–223–4567, AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO EXCAVATING IN THE STREET RIGHT—OF—WAY.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS TOPOGRAPHIC MAP CORRECTLY REPRESENTS THE FACTS FOUND AS A RESULT OF AN ACTUAL SURVEY CONDUCTED UNDER MY SUPERVISION FROM 08/24/2020 TO 09/10/2020. THIS SURVEY SUBSTANTIALLY COMPULES WITH THE CURRENT TEXAS SOCIETY OF PROFESSIONAL SURVEYORS STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR A CATEGORY 6, COMDITION 2 SURVEY

REN CHYUN STEVEN WEN

REN. CHYUN STEVEN WENG REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR STATE OF TEXAS, NO. 6491



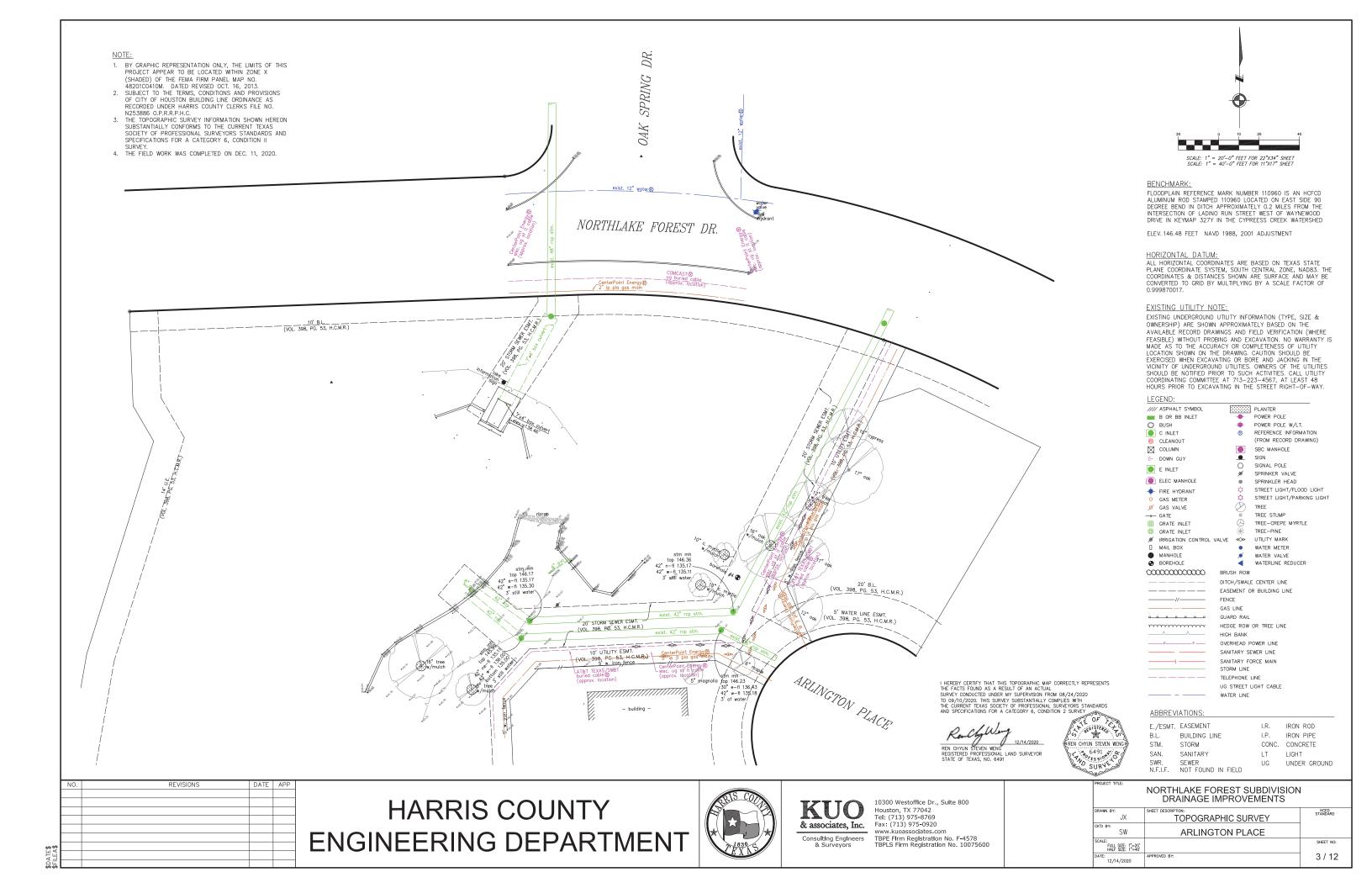
# HARRIS COUNTY **ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT**

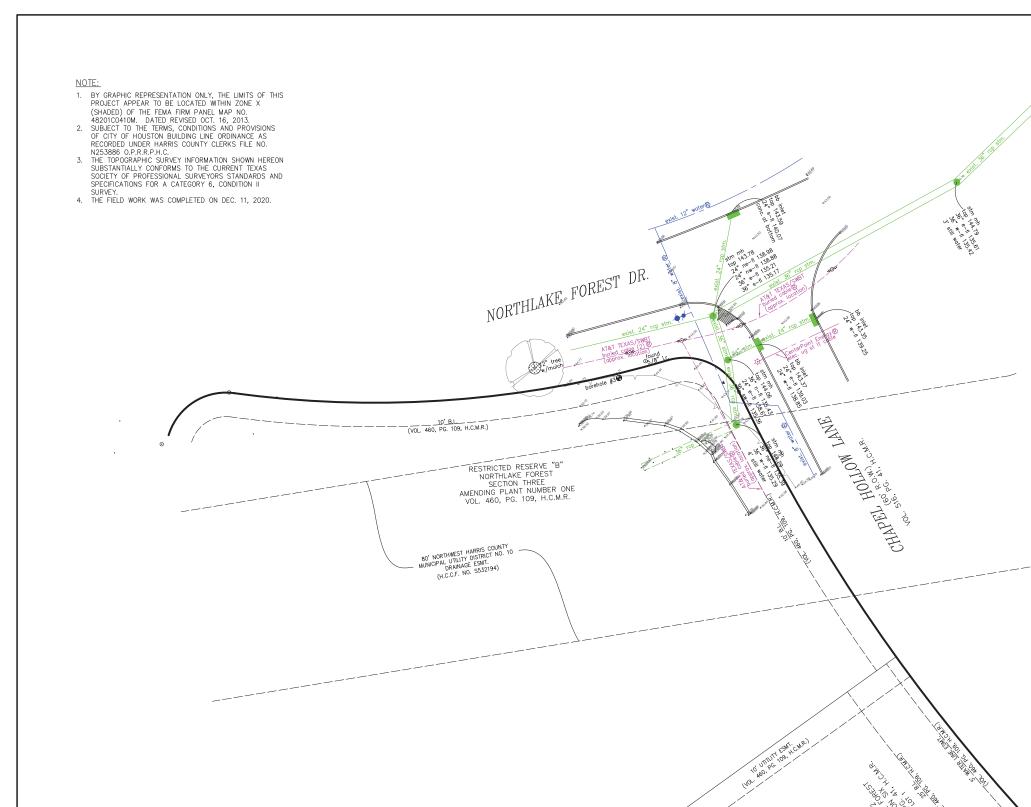


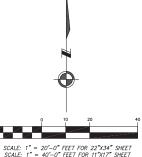
& associates, Inc. Consulting Engineers

10300 Westoffice Dr., Sulte 800 Houston, TX 77042 Tel: (713) 975-8769 Fax: (713) 975-0920 www.kuoassociates.com TBPE Firm Registration No. F-4578 TBPLS Firm Registration No. 10075600

	DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS	
RAWN BY:	SHEET DESCRIPTION:	HCED STANDARD
JX	TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY	STANDARD
K'D BY:		
SW	LAYOUT	
CALE:		SHEET NO:
N.T.S.		
ATE: 05/13/2021	APPROVED BY:	2/12
05/13/2021		







# BENCHMARK:

DENOCHMARK.

FLOODPLAIN REFERENCE MARK NUMBER 110960 IS AN HCFCD ALUMINUM ROD STAMPED 110960 LOCATED ON EAST SIDE 90 DEGREE BEND IN DITCH APPROXIMATELY 0.2 MILES FROM THE INTERSECTION OF LADINO RUN STREET WEST OF WAYNEWOOD DRIVE IN KEYMAP 327Y IN THE CYPREESS CREEK WATERSHED

ELEV. 146.48 FEET NAVD 1988, 2001 ADJUSTMENT

HORIZONTAL DATUM:
ALL HORIZONTAL COORDINATES ARE BASED ON TEXAS STATE
PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, SOUTH CENTRAL ZONE, NAD83. THE
COORDINATES & DISTANCES SHOWN ARE SURFACE AND MAY BE
CONVERTED TO GRID BY MULTIPLYING BY A SCALE FACTOR OF
0.999870017.

# EXISTING UTILITY NOTE:

EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITY INFORMATION (TYPE, SIZE & OWNERSHIP) ARE SHOWN APPROXIMATELY BASED ON THE AVAILABLE RECORD DRAWINGS AND FIELD VERIFICATION (WHERE AVAILABLE RECORD DRAWINGS AND FIELD VERIFICATION (WHERE FEASIBLE) WITHOUT PROBING AND EXCAVATION, NO WARRANTY IS MADE AS TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF UTILITY LOCATION SHOWN ON THE DRAWING. CAUTION SHOULD BE EXERCISED WHEN EXCAVATING OR BORE AND JACKING IN THE VICINITY OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES. OWNERS OF THE UTILITIES SHOULD BE NOTIFIED PRIOR TO SUCH ACTIVITIES. CALL UTILITY COORDINATING COMMITTEE AT 713–223–4567, AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO EXCAVATING IN THE STREET RIGHT—OF—WAY.

DOWN DI ANTED

//// AS	SPHALT SYMBOL	E		PLANTER
■ B	OR BB INLET		-0-	POWER POLE
⊕ BL	JSH		-	POWER POLE W/LT.
C	INLET		®	REFERENCE INFORMATION
© CL	EANOUT			(FROM RECORD DRAWING)
□ cc     □ c	DLUMN			SBC MANHOLE
← DC	OWN GUY		•	SIGN
■ E	INLET		0	SIGNAL POLE
<u> </u>	EC MANHOLE		ø 0	SPRINKER VALVE
			<b>⊚</b>	SPRINKLER HEAD STREET LIGHT/FLOOD LIGH
T	RE HYDRANT		ă	STREET LIGHT/PLOOD LIGH
	AS METER			TREE
_ GA — μ— GA	AS VALVE			TREE STUMP
	RATE INLET		Ø•@*	TREE-CREPE MYRTLE
-	RATE INLET		æ	TREE-PINE
	RIGATION CONTROL	VAI VF		UTILITY MARK
	AIL BOX			WATER METER
■ MA	ANHOLE		<b>ø</b>	WATER VALVE
<b>⊕</b> B0	DREHOLE		<b>4</b>	WATERLINE REDUCER
0000	0000000000	BRUS	H ROW	
		DITCH	1/SWALE	CENTER LINE
		EASE	MENT OF	R BUILDING LINE
		FENC	E	
		GAS	LINE	
0 0		GUAR	D RAIL	
~~~	mmmm	HEDG	E ROW	OR TREE LINE
^		HIGH	BANK	
	Р	OVER	HEAD P	OWER LINE
		SANI	TARY SE	WER LINE
	<del></del>	SANI	TARY FO	RCE MAIN
		STOR	M LINE	
		TELER	PHONE L	INE
		UG S	TREET L	IGHT CABLE
		WATE	R LINE	

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS TOPOGRAPHIC MAP CORRECTLY REPRESENTS THE FACTS FOUND AS A RESULT OF AN ACTUAL SURVEY CONDUCTED UNDER MY SUPERVISION FROM 08/24/2020 TO 09/10/2020. THIS SURVEY SUBSTANTIALLY COMPUES WITH CURRENT TEXAS SOCIETY OF PROFESSIONAL SURVEYORS STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR A CATEGORY 6, CONDITION 2 SURVEY

REN CHYUN STEVEN WENG REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR STATE OF TEXAS, NO. 6491

# ABBREVIATIONS:

/ LDDI LE VI	7110110.		
E./ESMT.	EASEMENT	I.R.	IRON ROD
B.L.	BUILDING LINE	I.P.	IRON PIPE
STM.	STORM	CONC.	CONCRETE
SAN.	SANITARY	LT	LIGHT
SWR.	SEWER	UG	UNDER GROUND
N.F.I.F.	NOT FOUND IN FIELD		

NO.	REVISIONS	DATE	APP

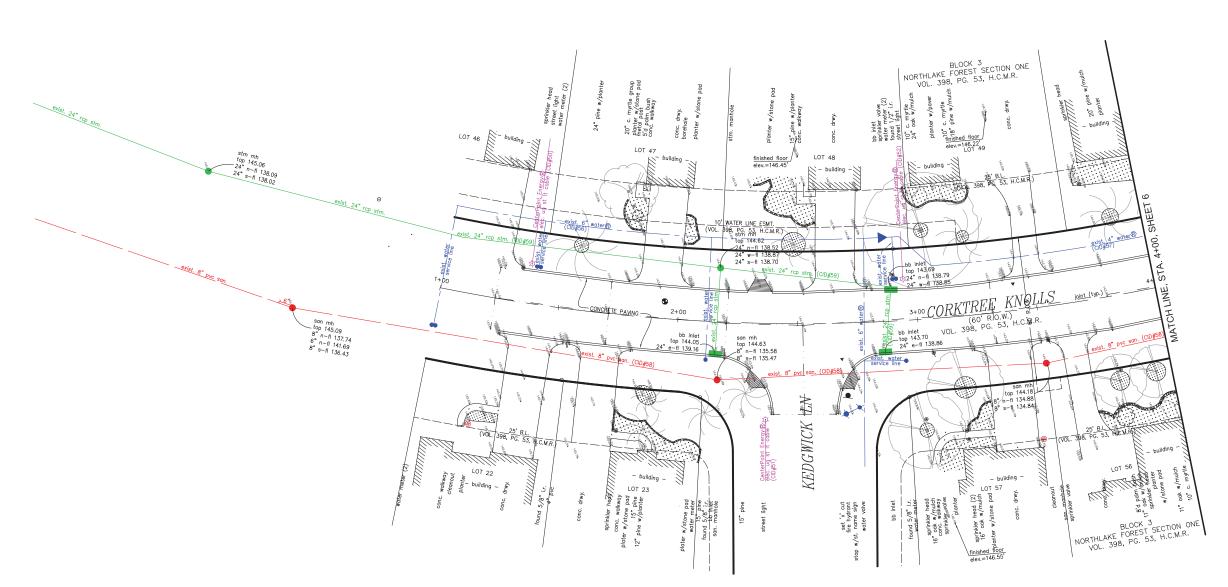
# HARRIS COUNTY **ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT**





10300 Westoffice Dr., Sulte 800 Houston, TX 77042 Tel: (713) 975-8769 Fax: (713) 975-0920 www.kuoassociates.com
TBPE Firm Registration No. F-4578
TBPLS Firm Registration No. 10075600

	DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS	
AWN BY: JX	SHEET DESCRIPTION: TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY	HCED STANDARD
	TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY	
D BY: SW	CHAPEL HOLLOW LANE	
ALE: FULL SIZE: 1"=20' HALF SIZE: 1"=40'		SHEET NO:
TE: 12/14/2020	APPROVED BY:	4 / 12



- NOTE:

  1. BY GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION ONLY, THE LIMITS OF THIS PROJECT APPEAR TO BE LOCATED WITHIN ZONE X (SHADED) OF THE FEMA FIRM PANEL MAP NO. 48201C0410M. DATED REVISED OCT. 16, 2013.

  2. SUBJECT TO THE TERMS, CONDITIONS AND PROVISIONS OF CITY OF HOUSTON BUILDING LINE ORDINANCE AS RECORDED UNDER HARRIS COUNTY CLERKS FILE NO. N.25.3886 O.P.R.R.P.H.C.

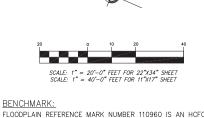
  3. THE TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON SUBSTANTIALLY CONFORMS TO THE CURRENT TEXAS SOCIETY OF PROFESSIONAL SURVEYORS STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR A CATEGORY 6. CONDITION II
- SPECIFICATIONS FOR A CATEGORY 6, CONDITION II

SURVEY.
4. THE FIELD WORK WAS COMPLETED ON DEC. 11, 2020.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS TOPOGRAPHIC MAP CORRECTLY REPRESENTS THE FACTS FOUND AS A RESULT OF AN ACTUAL SURVEY CONDUCTED UNDER MY SUPERVISION FROM 08/24/2020 TO 09/10/2020. THIS SURVEY SUBSTANTIALLY COMPUES WITH CURRENT TEXAS SOCIETY OF PROFESSIONAL SURVEYORS STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR A CATEGORY 6, CONDITION 2 SURVEY

REN CHYUN STEVEN WEN

REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR STATE OF TEXAS, NO. 6491



FLOODPLAIN REFERENCE MARK NUMBER 110960 IS AN HCFCD ALUMINUM ROD STAMPED 110960 LOCATED ON EAST SIDE 90 DEGREE BEND IN DITCH APPROXIMATELY 0.2 MILES FROM THE INTERSECTION OF LADINO RUN STREET WEST OF WAYNEWOOD DRIVE IN KEYMAP 327Y IN THE CYPREESS CREEK WATERSHED

HORIZONTAL DATUM:
ALL HORIZONTAL COORDINATES ARE BASED ON TEXAS STATE
PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, SOUTH CENTRAL ZONE, NAD83. THE COORDINATES & DISTANCES SHOWN ARE SURFACE AND MAY BE CONVERTED TO GRID BY MULTIPLYING BY A SCALE FACTOR OF 0.999870017.

# **EXISTING UTILITY NOTE:**

EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITY INFORMATION (TYPE, SIZE & OWNERSHIP) ARE SHOWN APPROXIMATELY BASED ON THE AVAILABLE RECORD DRAWINGS AND FIELD VERIFICATION (WHERE AVAILABLE NECOND DIVAMINGS AND EXCAVATION. NO WARRANTY IS MADE AS TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF UTILITY LOCATION SHOWN ON THE DRAWING. CAUTION SHOULD BE EXERCISED WHEN EXCAVATING OR BORE AND JACKING IN THE VICINITY OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES. OWNERS OF THE UTILITIES. SHOULD BE NOTIFIED PRIOR TO SUCH ACTIVITIES. CALL UTILITY COORDINATING COMMITTEE AT 713–223–4567, AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO EXCAVATING IN THE STREET RIGHT-OF-WAY

## LEGEND: //// ASPHALT SYMBOL PLANTER POWER POLE B OR BB INLET

POWER POLE W/LT. C INLET REFERENCE INFORMATION (FROM RECORD DRAWING) CLEANOUT COLUMN ← DOWN GUY SIGNAL POLE E INLET SPRINKER VALVE

ELEC MANHOLE SPRINKLER HEAD STREET LIGHT/FLOOD LIGHT STREET LIGHT/PARKING LIGHT Ø GAS VALVE → GATE TREE TREE STUMP ■ GRATE INLET TREE-CREPE MYRTLE

# GRATE INLET TREE-PINE UTILITY MARK WATER METER MANHOLE WATER VALVE BOREHOLE WATERLINE REDUCER

BRUSH ROW DITCH/SWALE CENTER LINE EASEMENT OR BUILDING LINE

FENCE

GAS LINE . . . . . . . . GUARD RAIL HEDGE ROW OR TREE LINE

HIGH BANK OVERHEAD POWER LINE SANITARY SEWER LINE SANITARY FORCE MAIN STORM LINE TELEPHONE LINE UG STREET LIGHT CABLE

ABBREVIATIONS:

IRON ROD E./ESMT. EASEMENT BUILDING LINE ΙP IRON PIPE STM. STORM CONC. CONCRETE SANITARY UNDER GROUND

WATER LINE

SEWER NOT FOUND IN FIELD

NO,	REVISIONS	DATE	APP	П
				]
				]
				]

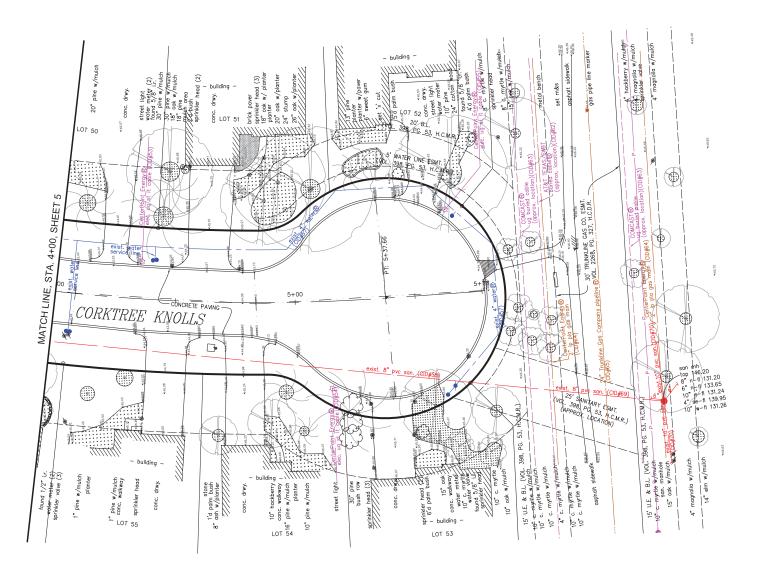
# HARRIS COUNTY **ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT**





10300 Westoffice Dr., Sulte 800 Houston, TX 77042 Tel: (713) 975-8769 Fax: (713) 975-0920 www.kuoassociates.com
TBPE Firm Registration No. F-4578
TBPLS Firm Registration No. 10075600

	DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS	
RAWN BY: JX	SHEET DESCRIPTION: TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY	HCED STANDARD
SW K,D BA:	CORKTREE KNOLLS	
FULL SIZE: 1"=20" HALF SIZE: 1"=40"	STA. 1+00 TO 4+00	SHEET NO:
ATE: 05/13/2021	APPROVED BY:	5 / 12

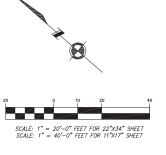


- 1. BY GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION ONLY, THE LIMITS OF THIS PROJECT APPEAR TO BE LOCATED WITHIN ZONE X (SHADED) OF THE FEMA FIRM PANEL MAP NO. 48201C0410M. DATED REVISED OCT. 16, 2013.
- 2. SUBJECT TO THE TERMS, CONDITIONS AND PROVISIONS OF CITY OF HOUSTON BUILDING LINE ORDINANCE AS RECORDED UNDER HARDS COUNTY CLERKS FILE NO. N253886 O.P.R.R.P.H.C.
- NZ53886 U.P.K.K.P.H.U.
  THE TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON
  SUBSTANTIALLY CONFORMS TO THE CURRENT TEXAS
  SOCIETY OF PROFESSIONAL SURVEYORS STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR A CATEGORY 6, CONDITION II
- SURVEY.

  4. THE FIELD WORK WAS COMPLETED ON DEC. 11, 2020.

REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR STATE OF TEXAS, NO. 6491





# **BENCHMARK:**

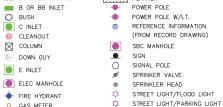
FLOODPLAIN REFERENCE MARK NUMBER 110960 IS AN HCFCD ALUMINUM ROD STAMPED 110960 LOCATED ON EAST SIDE 90 DEGREE BEND IN DITCH APPROXIMATELY 0.2 MILES FROM THE INTERSECTION OF LADINO RUN STREET WEST OF WAYNEWOOD DRIVE IN KEYMAP 327Y IN THE CYPREESS CREEK WATERSHED

HORIZONTAL DATUM:
ALL HORIZONTAL COORDINATES ARE BASED ON TEXAS STATE
PLANE COORDINATES SYSTEM, SOUTH CENTRAL ZONE, NAD83. THE
COORDINATES & DISTANCES SHOWN ARE SURFACE AND MAY BE CONVERTED TO GRID BY MULTIPLYING BY A SCALE FACTOR OF 0.999870017.

# **EXISTING UTILITY NOTE:**

EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITY INFORMATION (TYPE, SIZE & OWNERSHIP) ARE SHOWN APPROXIMATELY BASED ON THE AVAILABLE RECORD DRAWINGS AND FIELD VERIFICATION (WHERE AVAILABLE NEODED BRAINES AND EXCAVATION. NO WARRANTY IS MADE AS TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF UTILITY LOCATION SHOWN ON THE DRAWING. CAUTION SHOULD BE EXERCISED WHEN EXCAVATING OR BORE AND JACKING IN THE VICINITY OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES. OWNERS OF THE UTILITIES. SHOULD BE NOTIFIED PRIOR TO SUCH ACTIVITIES. CALL UTILITY COORDINATING COMMITTEE AT 713–223–4567, AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO EXCAVATING IN THE STREET RIGHT-OF-WAY

## LEGEND: //// ASPHALT SYMBOL PLANTER POWER POLE



## TREE TREE STUMP TREE-CREPE MYRTLE TREE-PINE UTILITY MARK

WATER METER WATER VALVE WATERLINE REDUCER BRUSH ROW DITCH/SWALE CENTER LINE

EASEMENT OR BUILDING LINE FENCE GAS LINE

. . . . . . . . GUARD RAIL mmmmmm HEDGE ROW OR TREE LINE HIGH BANK

OVERHEAD POWER LINE SANITARY SEWER LINE SANITARY FORCE MAIN STORM LINE TELEPHONE LINE

UG STREET LIGHT CABLE WATER LINE

# ABBREVIATIONS:

Ø GAS VALVE → GATE

■ GRATE INLET

MANHOLE

BOREHOLE

# GRATE INLET

IRON ROD E./ESMT. EASEMENT BUILDING LINE ΙP IRON PIPE STM. STORM CONC. CONCRETE SANITARY SEWER NOT FOUND IN FIELD UNDER GROUND

NO.	REVISIONS	DATE	APP

# HARRIS COUNTY **ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT**





10300 Westoffice Dr., Sulte 800 Houston, TX 77042 Tel: (713) 975-8769 Fax: (713) 975-0920 www.kuoassociates.com
TBPE Firm Registration No. F-4578
TBPLS Firm Registration No. 10075600

	DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS	
RAWN BY: JX	SHEET DESCRIPTION: TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY	HCED STANDARD
K'D BY:	CORKTREE KNOLLS	
CALE:	STA, 4+00 TO FND	SHEET NO:
FULL SIZE: 1"=20" HALF SIZE: 1"=40" ATE:	APPROVED BY:	6/12
12/14/2020		



- PROJECT APPEAR TO BE LOCATED WITHIN ZONE X
- (SHADED) OF THE FEMA FIRM PANEL MAP NO.
  48201C0410M. DATED REVISED OCT. 16, 2013.
  2. SUBJECT TO THE TERMS, CONDITIONS AND PROVISIONS OF CITY OF HOUSTON BUILDING LINE ORDINANCE AS RECORDED UNDER HARRIS COUNTY CLERKS FILE NO.
  NZ53386 O.P.R.R.P.H.C.
- NZJJOOD U.H.K.K.H.U.

  3. THE TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON SUBSTANTIALLY CONFORMS TO THE CURRENT TEXAS SOCIETY OF PROFESSIONAL SURVEYORS STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR A CATEGORY 6, CONDITION II SIEIDVEY
- 4. THE FIELD WORK WAS COMPLETED ON DEC. 11, 2020.

REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR STATE OF TEXAS, NO. 6491



# **BENCHMARK:**

FLOODPLAIN REFERENCE MARK NUMBER 110960 IS AN HCFCD ALUMINUM ROD STAMPED 110960 LOCATED ON EAST SIDE 90
DEGREE BEND IN DITCH APPROXIMATELY 0.2 MILES FROM THE
INTERSECTION OF LADINO RUN STREET WEST OF WAYNEWOOD DRIVE IN KEYMAP 327Y IN THE CYPREESS CREEK WATERSHED

HORIZONTAL DATUM: ALL HORIZONTAL COORDINATES ARE BASED ON TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, SOUTH CENTRAL ZONE, NAD83. THE COORDINATES & DISTANCES SHOWN ARE SURFACE AND MAY BE CONVERTED TO GRID BY MULTIPLYING BY A SCALE FACTOR OF 0.999870017.

# **EXISTING UTILITY NOTE:**

EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITY INFORMATION (TYPE, SIZE & OWNERSHIP) ARE SHOWN APPROXIMATELY BASED ON THE AVAILABLE RECORD DRAWINGS AND FIELD VERFICATION (WHERE AVAILABLE NEODED BRAINES AND EXCAVATION. NO WARRANTY IS MADE AS TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF UTILITY LOCATION SHOWN ON THE DRAWING. CAUTION SHOULD BE EXERCISED WHEN EXCAVATING OR BORE AND JACKING IN THE VICINITY OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES. OWNERS OF THE UTILITIES. SHOULD BE NOTIFIED PRIOR TO SUCH ACTIVITIES. CALL UTILITY COORDINATING COMMITTEE AT 713–223–4567, AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO EXCAVATING IN THE STREET RIGHT-OF-WAY

# LEGEND: //// ASPHALT SYMBOL

PLANTER
POWER POLE B OR BB INLET POWER POLE W/LT. C INLET REFERENCE INFORMATION (FROM RECORD DRAWING) CLEANOUT COLUMN ← DOWN GUY SIGNAL POLE ■ E INLET SPRINKER VALVE

TREE STUMP

WATERLINE REDUCER

ELEC MANHOLE SPRINKLER HEAD STREET LIGHT/FLOOD LIGHT STREET LIGHT/PARKING LIGHT Ø GAS VALVE → GATE TREE

■ GRATE INLET TREE-CREPE MYRTLE # GRATE INLET TREE-PINE **⇔** UTILITY MARK MAIL BOX WATER METER WATER VALVE

MANHOLE BOREHOLE 0000000000000000 BRUSH ROW

DITCH/SWALE CENTER LINE EASEMENT OR BUILDING LINE FENCE GAS LINE

GUARD RAIL HEDGE ROW OR TREE LINE HIGH BANK

OVERHEAD POWER LINE SANITARY SEWER LINE SANITARY FORCE MAIN STORM LINE TELEPHONE LINE UG STREET LIGHT CABLE

ABBREVIATIONS:

E./ESMT. EASEMENT IRON ROD BUILDING LINE I.P. IRON PIPE STM. STORM CONC. CONCRETE SANITARY SEWER NOT FOUND IN FIELD UNDER GROUND

WATER LINE

# NORTHLAKE FOREST SUBDIVISION

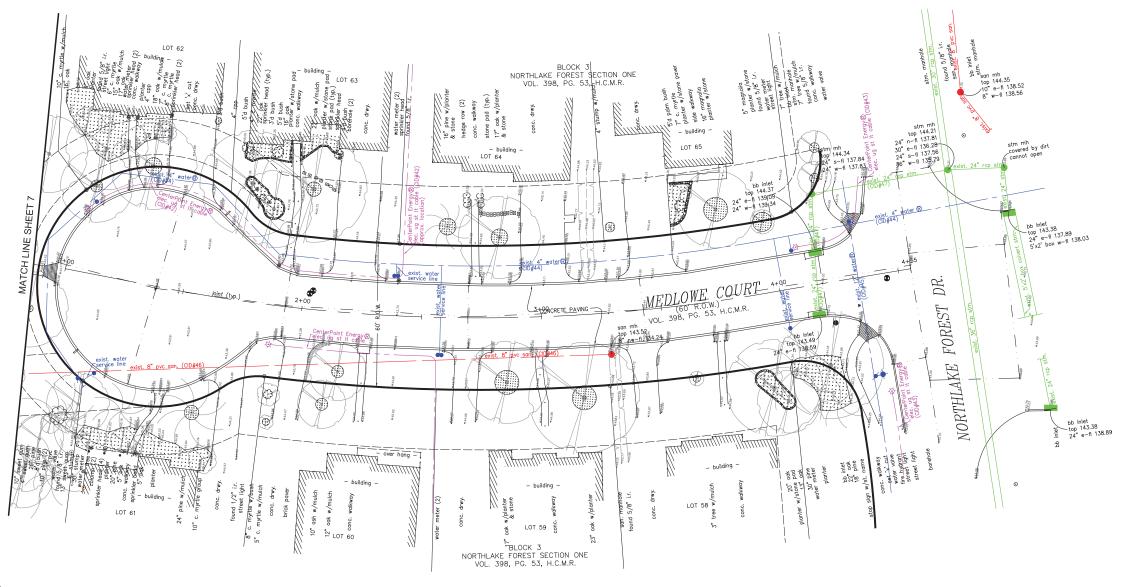
	DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS	
DRAWN BY:	SHEET DESCRIPTION:	HCED STANDARD
JX	TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY	STHNUHNU
CK,D BA.	LIGHT FALLS COURT	4
SCALE FULL SIZE: 1"=20' HALF SIZE: 1"=40'	STA. 1+00 TO END	SHEET NO:
DATE: 05/13/2021	APPROVED BY:	7/12

# HARRIS COUNTY **ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT**



& associates, Inc. Consulting Engineers

10300 Westoffice Dr., Sulte 800 Houston, TX 77042 Tel: (713) 975-8769 Fax: (713) 975-0920 www.kuoassociates.com
TBPE Firm Registration No. F-4578
TBPLS Firm Registration No. 10075600



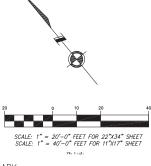
- NOIE:

  1. BY GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION ONLY, THE LIMITS OF THIS PROJECT APPEAR TO BE LOCATED WITHIN ZONE X (SHADED) OF THE FEMA FIRM PANEL MAP NO. 48201CO410M. DATED REVISED OCT. 16, 2013.

  2. SUBJECT TO THE TERMS, CONDITIONS AND PROVISIONS OF CITY OF HOUSTON BUILDING LINE ORDINANCE AS RECORDED UNDER HARRIS COUNTY CLERKS FILE NO. N253886 O.P.R.P.H.C.

  3. THE TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON SUBSTANTIALLY CONFORMS TO THE CURRENT TEXAS SOCIETY OF PROFESSIONAL SURVEYORS STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR A CATEGORY 6, CONDITION II SURVEY.
- SURVEY.
  4. THE FIELD WORK WAS COMPLETED ON DEC. 11, 2020.

REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR STATE OF TEXAS, NO. 6491



# **BENCHMARK:**

FLOODPLAIN REFERENCE MARK NUMBER 110960 IS AN HCFCD ALUMINUM ROD STAMPED 110960 IS AN INFOCU ALUMINUM ROD STAMPED 110960 LOCATED ON EAST SIDE 90 DECREE BEND IN DITCH APPROXIMATELY 0.2 MILES FROM THE INTERSECTION OF LADINO RUN STREET WEST OF WAYNEWOOD DRIVE IN KEYMAP 327Y IN THE CYPREESS CREEK WATERSHED

HORIZONTAL DATUM: ALL HORIZONTAL COORDINATES ARE BASED ON TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, SOUTH CENTRAL ZONE, NAD83. THE COORDINATES & DISTANCES SHOWN ARE SURFACE AND MAY BE CONVERTED TO GRID BY MULTIPLYING BY A SCALE FACTOR OF 0.999870017.

# **EXISTING UTILITY NOTE:**

C INLET

E INLET

ELEC MANHOLE

CLEANOUT COLUMN DOWN GUY

EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITY INFORMATION (TYPE, SIZE & OWNERSHIP) ARE SHOWN APPROXIMATELY BASED ON THE AVAILABLE RECORD DRAWINGS AND FIELD VERFICATION (WHERE AVAILABLE NEODED BRAINES AND EXCAVATION. NO WARRANTY IS MADE AS TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF UTILITY LOCATION SHOWN ON THE DRAWING. CAUTION SHOULD BE EXERCISED WHEN EXCAVATING OR BORE AND JACKING IN THE VICINITY OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES. OWNERS OF THE UTILITIES. SHOULD BE NOTIFIED PRIOR TO SUCH ACTIVITIES. CALL UTILITY COORDINATING COMMITTEE AT 713–223–4567, AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO EXCAVATING IN THE STREET RIGHT-OF-WAY

## LEGEND: //// ASPHALT SYMBOL PLANTER POWER POLE B OR BB INLET

POWER POLE W/LT. REFERENCE INFORMATION (FROM RECORD DRAWING) SIGNAL POLE SPRINKER VALVE

SPRINKLER HEAD STREET LIGHT/FLOOD LIGHT STREET LIGHT/PARKING LIGHT TREE TREE STUMP

Ø GAS VALVE —⊩ GATE ■ GRATE INLET TREE-CREPE MYRTLE # GRATE INLET TREE-PINE OF IRRIGATION CONTROL VALVE <O>> UTILITY MARK WATER METER

MANHOLE WATER VALVE BOREHOLE WATERLINE REDUCER 0000000000000000 BRUSH ROW DITCH/SWALE CENTER LINE

EASEMENT OR BUILDING LINE FENCE GAS LINE

GUARD RAIL HEDGE ROW OR TREE LINE HIGH BANK

OVERHEAD POWER LINE SANITARY SEWER LINE SANITARY FORCE MAIN STORM LINE TELEPHONE LINE UG STREET LIGHT CABLE

# ABBREVIATIONS:

E./ESMT. EASEMENT IRON ROD BUILDING LINE I.P. IRON PIPE STM. STORM CONC. CONCRETE SANITARY UNDER GROUND

WATER LINE

SEWER NOT FOUND IN FIELD

NO.	REVISIONS	DATE	APP

# HARRIS COUNTY **ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT**





10300 Westoffice Dr., Sulte 800 Houston, TX 77042 Tel: (713) 975-8769 Fax: (713) 975-0920 www.kuoassociates.com
TBPE Firm Registration No. F-4578
TBPLS Firm Registration No. 10075600

DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS			
rawn by: JX	SHEET DESCRIPTION: TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY	HCED STANDARD	
K'D BY: SW	MEDLOWE COURT		
CALE: FULL SIZE: 1"=20' HALF SIZE: 1"=40'	STA. 1+00 TO END	SHEET NO:	
ATE: 12/14/2020	APPROVED BY:	8/12	

- NOTE:

  1. BY GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION ONLY, THE LIMITS OF THIS PROJECT APPEAR TO BE LOCATED WITHIN ZONE X (SHADED) OF THE FEMA FIRM PANEL MAP NO. 48201C0410M. DATED REVISED OCT. 16, 2013.

  2. SUBJECT TO THE TERMS, CONDITIONS AND PROVISIONS OF CITY OF HOUSTON BUILDING LINE ORDINANCE AS RECORDED UNDER HARRIS COUNTY CLERKS FILE NO. N.253886 O.P.R.R.P.H.C.

  3. THE TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON SUBSTANTIALLY CONFORMS TO THE CURRENT TEXAS SOCIETY OF PROFESSIONAL SURVEYORS STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR A CATEGORY 6, CONDITION II SPECIFICATIONS FOR A CATEGORY 6, CONDITION II SURVEY.

  4. THE FIELD WORK WAS COMPLETED ON DEC. 11, 2020.



BENCHMARK: FLOODPLAIN REFERENCE MARK NUMBER 110960 IS AN HCFCD ALUMINUM ROD STAMPED 110960 LOCATED ON EAST SIDE 90 DEGREE BEND IN DITCH APPROXIMATELY 0.2 MILES FROM THE INTERSECTION OF LADINO RUN STREET WEST OF WAYNEWOOD DRIVE IN KEYMAP 327Y IN THE CYPREESS CREEK WATERSHED

ELEV. 146.48 FEET NAVD 1988, 2001 ADJUSTMENT

HORIZONTAL DATUM:
ALL HORIZONTAL COORDINATES ARE BASED ON TEXAS STATE
PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, SOUTH CENTRAL ZONE, NAD83, THE
COORDINATES & DISTANCES SHOWN ARE SURFACE AND MAY BE
CONVERTED TO GRID BY MULTIPLYING BY A SCALE FACTOR OF
0.999870017.

# EXISTING UTILITY NOTE:

EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITY INFORMATION (TYPE, SIZE & OWNERSHIP) ARE SHOWN APPROXIMATELY BASED ON THE AVAILABLE RECORD DRAWINGS AND FIELD VERIFICATION (WHERE AVAILABLE RECORD DRAWINGS AND FIELD VERIFICATION (WHERE FEASIBLE) WITHOUT PROBING AND EXCAVATION. NO WARRANTY IS MADE AS TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF UTILITY LOCATION SHOWN ON THE DRAWING. CAUTION SHOULD BE EXERCISED WHEN EXCAVATING OR BORE AND JACKING IN THE VICINITY OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES. OWNERS OF THE UTILITIES SHOULD BE NOTIFIED PRIOR TO SUCH ACTIVITIES. CALL UTILITY COORDINATING COMMITTEE AT 713–223–4567, AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO EXCAVATING IN THE STREET RIGHT-OF-WAY.

LEGEND:		
//// ASPHALT SYMBOL	1000000	PLANTER
B OR BB INLET	-	POWER POLE
⊕ BUSH	-	POWER POLE W/LT.
C INLET	®	REFERENCE INFORMATION
CLEANOUT		(FROM RECORD DRAWING)
COLUMN		SBC MANHOLE
← DOWN GUY		SIGN
E INLET	$\circ$	SIGNAL POLE
E INCCI	ø	SPRINKER VALVE
ELEC MANHOLE	0	SPRINKLER HEAD
FIRE HYDRANT	\$	STREET LIGHT/FLOOD LIGH
O GAS METER	<b>\$</b>	STREET LIGHT/PARKING LI
Ø GAS VALVE	$\bigotimes_{\oplus}$	TREE
— GATE	•	TREE STUMP
■ GRATE INLET	<b>(2)</b>	TREE-CREPE MYRTLE
⊕ GRATE INLET	*	TREE-PINE
	/ALVE ⇔O⇒	UTILITY MARK
☐ MAIL BOX	•	WATER METER
MANHOLE	<b>,</b>	WATER VALVE
BOREHOLE	< -	WATERLINE REDUCER
00000000000000	BRUSH ROW	
	DITCH/SWALE	CENTER LINE
	EASEMENT OF	R BUILDING LINE
//	FENCE	
	GAS LINE	
<del> </del>	GUARD RAIL	
mmmmm	HEDGE ROW	OR TREE LINE
	HIGH BANK	
PP	OVERHEAD P	OWER LINE
	SANITARY SE	WER LINE
<del></del> 1	SANITARY FO	RCE MAIN
	STORM LINE	
	TELEPHONE L	INE
	UG STREET L	IGHT CABLE

# ABBREVIATIONS:

E./ESMT.	EASEMENT	I.R.	IRON ROD
B.L.	BUILDING LINE	I.P.	IRON PIPE
STM.	STORM	CONC.	CONCRETE
SAN.	SANITARY	LT	LIGHT
SWR.	SEWER	UG	UNDER GROUN
N.F.I.F.	NOT FOUND IN FIELD		

WATER LINE

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS TOPOGRAPHIC MAP CORRECTLY REPRESENTS THE FACTS FOUND AS A RESULT OF AN ACTUAL SURVEY CONDUCTED UNDER MY SUPERVISION FROM 08/24/2020 TO 09/10/2020. THIS SURVEY SUBSTANTIALLY COMPULES WITH THE CURRENT TEXAS SOCIETY OF PROFESSIONAL SURVEYORS STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR A CATEGORY 6, COMDITION 2 SURVEY REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR STATE OF TEXAS, NO. 6491

NO,	REVISIONS	DATE	APP

LOT 24

# HARRIS COUNTY **ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT**

NORTHLÄKE FOREST SECTION ONE VOL. 398, PG. 53, H.C.M.R.

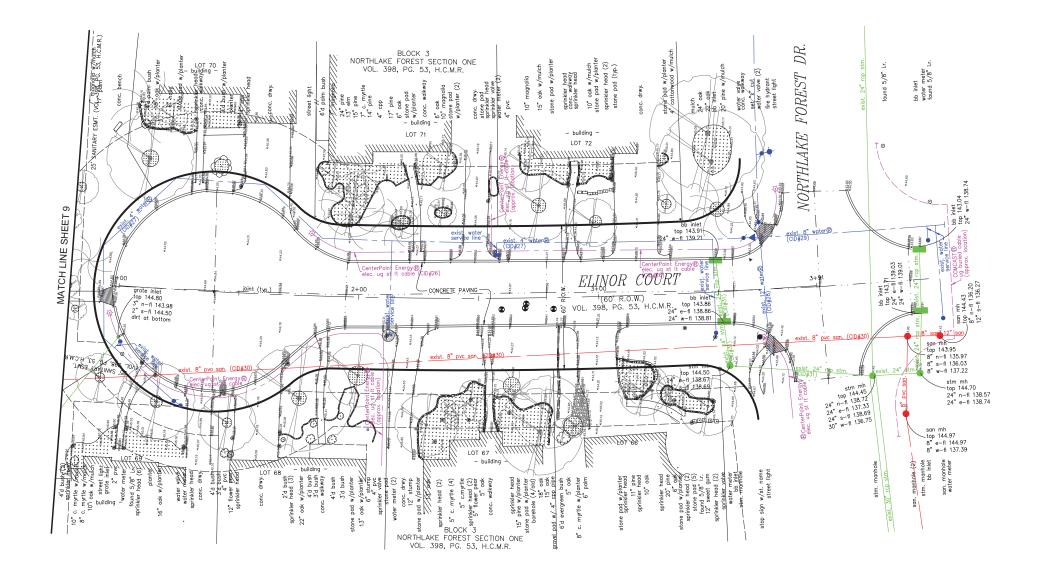
finished floor elev.=146.43





10300 Westoffice Dr., Sulte 800 Houston, TX 77042 Tel: (713) 975-8769 Fax: (713) 975-0920 www.kuoassociates.com
TBPE Firm Registration No. F-4578
TBPLS Firm Registration No. 10075600

	DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS	
DRAWN BY:	SHEET DESCRIPTION TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY	HCED STANDARD
CK,D BA:	BACH SPRINGS COURT	
SCALE FULL SIZE: 1"=20" HALF SIZE: 1"=40"	STA. 1+00 TO END	SHEET NO:
DATE: 05/13/2021	APPROVED BY•	9 / 12



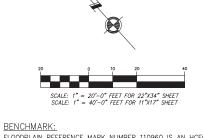
# NOTE:

- BY GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION ONLY, THE LIMITS OF THIS PROJECT APPEAR TO BE LOCATED WITHIN ZONE X
- PROJECT APPEAR TO BE LOCATED WITHIN ZONE X
  (SHADED) OF THE FEMA FIRM PANEL MAP NO.
  48201C0410M. DATED REVISED OCT. 16, 2013.
  2. SUBJECT TO THE TERMS, CONDITIONS AND PROVISIONS
  OF CITY OF HOUSTON BUILDING LINE ORDINANCE AS
  RECORDED UNDER HARRIS COUNTY CLERKS FILE NO.
  NZ53886 O.P.R.F.P.H.C.
  3. THE TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON
  SUBSTANTIALLY CONFORMS TO THE CURRENT TEXAS
  SOCIETY OF PROFESSIONAL SURVEYORS STANDARDS AND
  SPECIFICATIONS FOR A CATEGORY 6, CONDITION II
  SURVEY.
- 4. THE FIELD WORK WAS COMPLETED ON DEC. 11, 2020.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS TOPOGRAPHIC MAP CORRECTLY REPRESENTS THE FACTS FOUND AS A RESULT OF AN ACTUAL SURVEY CONDUCTED UNDER MY SUPERVISION FROM 08/24/2020 TO 09/10/2020. THIS SURVEY SUBSTANTIALLY COMPULES WITH THE CURRENT IZNAS SOCIETY OF PROFESSIONAL SURVEYORS STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR A CATEGORY 6, CONDITION 2 SURVEY







DENICHMARK.

FLOODPLAIN REFERENCE MARK NUMBER 110960 IS AN HCFCD ALUMINUM ROD STAMPED 110960 LOCATED ON EAST SIDE 90 DEGREE BEND IN DITCH APPROXIMATELY 0.2 MILES FROM THE INTERSECTION OF LADINO RUN SIREET WEST OF WAYNEWOOD DRIVE IN KEYMAP 327Y IN THE CYPREESS CREEK WATERSHED

ELEV. 146.48 FEET NAVD 1988, 2001 ADJUSTMENT

# HORIZONTAL DATUM:

ALL HORIZONTAL COORDINATES ARE BASED ON TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, SOUTH CENTRAL ZONE, NADB3. THE COORDINATES & DISTANCES SHOWN ARE SURFACE AND MAY BE CONVERTED TO GRID BY MULTIPLYING BY A SCALE FACTOR OF

# EXISTING UTILITY NOTE:

EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITY INFORMATION (TYPE, SIZE & OWNERSHIP) ARE SHOWN APPROXIMATELY BASED ON THE AVAILABLE RECORD DRAWINGS AND FIELD VERIFICATION (WHERE FEASIBLE) WITHOUT PROBING AND EXCAVATION. NO WARRANTY IS MADE AS TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF UTILITY LOCATION SHOWN ON THE DRAWING. CAUTION SHOULD BE EXERCISED WHEN EXCAVATING OR BORE AND JACKING IN THE VICINITY OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES. OWNERS OF THE UTILITIES SHOULD BE NOTIFIED PRIOR TO SUCH ACTIVITIES. CALL UTILITY COORDINATING COMMITTEE AT 713-223-4567, AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO EXCAVATING IN THE STREET RIGHT-OF-WAY.

//// ASPHALT SYMBOL		PLANTER
B OR BB INLET	***	POWER POLE
⊕ BUSH	-	POWER POLE W/LT.
C INLET	®	(FROM RECORD DRAWING)
© CLEANOUT  ☑ COLUMN		SBC MANHOLE
		SIGN
C DOWN GUY		SIGNAL POLE
E INLET	ø	SPRINKER VALVE
ELEC MANHOLE	<i>y</i> e ⊚	SPRINKLER HEAD
T	Φ.	STREET LIGHT/FLOOD LIGHT
FIRE HYDRANT GAS METER	ă	STREET LIGHT/PARKING LIGH
Ø GAS WEIER		TREE
GAS VALVE  GATE	$\bigotimes_{\oplus}$	TREE STUMP
GRATE INLET	Ø.	TREE-CREPE MYRTLE
GRATE INLET	2	TREE-PINE
IRRIGATION CONTROL	VALVE <0>	UTILITY MARK
□ MAIL BOX	•	WATER METER
■ MANHOLE		WATER VALVE
♠ BOREHOLE	- (4)	WATERLINE REDUCER
00000000000000	BRUSH ROW	
	DITCH/SWALE	CENTER LINE
	FASEMENT O	R BUILDING LINE
	FENCE	
	GAS LINE	
	GUARD RAIL	
mmmmm		OR TREE LINE
	HIGH BANK	OIL THEE CITE
	OVERHEAD P	OWED LINE

# ABBREVIATIONS:

E./ESMT.	EASEMENT	I.R.	IRON ROD
B.L.	BUILDING LINE	I.P.	IRON PIPE
STM.	STORM	CONC.	CONCRETE
SAN.	SANITARY	LT	LIGHT
SWR. N.F.I.F.	SEWER NOT FOUND IN FIELD	UG	UNDER GROUND

SANITARY FORCE MAIN

STORM LINE TELEPHONE LINE UG STREET LIGHT CABLE

WATER LINE

# HARRIS COUNTY **ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT**

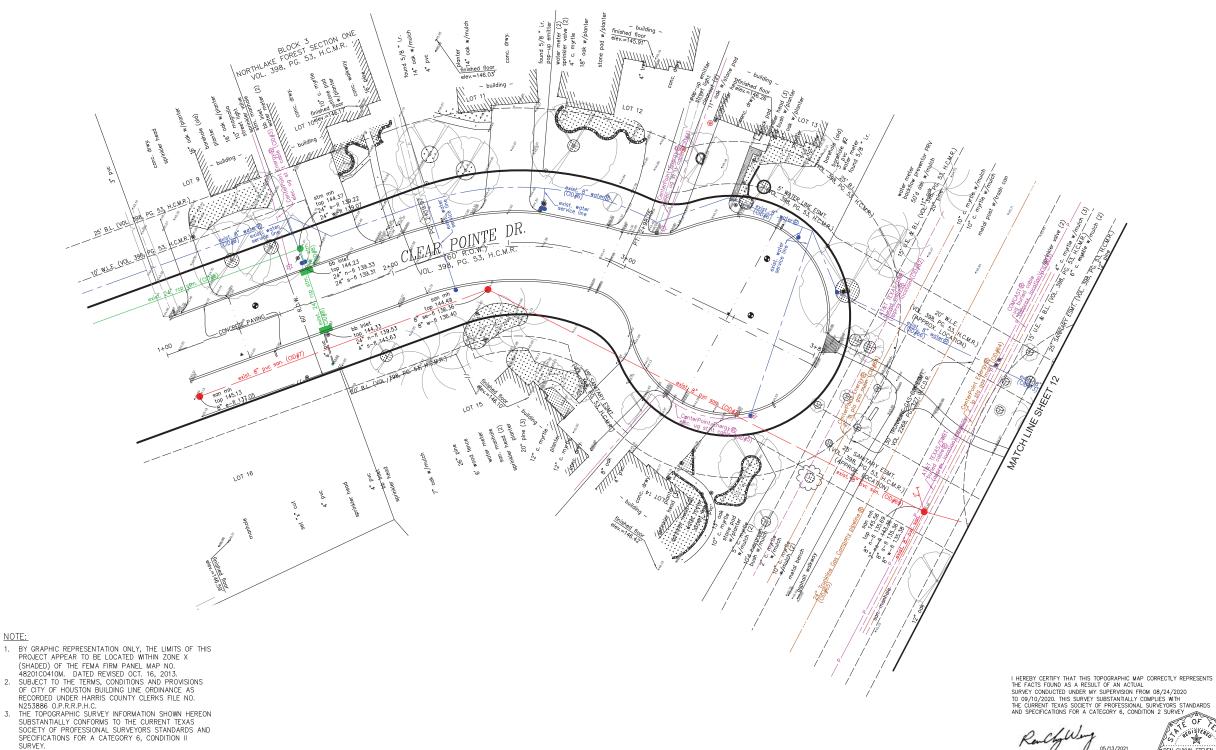


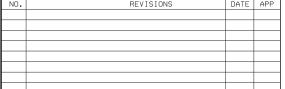


10300 Westoffice Dr., Suite 800 Houston, TX 77042 Tel: (713) 975-8769 Fax: (713) 975-0920 TBPE Firm Registration No. F-4578
TBPLS Firm Registration No. 10075600

E:	
	NORTHLAKE FOREST SUBDIVISION
	DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS

	DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS	
N BY:	SHEET DESCRIPTION:	HCED STANDARD
JX	TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY	STATE
BY: SW	ELINOR COURT	
511	LLINON COOKT	
FULL SIZE: 1"=20" HALF SIZE: 1"=40"	STA. 1+00 TO END	SHEET NO:
12/14/2020	APPROVED BY:	10 / 12





SURVEY.

4. THE FIELD WORK WAS COMPLETED ON DEC. 11, 2020.

# HARRIS COUNTY **ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT**





10300 Westoffice Dr., Sulte 800 Houston, TX 77042 Tel: (713) 975-8769 Fax: (713) 975-0920 www.kuoassociates.com TBPE FIrm Registration No. F-4578 TBPLS Firm Registration No. 10075600

# NORTHI AKE FOREST SUBDIVISION

BUILDING LINE

E./ESMT. EASEMENT

STM.

SAN.

	DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS	
AWN BY: JX	SHEET DESCRIPTION: TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY	HCED STANDARD
O BY:	CLEAR POINTE DRIVE	
FULL SIZE: 1"=20' HALF SIZE: 1"=40'	STA. 1+00 TO END	SHEET NO:
TE* 05/13/2021	APPROVED BY:	11/12

# REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR STATE OF TEXAS, NO. 6491

STORM LINE TELEPHONE LINE

BENCHMARK:

EXISTING UTILITY NOTE:

LEGEND: //// ASPHALT SYMBOL

⊕ BUSH

CLEANOUT COLUMN

C DOWN GUY ■ E INLET

ELEC MANHOLE

→ FIRE HYDRANT

O GAS METER Ø GAS VALVE

₩ GRATE INLET ⊕ GRATE INLET

☐ MAIL BOX

MANHOLE

BOREHOLE 

B OR BB INLET

PLOODPLAIN REFERENCE MARK NUMBER 110960 IS AN HCFCD ALUMINUM ROD STAMPED 110960 LOCATED ON EAST SIDE 90 DEGREE BEND IN DITCH APPROXIMATELY 0.2 MILES FROM THE INTERSECTION OF LADINO RUN STREET WEST OF WAYNEWOOD DRIVE IN KEYMAP 327Y IN THE CYPREESS CREEK WATERSHED

ALL HORIZONTAL CORDINATES ARE BASED ON TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, SOUTH CENTRAL ZONE, NAD83. THE COORDINATES & DISTANCES SHOWN ARE SURFACE AND MAY BE CONVERTED TO GRID BY MULTIPLYING BY A SCALE FACTOR OF

EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITY INFORMATION (TYPE, SIZE & OWNERSHIP) ARE SHOWN APPROXIMATELY BASED ON THE

OWNERSHIP) ARE SHOWN APPROXIMATELY BASED ON THE AVAILABLE RECORD DRAWINGS AND FIELD VERIFICATION (WHERE FEASIBLE) WITHOUT PROBING AND EXCAVATION. NO WARRANTY IS MADE AS TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF UTILITY LOCATION SHOWL ON THE DRAWING. CAUTION SHOULD BE EXERCISED. WHEN EXCAVATING OR BORE AND JACKING IN THE

VICINITY OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES. OWNERS OF THE UTILITIES SHOULD BE NOTHERD PRIOR TO SUCH ACTIVITIES. CALL UTILITY COORDINATING COMMITTEE AT 713-223-4567, AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO EXCAVATING IN THE STREET RIGHT-OF-WAY.

PLANTER
POWER POLE

POWER POLE W/LT.

SBC MANHOLE SIGN

SPRINKER VALVE

SPRINKLER HEAD STREET LIGHT/FLOOD LIGHT

TREE STUMP TREE-CREPE MYRTLE

TREE-PINE UTILITY MARK

WATER METER

WATER VALVE

DITCH/SWALE CENTER LINE EASEMENT OR BUILDING LINE

REFERENCE INFORMATION (FROM RECORD DRAWING)

STREET LIGHT/PARKING LIGHT

ELEV. 146.48 FEET NAVD 1988, 2001 ADJUSTMENT

UG STREET LIGHT CABLE

FENCE GAS LINE GUARD RAIL HEDGE ROW OR TREE LINE

WATER LINE

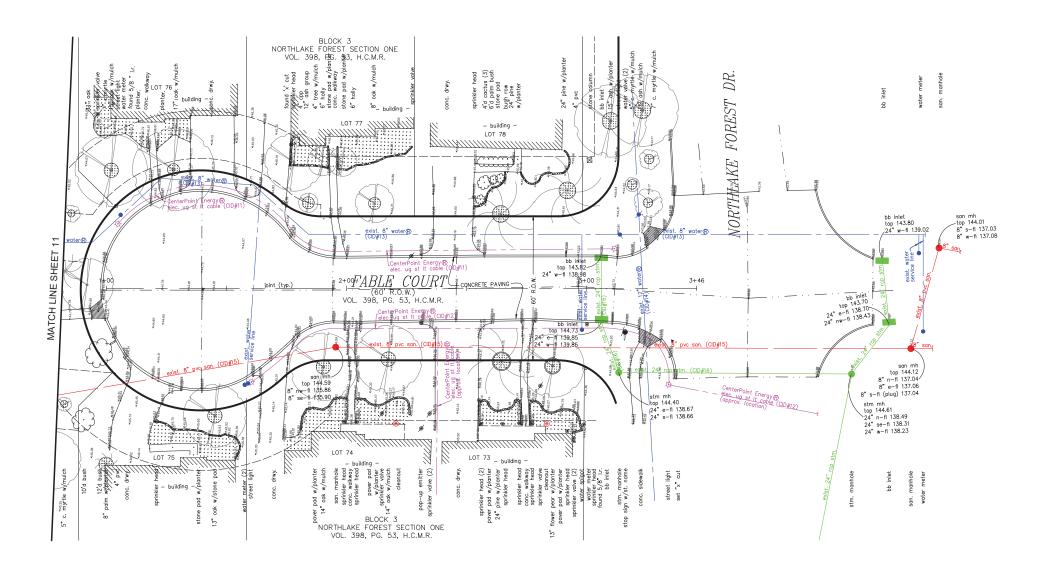
SANITARY FORCE MAIN

ABBREVIATIONS:

IRON PIPE

STORM CONC. CONCRETE SANITARY LT LIGHT

SWR. SEWER N.F.I.F. NOT FOUND IN FIELD UG UNDER GROUND



- NOTIE.

  1. BY GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION ONLY, THE LIMITS OF THIS PROJECT APPEAR TO BE LOCATED WITHIN ZONE X (SHADED) OF THE FEMA FIRM PANEL MAP NO. 48201C0410M. DATED REVISED OCT. 16, 2013.

  2. SUBJECT TO THE TERMS, CONDITIONS AND PROVISIONS OF CITY OF HOUSTON BUILDING LINE ORDINANCE AS RECORDED UNDER HARRIS COUNTY CLERKS FILE NO. N.253886 O.P.R.R.P.H.C.
- THE TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON SUBSTANTIALLY CONFORMS TO THE CURRENT TEXAS SOCIETY OF PROFESSIONAL SURVEYORS STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR A CATEGORY 6, CONDITION II SURVEY.

  4. THE FIELD WORK WAS COMPLETED ON DEC. 11, 2020.

REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR STATE OF TEXAS, NO. 6491



# **BENCHMARK:**

FLOODPLAIN REFERENCE MARK NUMBER 110960 IS AN HCFCD ALUMINUM ROD STAMPED 110960 LOCATED ON EAST SIDE 90 DEGREE BEND IN DITCH APPROXIMATELY 0.2 MILES FROM THE INTERSECTION OF LADINO RUN STREET WEST OF WAYNEWOOD

ELEV. 146.48 FEET NAVD 1988, 2001 ADJUSTMENT

# HORIZONTAL DATUM:

ALL HORIZONIAL COORDINATES ARE BASED ON TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, SOUTH CENTRAL ZONE, NADB3. THE COORDINATES & DISTANCES SHOWN ARE SURFACE AND MAY BE CONVERTED TO GRID BY MULTIPLYING BY A SCALE FACTOR OF

# EXISTING UTILITY NOTE:

EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITY INFORMATION (TYPE, SIZE & OWNERSHIP) ARE SHOWN APPROXIMATELY BASED ON THE AVAILABLE RECORD DRAWINGS AND FIELD VERIFICATION (WHERE FEASIBLE) WITHOUT PROBING AND EXCAVATION. NO WARRANTY IS MADE AS TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF UTILITY MADE AS TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF UTILITY LOCATION SHOWN ON THE DRAWING, CAUTION SHOULD BE EXERCISED WHEN EXCAVATING OR BORE AND JACKING IN THE VICINITY OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES. OWNERS OF THE UTILITES SHOULD BE NOTIFIED PRIOR TO SUCH ACTIVITIES. CALL UTILITY COORDINATING COMMITTEE AT 713–223–4567, AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO EXCAVATING IN THE STREET RIGHT-OF-WAY.



# 0000000000000000000

DITCH/SWALE CENTER LINE

GUARD RAIL HEDGE ROW OR TREE LINE HIGH BANK

OVERHEAD POWER LINE SANITARY SEWER LINE SANITARY FORCE MAIN STORM LINE TELEPHONE LINE

UG STREET LIGHT CABLE WATER LINE

ABBREVIATIONS:

E./ESMT. EASEMENT IRON ROD BUILDING LINE I.P. IRON PIPE STM. STORM CONC. CONCRETE LT LIGHT SWR. SEWER N.F.I.F. NOT FOUND IN FIELD UNDER GROUND UG

# HARRIS COUNTY **ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT**

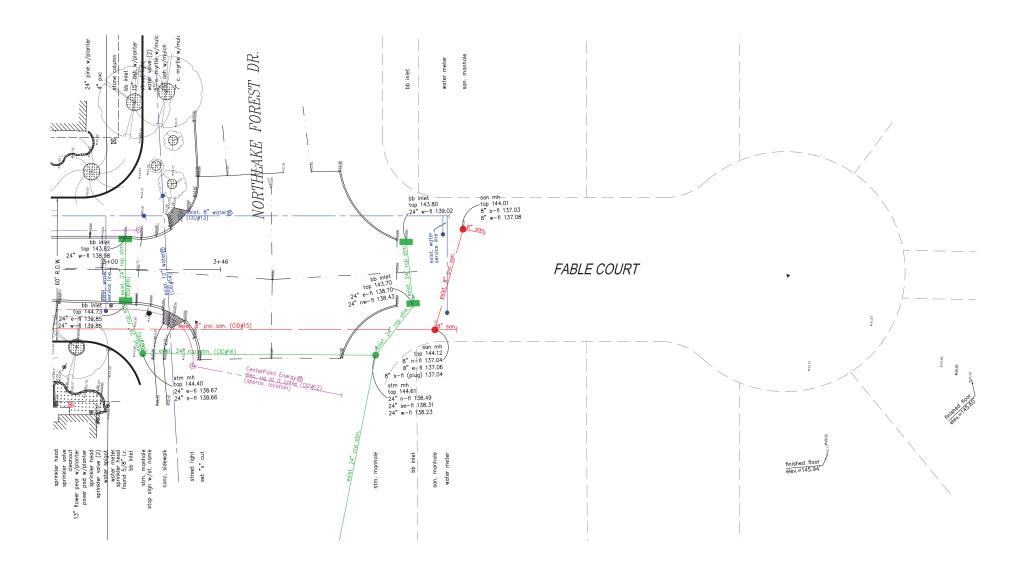




10300 Westoffice Dr., Suite 800 Houston, TX 77042 Tel: (713) 975-8769 Fax: (713) 975-0920

# NORTHLAKE FOREST SUBDIVISION DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS

	DIVANIAGE IN TOVENENTS	
RAWN BY:	SHEET DESCRIPTION:	HCED STANDARD
JX	TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY	STANDARD
K'D BY: SW	FABLE COURT	
	TABLE GOOKT	
CALE: FULL SIZE: 1"=20' HALF SIZE: 1"=40'	STA. 1+00 TO END	SHEET NO:
ATE: 12/14/2020	APPROVED BY:	12 / 12



- NOTE:

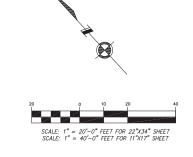
  1. BY GRAPHIC REPRESENTATION ONLY, THE LIMITS OF THIS PROJECT APPEAR TO BE LOCATED WITHIN ZONE X (SHADED) OF THE FEMA FIRM PANEL MAP NO. 48201C0410M. DATED REVISED OCT. 16, 2013.

  2. SUBJECT TO THE TERMS, CONDITIONS AND PROVISIONS OF CITY OF HOUSTON BUILDING LINE ORDINANCE AS RECORDED UNDER HARRIS COUNTY CLERKS FILE NO. N.253886 O.P.R.R.P.H.C.

  3. THE TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY INFORMATION SHOWN HEREON SUBSTANTIALLY CONFORMS TO THE CURRENT TEXAS SOCIETY OF PROFESSIONAL SURVEYORS STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR A CATEGORY 6. CONDITION II
- SPECIFICATIONS FOR A CATEGORY 6, CONDITION II SURVEY.

  4. THE FIELD WORK WAS COMPLETED ON DEC. 11, 2020.

REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR STATE OF TEXAS, NO. 6491



# BENCHMARK:

FLOODPLAIN REFERENCE MARK NUMBER 110960 IS AN HCFCD ALUMINUM ROD STAMPED 110960 LOCATED ON EAST SIDE 90 DEGREE BEND IN DITCH APPROXIMATELY 0.2 MILES FROM THE INTERSECTION OF LADINO RUN STREET WEST OF WAYNEWOOD DRIVE IN KEYMAP 327Y IN THE CYPREESS CREEK WATERSHED

ELEV. 146.48 FEET NAVD 1988, 2001 ADJUSTMENT

ALL HORIZONTAL CORDINATES ARE BASED ON TEXAS STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM, SOUTH CENTRAL ZONE, NADB3. THE COORDINATES & DISTANCES SHOWN ARE SURFACE AND MAY BE CONVERTED TO GRID BY MULTIPLYING BY A SCALE FACTOR OF

# EXISTING UTILITY NOTE:

EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITY INFORMATION (TYPE, SIZE & OWNERSHIP) ARE SHOWN APPROXIMATELY BASED ON THE AVAILABLE RECORD DRAWINGS AND FIELD VERIFICATION (WHERE FEASIBLE) WITHOUT PROBING AND EXCAVATION. NO WARRANTY IS MADE AS TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF UTILITY LOCATION SHOWN ON THE DRAWING. CAUTION SHOULD BE EXERCISED WHEN EXCAVATING OR BORE AND JACKING IN THE VICINITY OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES. OWNERS OF THE UTILITIES SHOULD BE NOTHERD PRIOR TO SUCH ACTIVITIES. CALL UTILITY COORDINATING COMMITTEE AT 713-223-4567, AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO EXCAVATING IN THE STREET RIGHT-OF-WAY.

## LEGEND: //// ASPHALT SYMBOL PLANTER POWER POLE B OR BB INLET POWER POLE W/LT. BUSH REFERENCE INFORMATION CLEANOUT (FROM RECORD DRAWING) COLUMN SBC MANHOLE SIGN C DOWN GUY ■ E INLET SPRINKER VALVE ELEC MANHOLE SPRINKLER HEAD STREET LIGHT/FLOOD LIGHT

TREE STUMP TREE-CREPE MYRTLE ₩ GRATE INLET # GRATE INLET TREE-PINE UTILITY MARK ☐ MAIL BOX WATER METER

STREET LIGHT/PARKING LIGHT

MANHOLE WATER VALVE BOREHOLE DITCH/SWALE CENTER LINE

EASEMENT OR BUILDING LINE FENCE GAS LINE GUARD RAIL HEDGE ROW OR TREE LINE

STORM LINE TELEPHONE LINE

UG STREET LIGHT CABLE WATER LINE

ABBREVIATIONS:

→ FIRE HYDRANT

O GAS METER Ø GAS VALVE

E./ESMT. EASEMENT IRON PIPE BUILDING LINE STM. STORM CONC. CONCRETE SAN. SANITARY LT LIGHT SWR. SEWER N.F.I.F. NOT FOUND IN FIELD UG UNDER GROUND

# HARRIS COUNTY **ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT**





10300 Westoffice Dr., Sulte 800 Houston, TX 77042 Tel: (713) 975-8769 Fax: (713) 975-0920 www.kuoassociates.com
TBPE Firm Registration No. F-4578
TBPLS Firm Registration No. 10075600

	DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS		
RAWN BY: JX	TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY	HCED STANDARD	
SW SW	FABLE COURT		
FULL SIZE: 1"=20' HALF SIZE: 1"=40'		SHEET NO:	
05/13/2021	APPROVED BY:	12A/ 12	



# EXHIBIT 6 DRAINAGE AREA MAP AND HYDRAULIC DATA

Table 1	1 -	Rational	Method	Calcu	lations
Iabic	4 -	IXAUVIIAI	INCLINA	Calcu	Iduolis

	System 1											
		Area					Raint	fall Intensity (	in/hr)	Peak Discharge (cfs)		(cfs)
Area ID	Area (ac.)	(sq. mi.)	С	CxA	TC (min)	TC (hr)	2-Year	10-Year	100-Year	2-Year	10-Year	100-Year
1A	2.54	0.0040	0.44	1.12	26.78	0.45	3.43	4.88	7.14	3.84	5.45	7.98
1B	2.60	0.0041	0.44	1.14	27.99	0.47	3.35	4.76	6.99	3.83	5.45	7.99
1C	1.63	0.0025	0.44	0.72	28.67	0.48	3.31	4.70	6.90	2.37	3.37	4.95
1D	3.32	0.0052	0.44	1.46	27.35	0.46	3.39	4.82	7.07	4.96	7.05	10.32
1E	0.94	0.0015	0.44	0.41	28.90	0.48	3.29	4.68	6.87	1.36	1.94	2.84
1F	1.89	0.0030	0.44	0.83	29.55	0.49	3.25	4.63	6.80	2.70	3.85	5.65
1G	1.21	0.0019	0.44	0.53	26.40	0.44	3.46	4.92	7.19	1.84	2.62	3.83
11	2.49	0.0039	0.44	1.10	26.74	0.45	3.44	4.88	7.15	3.76	5.35	7.83
1J	4.46	0.0070	0.44	1.96	30.37	0.51	3.20	4.56	6.70	6.28	8.94	13.15
1K	2.22	0.0035	0.44	0.98	32.33	0.54	3.09	4.40	6.49	3.02	4.30	6.34
1L	2.82	0.0044	0.44	1.24	32.71	0.55	3.07	4.37	6.45	3.81	5.43	8.00
1M	2.58	0.0040	0.44	1.14	28.09	0.47	3.34	4.75	6.97	3.80	5.40	7.92
1N	1.26	0.0020	0.44	0.55	29.60	0.49	3.25	4.62	6.79	1.80	2.56	3.76
101	2.60	0.0041	0.55	1.43	30.47	0.51	3.20	4.55	6.69	4.57	6.51	9.57
102	6.15	0.0096	0.55	3.38	32.56	0.54	3.08	4.39	6.47	10.41	14.83	21.87
1P	1.90	0.0030	0.55	1.05	34.86	0.58	2.96	4.22	6.24	3.09	4.41	6.52
						System 2						
		Area					Raint	fall Intensity (	in/hr)	Peak Discharge (cfs)		(cfs)
Area ID	Area (ac.)	(sq. mi.)	С	CxA	TC (min)	TC (hr)	2-Year	10-Year	100-Year	2-Year	10-Year	100-Year
2B	2.53	0.0040	0.44	1.11	26.78	0.45	3.43	4.88	7.14	3.82	5.43	7.95
2C	3.76	0.0059	0.44	1.65	27.63	0.46	3.37	4.80	7.03	5.58	7.94	11.63
2D	3.02	0.0047	0.44	1.33	27.15	0.45	3.41	4.84	7.09	4.53	6.43	9.43
2E	1.76	0.0028	0.44	0.77	26.05	0.43	3.49	4.95	7.24	2.70	3.83	5.61
2F	0.52	0.0008	0.44	0.23	23.91	0.40	3.65	5.18	7.56	0.83	1.18	1.73
2G	2.57	0.0040	0.44	1.13	27.10	0.45	3.41	4.85	7.10	3.86	5.48	8.03
2H	2.38	0.0037	0.44	1.05	26.65	0.44	3.44	4.89	7.16	3.60	5.12	7.50
21	3.53	0.0055	0.44	1.55	30.90	0.52	3.17	4.51	6.64	4.92	7.01	10.32
2J	1.84	0.0029	0.44	0.81	30.95	0.52	3.17	4.51	6.64	2.56	3.65	5.37
2K	5.12	0.0080	0.44	2.25	31.07	0.52	3.16	4.50	6.62	7.12	10.14	14.92

NORTHLAKE FOREST

EXHIBIT 6 DRAINAGE AREA MAP & HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS



16340 Park Ten Place Suite 350 Houston, Texas 77084 (713) 461-9600

TEXAS FIRM REGISTRATION NO. F-487
DATE: 9/16/2021



# TABLE 1 COST ESTIMATE

# **CONSTRUCTION COST ESTIMATE**

Project: Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvements

Limit From: Northlake Forest Subdivision
Limit To: Northlake Forest Subdivision

Proj Length: 1,200' Precinct: Three

UPIN: 19103MF14F01

Job No:

Prepared By: R. G. Miller Engineers, Inc.

Date: 10/07/21

Summary of Estimate						
Stage:	1st Submitt					
Total Amount for I	\$494,807.00					
Total Amount for 3	\$0.00					
Total Amount for 3	\$0.00					
Total Amount for 3	\$0.00					
Grant Total Amou	\$494,807.00					
Contingencies:	\$0.00					
<b>Grand Total Project</b>	\$494,807.00					

ITEM NO.	SPEC NO.	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT	
Α	SITE PREPA	ARATION AND EARTHWORK	•	•	<u>'</u>		
1	Drawing	Project Sign	EA	2.00	\$1,000.00	\$2,000.00	
2	104	Removing Old Concrete (Pavement W/Curb)	SY	1,236.00	\$8.00	\$9,888.00	
3	495	Removing Old Structures - Headwalls including Wingwalls	LS	1.00	\$3,000.00	\$3,000.00	
4	465	Remove and Dispose of Existing Concrete or Metal Pipe (All Sizes)	LF	349.00	\$15.00	\$5,235.00	
5	495	Removing Old Structures – Inlets (All Depths)	EA	8.00	\$500.00	\$4,000.00	
6	495	Removing Old Structures – Manholes (All Depths)	EA	2.00	\$500.00	\$1,000.00	
7	HCFCD 2241	Care and Control of Water	LS	1.00	\$20,000.00	\$20,000.00	
				Su	btotal of Item A	\$45,123.00	
В	PAVING						
8	433	Cement Stabilized Sand Bedding and Backfill (8" Depth)	SY	1,485.00	\$25.00	\$37,125.00	
9	360	Concrete Pavement (8")	SY	1,236.00	\$60.00	\$74,160.00	
10	530	Reinforced Concrete Curb ( 4"x12" Lay Back Curb)	LF	818.00	\$5.00	\$4,090.00	
Subtotal of Item B							
С	STORM SEV	VER					
11	421	Structural Concrete (Wingwall)	CY	4.00	\$1,200.00	\$4,800.00	
12	429	Trench Safety System (5' to 10')	LF	815.00	\$1.00	\$815.00	
13	429	Trench Safety System (10' to 15')	LF	107.00	\$2.00	\$214.00	
14	460	Reinforced Concrete Pipe, C76, Class III, Rubber Gasket (24")	LF	806.00	\$100.00	\$80,600.00	
15	460	Reinforced Concrete Pipe, C76, Class III, Rubber Gasket (42")	LF	9.00	\$195.00	\$1,755.00	
16	471	Precast Concrete Standard Manhole (5 ft ≤ Depth ≤ 10 ft)	EA	10.00	\$3,500.00	\$35,000.00	
17	471	Precast Manhole on Concrete Box (5 ft ≤ Depth ≤ 10 ft)	EA	2.00	\$2,000.00	\$4,000.00	
18	471	8'x8' Junction Box (5 ft ≤ Depth ≤ 10 ft)	EA	1.00	\$14,500.00	\$14,500.00	
19	472	Type BB Inlet	EA	6.00	\$3,000.00	\$18,000.00	
20	472	Type C-1 Inlet	EA	8.00	\$4,000.00	\$32,000.00	
21	480	Precast RCB (6' x 4')	LF	107.00	\$440.00	\$47,080.00	
22	480	5'x4' Restrictor for 6'x4' RCB	EA	1.00	\$350.00	\$350.00	
Subtotal of Item C							
Е	TRAFFIC CO	ONTROL PLAN					
23	671	Traffic Control - Barricades, Barriers, Barrels, Cones, and Signing	MO	5.00	\$4,000.00	\$20,000.00	
24	671	Temporary Residential Driveways - Furnish-Install & Remove	EA	11.00	\$800.00	\$8,800.00	
Subtotal of Item E						\$28,800.00	

# **CONSTRUCTION COST ESTIMATE**

Project: Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvements

Limit From: Northlake Forest Subdivision
Limit To: Northlake Forest Subdivision

Proj Length: 1,200' Precinct: Three

UPIN: 19103MF14F01

Job No:

Prepared By: R. G. Miller Engineers, Inc.

Date: 10/07/21

Summary of Estimate					
Stage:	1st Submittal				
Total Amount for I	\$494,807.00				
Total Amount for 3	\$0.00				
Total Amount for 3	\$0.00				
Total Amount for 3	\$0.00				
Grant Total Amou	\$494,807.00				
Contingencies:	\$0.00				
<b>Grand Total Project</b>	\$494,807.00				

ITEM NO.	SPEC NO.	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	AMOUNT	
F STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN							
25	162	Sodding for Erosion Control (Various Widths)	SY	369.00	\$5.00	\$1,845.00	
26	719	Inlet Protection Barrier (Stage 1, With Fiber Rolls; 60% of unit cost for furnish and installation, and 40% of unit cost for removal)	EA	14.00	\$70.00	\$980.00	
27	741	Inlet Protection Barrier (For Stage II Inlets, Gravel Bags; 60% of unit cost for furnish and installation, and 40% of unit cost for removal)	EA	20.00	\$70.00	\$1,400.00	
28	751	SWPPP Inspection and Maintenance (Min. Bid - \$3,000.)	МО	5.00	\$3,000.00	\$15,000.00	
29	713	Reinforced Filter Fabric Barrier	LF	60.00	\$2.00	\$120.00	
30	724	Stabilized Construction Access	SY	89.00	\$25.00	\$2,225.00	
31	730	Concrete Truck Washout Structures (60% of unit cost for furnish and installation, and 40% of unit cost for removal)	LS	1.00	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00	
32		Rock Filter Dams	LF	25.00	\$80.00	\$2,000.00	
33	Project Manual	TPDES General Permit No. TXR150000; Notice of Intent (NOI) is not needed (\$325)	EA	1.00	\$325.00	\$325.00	
				Su	btotal of Item F	\$24,895.00	
D	EXTRA WOR	KITEMS					
34	COH 02512	Furnish and Install Service Connection - "Long Side", Complete in Place	EA	6.00	\$2,000.00	\$12,000.00	
35	COH 02512	Furnish and Install Service Connection - "Short Side", Complete in Place	EA	6.00	\$1,750.00	\$10,500.00	
36	COH 02534	Sanitary Sewer Service Stub or Reconnection With or W/O Stack, Complete in Place (all sizes, dpeths)	EA	6.00	\$1,500.00	\$9,000.00	
37	433	Cement Stabilized Sand Bedding and Backfill Material	SY	100.00	\$50.00	\$5,000.00	
38	559	Construction Safety Fence	LF	100.00	\$5.00	\$500.00	
39	672	Off-Duty Uniformed Police Officer - As Directed by Engineer (Min. Bid \$25/HR)	HR	100.00	\$25.00	\$2,500.00	
40	Attachment M	Additional Steel Plates (Outside of Contractor's Inventory)	EA	4.00	\$500.00	\$2,000.00	
Subtotal of Item D					\$41,500.00		

Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvements UPIN: 19103MF14F01



## TABLE 2 UTILITY CONFLICT TABLE

Project Name: Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvements

Project Limits: Northlake Forest Subdivision

UPIN No. <u>19103MF14F01</u>

Consultant Name/Project Mgr: R. G. Miller Engineers / Mark Rotz, PE

															Reloc. Reloc.
						Is facility located in an			SUE (QL D,						
						easement?	Conflict	Probed	QL B, or No)	Contact Name	Address	Phone No.	Email	Describe Conflict (if applicable)	Est. Cost Start Date Com. Date
	eginning Station	Ending Station	Alignment / Street Name	Utility Type	Owner	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No	Yes/No						
	Pointe Drive	2.07													
2 0+00		2+87				No	No	No	Yes						
3 0+60		0+60	Clear Pointe Drive	Underground Electrical	CenterPoint Energy Electrical					Cynthia Martinez	1111 Louisiana 7th floor Houston, Texas 77002	713-207-6555	cindy.martinez@centerpointenergy.com	N/A	
4 2+08		2+08	Clear Pointe Drive	Underground Electrical	CenterPoint Energy Electrical	No	No	No	Yes	Cynthia Martinez	1111 Louisiana 7th floor Houston, Texas 77002	713-207-6555	cindy.martinez@centerpointenergy.com	Conflict with proposed storm sewer and pavement replacement	
5 <b>2+35</b>		2+75	Clear Pointe Drive	Underground Electrical	CenterPoint Energy Electrical	No	No	No	Yes	Cynthia Martinez	1111 Louisiana 7th floor Houston, Texas 77002	713-207-6555	cindy.martinez@centerpointenergy.com	N/A	
6 1+00		2+87	Clear Pointe Drive	Water Service Line	Northwest Harris County MUD 10	Yes (Partial)	Yes	No	Yes	Jeffrey W. Vogler	777 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX 77079	713-782-0042	jvogler@vs-eng.com	In potential conflict with storm sewer at STA 1+23	
						Yes (Partial)	No	No	Yes		777 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX				
7 <b>0+07</b>	Ct	2+87	Clear Pointe Drive	8" Sanitary	Northwest Harris County MUD 10					Jeffrey W. Vogler	77079	/13-/82-0042	jvogler@vs-eng.com	N/A	
9 Fable	Court	2+46													
10 <b>0+00</b>		2+40												Conflict with proposed storm sower and	
11 0+05		2+14	Fable Court	Underground Electrical	CenterPoint Energy Electrical	No	Yes	No	Yes	Cynthia Martinez	1111 Louisiana 7th floor Houston, Texas 77002	713-207-6555	cindy.martinez@centerpointenergy.com	Conflict with proposed storm sewer and pavement replacement	
12 0+55		2+46	Fable Court	Underground Electrical	CenterPoint Energy Electrical	No	Yes	No	Yes	Cynthia Martinez	1111 Louisiana 7th floor Houston, Texas 77002	713-207-6555	cindy.martinez@centerpointenergy.com	pavement replacement	
13 0+00		2+46	Fable Court	8" Water	Northwest Harris County MUD 10	Yes (Partial)	Yes	No	Yes	Jeffrey W. Vogler	77079	713-782-0042	jvogler@vs-eng.com	Service line conflict with proposed storm sewer and pavement replacemnt	
14 2+25		2+25	Fable Court	12" Water	Northwest Harris County MUD 10	Yes (Partial)	No	No	Yes	Jeffrey W. Vogler	777 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX 77079	713-782-0042	jvogler@vs-eng.com	N/A	
15 0.00		2:46		Oll Caratha m		Yes (Partial)	No	No	Yes		777 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX			21/2	
15 0+00		2+46	Fable Court	8" Sanitary	Northwest Harris County MUD 10					Jeffrey W. Vogler	77079	/13-/82-0042	jvogler@vs-eng.com	N/A	
	Springs Court														
18 <b>0+00</b>		2+60													
19 0+00		2+45	Bach Springs Court	Underground Electrical	CenterPoint Energy Electrical	Yes (Partial)	Yes	No	Yes	Cynthia Martinez	1111 Louisiana 7th floor Houston, Texas 77002	713-207-6555	cindy.martinez@centerpointenergy.com	Conflict with proposed pavement replacement and storm sewer	
20 2+18		3+53	Bach Springs Court	Underground Electrical	CenterPoint Energy Electrical	Yes (Partial)	No	No	Yes	Cynthia Martinez	1111 Louisiana 7th floor Houston, Texas 77002	713-207-6555	cindy.martinez@centerpointenergy.com	N/A	
21 0+00		2+60	Bach Springs Court	4" Water	Northwest Harris County MUD 10	Yes (Partial)	No	No	Yes	Jeffrey W. Vogler	777 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX 77079	712-782-0042	jvogler@vs-eng.com	N/A	
						No	No	No	Yes		777 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX			N/A	
22 0+00		2+60	Bach Springs Court	8" Sanitary	Northwest Harris County MUD 10					Jeffrey W. Vogler	77079	713-782-0042	jvogler@vs-eng.com	N/A	
24 Elinor	Court	2.04													
25 <b>0+00</b>		2+91				No	Voc	No	Voc						
26 0+00		2+77	Elinor Court	Underground Electrical	CenterPoint Energy Electrical	NO	Yes	NO	Yes	Cynthia Martinez	1111 Louisiana 7th floor Houston, Texas 77002	713-207-6555	cindy.martinez@centerpointenergy.com	Conflict with proposed storm sewer	
27 0+00		2+68	Elinor Court	4" Water	Northwest Harris County MUD 10	No	Yes	No	Yes	Jeffrey W. Vogler	777 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX 77079	713-782-0042	jvogler@vs-eng.com	Service line conflict with proposed storm sewer and pavement replacemnt	
28 2+68		2+68	Elinor Court	12" Water	Northwest Harris County MUD 10	No	No	No	Yes	Jeffrey W. Vogler	777 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX 77079		jvogler@vs-eng.com	N/A	
						No	No	No	Yes		777 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX			ing A	
29 2+68		2+91	Elinor Court	8" Water	Northwest Harris County MUD 10					Jeffrey W. Vogler	77079 777 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX	713-782-0042	jvogler@vs-eng.com	N/A	
30 0+00		2+91	Elinor Court	8" Sanitary	Northwest Harris County MUD 10	No	No	No	Yes	Jeffrey W. Vogler	77079	713-782-0042	jvogler@vs-eng.com	N/A	
32 Light F	alls Court														
33 <b>0+00</b>		3+15													
34 1+11		1+11	Light Falls Court	Underground Electrical	CenterPoint Energy Electrical	Yes (Partial)	No	No	Yes	Cynthia Martinez	1111 Louisiana 7th floor Houston, Texas 77002	713-207-6555	cindy.martinez@centerpointenergy.com	N/A	
35 <b>2+49</b>		2+49	Light Falls Court	Underground Electrical	CenterPoint Energy Electrical	Yes (Partial)	No	No	Yes	Cynthia Martinez	1111 Louisiana 7th floor Houston, Texas 77002	713-207-6555	cindy.martinez@centerpointenergy.com	N/A	
36 <mark>2+72</mark>		3+03	Light Falls Court	Underground Electrical	CenterPoint Energy Electrical	Yes (Partial)	No	No	Yes	Cynthia Martinez	1111 Louisiana 7th floor Houston, Texas 77002	713-207-6555	cindy.martinez@centerpointenergy.com	N/A	
37 0+00		3+15	Light Falls Court	4" Water	Northwest Harris County MUD 10	No	No	No	Yes	Jeffrey W. Vogler	777 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX 77079	713-782-0042	jvogler@vs-eng.com	N/A	
						No	No	No	Yes		777 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX				
38 <mark>0+00</mark>		3+15	Light Falls Court	8" Sanitary	Northwest Harris County MUD 10	INO	NO	140	165	Jeffrey W. Vogler	77079	713-782-0042	jvogler@vs-eng.com	N/A	

Revised Date: 9/22/2021 Page 1 of 2

### **Utility Contact/Conflict Table**

### Project Name: Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvements Project Limits: Northlake Forest Subdivision

UPIN No. <u>19103MF14F01</u>

UPIN	N No. <u>19103MF14F01</u>		I			1		1 1		<u> </u>		Τ		
40	Medlowe Court													
41	0+00	3+55												
						Yes (Partial)	Yes	No	Yes					Conflict with proposed storm sewer and
42	0+04	1+56	Medlowe Court	Underground Electrical	CenterPoint Energy Electrical	NI-		N1-	M	Cynthia Martinez	1111 Louisiana 7th floor Houston, Texas 77002	713-207-6555	cindy.martinez@centerpointenergy.com	pavement replacement
43	3+09	3+41	Medlowe Court	Underground Electrical	CenterPoint Energy Electrical	No	No	No	Yes	Cynthia Martinez	1111 Louisiana 7th floor Houston, Texas 77002 777 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX	713-207-6555	cindy.martinez@centerpointenergy.com	N/A
44	0+00	3+55	Medlowe Court	4" Water	Northwest Harris County MUD 10	No	No	No	Yes	Jeffrey W. Vogler	77079	713-782-0042	jvogler@vs-eng.com	N/A
						No	No	No	Yes		777 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX			
45	3+34	3+34	Medlowe Court	12" Water	Northwest Harris County MUD 10	110	140	110	163	Jeffrey W. Vogler	77079	713-782-0042	jvogler@vs-eng.com	N/A
46	1+58	1+58	Medlowe Court	Water Service Line	Northwest Harris County MUD 10	No	Yes	No	Yes	Jeffrey W. Vogler	778 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX 77079	713-782-0043	jvogler@vs-eng.com	In potential conflict with storm sewer.
						No	Voc	No	Yes		779 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX			
47	3+01	3+01	Medlowe Court	Water Service Line	Northwest Harris County MUD 10	NO	Yes	NO	163	Jeffrey W. Vogler	77079	713-782-0044	jvogler@vs-eng.com	In potential conflict with storm sewer.
48	0+00	2+28	Medlowe Court	8" Sanitary	Northwest Harris County MUD 10	No	No	No	Yes	Jeffrey W. Vogler	777 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX 77079	713-782-0042	jvogler@vs-eng.com	N/A
		2.20	meanane court	o dameary	Tronsition of the state of the					Jemey W. Yegie.		720 702 00 12	jvog.e. g. to eng.com	
48	Corktree Knolls	1								+				<del>                                     </del>
49	0+00	4+78												
50	0+36	0+36	Corktree Knolls	Underground Electrical	CenterPoint Energy Electrical	Yes (Partial)	No	No	Yes	Cynthia Martinez	1111 Louisiana 7th floor Houston, Texas 77002	713-207-6555	cindy.martinez@centerpointenergy.com	N/A
51	1+36	1+36	Corktree Knolls	Underground Electrical	CenterPoint Energy Electrical	No	No	No	Yes	Cynthia Martinez	1111 Louisiana 7th floor Houston, Texas 77002	713-207-6555	cindy.martinez@centerpointenergy.com	N/A
52	1+95	1+95	Corktree Knolls	Underground Electrical	CenterPoint Energy Electrical	Yes (Partial)	No	No	Yes	Cynthia Martinez	1111 Louisiana 7th floor Houston, Texas 77002	713-207-6555	cindy.martinez@centerpointenergy.com	N/A
53	3+35	3+35	Corktree Knolls	Underground Electrical	CenterPoint Energy Electrical	Yes (Partial)	No	No	Yes	Cynthia Martinez	1111 Louisiana 7th floor Houston, Texas 77002	713-207-6555	cindy.martinez@centerpointenergy.com	N/A
54	4+14	4+14	Corktree Knolls	Underground Electrical	CenterPoint Energy Electrical	Yes (Partial)	No	No	Yes	Cynthia Martinez	1111 Louisiana 7th floor Houston, Texas 77002	713-207-6555	cindy.martinez@centerpointenergy.com	N/A
55	4+65	4+65	Corktree Knolls	Underground Electrical	CenterPoint Energy Electrical	Yes (Partial)	No	No	Yes	Cynthia Martinez	1111 Louisiana 7th floor Houston, Texas 77002	713-207-6555	cindy.martinez@centerpointenergy.com	N/A
56	0+00	1+87	Corktree Knolls	6" Water	Northwest Harris County MUD 10	Yes (Partial)	No	No	Yes	Jeffrey W. Vogler	777 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX 77079	713-782-0042	jvogler@vs-eng.com	N/A
						No	NI-	Ne	Vee		777 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX		7 - 6 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 - 7 -	
57	1+87	4+78	Corktree Knolls	4" Water	Northwest Harris County MUD 10	No	No	No	Yes	Jeffrey W. Vogler	77079	713-782-0042	jvogler@vs-eng.com	N/A
58	3+07	3+07	Corktree Knolls	Water Service Line	Northwest Harris County MUD 10	No	Yes	No	Yes	Jeffrey W. Vogler	777 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX 77079	713-782-0042	jvogler@vs-eng.com	In potential conflict with storm sewer.
						No	No	No	Yes		777 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX			
59	0+00	2+28	Corktree Knolls	8" Sanitary	Northwest Harris County MUD 10					Jeffrey W. Vogler	77079	713-782-0042	jvogler@vs-eng.com	N/A
60	Pipeline Corridor													
61			Pipeline Corridor	Overhead Electrical	CenterPoint Energy Electrical	Yes (Partial)	No	No	Yes	Cynthia Martinez	1111 Louisiana 7th floor Houston, Texas 77002	713-207-6555	cindy.martinez@centerpointenergy.com	N/A
62		1	Pipeline Corridor	Telephone	AT&T	Yes (Partial)	No	Yes	Yes	Kathy Tinney	6500 West Loop SouthZone 1.3Bellaire, TX 77401	713-485-8128	Kathy.Tinney@att.com	N/A
63			Pipeline Corridor	Underground Cable 2" Gas	ContarPoint Energy Gas	Yes (Partial)	No No	No Yes	Yes	Joshua Case Mike Brower	8590 W. Tidwell, Houston, TX 77040 1111 Louisiana St, Houston, TX 77002	713-637-5966	Joshua_case@comcast.com	N/A N/A
64			Pipeline Corridor	2 003	CenterPoint Energy Gas Trunkline Gas Company (Energy	Yes (Partial)				IVIINE DI UWEI	TTTT LOUISIANA SI, MUUSLON, NA //UUZ		michael.brower@centerpointenergy.com	
65			Pipeline Corridor	24" Gas	Transfer)	Yes (Partial)	No	No	Yes	Scott Manning	1300 Main St., Houston, TX 77002 777 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX	713-989-4324	Scott.Manning@energyTransfer.com	N/A
66			Pipeline Corridor	8" Water	Northwest Harris County MUD 10	Yes (Partial)	No	No	Yes	Jeffrey W. Vogler	77079	713-782-0042	jvogler@vs-eng.com	N/A
						Yes (Partial)	No	No	Yes		777 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX			
67			Pipeline Corridor	2" Sanitary	Northwest Harris County MUD 10	, , , , ,	_			Jeffrey W. Vogler	77079 777 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX	713-782-0042	jvogler@vs-eng.com	N/A
68			Pipeline Corridor	4" Sanitary	Northwest Harris County MUD 10	Yes (Partial)	No	No	Yes	Jeffrey W. Vogler	77079	713-782-0042	jvogler@vs-eng.com	N/A
69			Pipeline Corridor	8" Sanitary	Northwest Harris County MUD 10	Yes (Partial)	No	No	Yes	Jeffrey W. Vogler	777 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX 77079	713-782-0042	jvogler@vs-eng.com	N/A
				,		Yes (Partial)	No	No	Yes		777 North Eldridge Parkway, Suite 500, Houston TX			
70			Pipeline Corridor	10" Sanitary	Northwest Harris County MUD 10					Jeffrey W. Vogler	77079	/13-782-0042	jvogler@vs-eng.com	N/A
73	Arlington Place Outfall													
74			Arlington Place Outfall	Telephone	AT&T	Yes (Partial)	No	Yes	Yes	Kathy Tinney	6500 West Loop SouthZone 1.3Bellaire, TX 77401	713-485-8128	Kathy.Tinney@att.com	Conflict with proposed Outfall
75			Arlington Place Outfall	Underground Electric	CenterPoint Energy Electrical	Yes (Partial)	No	No	Yes	Cynthia Martinez	1111 Louisiana 7th floor Houston, Texas 77002	713-207-6555	cindy.martinez@centerpointenergy.com	Conflict with proposed Outfall
76			Arlington Place Outfall	2" Gas	CenterPoint Energy Gas	Yes (Partial)	No	No	Yes	Mike Brower	1111 Louisiana St, Houston, TX 77002	713-665-5665	michael.brower@centerpointenergy.com	N/A
		•	•	•	•					•	•	•	•	

Revised Date: 9/22/2021 Page 2 of 2 Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvements UPIN: 19103MF14F01



# APPENDIX A GEOTECHNICAL EXPLORATION STUDY

### GEOTECHNICAL EXPLORATION STUDY NORTHLAKE FOREST SUBDIVISION DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS PRECINCT THREE (3) - UPIN: 19103MF14F01 HARRIS COUNTY, TEXAS

**GET PROJECT NO. 20-391E** 



TO

R.G. MILLER ENGINEERS, INC. HOUSTON, TEXAS

BY

GEOTECH ENGINEERING AND TESTING

**SERVICING** 

TEXAS, LOUISIANA, NEW MEXICO, OKLAHOMA

www.geotecheng.com

**NOVEMBER 2020** 

TEXAS BOARD OF PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS REGISTRATION NUMBER F-001183



### GEOTECH ENGINEERING and TESTING



Geotechnical, Environmental, Construction Materials, and Forensic Engineering

R.G. Miller Engineers, Inc. 16340 Park Ten Place, Suite 350 Houston, Texas 77084

Project No. 20-391E

Report No: 1 Project Type: 9H November 5, 2020

Attention: Mr. Mark T. Rotz, P.E. Assistant Project Manager

> GEOTECHNICAL EXPLORATION STUDY NORTHLAKE FOREST SUBDIVISION DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS PRECINCT THREE (3) - UPIN: 19103MF14F01 HARRIS COUNTY, TEXAS

### Gentlemen:

Submitted here is Geotech Engineering and Testing (GET) geotechnical study for the Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvements, Precinct Three (3), UPIN-19103MF14F01, Harris County, Texas. The planned facilities were discussed in detail with Mr. Mark Rotz, P.E., in order to plan our study that would provide the necessary design and construction data. This study was conducted in general accordance with GET Proposal No. P20-154, Revision I, dated June 24, 2020. Authorization to proceed with this study was received through a subconsultant agreement between R.G. Miller Engineers, Înc. and GET. This study was authorized by Mr. Jack Miller, President, with R.G. Miller Engineers, Inc. on August 10, 2020.

This report presents the results of our field exploration and laboratory testing together with design recommendations for Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvements, Precinct Three (3), UPIN-19103MF14F01, Harris County, Texas.

We appreciate the opportunity to be of service. Should you have any questions or need additional assistance, please call.

Very truly yours,

GEOTECH ENGINEERING AND TESTING TBPE Registration Number F-001183

Jack Wu, P.E. Project Manager

JW/DAE

Copies Submitted: (1) Hard Copy – R.G. Miller Engineers, Inc. – Mr. Mark T. Rotz, P.E.

(1) PDF Copy Email – Mr. Mark T. Rotz, P.E.

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

			<u>PAGE</u>
1.0	EXE	CUTIVE SUMMARY	1
2.0	INTF	RODUCTION	2
3.0	PUR	POSE & SCOPE OF WORK	2
4.0	SITE	EXPLORATION	3
	4.1	Site Conditions	
5.0	4.2	Site Geology	
5.0	5.1	D WORK	
	5.1	Pavement Coring	
	V. <u>–</u>	28 w 2 wp8	
6.0		ORATORY TESTING	
	6.1	General	
	6.2 6.3	Classification Tests	
	6.4	Strength Tests	
	0.4	Son Sample Storage	
7.0	SUB	SURFACE SOIL AND GROUNDWATER CONDITIONS	
	7.1	Soil Stratigraphy	5
	7.2	Soil Properties	
	7.3	Water-Level Measurements	6
8.0	ENG	INEERING ANALYSIS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	6
0.0	8.1	Underground Utilities	
		8.1.1 General	
		8.1.2 Open-Trench Method	
		8.1.3 Trenchless Method (Augering) pen-Trench Method	
		8.1.4 Loads Imposed on Buried Pipes	
		8.1.4.1 General	
		8.1.4.2 Loads Due to Overburden Pressure	
		8.1.5 Groundwater Control	9
		8.1.5.1 General	
		8.1.5.2 Dewatering Technique	
		8.1.6 Backfilling	
		8.1.7 OSHA Soil Classifications	10
		8.1.8 Excavations	
	8.2	Outfall Structures	
		8.2.1 General	
		8.2.2 Bedding and Backfilling	11
9.0	CON	STRUCTION CONSIDERATIONS	12

	9.1	Surface Water Drainage	12			
	9.2 Site Preparation					
	9.3	13				
		9.3.1 General	13			
		9.3.2 Select Backfill	13			
		9.3.3 Random Backfill	13			
		9.3.4 General Fill				
		9.3.5 On-Site Fill Soil Classification				
	9.4	Earthwork	14			
	9.5	Construction Surveillance	14			
10.0	RECO	OMMENDED ADDITIONAL STUDIES	15			
11.0	STANDARD OF CARE					
12.0	REPORT DISTRIBUTION					
13.0	REFERENCES					

### **APPENDICES**

Appendix A – Site Vicinity Map, Plan of Borings, Soil Stratigraphy Profile, Logs of Borings and Key to Log Terms and Symbols

Appendix B – Laboratory Test Results

Appendix C – Project Site Pictures

Appendix D – OSHA Soil Classification and Trench Safety Recommendations

### 1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

On August 10, 2020 Geotech Engineering and Testing was authorized through a subconsultant agreement between GET and R.G. Miller Engineers, Inc by Mr. Jack Miller, President of R.G. Miller Engineers, Inc, to perform a geotechnical investigation for Harris County Engineering Department's (HCED) proposed Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvement project, Precinct 3, UPIN-19103MF14F01, Harris County, Texas. A site vicinity map is presented in Plate A-1 in Appendix A. The proposed improvements include extending the storm sewer system and adding inlets at the end of cul-de-sac streets prone to flooding (Clear Point Drive, Bach Springs Court, Light Falls Court, and Corktree Knolls, Fable Lane, Elinor Court, and Medlowe Court), and upsizing two of the internal pond outlets. We understand that open-cut or auguring method will be used for the storm sewer construction.

The soil stratigraphy and groundwater conditions along the project alignment were explored by conducting four (4) soil test borings (Borings B-1 through B-4). Results of our field investigation and engineering analyses are summarized below:

1. In general, based on our field exploration and laboratory test data, the soils along the project alignment appear to be uniform. The soils stratigraphy along the project alignment is summarized as follows:

Stratum No.	Range of Depth, ft.	Soil Description*
_	0 - 0.8	CONCRETE PAVEMENT (7" and 10" in thickness)
Ι	0 – 2	FILL: SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL), stiff to very stiff, dark brown, reddish brown, gray, brown to light brown, with root fibers, sands
II	2 - 20	SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL), soft to very stiff, brown to light brown, gray, brownish yellow, with root fibers to 12', sands

- 2. Our short-term field exploration indicates that no groundwater was encountered during and at 0.5-hour after drilling in the borings.
- 3. We understand that open cut excavation or augering construction techniques will be used for the construction of underground utilities (storm sewers) installations. The bedding and backfill for the proposed waterlines should be constructed in accordance with the Harris County Specifications, Item No. 433 Cement Stabilized Sand, Bedding and Backfilling material. The augering method will be used for the storm sewer, water lines and sanitary sewer lines installations and the proposed utility lines will be constructed in accordance with the Harris County Specifications, Item 431– Jacking, Boring or Tunneling Pipe.
- 4. In order to prevent intolerable movement and overstressing of the pipe, suitable thrust restraint should be provided. Use of restrained joints or thrust blocks is the typical methods of providing reaction for the thrust restraint.
- 5. The bedding and backfill for the auger pits should be conducted in accordance with the Harris County Specifications, Item No. 120 Excavation for Channels and Other Drainage Facilities, Item No. 400 Structural Excavation and Backfill, Item No. 430 Construction of Underground Utilities, and Item No. 433 Cement Stabilized Sand, Bedding and Backfilling material.

### 2.0 INTRODUCTION

On August 10, 2020 Geotech Engineering and Testing was authorized through a subconsultant agreement between GET and R.G. Miller Engineers, Inc by Mr. Jack Miller, President of R.G. Miller Engineers, Inc, to perform a geotechnical investigation for Harris County Engineering Department's (HCED) proposed Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvement project, Precinct 3, UPIN-19103MF14F01, Harris County, Texas. A site vicinity map is presented in Plate A-1 in Appendix A. This study was conducted in general accordance with GET Proposal No. P20-154, Revision I, dated June 24, 2020.

The proposed Northlake Forest Subdivision drainage improvements include extending the storm sewer system and adding inlets at the end of cul-de-sac streets prone to flooding (Clear Point Drive, Bach Springs Court, Light Falls Court, and Corktree Knolls, Fable Lane, Elinor Court, and Medlowe Court), and upsizing two of the internal pond outlets. Specific details of the proposed facilities are as follows:

Facility Improvements	Description
Storm Sewer Lines	We understand that the inverts of the proposed storm sewer lines will be approximately 5- to 6-ft deep. The basic construction techniques for the storm sewer system will be open cut or augering.
Outfalls	We understand that the inverts of proposed two internal pond outlets will be approximately 10-ft deep.

This report contains a description of our field and laboratory testing programs together with engineering analysis and recommendations for the design and construction of the proposed Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvements, Harris County, Texas. Our recommendations are in general accordance with the "HCED Guidelines for Consultants Performing Geotechnical Investigations" dated January 01, 2011 (Ref. 1) and "Regulations of Harris County Texas for the Approval and Acceptance of Infrastructure" dated July 09, 2019 (Ref. 2). The scope of our work would not be in accordance with Harris County Flood Control District (HCFCD) since we did not disturb any HCFCD facility. Furthermore, slope stability and erosion study are out of scope of our work.

### 3.0 PURPOSE & SCOPE OF WORK

The purpose of our study was to evaluate the subsoils and groundwater conditions and use the information obtained to develop recommendations for design and construction of the proposed Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvements.

The proposed Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvements include extending the storm sewer system and adding inlets at the end of cul-de-sac streets prone to flooding (Clear Point Drive, Bach Springs Court, Light Falls Court, and Corktree Knolls Fable Lane, Elinor Court, and Medlowe Court), and upsizing two of the internal pond outlets. Specific details of the proposed facilities are as follows:

Facility Improvements	Description
Storm Sewer Lines	We understand that the inverts of the proposed storm sewer lines will be approximately 5- to 6-ft deep. The basic construction techniques for the storm sewer system will be open cut or augering.

Outfalls

We understand that the inverts of proposed two internal pond outlets will be approximately 10-ft deep.

Our scope of work consists of field exploration, laboratory testing, engineering analysis, and recommendations for design and construction of the proposed underground utilities and outfalls. Our scope of work is summarized as follows:

- o Field Exploration was conducted by four (4) soil borings to the completion depths of 15-ft and 20-ft, which consist of one (1) boring at each outfall, one boring close to a tie in point for the storm sewer, and one boring at a cul-de-sac. It should be noted that the number of borings and their locations were recommended by HCED. Soil samples were obtained continuously at boring locations from the ground surface to the completion depths of the borings. The cohesive soils were sampled in general accordance with the ASTM D 1587, using a Shelby Tube sampler. Cohesionless soils were generally sampled with a split-spoon sampler driven in general accordance with the Standard Penetration Test (SPT), ASTM D 1586.
- Laboratory Testing included of natural moisture content tests (ASTM D 4643), percent finer than the No. 200 sieve tests (ASTM D 1140), and Atterberg limit determinations (ASTM D 4318, Method B), hand penetrometer tests, unconfined compressive strength tests (ASTM D 2166) etc.
- Engineering analysis and recommendations consisted of design and construction for Underground Utilities (Open-Trench Method, trenchless method, dewatering control, loads imposed on buried pipes, backfilling, excavation, OSHA soil classifications, and lateral earth pressures) and Outfall structures (Bedding and Backfilling).

### 4.0 SITE EXPLORATION

### 4.1 Site Conditions

The project alignments are generally flat and exhibits a topographic variation of less than three-ft. In general, the vicinity of the project alignments consists of residential facilities.

### 4.2 Site Geology

A review of Geologic Map of Texas (Ref. 3) indicates that the project site is geologically located on The Lissie Formation. The geologic character of each soil type (Ref. 4) is described below:

The Lissie Formation is unconformably contained between the Goliad Sand and the overlying Beaumont Clay. The Lissie Formation crops out in a band parallel to the coast and is about 30 miles wide from the Sabine River to the Rio Grande. The sediments of the Lissie Formation in the outcrop are partly continental deposits laid down on flood plains and partly as delta sands, silts, and mud at the mouth of rivers. The Lissie Formation hosts flatter, gently undulating topography, and has much lower-dipping beds than the Goliad Sand.

Lissie Formation sediments consist of reddish, orange, and gray fine- to coarse-grained, crossbedded sands. Over most of Brooks and Hidalgo counties to the south, the Lissie Formation is either eroded or covered by sand dunes. Thin beds of the Lissie Formation crop out over a small area in southern Hidalgo and northern Willacy counties. The sands in the Lissie Formation are fine-grained and the formation contains relatively less conglomerates than the underlying Goliad Sand. Caliche beds often mark the base of the Lissie Formation.

### 5.0 FIELD WORK

### 5.1 Pavement Coring

The existing pavement was only cored at Borings B-1 and B-2 prior to drilling and sampling. The results of pavement coring show that the existing pavements generally consist of concrete pavement. The pavement thicknesses at Borings B-1 and B-2 are about 10-inch and 7-inch, respectively. The pavement core locations were patched with Quickcrete.

### 5.2 Drilling and Sampling

The soil conditions were explored by conducting four (4) borings (B-1 through B-4) to the completion depths of 15-ft and 20-ft located approximately as shown on Plate A-2. The schedule of borings is as follows:

Facility	Borings (1)	Depth, ft
Storm Sewer	B-1 and B-2	15
Outfalls	B-3 and B-4	20

Note: 1. See Plan of Borings, Plate A-2.

Soil samples were obtained continuously at each boring location from the ground surface to the completion depths of 15-ft and 20-ft. The cohesive soils were sampled in general accordance with ASTM D 1587.

Some cohesive soils were generally sampled with a split-spoon sampler driven in general accordance with the Standard Penetration Test (SPT), ASTM D 1586. This test is conducted by recording the number of blows required for a 140-pound weight falling 30 inches to drive the sampler 12 inches into the soil. Driving resistance for the SPT, expressed as blows per foot of sampler resistance (N), is tabulated on the boring logs.

Soil samples were examined and classified in the field. This data, together with a classification of the soils encountered and strata limits, are presented on the soil stratigraphy profile, Plate A-3 and the logs of borings are presented on Plates A-4 through A-7 in Appendix A. A key to log terms and symbols is shown on Plate A-8 in Appendix A.

Depth to groundwater will be important for design and construction of the proposed underground utility lines. For this reason, borings were drilled dry and the depth at which groundwater was first encountered was recorded. Water level observations made during and 0.5-hr after drilling in the borehole are indicated at the bottom portion of the individual logs. The boreholes were grouted with non-shrink grout using tremie method after the completion of the field work.

Pictures of the project site were taken during our field explorations. These pictures are presented on cover page and Appendix B.

### 6.0 LABORATORY TESTING

### 6.1 General

Soil classifications and shear strengths were further evaluated by laboratory tests on representative samples of the major strata. The laboratory tests were performed in general accordance with ASTM Standards. Specifically, ASTM D 2487 is used for classification of soils for engineering purposes. The laboratory test results are presented in Appendix C.

### **6.2** Classification Tests

As an aid to visual soil classifications, physical properties of the soils were evaluated by classification tests. The tests were conducted in general accordance with ASTM Standards. These tests consisted of natural moisture content tests (ASTM D 4643), percent finer than the No. 200 sieve tests (ASTM D 1140), and Atterberg limit determinations (ASTM D 4318, Method B). Similarity of these properties is indicative of uniform strength and compressibility characteristics for soils of essentially the same geological origin. Results of these tests are tabulated on the boring logs at respective sample depths.

### 6.3 Strength Tests

Undrained shear strengths of the cohesive soils, measured in the field, were verified by calibrated hand penetrometer tests, unconfined compressive strength tests (ASTM D 2166) and torvane tests. Natural water content and dry unit weight were determined for each unconfined compressive strength test. These test results are also presented on the boring logs.

### 6.4 Soil Sample Storage

Soil samples tested or not tested in the laboratory will be stored for a period of three-month subsequent to submittal of the final report. The samples will be discarded after this period, unless we are instructed otherwise.

### 7.0 SUBSURFACE SOIL AND GROUNDWATER CONDITIONS

### 7.1 Soil Stratigraphy

Field and laboratory test data indicate the soil stratigraphy along the project alignment appears to be variable. Details of subsoil conditions at each boring location along the project alignment are presented on the respective boring logs. In general, the soils can be grouped into two (2) major strata with depth limits and characteristics as follows:

Stratum No.	Range of Depth, ft.	Soil Description*
_	0 - 0.8	CONCRETE PAVEMENT (7" and 10" in thickness)
I	0 - 2.0	FILL: SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL), stiff to very stiff, dark brown, reddish brown, gray, brown to light brown, with root fibers, sands
II	2 – 20	SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL), soft to very stiff, brown to light brown, gray, brownish yellow, with root fibers to 12', sands

<sup>\*</sup>Classification in accordance with the Unified Soil Classification System (ASTM D 2487)

### **7.2** Soil Properties

Soil strength and index properties and how they relate to foundation design is summarized below:

Stratum No.	Soil Type	SPT (N)	PI(s)	Soil Expansivity	Soil shear Strength, tsf	
I	Fill: Sandy Lean Clay (CL)	_	8 – 19	Non-Expansive	0.56 - 1.50	
II	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)	16 - 24	8 - 21	Non- to Moderately Expansive	0.15 - 1.50	
	Legend: PI = Plasticity Index SPT = Standard Penetration Test					

### 7.3 Water-Level Measurements

The soil borings were dry augered to evaluate the presence of perched or free-water conditions. The level where free water was encountered in the open boreholes during the time of our field exploration is shown on the boring logs. Our groundwater measurements are as follows:

	Groundwater Depth, ft.	Groundwater Depth, ft.
Boring No.	at the Time of Drilling	at 0.5 Hour Later
B-1 through B-4	Dry	Dry

Fluctuations in groundwater generally occur as a function of seasonal moisture variation, temperature, groundwater withdrawal and future construction activities that may alter the surface drainage and subdrainage characteristics of this project alignment.

An accurate evaluation of the hydrostatic water table in the relatively impermeable clay and low permeable silts/sands requires long term observation of monitoring wells and/or piezometers. It is not possible to accurately predict the pressure and/or level of groundwater that might occur based upon short-term site exploration. The installation of piezometers/monitoring wells was beyond the scope of our study. We recommend that the groundwater level be verified just before construction if any excavations such as construction of underground utilities, etc. are planned.

We recommend that GET be immediately notified if a noticeable change in groundwater occurs from that mentioned in our report. We would be pleased to evaluate the effect of any groundwater changes on our design and construction sections of this report.

### 8.0 ENGINEERING ANALYSIS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

### 8.1 Underground Utilities

### 8.1.1 General

We understand that underground utilities installation along the alignments will include extending the storm sewer system and adding inlets at the end of cul-de-sac streets prone to flooding (Clear Point Drive, Bach Springs Court, Light Falls Court, and Corktree Knolls Fable Lane, Elinor Court, and Medlowe Court), and upsizing two of the internal pond outlets.

Furnished information indicated that the existing storm sewer system consists of reinforced concrete pipes with diameters ranging from 24- to 48-inch. This storm sewer system will be extended to improve drainage of Northlake Forest Subdivision. The invert depth of the extended storm sewer systems will be approximately 5- to 6-ft deep below the existing grades.

Furthermore, Open-trench or Augering method will be used for the underground utility installations. We understand that the proposed underground utilities will be constructed in accordance with the Harris County Specifications (Ref. 5).

### 8.1.2 Open-Trench Method

The bedding and backfill for the proposed storm sewer lines should be constructed in accordance with the Harris County Specifications, Item No. 433 – Cement Stabilized Sand, Bedding and Backfilling material. Trenches for the proposed storm sewer lines must have a width below the top of the pipe of not less than the outside diameter of the pipe plus 18-inches and shall be wide enough to permit making up the joints. Sufficient space should be provided between shoring cross braces to permit equipment operations and handling of forms, pipe embedment and backfill, and other materials.

The results of our field exploration and laboratory testing indicate that unsatisfactory soils for excavation, such as soft clay soils, exist at various depths in the borings along the project alignments. A summary of the unsatisfactory soil locations and depths are as follows:

Boring(s)	Depth Range, ft.
B-3	12 to 16

If these conditions are encountered during the time of construction, suitable groundwater control measures should be implemented. Furthermore, the contractor may have to over excavate an additional 1-ft and remove unstable or unsuitable materials with approval by geotechnical engineer, then place an equal depth of cement stabilization sand.

Due to potential variability of the on-site soils, unstable trench conditions may still exist in the areas where we did not conduct our borings. If these conditions are encountered during the time of construction, a stable trench should be provided to allow proper bedding and installation.

Sand backfill used in the cement-stabilized sand and sand backfill sections should be free of clay lumps, organic materials, or other deleterious substances, and should have a PI less than 4 for the cement-stabilized sand and less than 7 for the sand backfill section, and not more than 15% passing the No. 200 sieve. Cement stabilized sand should conform to the Harris County Specifications, Item No. 433 – Cement Stabilized Sand, Bedding and Backfilling material.

Our recommendation on trench safety at the project site does not address the effects of excavations on existing buildings/facilities at the project site. This study was outside the scope of our work.

### 8.1.3 Trenchless Method (Augering) pen-Trench Method

We understand that augering method may be used for the underground utility installations along the proposed alignment. Furthermore, the augering method will be used for the storm sewer, water lines and sanitary sewer lines installations and the proposed utility lines will be constructed in accordance with the Harris County Specifications, Item 431– Jacking, Boring or Tunneling Pipe.

Diameter of auger hole should not exceed pipe bell diameter plus 2-inches. The receiving pit distance should conform to the aforementioned Harris County Specifications, Item 431– Jacking, Boring or Tunneling Pipe. A minimum spacing of 6-inch should be provided between the pipe and walls of bore pit. The maximum allowable width of pit shall be 5-ft unless approved by Engineers. Width of pit at surface shall not be less than the pit width at the bottom.

### 8.1.4 Loads Imposed on Buried Pipes

### 8.1.4.1 General

The loads on an underground pipe depend principally upon the weight of overburden soils, roadway and loads due to surcharges. For design of concrete pressure pipe, linear load due to overburden can be determined based on the design tables and charts presented in the "AWWA Manual of Water Supply Practices Concrete Pressure Pipe (AWWA M9)" developed by the American Concrete Pipe Association. Overburden pressure for the buried pipes at the project alignments are estimated by using the soil density  $(\gamma)$  and the height of the soil over the pipe (H).

### 8.1.4.2 Loads Due to Overburden Pressure

Overburden or prism load for buried pipes is given by the following equation:

$$P = \gamma H$$

Where: P = Load due to weight of soils at depth, psf

 $\gamma$  = Total Unit weight of soil, 125 pcf

H = Height of the soil over the pipe, ft

Loadings per linear foot of pipe:

$$W_e = C_d \gamma (B_d)^2$$
 (Marston Equation)

$$C_d = \frac{1 - e^{-2ku\left(\frac{H}{B_d}\right)}}{2ku'}$$

Where:  $W_e = Load$ , pounds per linear foot (lb/ft)

 $B_d$  = Trench width (ft)

 $C_d$  = Load Coefficient

k = Friction angle between backfill and soil

u' =Coefficient of friction between fill material and sides of trench

ku' =for sand = 0.165

for clay = 0.130

for saturated clay = 0.110

### 8.1.4.3 Piping System Thrust Restraint

Fittings on underground pipes are subject to thrust forces inherited from the fluid pressure in the pipe and are directly proportional to the fluid pressure. Unbalance thrust forces will be developed in pressure pipelines due to changes in direction, cross-sectional areas, or when the pipe is terminated. These forces may cause joints to disengage if not adequately restrained. There will be a slight loss of head due to turbulence friction in bends of the pipes. This loss will cause a pressure change across the bend, but it is usually small enough to be neglected.

The thrust force may require more reaction than is available just from the pipe bearing against the backfill. In order to prevent intolerable movement and overstressing of the pipe, suitable buttressing should be provided. In general, thrust blocks, restrained joints and tie rods are common methods of providing reaction for the thrust restraint design. The thrust restraint design provisions described in this section are based on the American Water Works Association Manual M9 (1996)-Concrete Pressure Pipe.

The force diagram shown on Plate D-3 illustrates the thrust force generated by flow at a bend in the pipe. The equations for computing this thrust force are also given on this plate. The values of thrust force for a surge pressure of 50 psi were computed for a bend angle of 90 degrees. Results are presented on Plate D-3.

Once the size of the thrust is determined, a thrust block size can be calculated based on the bearing capacity of the soil. The area of block required is equal to the thrust force (lb) divided by the safe bearing value of the soil (psf). In cohesive soils, the safe bearing value is equal to 2/3 of the average shear strength of the soil adjacent to the block which includes a factor of safety of 3. We believe that a factor of safety of 3 is appropriate in order to limit deflections required to mobilize the passive resistance within tolerable values.

For granular soil encountered at this site, a safe bearing value for thrust blocks can be taken as 90% of the effective overburden pressure at the mid height of the thrust block which includes a factor of safety of 3. The effective overburden pressure can be calculated based on the effective unit weight of the soil above the mid-height of the thrust block.

Geotechnical design parameters for designing the necessary buttressing are as follows:

 $\gamma$ : = Wet unit weight of soil – above water level : 125 pcf

Submerged unit weight of soil – below water level: 60 pcf

c := Cohesion = 1000 psf (for clay)

 $\phi$ : = Angle of internal friction = 30 degrees (for sand)

### 8.1.5 Groundwater Control

### 8.1.5.1 General

We understand that the invert depths for the underground utilities will be approximately 5- to 6-ft deep below the existing grades. Our field exploration along the project alignment indicates that groundwater was not encountered in Borings B-1 through B-4 during and 0.5 hour after drilling. Hence, groundwater dewatering may not be required. However, fluctuations in groundwater can occur as a function of seasonal moisture variation. Groundwater control recommendations are presented in the following report sections.

### 8.1.5.2 Dewatering Technique

In the event that groundwater is encountered during construction, it is our opinion that groundwater should be lowered to a depth of at least three-ft below the deepest excavation grade in order to provide dry working conditions and firm bedding. Any minor water inflow in cohesive soil layers can probably be removed using a sump-pump or a trench sump-pump immediately. Wellpoint system can be used in the area where sands are present.

Piezometers may be installed near the excavation area to evaluate groundwater levels in the area prior to construction. The piezometers should be left in place during construction to monitor groundwater levels and effectiveness of the dewatering system.

Design of a wellpoint system should consider the amount of groundwater to be lowered and the permeability of the affected soils. The selection and proper implementation of an effective groundwater control system is the responsibility of the contractor. The design of groundwater and surface water should be in accordance with the Harris County Specifications, Item No. 436 – Well Pointing.

### 8.1.6 Backfilling

Sand backfill used in the cement-stabilized sand and sand backfill sections should be free of clay lumps, organic materials, or other deleterious substances, and should have a PI less than 4 for cement-stabilized sand and less than 7 for the sand backfill section, and not more than 15% passing the No. 200 sieve. Cement stabilized sand should conform to the Harris County Specifications, Item No. 433 – Cement Stabilized Sand, Bedding and Backfilling material.

Random fill for zones above pipe bedding should be placed in loose lifts not exceeding eight-inches and compacted to 100% of the natural soil density. This value will be on the order of 95% of standard density (ASTM D 698) at a moisture content between optimum and +3% of optimum. These values should be verified by testing during construction.

### 8.1.7 OSHA Soil Classifications

The subsoils can be classified in accordance with Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Standards, dated October 31, 1989 of the Federal Register. OSHA classification system categorizes the soil and rock in four types based on shear strength and stability. The description of four (4) types in classification system is summarized in the Appendix D.

Based on our geotechnical exploration and laboratory test results, details of soil classifications at each boring are summarized in the Trench Safety Report, presented in Appendix D.

### 8.1.8 Excavations

An excavation or trench which is five-ft or deeper must be protected by sheeting/bracing shoring or sloped. Based on soil strength data, temporary (less than 24 hours) open-trenched, non-surcharged, and unsupported excavations should be made on slopes of flatter than 1.5 (h):1 (v). Vertical cuts can be constructed, provided shoring and bracing are used for the excavation wall stability. Benched excavation can also be used with average slopes of about 1(h):1(v) and steps should not be higher than five-ft. In all cases, excavations should conform to OSHA guidelines. Flatter slopes may have to be used if large amounts of sand need to be excavated for deep utility installations. Specifications should require that no water be allowed to pond in the excavations. The surface slopes should be protected from deterioration and weathering if they are to be left open for more than 24 hours.

Excavations should be performed with equipment capable of providing a relatively clean bearing area. Excavation equipment should not disturb the soil beneath the design excavation bottom and should not leave large amounts of loose soil in the excavation.

The bearing surface should be protected against disturbance and deterioration by completing the backfilling operations as quickly as possible. The excavation bottom should be properly sloped to allow any water infiltrating into the excavation to pond at a convenient location along the edge of the excavation. This water should be pumped out as soon as possible. Water should not be allowed to stand on the bearing area.

### 8.1.9 Lateral Earth Pressures

In the event that open excavations are not used, the proposed storm sewer can be installed using trench sheeting. The sheeting can be constructed in the form of cantilever sheeting or with bracing. Lateral earth pressures for each method used are summarized in Appendix D. The trenching and shoring operations should follow OSHA Standards. We recommend that a geotechnical engineer monitor all phases of trench excavation and bracing to assure trench safety.

### **8.2** Outfall Structures

### 8.2.1 General

Furnished information indicated that that two existing internal pond outlets consists of reinforced concrete pipes with diameters ranging from 36- to 48-inch. We understand these two internal pond outlets will be upsized to improve drainage of Northlake Forest Subdivision. The inverts of proposed internal pond outlets will be approximately 10-ft deep. In general, sandy lean clay (CL) soils are present at the proposed internal pond outlet locations. Excavation and groundwater control for construction of this structure should be in accordance with our recommendations provided in construction consideration section of this report.

### 8.2.2 Bedding and Backfilling

The reinforced concrete pipes should be placed on a well prepared, properly compacted working surface. The drainage outfall pipes can be supported on the natural soils provided subgrade is protected from construction disturbances and surface water is not allowed to pond within the excavation. In the event that potentially wet and unstable cohesionless soils are encountered during construction, these soils need to be stabilized by lowering the groundwater, excavate and replaced with cement stabilized sands. The excavation, trenching, foundation, embedment, and backfilling for the proposed box culvert shall be in accordance with the Harris County Specifications, Item No. 120 – Excavation for Channels and Other Drainage Facilities, Item No. 400 – Structural Excavation and Backfill, Item No. 430 – Construction of Underground Utilities, and Item No. 433 – Cement Stabilized Sand, Bedding and Backfilling material.

Sand used in the cement-stabilized sand backfill sections should be free of clay lumps, organic materials, or other deleterious substances, and should have a PI less than 4 for the cement-stabilized sand, and not more than 15% passing the No. 200 sieve. Cement stabilized sand should conform to the Harris County Specifications, Item No. 433 – Cement Stabilized Sand, Bedding and Backfilling material.

### 9.0 CONSTRUCTION CONSIDERATIONS

### 9.1 Surface Water Drainage

In order to minimize ponding of surface water, site drainage should be established early in project construction so that this condition will be controlled.

### 9.2 Site Preparation

Portions of the project alignment has the potential for construction problems related to the near surface layer of high permeable sandy lean clay fill soils. These permeable surficial soils are underlain by low permeable sandy lean clay soils. Thus, due to poor site drainage, wet season or site geohydrology, water may pond on the clays and creating a "perched water table condition." The surficial high permeable sandy lean clay fill soils become extremely soft when wet, and must be stabilized, aerated, or replaced. Site preparation should be conducted in accordance with Harris County Specifications, Items 102 and 104. In general, subgrade preparation should be as follows:

- 1. The requirement for removal of any existing paving, and subsoil materials will depend on final grades and other alignment information. In general, remove all vegetation, tree roots, organic topsoils, existing foundations, paved areas and any undesirable materials from the construction area. Tree trunks under the pavement should be removed to a root size of less than 0.5-inches. We recommend that the stripping depth be evaluated at the time of construction by a soil technician.
- 2. The subgrade areas should then be proofrolled with a loaded dump truck or similar pneumatic-tired equipment with loads ranging from 25- to 50-tons. The proofrolling serves to compact surficial soils and to detect any soft or loose zones. Any soils deflecting excessively under moving loads should be undercut to firm soils and recompacted. Any subgrade stabilization should be conducted after site proofrolling is completed and approved by the geotechnical engineer. The proofrolling operations should be observed by an experienced geotechnician.
- 3. The subgrade soils should be stabilized, using lime based on the Harris County Specification, Item No. 220. Use 4% lime by dry weight to stabilize the subgrade soils. This results in application rates of 24 pounds of lime, per square yard per eight-inch of compacted thickness. Harris County Specification Item 223 can be used as a procedural guide for placing, mixing and compacting the lime stabilizer and the soils.
- 4. The fill soils should consist of lean clays with a liquid limit not exceeding 45 and PI between 12 to 20 (Harris County Specification, Item 130). The earthwork contractor should not blend cohesive soils and granular soils to achieve the required plasticity index. These soils should be placed in loose lifts not exceeding eight-inches and compacted to at least 95% of maximum standard Proctor density (ASTM D 698) at moisture content between optimum and +3%.
- 5. In cut areas, the soils should be excavated to grade and the surficial soil proofrolled and scarified to a minimum depth of six-inches and recompacted to the previously mentioned density and moisture content.

6. Positive site drainage should be developed at the beginning of the project to limit construction difficulties with wet surface soils.

### 9.3 Suitability of On-Site Soils for Use as Fill

### 9.3.1 General

Fill requirements should be in accordance with the Harris County Specification, Item 130 "Borrow" and Item 132 "Embankment". The on-site soils can be used as fill materials as described in the following report sections.

### 9.3.2 Select Backfill

This is the type of fill that can be used for the structures or utilities. These soils should consist of lean clays with plasticity indices between 7 and 20 and amount of passing No. 200 sieve greater than 50 percent.

### 9.3.3 Random Backfill

This type of fill does not meet the Atterberg limit requirements for select structural fill. This fill should consist of lean clays or fat clays. They can be used for the utilities after treatment.

### 9.3.4 General Fill

This type of fill consists of silts or organic clay. These soils are moisture sensitive and are difficult to compact in a wet condition (they may pump). Furthermore, these soils can erode easily. Their use is not recommended as backfill materials. They can be used for site grading and in unimproved areas.

### 9.3.5 On-Site Fill Soil Classification

The on-site soils can be used as fill materials as described below:

			Use as Fill		
Stratum		Select	Random	General	
No. <sup>(1)</sup>	Soil Type	Backfill	Backfill	Fill	Notes
I	Fill: Sandy Lean Clay (CL)	_	✓	$\checkmark$	2, 3
II	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)	_	✓	✓	2, 3

### Notes:

- 1. See soil stratigraphy and design conditions sections of this report for strata description.
- 2. All fill soils should be free of organics, roots, etc.
- 3. These soils, once lime modified (4% by dry weight), can be used as select structural fill.

### 9.4 Earthwork

Difficult access and workability problems can occur in the surficial sandy lean clay fill soils due to poor site drainage, wet season, or site geohydrology. Should this condition develop, drying of the soils for support of the structures may be improved by the addition of 4% lime by dry weight. The application rate corresponding to this additive amount would be approximately 24 pounds per square yard for each eight-inch of compacted thickness.

Harris County Standard Specifications, Item 220 – Lime Stabilized Subgrade and Item 224 – Quicklime (Stabilization) shall be used as procedural guides for placing, mixing, and compacting lime stabilizer and the soils.

Our recommendations on subgrade stabilization are preliminary. The actual depth and type of stabilization should be determined in the field at the time of construction just after site stripping and proofrolling. The required amount of lime for stabilization should be determined by ASTM C 977 Method. Furthermore, the type and amount of the stabilizer may vary depending on the final grade elevation and the soil type encountered.

### 9.5 Construction Surveillance

Construction surveillance and quality control tests should be planned to verify materials and placement in accordance with the specifications. The recommendations presented in this report were based on a discrete number of soil test borings. Soil type and properties may vary across the site. As a part of quality control, if this condition is noted during the construction, we can then evaluate and revise the design and construction to minimize construction delays. We recommend the following quality control procedures be followed by a qualified engineer or technician during the construction of the facility:

- o Monitor all phases of trench safety (if trench is used).
- o Observe the site stripping and proofrolling.
- o Verify the type, depth and amount of stabilizer.
- Verify the compaction of subgrade soils and backfill soils.
- o Evaluate the quality of fill and monitor the fill compaction for all lifts.
- o Monitor and test the excavations for strength, cleanness, depth, size, etc.
- o Observe all excavation operations.
- o Monitor concrete placement, conduct slump tests and make concrete cylinders.

It is the responsibility of the client to notify GET when each phase of the construction is taking place so that proper quality control and procedures are implemented.

### 10.0 RECOMMENDED ADDITIONAL STUDIES

This report has been on assumed conditions/characteristics of the proposed development where specific information was not available. It is recommended that the civil engineer and structural engineer along with any other design professionals involved in this project carefully review these assumptions to ensure they are consistent with the actual planned development. When discrepancies exist, they should be brought to our attention to ensure they do not affect the conclusions and recommendations provided herein. We recommend that GET be retained to review the plans and specifications to ensure that the geotechnical related conclusions and recommendations provided herein have been correctly interpreted as intended.

### 11.0 STANDARD OF CARE

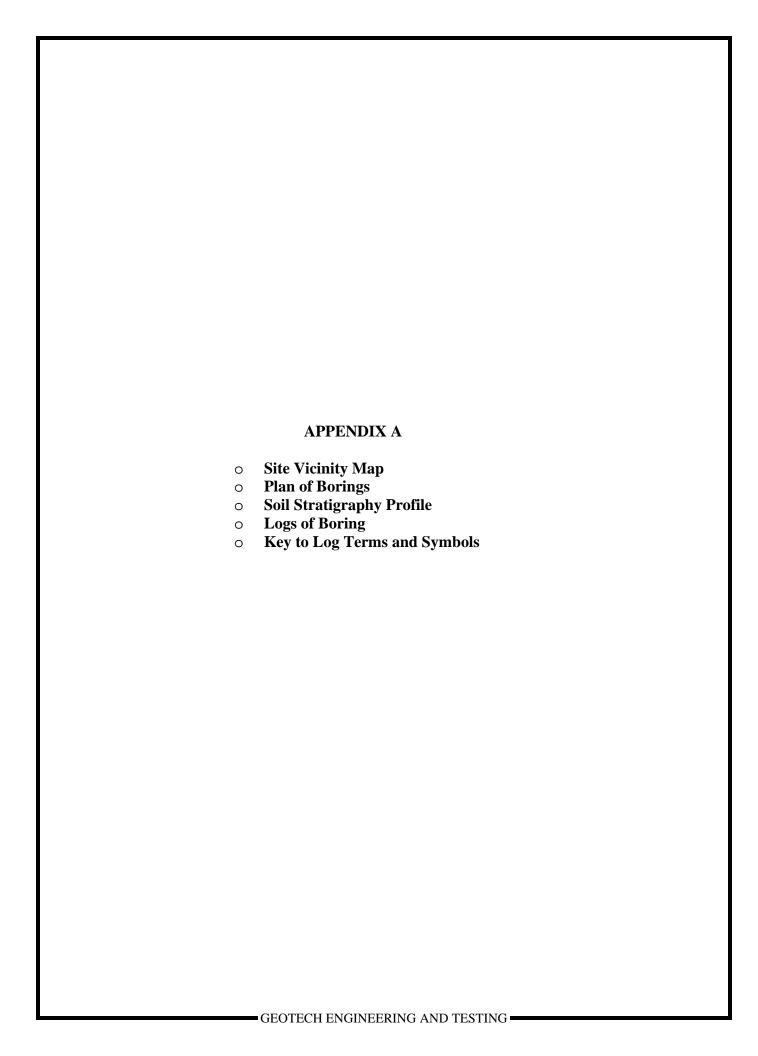
The recommendations described herein were conducted in a manner consistent with the level of care and skill ordinarily exercised by members of the geotechnical engineering profession practicing contemporaneously under similar conditions in the locality of the project. No other warranty or guarantee, expressed or implied, is made other than the work was performed in a proper and workmanlike manner.

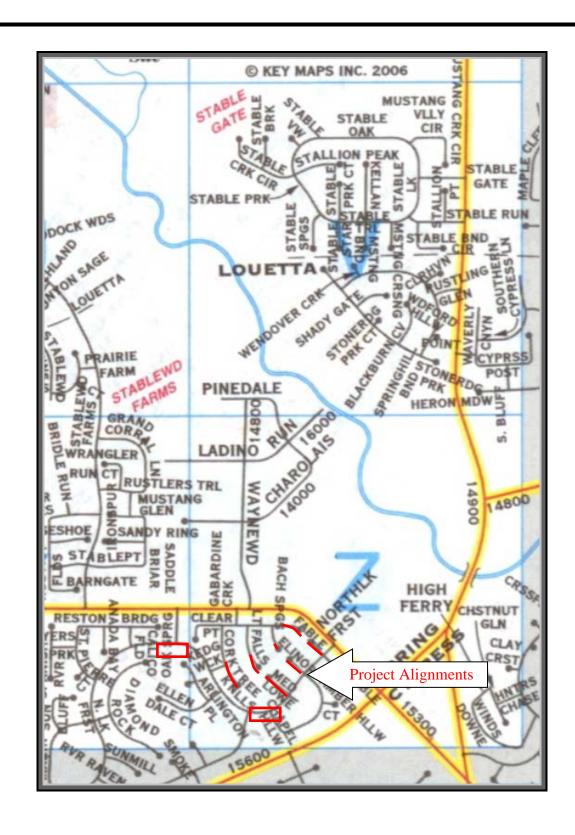
### 12.0 REPORT DISTRIBUTION

This report was prepared for the sole and exclusive use by our client (R.G. Miller Engineers, Inc.) and owner (Harris County) as well as associated construction contractors, based on specific and limited objectives. All reports, boring logs, field data, laboratory test results, maps and other documents prepared by GET as instruments of service shall remain the property of GET. GET assumes no responsibility or obligation for the unauthorized use of this report by other parties and for purposes beyond the stated project objectives and work limitations.

### 13.0 REFERENCES

- 1. "HCED Guidelines for Consultants Performing Geotechnical Investigations" dated January 01, 2011.
- 2. "Regulations of Harris County Texas for the Approval and Acceptance of Infrastructure.", dated July 09, 2019.
- 3. Bureau of Economic Geology, 1992, Geologic Map of Texas: University of Texas at Austin, Virgil E. Barnes, project supervisor, Hartmann, B. M., and D. F. Scranton, cartography, scale 1:500,000.
- 4. Robert E. Mace, Sarah C. Davidson, Edward S. Angle, and William F. Mullican, III, 2006. Aguifers of the Gulf Coast of Texas, Texas Water Development Board, Report No. 365, pp. 304.
- 5. "Specifications for the Construction and Maintenance of Roads and Bridges within Harris County", Public Infrastructure Department Engineering Division, Harris County, September 2017

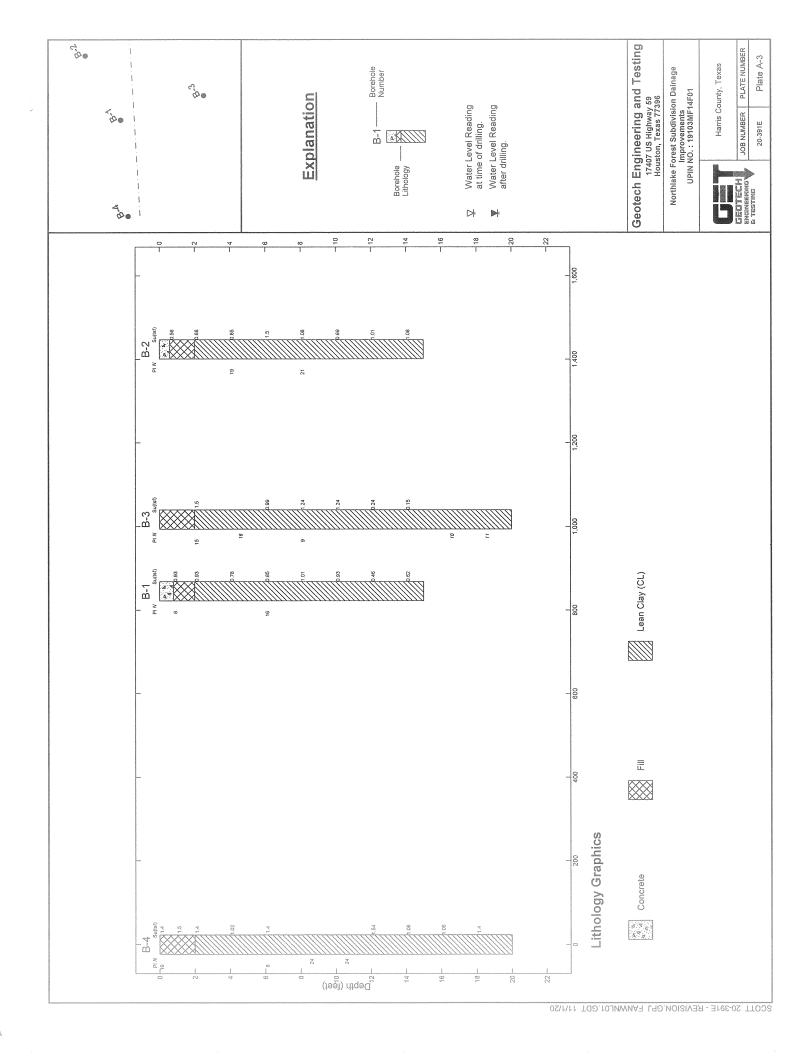




SITE VICINITY MAP								
PROJECT: Geotechnical Exploration Study for Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvements UPIN 19103MF14F01 Precinct 3, Harris County, Texas								
SCALE: No to Scale	DATE: OCTOBER 2020	PROJECT NO.: 20-391E						



PLAN OF BORINGS FOR PROPSED STORM SEWER SYSTEM									
PROJECT: Geotechnical Exploration Study for Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvements UPIN 19103MF14F01 Precinct 3, Harris County, Texas									
SCALE: NOT TO SCALE DATE: OCTOBER 2020 PROJECT NO.: 20-391E									



PROJECT: Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvements,

Harris County, Texas UPIN NO.: 19103MF14F01

LOCATION: N 13921074.557; E 3025084.68

PROJECT NO.: 20-391E

**COMPLETION DEPTH: 15 FT** 

SURFACE ELEVATION: 144.2 FT

DATE: 08/27/20

SURFACE ELEVATION: 144.2 FT					DATE: 08/27/20						
ELEVATION, FT	O DEPTH, FT	SYMBOL	SAMPLER: Shelby Tube/Split Spoon  DRY AUGER: 0 TO 15 FT  WET ROTARY: TO FT  DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS PER FOOT	PERCENT PASSING NO. 200 SIEVE	DRY UNIT WEIGHT, PCF	MOISTURE CONTENT, %	LIQUID LIMIT, %	PLASTIC LIMIT, %	PLASTICITY INDEX, %	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH, TSF  HAND PENETROMETER  UNCONFINED COMPRESSION  UNCONSOLIDATED-UNDRAINE TRIAXIAL COMPRESSION  TORVANE  0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5
140 -	5		CONCRETE (10" in thickness)  FILL: SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL), stiff, dark brown, reddish brown, with root fibers, sands  SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL), stiff, brown, light brown, with root fibers to 12', sands - gray 4' to 6' - brownish yellow 6' to 15'  - very stiff 8' to 10', light gray 8' to 15'		56 64	118 120	15 13 13 12	32	14	8	<ul><li></li></ul>
135 — 130 —	15		- firm 12' to 14'				17 16 16				<u>∆</u>
	в (ст. на ст. на ст								Managamente de la companya del la companya de la		

- FREE WATER 1ST ENCOUNTERED AT FT. DURING DRILLING; AFTER 15.0 MIN. AT FT.
- ▼ WATER DEPTH AT FT., HOLE OPEN TO 15.0 FT. ON

PROJECT: Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvements, Harris County, Texas UPIN NO.: 19103MF14F01

LOCATION: N 1392138.161; E 3025646.12

PROJECT NO.: 20-391E

**COMPLETION DEPTH: 15 FT** 

CUDENCE ELEVATION: 444 9 ET DATE: 09/27/20

SURI	FAC	E EI	_E	VATION: 144.8 FT				DA	TE:	08/2	27/2	0
ELEVATION, FT	о DEPTH, FT	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	SAMPLER: Shelby Tube/Split Spoon  DRY AUGER: 0 TO 15 FT  WET ROTARY: TO FT  DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS PER FOOT	PERCENT PASSING NO. 200 SIEVE	DRY UNIT WEIGHT, PCF	MOISTURE CONTENT, %	LIQUID LIMIT, %	PLASTIC LIMIT, %	PLASTICITY INDEX, %	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH, TSF  ○ HAND PENETROMETER  ● UNCONFINED COMPRESSION  ■ UNCONSOLIDATED-UNDRAINE TRIAXIAL COMPRESSION  △ TORVANE  0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5
		~~	Ш	CONCRETE (7" in thickness)				16				
				FILL: SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL), stiff, light brown, light gray, sands SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL), stiff, brown, gray, with root fibers to 8', sands			110	17	0.5	10	4.0	<b>4</b>
140 —	5			- reddish brown 4' to 6'		62		15	35	16	19	
				- very stiff 6' to 10', light brown 6' to 10', brownish yellow 6' to 15'				13				Δ
						62	119	14	38	17	21	
135 —	10			- light gray 10' to 15'				16				<u> </u>
				- very stiff 12' to 15'				14				Δ
130 -	15							14				
						подавиливальная далжент продуктивности			Implication protected department and protection of the control of	NA ARABAMAN MANAGAMAN ANA ARABAMAN ARABAMAN ANA ARABAMAN	And control of the co	

- ☐ FREE WATER 1ST ENCOUNTERED AT FT. DURING DRILLING; AFTER 15.0 MIN. AT FT.
- ▼ WATER DEPTH AT FT., HOLE OPEN TO 15.0 FT. ON

PROJECT: Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvements, Harris County, Texas UPIN NO.: 19103MF14F01

LOCATION: N 13920349.33; E 3025298.773

PROJECT NO.: 20-391E

COMPLETION DEPTH: 20 FT

SUDENCE ELEVATION: 144 7 ET

DATE: 08/27/20

SURFAC	E ELE	VATION: 144.7 FT				DA	TE:	08/2	27/2	0
ELEVATION, FT  O DEPTH, FT	SYMBOL	SAMPLER: Shelby Tube/Split Spoon  DRY AUGER: 0 TO 20 FT  WET ROTARY: TO FT  DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS PER FOOT	PERCENT PASSING NO. 200 SIEVE	DRY UNIT WEIGHT, PCF	MOISTURE CONTENT, %	LIQUID LIMIT, %	PLASTIC LIMIT, %	PLASTICITY INDEX, %	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH, TSF  HAND PENETROMETER  UNCONFINED COMPRESSION  UNCONSOLIDATED-UNDRAINE TRIAXIAL COMPRESSION  TORVANE  0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5
		FILL: SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL), brown, light brown, with root fibers, sands  FILL: SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL), very stiff, brown, light brown, with root fibers		63		8	31	16	15	۵
140 — 5	X	to 10', sands	16		109	8 13				
135 — 10		- brownish yellow 10' to 20'		61		14 12	24	15	9	0
130 — 15		- soft 12' to 16'			107	20 19				( <u>A</u> )
	I	- stiff 16' to 20'	10			19				
125 — 20						20				
				марамеральникования принципальник в принципаль						
Marie de la companie								на законализманами при при при при при при при при при пр	Antonio de la An	

- ☐ FREE WATER 1ST ENCOUNTERED AT FT. DURING DRILLING; AFTER 15.0 MIN. AT FT.
- ▼ WATER DEPTH AT FT., HOLE OPEN TO 20.0 FT. ON

PROJECT: Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvements, Harris County, Texas UPIN NO.: 19103MF14F01

LOCATION: N 13921011.356; E 3024241.558

PROJECT NO.: 20-391E

COMPLETION DEPTH: 20 FT

SUDENCE ELEVATION: 1/6 1 ET

DATE: 08/27/20

SURFACE ELEVATION: 146.1 FT DATE: 08/27/20							0					
ELEVATION, FT	о DEPTH, FT	SYMBOL	SAMPLES	SAMPLER: Shelby Tube/Split Spoon  DRY AUGER: 0 TO 20 FT  WET ROTARY: TO FT  DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL	STANDARD PENETRATION TEST, BLOWS PER FOOT	PERCENT PASSING NO. 200 SIEVE	DRY UNIT WEIGHT, PCF	MOISTURE CONTENT, %	LIQUID LIMIT, %	PLASTIC LIMIT, %	PLASTICITY INDEX, %	UNDRAINED SHEAR STRENGTH, TSF  ○ HAND PENETROMETER  ● UNCONFINED COMPRESSION  ■ UNCONSOLIDATED-UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL COMPRESSION  △ TORVANE  0.5 1.0 1.5 2.0 2.5
145 –				FILL: SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL), very stiff, dark brown, brown, with root fibers, sands		66		15	36	17	19	ΟΔ
	5			FILL: SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL), very stiff, brown, light brown, with root fibers to 12', sands			108	15				<b>(</b>
140 -						58		13	22	14	8	ΟΔ
	10		Y		24			11				
135 -	10				24			12				
				- light gray 12' to 20', brownish yellow 12' to 20'			115	16				<u> </u>
130 -	15							15				<u></u>
								14				O <u>V</u>
	20	(///			-							
											COLOR DE LA COLOR	
	ennanturpo citron tradicion commen		mediana de la composición del composición de la composición de la composición del composición de la composición del composición del composición del composición del composició				ma Annovirus ma annovamento de la mante del mante del mante de la				ministration of the control of the c	
	water producer producer and a second producer and						Oceania manifesti di compata manana più del regiona de		daning and administration of the control of the con			
	Ritar de distributado de circa de distributação de composições de		аберинамай рефинерствення принципального п			Proposition of the state of the	None-Policy Department of the Control of					
	Bilandin kalanda kalanda kunda k		enere dan Galeria activisticativa differentina con			National designation of the control			manufacture and reference and respectively for the control of the	The Assessment Assessm	erferensjo, och messen det avstande statungspero ent	

- ☐ FREE WATER 1ST ENCOUNTERED AT FT. DURING DRILLING; AFTER 15.0 MIN. AT FT.
- ▼ WATER DEPTH AT FT., HOLE OPEN TO 20.0 FT. ON

### **KEY TO LOG TERMS AND SYMBOLS**

	UN	IFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATIONS	TERMS CHARACT	ERIZING SOIL STRUCTURE
Syı	mbol	Material Descriptions	Slickensided -	Having incline planes of weakness that
GW	<b>:</b> **	WELL GRADED-GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND MIXTURES LITTLE OR NO FINES	Fissured -	are slick and glossy in appearance.  Containing shrinkage cracks frequently
GP	0	POORLY GRADED GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND MIXTURES, LITTLE OR NO FINES	Laminated -	filled with fine sand or silt: usually vertical.  Composed of thin layers of varying colors
GM	M.	SILTY GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND SILT MIXTURES	Interbedded -	and soil sample texture.  Composed of alternate layers of different
GC SW		CLAY GRAVELS, GRAVEL-SAND CLAY MIXTURES WELL GRADED SANDS, GRAVELLY SANDS, LITTLE	Calcareous -	soil types.  Containing appreciable quantities of calcium carbonate.
SP	13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55 13.55	OR NO FINES POORLY GRADED SANDS, OR GRAVELLY SANDS,	Well Graded -	Having wide range in grain sizes and substantial amounts of all intermediate
SM		LITTLE OR NO FINES SILTY SANDS, SAND-SILT MIXTURES a	Poorly Graded -	particle sizes.  Predominantly of one grain size, or having
SC		CLAYEY SANDS, SAND-SILT MIXTURES b		a range of sizes with some intermediate sizes missing.
ML		INORGANIC SILTS AND VERY FINE SANDS, ROCK FLOUR, SILTY OR CLAYEY FINE SANDS OR CLAYEY SILTS WITH SLIGHT PLASTICITY	Pocket -	Inclusion of material of different texture that is smaller than the diameter of the
CL		INORGANIC CLAYS OF LOW TO MEDIUM PLASTICITY, GRAVELLY CLAYS, SANDY CLAYS, LEAN CLAYS	Parting -	sample. Inclusion less than ધ્ક-inch thick extending
OL		ORGANIC SILTS AND ORGANIC SILTY CLAYS OF LOW PLASTICITY	Seam -	through the sample. Inclusion 1/6- to 3-inch thick extending
MH		INORGANIC SILTS, MICACEOUS OR DIATOMACEOUS FINE SANDY OR SILTY SOILS, ELASTIC SILTS	Layer -	through the sample. Inclusion greater than 3-inch thick
СН		INORGANIC CLAYS OF HIGH PLASTICITY, FAT CLAYS		extending through the sample.
ОН		ORGANIC CLAYS OF MEDIUM TO HIGH PLASTICITY, ORGANIC SILTS	Interlayered -	Soils sample composed of alternating layers of different soil types.
PT	77	PEAT, HUMUS, SWAMP SOILS WITH HIGH ORGANIC CONTENT	Intermixed -	Soil samples composed of pockets of different soil type and layered or laminated
		FILL SOILS		structure is not evident.
00400	- OD 411	NED COIL C (ession nortion retained on No. 200	EINIE OD 4 INIED OOI O (	ain antina annina Na 200 Sinua).

COARSE GRAINED SOILS (major portion retained on No. 200 Sieve): Includes (1) clean gravels and sands, and (2) silty or clayey gravels and sands. Conditions rated according to standard penetration test (SPT)\* as performed in the field.

Descriptive Terms	Blows Per Foot*
Very Loose	0 – 4
Loose	5 – 10
Medium Dense	11 – 30
Dense	31 – 50
Very Dense	over 50
* 140 pound weight having a free fall	of 30-inch

### **SOIL SAMPLERS**

SHELBY TUBE SAMPLER

STANDARD PENETRATION TEST

AUGER SAMPLING

FINE GRAINED SOILS (major portion passing No. 200 Sieve): Include (1) inorganic or organic silts and clays, (2) gravelly, sandy, or silty clays, and (3) clayey silts. Consistency is rated according to shearing strength as indicated by hand penetrometer readings or by unconfined compression tests.

Descriptive Term	Undrained Shear Strength Ton/Sq. Ft.	Descriptive Term	Blows Per Foot*
Very Soft	Less than 0.13	Very Soft	< 2
Soft	0.13 to 0.25	Firm	2 – 8
Firm	0.25 to 0.50	Stiff	8 – 15
Stiff	0.50 to 1.00	Very Stiff	15 – 30
Very Stiff	1.00 to 2.00	Hard	> 30
Hard	2.00 or higher		

**NOTE:** Slickensided and fissured clays may have lower unconfined compressive strengths than shown above because of weakness or cracks in the soil. The consistency ratings of such soils are based on hand penetrometer readings.

### TERMS CHARACTERIZING ROCK PROPERTIES

VERY SOFT OR PLASTIC Can be remolded in hand: corresponds in consistency up to very stiff in soils.

SOFT Can be scratched with fingernail.

MODERATELY HARD Can be scratched easily with knif

Can be scratched easily with knife; cannot be scratched with fingernail.

Difficult to scratch with knife.

VERY HARD Cannot be scratched with knife.

POORLY CEMENTED OR FRIABLE Easily crumbled.

CEMENTED Bounded Together by chemically precipitated materials.

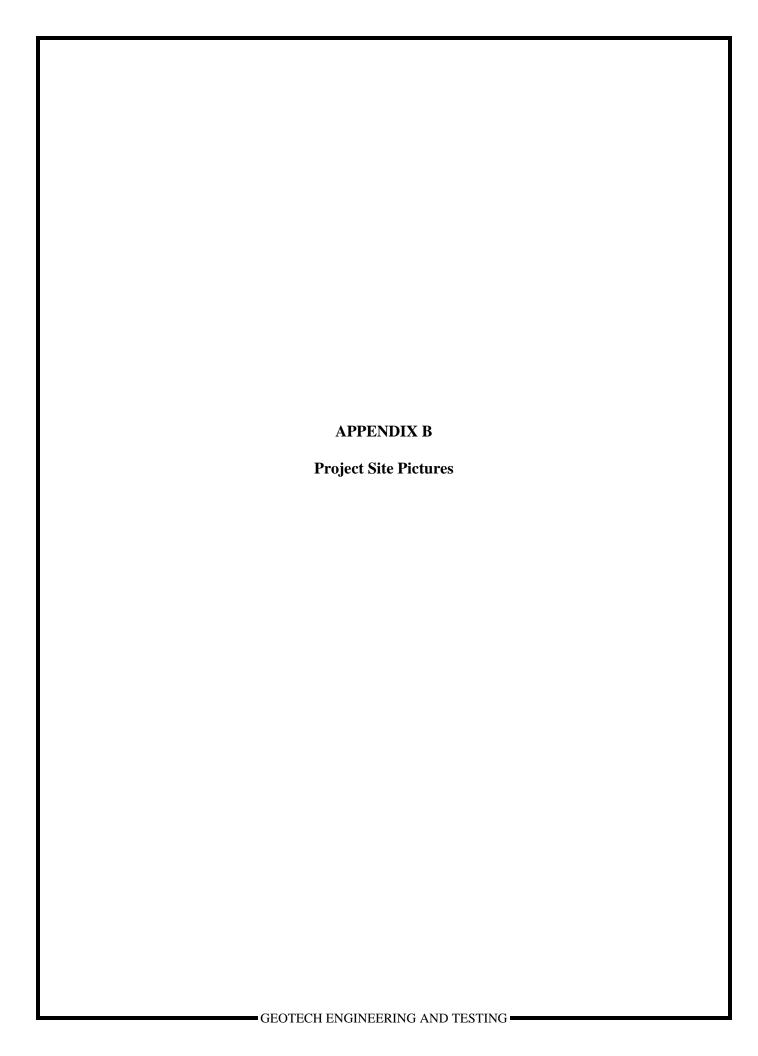
UNWEATHERED Rock in its natural state before being exposed to atmospheric agents.

SLIGHTLY WEATHERED Noted predominantly by color change with no disintegrated zones.

WEATHERED Complete color change with zones of slightly decomposed rock.

EXTREMELY WEATHERED Complete color change with consistency, texture, and general appearance or soil.

<sup>\* 140</sup> pound weight having a free fall of 30-inch



### **PROJECT PICTURES**





### **PROJECT PICTURES**





### **PROJECT PICTURES**



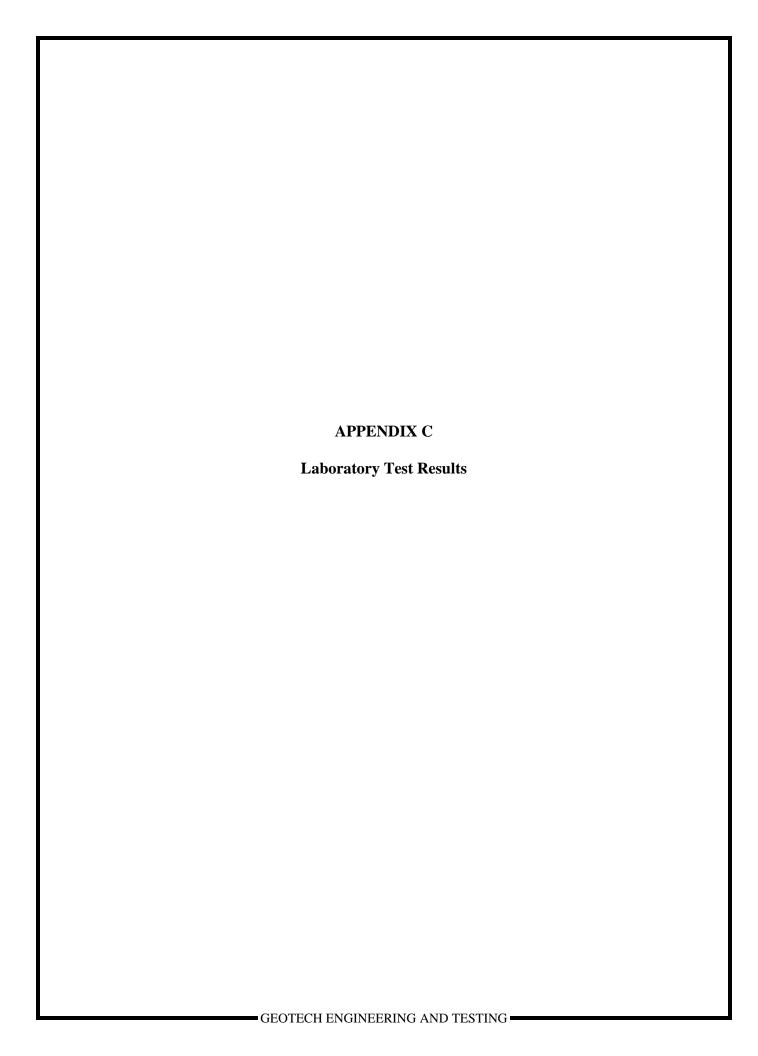


### **PROJECT PICTURES**

Project No. 20-391E





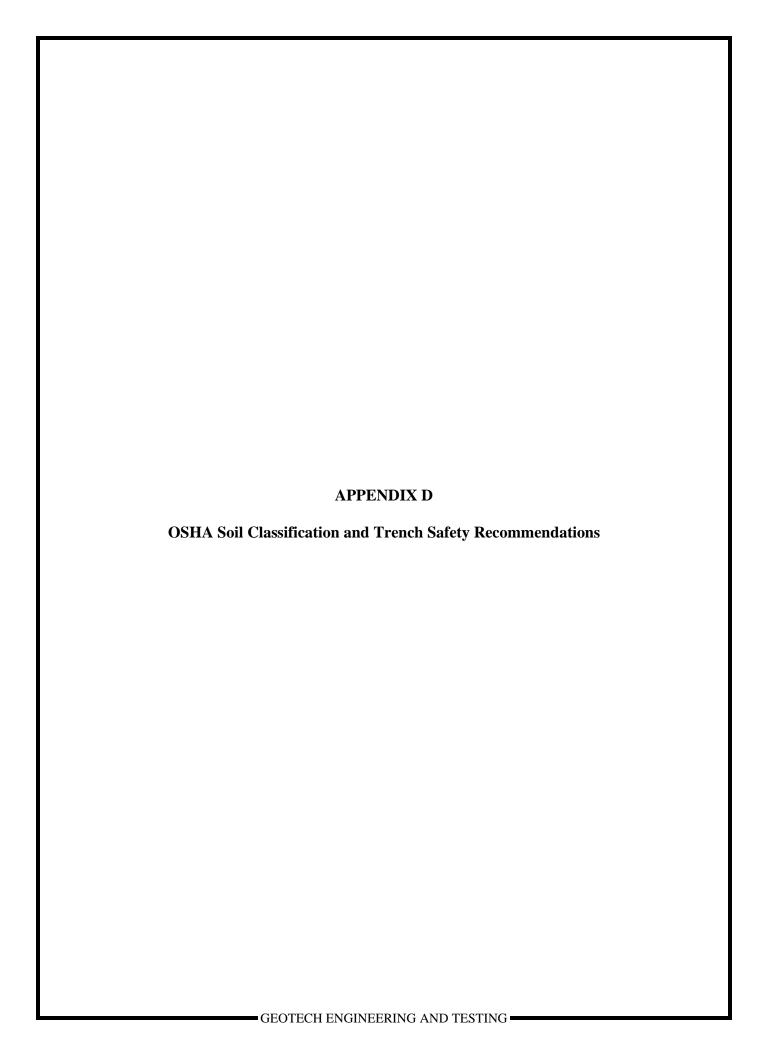


								SU	MMARY OF L	ABORATORY T	EST RESU	LTS			
PROJEC1	NAM	E: Nortl	nlake Fo	rest Subdivisio	n Drainage	lmp	rove	ment	s, Harris Cour	ty, Precinct 3, Te	exas				
Geotechni	ical Co	nsultar	ıt's Nam	e: Geotech En	gineering a	nd T	estin	g		Consultant's Pro	ject Numbe	er: 20-391E		UPIN Number: 19103N	MF14F01
		SAMPL	E				TERBI LIMIT			SHEAR STRENGTH (TSF)					
BORING NO.	NO.	DEPT Top	H (FT)	WATER CONTENT(%)	DRY DENSITY (pcf)	LL (%)	PL (%)	PI (%)	PERCENT PASSING SIEVE 200 (%)	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST, tsf	UU TEST, tsf	POCKET PENETROM ETER	TORVANE	SPT N-VALUES (Blows Per Foot)	TYPE OF MATERIAL
B-1	1	0.83	2	15		22	14	8	56			0.93	1.00	-	Fill Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	2	2	4	13								0.93	1.00	-	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	3	4	6	13	118					0.78		0.62	0.75	-	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	4	6	8	12	120					0.85		0.78	0.88	-	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	5	8	10	16		32	16	16	64			1.01	1.12	-	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	6	10	12	17								0.93	1.00	-	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	7	12	14	16								0.46	0.62	-	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	8	14	15	16								0.62	0.75	-	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
_EGEND:	LL = L	QUID LIN	ИIT	PI = PLASTIC IND	DEX	PI = I	PLAS	TIC IN	DEX	UU = UNCONSOLIE	ATED UNDF	RAIN		SPT = STANDARD P	I ENETRATION TEST

								SU	MMARY OF L	ABORATORY T	EST RESU	LTS			
PROJEC1	NAM	E: Nortl	nlake Fo	rest Subdivisio	n Drainage	lmp	rove	ment	s, Harris Cour	ity, Precinct 3, Te	exas				
Geotechni	ical Co	nsultar	ıt's Nam	e: Geotech En	gineering a	nd T	estin	g		Consultant's Pro	ject Numbe	er: 20-391E		UPIN Number: 19103N	/F14F01
		SAMPL	E				TERBE			SHEAR STRENGTH (TSF)					
BORING NO.	NO.	DEPT Top	H (FT)	WATER CONTENT(%)	DRY DENSITY (pcf)	LL (%)	PL (%)	PI (%)	PERCENT PASSING SIEVE 200 (%)	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST, tsf	UU TEST, tsf	POCKET PENETROM ETER	TORVANE	SPT N-VALUES (Blows Per Foot)	TYPE OF MATERIAL
B-2	1	0.58	2	16								0.56	0.62	-	Fill Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	2	2	4	17	110					0.68		0.56	0.62	-	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	3	4	6	15		35	16	19	62			0.85	0.88	-	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	4	6	8	13								1.50	1.50	-	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	5	8	10	14	119	38	17	21	62	1.08		0.85	0.88	-	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	6	10	12	16								0.69	0.75	-	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	7	12	14	14								1.01	1.12	-	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	8	14	15	14								1.08	1.12	-	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
LEGEND:	LL = L	QUID LIN	ИIT	PI = PLASTIC IND	DEX	PI = I	PLAS	TIC IN	<b>L</b> DEX	UU = UNCONSOLIE	ATED UNDF	RAIN		SPT = STANDARD P	L ENETRATION TEST

								SU	MMARY OF L	ABORATORY T	EST RESU	LTS			
PROJEC1	T NAM	E: Nort	nlake Fo	rest Subdivisio	n Drainage	e Imp	rove	ment	s, Harris Coun	ity, Precinct 3, Te	exas				
Geotechn	ical Co	nsultar	ıt's Nam	e: Geotech En	gineering a	nd T	estin	g		Consultant's Pro	ject Numbe	er: 20-391E		UPIN Number: 19103N	MF14F01
		SAMPL	E				TERBE	-		SHEAR STRENGTH (TSF)					
BORING NO.	NO.	DEPT Top	H (FT)	WATER CONTENT(%)	DRY DENSITY (pcf)	LL (%)	PL (%)	PI (%)	PERCENT PASSING SIEVE 200 (%)	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST, tsf	UU TEST, tsf	POCKET PENETROM ETER	TORVANE	SPT N-VALUES (Blows Per Foot)	TYPE OF MATERIAL
B-3	1	0	2	7										-	Fill Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	2	2	4	8		31	16	15	63			1.50	1.50	-	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	3	4	6	8										16	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	4	6	8	13	109					0.99		1.32	1.38	-	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	5	8	10	14		24	15	9	61			1.24	1.25	-	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	6	10	12	12								1.24	1.25	-	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	7	12	14	20	107					0.24		0.15	0.25	-	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	8	14	16	19								0.15	0.25	-	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	9	16	18	19										10	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	10	18	20	20										11	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
LEGEND:	LL = L	QUID LII	ИІТ	PI = PLASTIC INI	DEX	PI = I	PLAS <sup>7</sup>	TIC IN	DEX	UU = UNCONSOLIE	ATED UNDR	AIN		SPT = STANDARD P	ENETRATION TEST

	NAM	E: Nort	alaka Ed	aroat Cubdiviais	on Drainage	Imn	rovo			ABORATORY To		LTS			
				e: Geotech En						Consultant's Pro		er: 20-391E		UPIN Number: 19103N	MF14F01
		SAMPL			gg	AT	TERBI	ERG			SHEAR STRENGTH (TSF)				
BORING NO.	NO.	DEPT Top	H (FT)	WATER CONTENT(%)	DRY DENSITY (pcf)	LL (%)	PL (%)	PI (%)	PERCENT PASSING SIEVE 200 (%)	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST, tsf	UU TEST, tsf	POCKET PENETROM ETER	TORVANE	SPT N-VALUES (Blows Per Foot)	TYPE OF MATERIAL
B-4	1	0	2	15		36	17	19	66			1.40	1.50	-	Fill Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	2	2	4	14								1.40	1.50	-	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	3	4	6	15	108					1.02		0.93	1.00		Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	4	6	8	13		22	14	8	58			1.40	1.50	-	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	5	8	10	11										24	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	6	10	12	12										24	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	7	12	14	16	115					1.54		1.08	1.12	-	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	8	14	16	16								1.08	1.12	-	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	9	16	18	15								1.08	1.12		Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
	10	18	20	14								1.40	1.50		Sandy Lean Clay (CL)
GEND:	LL = LI	IQUID LIN	ИIT	PI = PLASTIC INI	DEX	PI = I	PLAS	TIC IN	DEX	UU = UNCONSOLIE	ATED UNDR	AIN		SPT = STANDARD P	L ENETRATION TEST



### OSHA SOIL CLASSIFICATION AND TRENCH SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

### General

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) has required a trench protective system for trenches deeper than five-ft. Trenches that are deeper than five-ft, should be shored, sheeted, braced or laid back to a stable slope, or some other appropriate means of protection should be provided where workers might be exposed to moving ground or caving. OSHA developed a soil classification system to be used as a guideline in determining protective requirements for trench excavations.

OSHA classification system categorizes the soil and rock in four types based on shear strength and stability. These classifications are summarized in the following report sections.

### Stable Rock

means natural solid mineral matter that can be excavated with vertical sides and remain intact while exposed.

### Type A Soil

means cohesive soils with an unconfined compressive strength of 1.5-ton per square foot (tsf) or greater. Examples of cohesive soils are: clay, silty clay, sandy clay, clay loam, silty clay loam, sandy clay loam, caliche and hardpan. No soil is Type A if:

- o The soil is fissured; or
- The soil is subject to vibration from heavy traffic, pile driving or similar effects; or

The soil has been previously disturbed; or

- The soil is part of a slope, layered system where the layers dip into the excavation on a slope of 4(h):1(v) or greater; or
- The material is subject to other factors that would require it to be classified as a less stable material.

### Type B Soil

- O Cohesive soil with an unconfined compressive strength greater than 0.5 tsf but less than 1.5 tsf; or
- o Granular cohesionless soils including: angular gravel, silt, silt loam, sandy loam, and in some case, silty clay loam and sandy clay loam; or
- o Previously disturbed soils except those which would otherwise be classified as Type C soil; or
- Soil that meets the unconfined compressive strength or cementation requirements for Type A, but is fissured or subject to vibration; or

- o Dry rock that is not stable; or
- O Material that is part of a sloped, layered system where the layers dip into the excavation on a slope less steep than 4(h): 1(v), but only if the material would otherwise be classified as Type B.

### Type C Soil

- o Cohesive soil with an unconfined compressive strength of 0.5 tsf or less; or
- o Granular soils including gravel, sand, and loamy sand; or
- O Submerged soil or soil from which water is freely seeping; or
- o Submerged rock that is not stable; or
- O Materials in a sloped, layered system where the layers dip into the excavation on a slope 4(h):1(v) or steeper.

Under the assumption that appropriate groundwater control measures are carried out, and the groundwater table, if present, is lowered and maintained at least 3 feet below the excavation depths, the stable cohesive soils (CL) & (CH), with unconfined compressive strength greater than 0.5 tsf, are classified as OSHA soil Type "B". The granular soils, which are less stable, are classified as OSHA soil Type "C".

Based on our geotechnical exploration and laboratory test results details of soil classifications at each boring are summarized below:

Boring No.	Depth Range (1), ft	Soil Type	OSHA Soil Classification
B-1	0.8 - 15	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)	В
B-2	0.6 – 15	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)	В
B-3	0 – 12	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)	В
	12 - 16	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)	C
	16 - 20	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)	В
B-4	0 - 20	Sandy Lean Clay (CL)	В

Note: 1. Refer to each boring log for soils stratigraphy

Stockpiling of excavated materials may not be allowed near the banks of excavated areas. Generally, a distance of one-half the excavation depth on both sides of the trench should be kept clear of any excavated material.

Storm sewers trenches should be provided with proper trench support system. The trenches should be provided with a temporary shoring system on excavations deeper than five-ft. We understand the storm sewers will be placed at depth less than 10-ft below the grade. The trenches can be made using shored, sheeted and braced, laid back stable slope or other means of appropriate protection system should be provided where workers are exposed to moving ground or caving. The slopes may be constructed in accordance with Table B-1 and shoring may be constructed in accordance with Table C-1.1, Table C-1.2 and Table C-1.3 of 29 CFR Part 1926 of OSHA.

In the event that a trench sheeting is used, the sheeting can be constructed in the form of cantilever sheeting or with bracing. Lateral earth pressures for each method used are summarized on Plate D-1. The trenching and shoring operations should follow OSHA Standards. It is recommended that a geotechnical engineer monitor all phases of trench excavation and bracing to assure trench safety.

Timber shoring as outlined in 29 CFR Part 1926 of OSHA recommendation may be used in the construction of trench supporting system.

For trench excavation, it is necessary to maintain the stability of the sides and base and not to disturb the soil below the excavation grade. In braced cuts, if the sheeting is terminated at the base of the cut, the bottom of the excavation can become unstable under certain conditions. The stability of the trench bottom is governed by the shear strength of the soils and the differential hydrostatic head. For cuts in cohesive soils (such as lean clay) stability of the bottom can be evaluated in accordance with the procedure outline on Plate D-2. However, where cohesionless soils are encountered, dewatering will be required to prevent bottom blowup if the groundwater is encountered during construction. Design soil parameters presented on Plate D-3 can be used for design.

### **Groundwater Conditions**

We understand that the depths of the storm sewers will be less than 10-ft below existing grade. Our short-term field exploration along the project alignment indicated that the groundwater was encountered during and 0.5 hours after drilling. Hence, groundwater dewatering is required. Fluctuations in groundwater can occur as a function of seasonal moisture variation. Groundwater control recommendations are presented in the following report sections.

In the event that groundwater is encountered during construction, it is our opinion that groundwater should be lowered to a depth of at least three-ft below the deepest excavation grade in order to provide dry working conditions and firm bedding. Any minor water inflow in cohesive soil layers can probably be removed using a sump-pump or a trench sump-pump immediately. Wellpoint system can be used in the area where sands are present.

Piezometers may be installed near the excavation area to evaluate groundwater levels in the area prior to construction. The piezometers should be left in place during construction to monitor groundwater levels and effectiveness of the dewatering system.

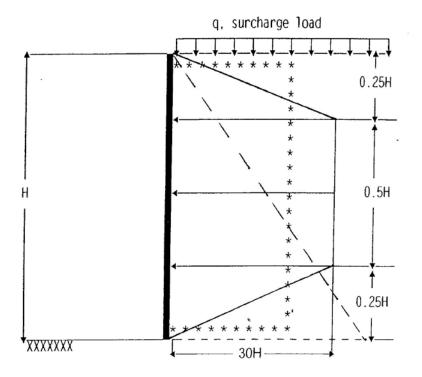
Design of a wellpoint system should consider the amount of groundwater to be lowered and the permeability of the affected soils. The selection and proper implementation of an effective groundwater control system is the responsibility of the contractor.

The results of our field exploration and laboratory testing indicate that unsatisfactory soils for excavation, such as soft sandy lean clay (CL) subsoils in the borings. A summary of the unsatisfactory soils locations and depths are as follows:

Boring(s)	Depth, ft.
B-3	12 to 16

If saturated soil conditions are encountered during the time of construction, suitable groundwater control measures should be implemented. Furthermore, the contractor may have to over excavate an additional 6-inch and remove unstable or unsuitable materials with approval by geotechnical engineer, then place an equal depth of cement stabilization sand or placed a 6-inch seal slab per Harris County Standard Drawing SSC – Strom Sewer Construction Details.

### LATERAL EARTH PRESSURE DIAGRAM



Legend:

### Active Pressure:

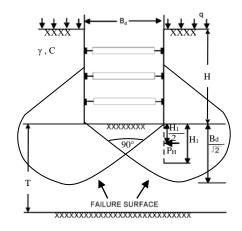
- (a) Braced Excavation (stiff clays) = 0.5q + 30H + 62.4H
- (b) Braced Excavation (sands) = 0.4q + 18H + 62.4H
- (c) Cantilivered sheeting = 0.7q + 42H + 62.4H

where: q = surcharge load, psf H = wall height, ft.

### Notes:

- 1. The above Active Pressure Equations account for the groundwater at the surface.
- 2. The final lateral pressures should be reviewed prior to construction.
- 3. Trench excavation and construction should be observed by a geotechnical engineer.
- 4. The means and methods for a safe excavation is the responsibility of the contractor.

### CUT IN COHESIVE SOIL, DEPTH OF COHESIVE SOIL UNLIMITED (T > 0.7 $B_d$ ) L= LENGTH OF CUT



If sheeting terminates at base of cut:

Safety Factor, 
$$F_s = \frac{N_c c}{\gamma H + q}$$

 $N_c$  = Bearing capacity factor, which depends on dimensions of the excavation:  $B_d$ , L and H (use  $N_c$  from graph below)

c = Undrained shear strength of clay in failure zone beneath and surrounding base of cut

 $\gamma$  = Wet unit weight of soil

q = Surcharge (assumed q = 250psf)

If safety factor is less than 1.5, sheeting or soldier piles must be carried below the base of cut to insure stability – (see note)

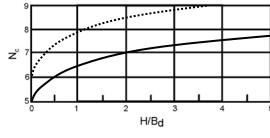
$$H_1 = Buried \ length = \frac{B_d}{2} \, \geq 5 \ feet$$

Note: If soldier piles are used, the center to center spacing should not exceed 3 times the width or diameter of soldier pile.

Force on buried length, PH:

If 
$$H_1 > \frac{2}{3} \frac{B_d}{\sqrt{2}}$$
,  $P_H = 0.7 (\gamma HB_d - 1.4CH - \pi cB_d)$  in lbs/linear foot

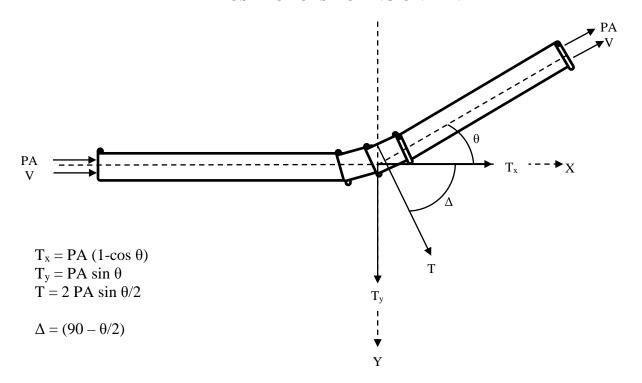
If 
$$H_1 < \frac{2}{3} \frac{B_d}{\sqrt{2}}$$
,  $P_H = 1.5 H_1 \ (\gamma H - \frac{1.4 CH}{B_d} - \pi c)$  in lbs/linear foot



For Trench Excavations
For Square Pit or Circle Shaft

STABILITY OF BOTTOM FOR BRACED CUT

### THRUST FORCES ACTING ON BEND



Where:

T = Resultant Thrust Force on the Bend

 $T_x$  = Component of Thrust Force in X-Direction

 $T_v =$ Component of Thrust Force in Y-Direction

P = Maximum Sustained Pressure

A = Pipe Cross Sectional Area

 $\theta$  = Bend Deflection Angle

V = Fluid Velocity

 $\Delta$  = Angle between T and X-axis

D = Inside Diameter of the Pipe

Sample Calculation:

Given P = 50 psi, D = 12-inch  
A = 
$$\pi d^2/4 = 113.1 \text{ in}^2$$

For 
$$\theta = 90^{\circ}$$

$$T = 2 \text{ PA } \sin \theta/2 = 2 * 50 * 113.1 * \sin (90/2) = 7997.4 \text{ lb} = 7.99 \text{ kips}$$

$$Tx = PA (1 - \cos \theta) = 50 * 113.1 * (1 - \cos 90^\circ) = 5.66 \text{ kips}$$

$$Ty = PA \sin \theta = 50 * 113.1 * \sin 90^{\circ} = 5.66 \text{ kips}$$

### SOIL DESIGN PARAMETERS

### (BASED ON BORING B-1)

Soil Type	Depth Range, ft.	γ, pcf	c, psf
SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL)	0.8 - 4	115	1,860
SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL)	4 – 6	115	1,560
SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL)	6 – 8	115	1,700
SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL)	8 – 10	115	2,000
SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL)	10 – 12	115	1,860
SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL)	12 – 14	115	920
SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL)	14 – 15	115	1,240

### (BASED ON BORING B-2)

Soil Type	Depth Range, ft.	γ, pcf	c, psf
SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL)	0.6 - 2	115	1,120
SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL)	2 – 4	115	1,360
SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL)	4 – 6	115	1,700
SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL)	6 – 10	115	2,000
SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL)	10 – 12	115	1,380
SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL)	12 – 15	115	2,000

### (BASED ON BORING B-3)

Soil Type	Depth Range, ft.	γ, pcf	c, psf
SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL)	0 – 6	115	2,000
SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL)	6 – 8	115	1,980
SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL)	8 – 12	115	2,000
SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL)	12 – 14	115	480
SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL)	14 – 16	115	300
SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL)	16 – 20	115	1,500

### (BASED ON BORING B-4)

Soil Type	Depth Range, ft.	γ, pcf	c, psf
SANDY LEAN CLAY (CL)	0 - 20	115	2,000

Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvements UPIN: 19103MF14F01



## APPENDIX B DRAINAGE ANALYSIS



### Memo

Date: Monday, May 17, 2021

Project: Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvement Project

To: Mr. Mark Rotz, PE – R.G. Miller Engineers, Inc.

From: Jeremy Blevins, PE, CFM

Subject: Drainage Analysis

This memorandum provides the results of a drainage analysis associated with the proposed storm sewer improvements within the Northlake Forest subdivision in Harris County Precinct 3. The Northlake Forest subdivision is roughly bound by Spring Cypress Road on the south, Huffmeister Road on the north, and Telge Road on the east. Exhibit 1 provides a vicinity map of the project area. The subdivision experienced significant structural flooding during the Tax Day flood of 2016 and Hurricane Harvey in 2018. The following paragraphs provide background information on the project area, discuss the proposed storm sewer improvements and present the results of the hydraulic analysis associated with the project.

### **Project Background**

The Northlake Forest Subdivision conveys stormwater runoff through a storm sewer system and curb and gutter streets. The storm sewer system drains to a system of detention ponds within the neighborhood. The central pond drains north to Harris County Flood Control District (HCFCD) Unit L106-00-00. The outfall for Unit L106-00-00 has a flap gate to minimize backflow into the neighborhood from Little Cypress Creek (HCFCD Unit L100-00-00). The southeastern pond drains to a 60-inch trunk line that runs north along Spring Cypress Road thence to Telge Road and to Little Cypress Creek. Both the trunk line and Unit L106-00-00 ultimately drain into Little Cypress Creek. The general topography of the subdivision slopes towards the southeast. The subdivision is currently mapped within FEMA effective Special Flood Hazard Area Shaded Zone X, which indicates that the entire subdivision lies within the 0.2% annual chance (500-year) floodplain of Little Cypress Creek, as shown in Exhibit 2.

In 2019, HDR Engineering, Inc. (HDR) completed a preliminary drainage study for the Recovery & Resiliency Division of the Harris County Engineering Department (HCED-RRD). In that study, HDR recommended a series of storm sewer improvements to reduce the potential for nuisance street ponding and to reduce the risk of flooding associated with limited existing storm sewer capacity. Harris County Flood Control District has also undertaken the Little Cypress Creek Frontier Program which will reduce the risk of structural flooding within the Little Cypress Creek watershed and the Northlake Forest subdivision.

As a part of the current study phase of the Northlake Forest subdivision project, HDR has analyzed the existing storm sewer system and proposed improvements within Sections 1 and 3 of the Northlake Forest Subdivision. Exhibit 3 presents a map prepared by R.G. Miller Engineers of the existing storm sewer system.

### **Proposed Storm Sewer Improvements**

Storm sewer improvements are proposed along Clear Point Drive, Corktree Knolls, and Medlowe Court. Additional inlet capacity is proposed by replacing existing Type B-B inlets with Type C-1 inlets along Light



Falls Court, Bach Springs Court, Fable Court, and Elinor Court. The storm sewer improvements involve extending the existing storm sewer toward the end of each respective cul-de-sac and to provide additional inlet capacity. The purpose of the storm sewer extension is to reduce nuisance ponding in those cul-de-sacs. The proposed storm sewers will be placed within the existing road rights of way.

Additionally, the storm sewer outfall of System 1 will be upsized to reduce the hydraulic grade line along the storm sewer system. Exhibit 4 prepared by R.G. Miller Engineers provides a layout of the proposed storm sewer improvements.

### **Hydraulic Analysis of Storm Sewer System**

### **Pre-Project Conditions**

Topographic field survey, record drawings, and 2018 LIDAR topographic data were used to build a preproject conditions XP-SWMM model of Sections 1 and 3 of the Northlake Forest subdivision. Drainage areas obtained from record drawings (see Attachment A), and peak discharge rates were computed using the Rational Method and NOAA Atlas 14 e, b, d values to calculate rainfall intensity values. Table 1 below provides those calculations.

**Table 1: Rational Method Calculations** 

System 1													
		Area					Rain	fall Intensity (	in/hr)	Pea	k Discharge	(cfs)	
Area ID	Area (ac.)	(sq. mi.)	С	CxA	TC (min)	TC (hr)	2-Year	10-Year	100-Year	2-Year	10-Year	100-Year	
1A	2.54	0.0040	0.44	1.12	26.78	0.45	3.43	4.88	7.14	3.84	5.45	7.98	
1B	2.60	0.0041	0.44	1.14	27.99	0.47	3.35	4.76	6.99	3.83	5.45	7.99	
1C	1.63	0.0025	0.44	0.72	28.67	0.48	3.31	4.70	6.90	2.37	3.37	4.95	
1D	3.32	0.0052	0.44	1.46	27.35	0.46	3.39	4.82	7.07	4.96	7.05	10.32	
1E	0.94	0.0015	0.44	0.41	28.90	0.48	3.29	4.68	6.87	1.36	1.94	2.84	
1F	1.89	0.0030	0.44	0.83	29.55	0.49	3.25	4.63	6.80	2.70	3.85	5.65	
1G	1.21	0.0019	0.44	0.53	26.40	0.44	3.46	4.92	7.19	1.84	2.62	3.83	
11	2.49	0.0039	0.44	1.10	26.74	0.45	3.44	4.88	7.15	3.76	5.35	7.83	
1J	4.46	0.0070	0.44	1.96	30.37	0.51	3.20	4.56	6.70	6.28	8.94	13.15	
1K	2.22	0.0035	0.44	0.98	32.33	0.54	3.09	4.40	6.49	3.02	4.30	6.34	
1L	2.82	0.0044	0.44	1.24	32.71	0.55	3.07	4.37	6.45	3.81	5.43	8.00	
1M	2.58	0.0040	0.44	1.14	28.09	0.47	3.34	4.75	6.97	3.80	5.40	7.92	
1N	1.26	0.0020	0.44	0.55	29.60	0.49	3.25	4.62	6.79	1.80	2.56	3.76	
101	2.60	0.0041	0.55	1.43	30.47	0.51	3.20	4.55	6.69	4.57	6.51	9.57	
102	6.15	0.0096	0.55	3.38	32.56	0.54	3.08	4.39	6.47	10.41	14.83	21.87	
1P	1.90	0.0030	0.55	1.05	34.86	0.58	2.96	4.22	6.24	3.09	4.41	6.52	
					5	System 2							
		Area					Rainfall Intensity (in/hr) Peak Disc					Discharge (cfs)	
Area ID	Area (ac.)	(sq. mi.)	С	CxA	TC (min)	TC (hr)	2-Year	10-Year	100-Year	2-Year	10-Year	100-Year	
2B	2.53	0.0040	0.44	1.11	26.78	0.45	3.43	4.88	7.14	3.82	5.43	7.95	
2C	3.76	0.0059	0.44	1.65	27.63	0.46	3.37	4.80	7.03	5.58	7.94	11.63	
2D	3.02	0.0047	0.44	1.33	27.15	0.45	3.41	4.84	7.09	4.53	6.43	9.43	
2E	1.76	0.0028	0.44	0.77	26.05	0.43	3.49	4.95	7.24	2.70	3.83	5.61	
2F	0.52	0.0008	0.44	0.23	23.91	0.40	3.65	5.18	7.56	0.83	1.18	1.73	
2G	2.57	0.0040	0.44	1.13	27.10	0.45	3.41	4.85	7.10	3.86	5.48	8.03	
2H	2.38	0.0037	0.44	1.05	26.65	0.44	3.44	4.89	7.16	3.60	5.12	7.50	
21	3.53	0.0055	0.44	1.55	30.90	0.52	3.17	4.51	6.64	4.92	7.01	10.32	
2J	1.84	0.0029	0.44	0.81	30.95	0.52	3.17	4.51	6.64	2.56	3.65	5.37	
2K	5.12	0.0080	0.44	2.25	31.07	0.52	3.16	4.50	6.62	7.12	10.14	14.92	

Runoff hydrographs of the 2-year (50% annual chance), 10-year (10% annual chance), and 100-year (1% annual chance) storm events were computed using HEC-HMS and NOAA Atlas 14 rainfall data. Those runoff hydrographs were applied at specific nodes within the XP-SWMM model to compute the hydraulic grade line and peak discharge of the storm sewer system for the 2-year, 10-year, and 100-year storm events. Table 2 provides a summary of the drainage areas and associated XP-SWMM nodes.



Table 2: XP-SWMM Node Summary

Sys	tem 1	Syst	em 2
Area ID	XP-SWMM Node	Area ID	XP-SWMM Node
1A	54	2B	51
1B	16	2C	40
1C	18	2D	50
1D	20	2E	42
1E	23	2F	45.1
1F	24	2G	48
1G	25	2H	37
11	32	21	49
1J	33	2J	45
1K	29	2K	75
1L	27		
1M	14		
1N	3		
101	5		
102	7		
1P	9		

The 2018 LIDAR topographic data was linked to the nodes within the model to allow stormwater runoff to pond and/or flow across the terrain should the storm sewer system surcharge. The downstream boundary condition of the model is based on a fixed backwater condition of the detention basin static water surface elevations (140 feet) and does not take into account any overflows from Little Cypress Creek or the flood levels in Little Cypress Creek.

Exhibits 5, 6, and 7 provide the pre-project conditions ponding maps for the 2-year, 10-year, and 100-year storm events within the Northlake Forest subdivision, respectively. As shown, no street ponding is expected during a 2-year storm event. During a 10-year storm event, ponding of up to 0.75 foot (9 inches) is expected along Clear Point Drive, Bach Springs Court, and Corktree Knolls. During a 100-year storm event, widespread street ponding of depths up to 2 feet is expected, and there is a possibility of structural flooding near the eastern most end of Clear Point Drive. It is also expected that storm water will leave the subdivision during a 100-year storm event and enter the roadside ditch of Huffmeister Road near its intersection with the existing pipeline easement.

### **Proposed Conditions**

In order to simulate the potential benefits of the proposed storm sewer system, the pre-project conditions model was modified to include the proposed storm sewer improvements. Storm sewer improvements are proposed along Clear Point Drive, Corktree Knolls, and Medlowe Court. Additional inlet capacity is proposed by replacing existing Type B-B inlets with Type C-1 inlets along Light Falls Court, Bach Springs Court, Fable Court, and Elinor Court. Where necessary, the runoff hydrographs were divided by percentage of proposed drainage area to simulate the effects of the proposed inlets and proposed storm sewer extensions. Additionally, the storm sewer outfall to the System 1 detention basin was modified to the proposed size of 6'x4' RCB with 5'x4' restrictor plate, as shown in Exhibit 4. Exhibits 8, 9, and 10 provide the proposed conditions ponding maps for the 2-year, 10-year, and 100-year storm events, respectively.

During a 10-year storm event, ponding depths are reduced to as much as 0.5 foot (6 inches) along Clear Point Drive, Bach Springs Court, and Corktree Knolls. The extents of ponding are reduced as shown on



Exhibit 9. During a 100-year storm event, ponding extents and depths are reduced throughout the system. Based on the results of the 100-year storm event, the risk of structural flooding is reduced along Clear Point Drive. In areas where ponding remains, the proposed ponding is reduced in depth ranging from 0 to 12 inches.

### **Detention Assessment**

Based a comparison of peak discharge rates and runoff hydrographs, it was determined that no additional storm water detention is necessary. The proposed storm sewer improvements include in-line detention storage near the outfalls to the existing detention basins, and the results of the XP-SWMM model indicate that the proposed peak discharge rates are less than the existing peak discharge rates. Table 3 provides a comparison of the peak discharge rates for the existing and proposed conditions.

Table 3: Comparison of Peak Discharge Rates

Table 3. Companson of Feak Discharge Nates				
	100-Year Storm Event			
	Existing		Proposed	
	XP-SWMM Link	Flow (cfs)	XP-SWMM Link	Flow (cfs)
System 1	Link 52	106	Link 52.1	106
System 2	Link 44	84	Link 44.1	81
	10-Year Storm Event			
	Existing		Proposed	
	XP-SWMM Link	Flow (cfs)	XP-SWMM Link	Flow (cfs)
System 1	Link 52	83	Link 52	83
System 2	Link 44	61	Link 44	61
	2-Year Storm Event			
	Existing		Proposed	
	XP-SWMM Link	Flow (cfs)	XP-SWMM Link	Flow (cfs)
System 1	Link 52	62	Link 52.1	61
System 2	Link 44	41	Link 44.1	41

Based on the results of this analysis, the proposed project will cause no adverse impacts to flood hazard conditions on the receiving waterways, including downstream properties within the City of Houston, for storm events up to and including the NOAA Atlas 14 1% annual chance (100-year) storm event.

### **Exhibits**

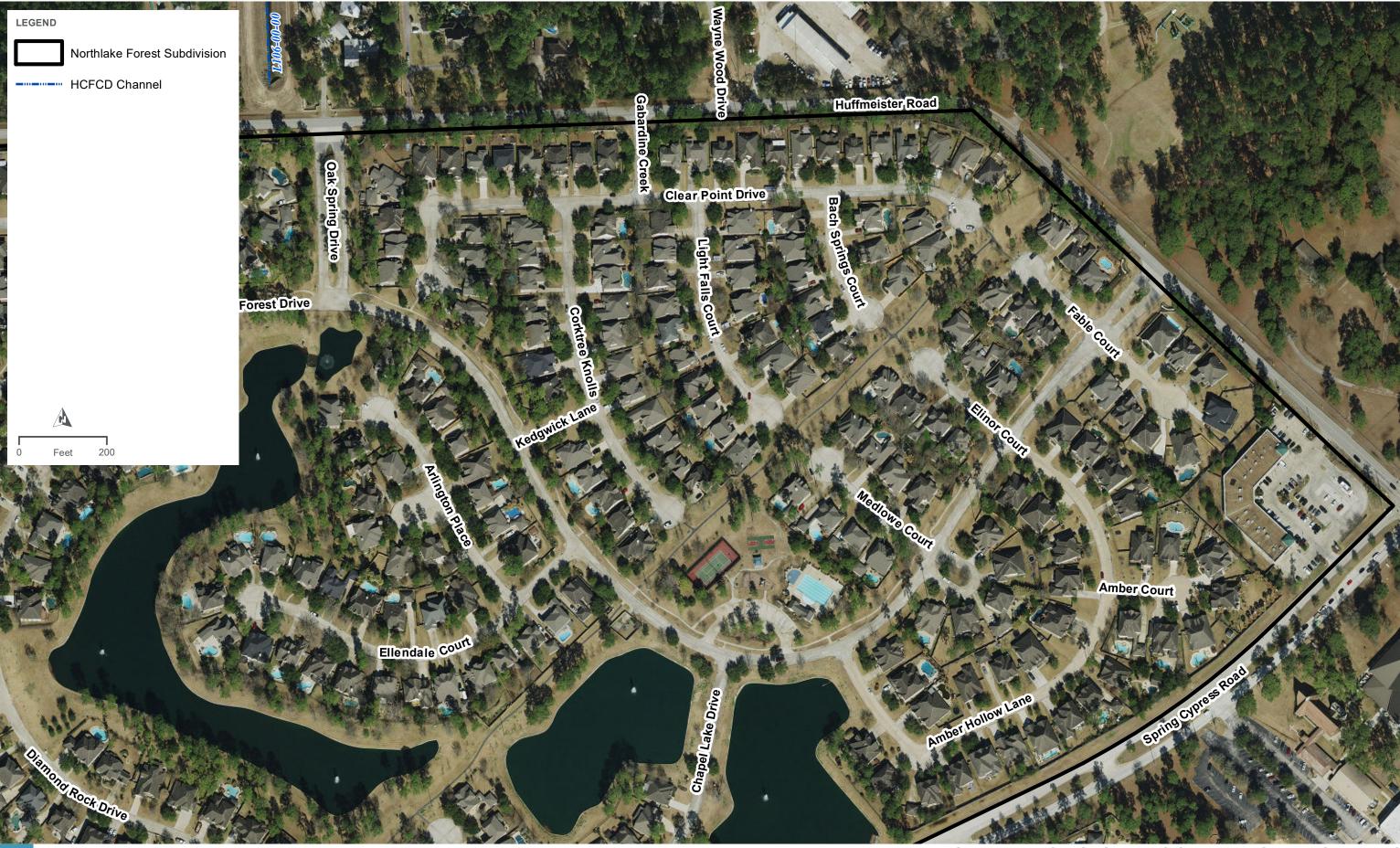
- 1. Vicinity Map
- 2. Floodplain Map
- 3. Existing Storm Sewer Layout
- 4. Proposed Storm Sewer Layout
- 5. Existing Ponding Map 2-Year
- 6. Existing Ponding Map 10-Year
- 7. Existing Ponding Map 100-Year
- 8. Proposed Ponding Map 2-Year
- 9. Proposed Ponding Map 10-Year
- 10. Proposed Ponding Map 100-Year

# JEREMY BLEVINS 109719 JEREMY BLEVINS 109719 JEREMS BLEVINS 109719 JEREMS BLEVINS 109719

HDR ENGINEERING, INC. TEXAS REGISTERED FIRM F-754

### **Attachments**

A. Northlake Forest Section 1 and Section 3 Record Drawings

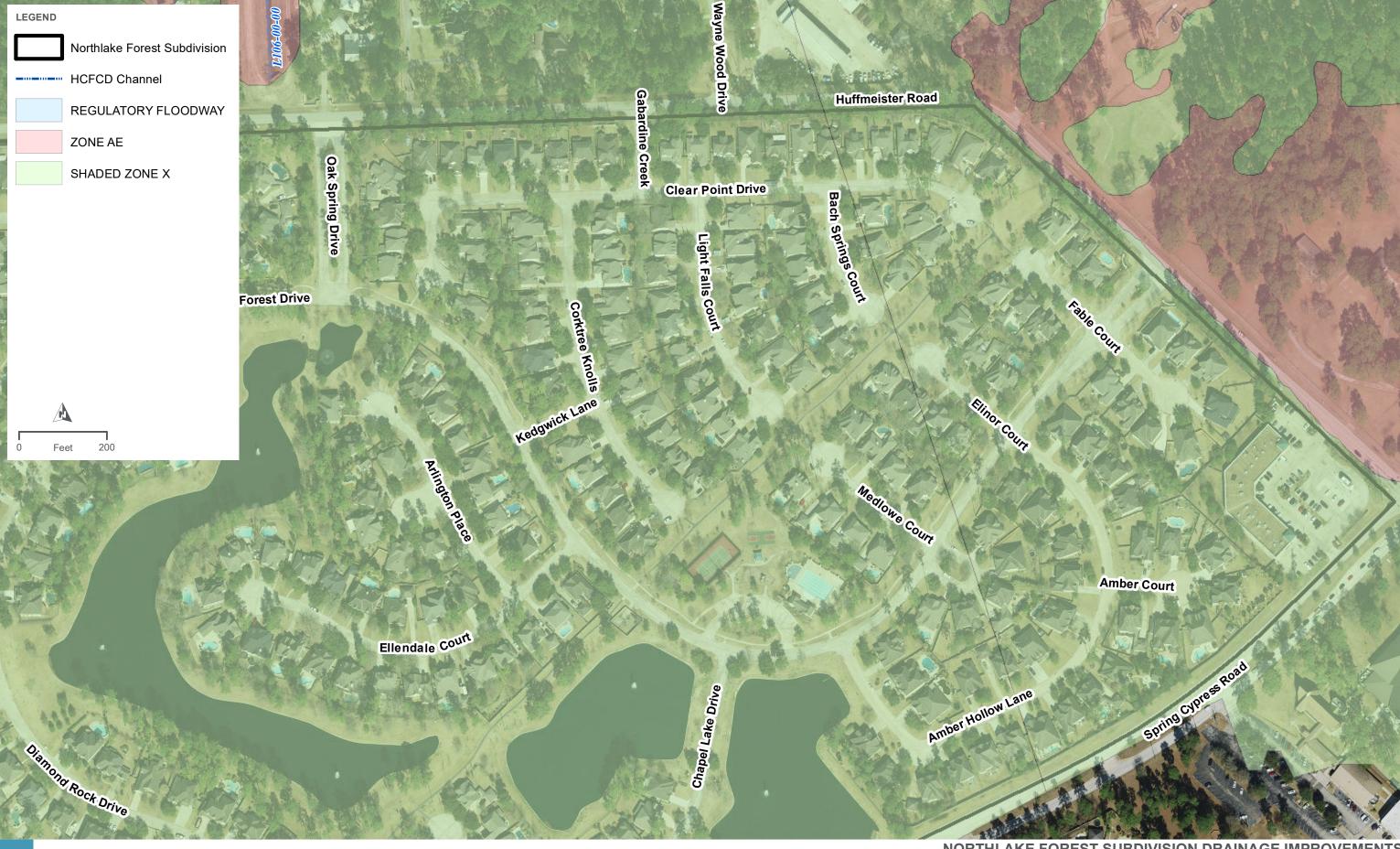


DR 😜

NORTHLAKE FOREST SUBDIVISION DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS

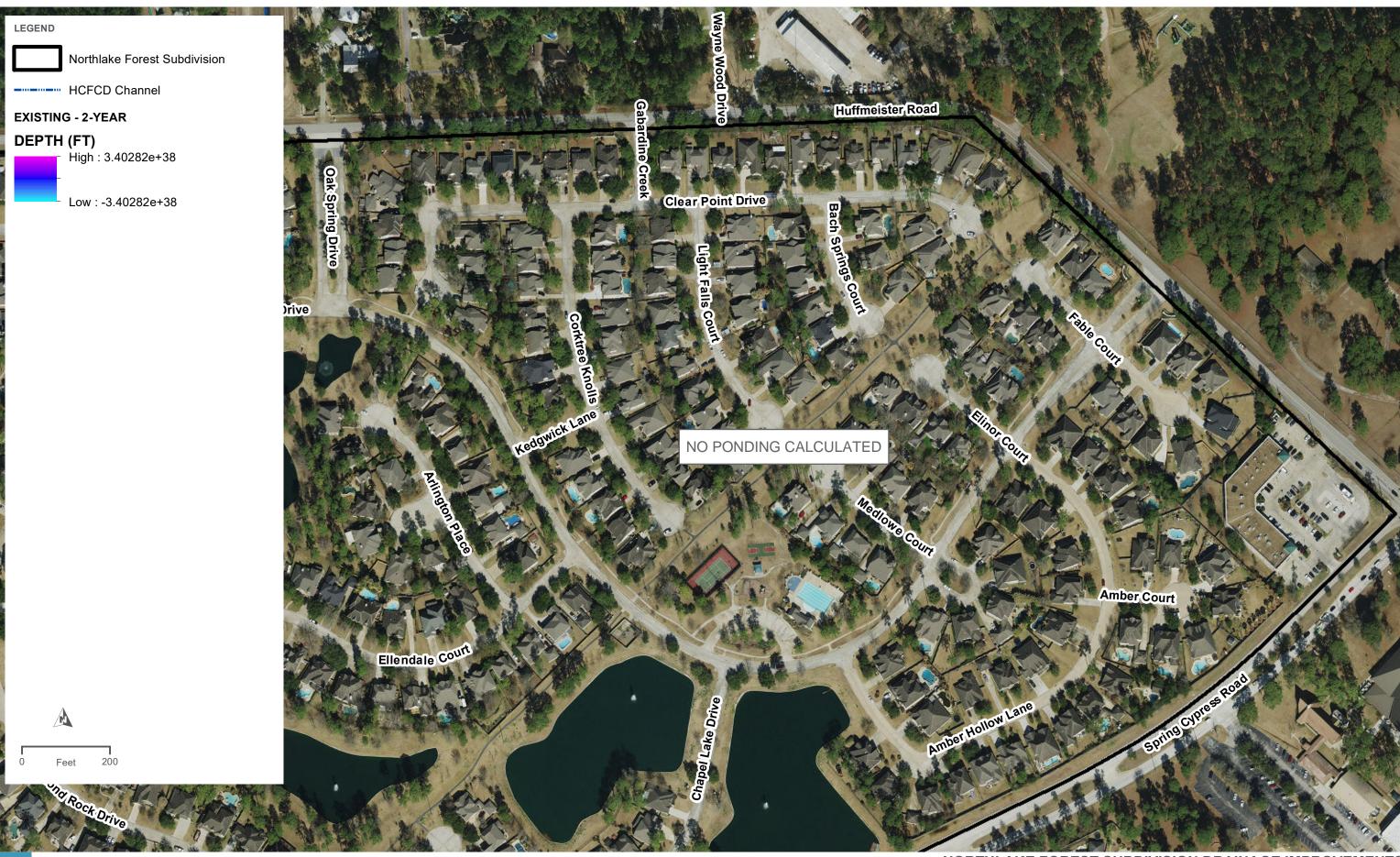
**VICINITY MAP** 

EXHIBIT 1



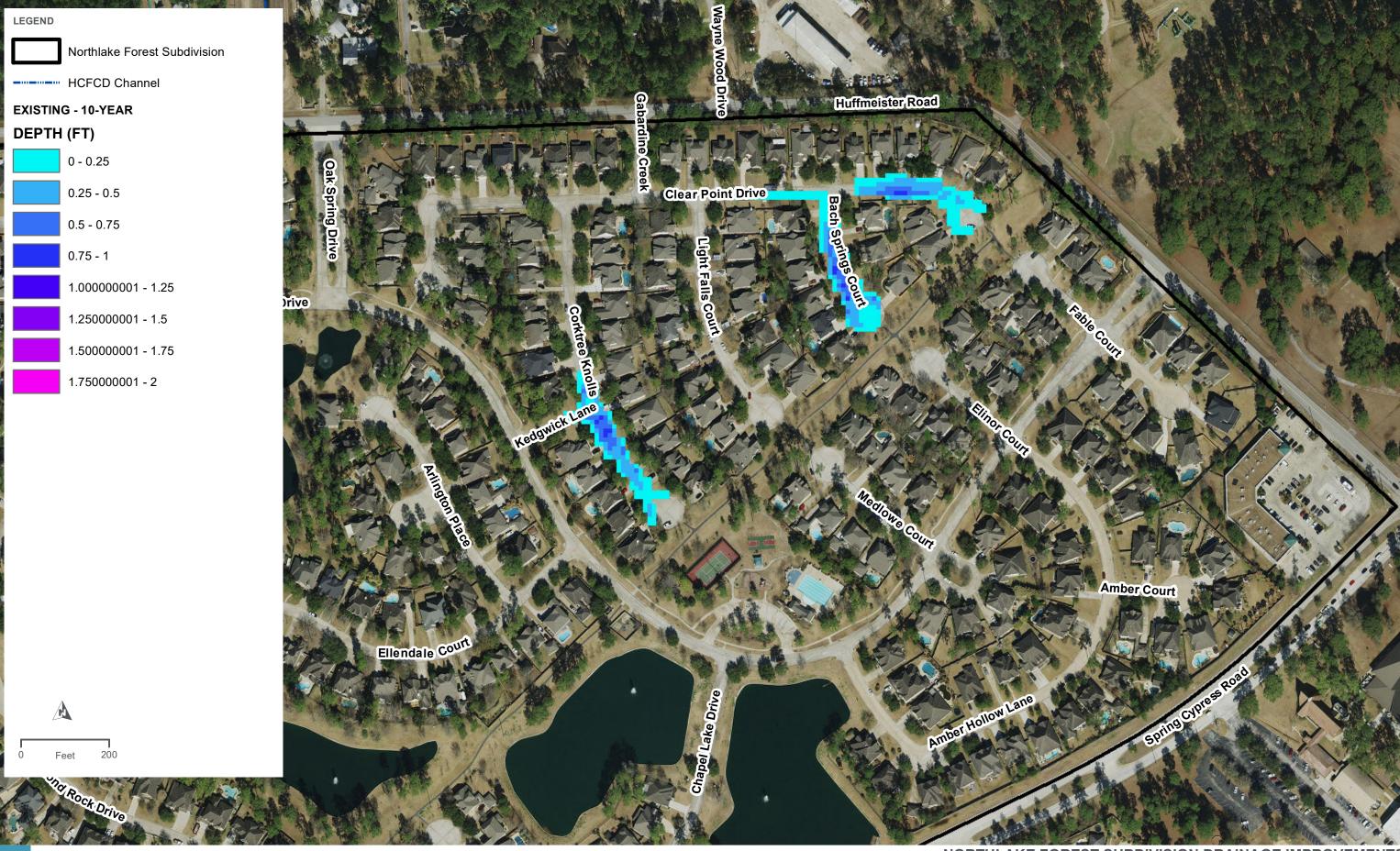


NORTHLAKE FOREST SUBDIVISION DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS
FEMA FLOODPLAIN MAP





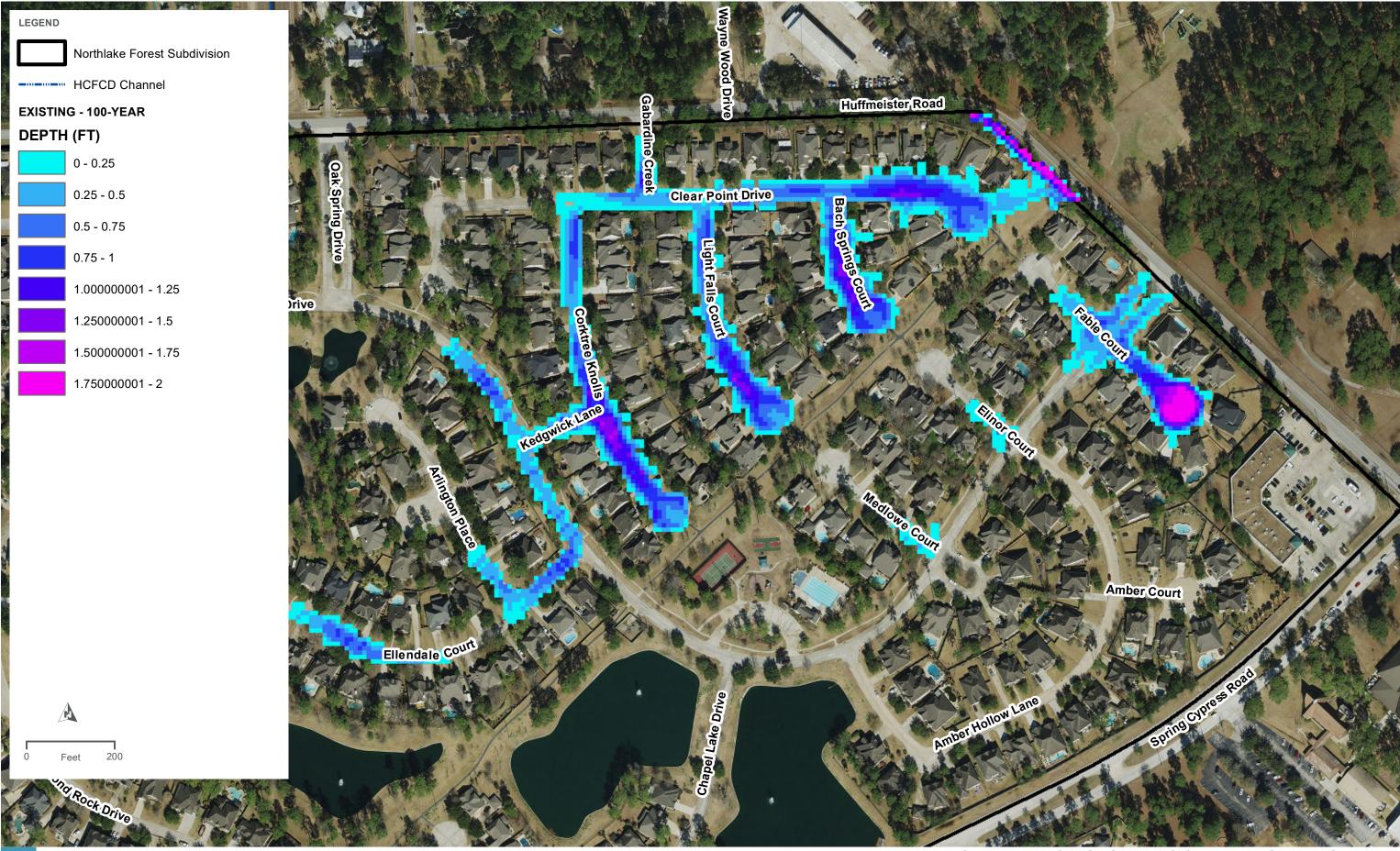
NORTHLAKE FOREST SUBDIVISION DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS





NORTHLAKE FOREST SUBDIVISION DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS

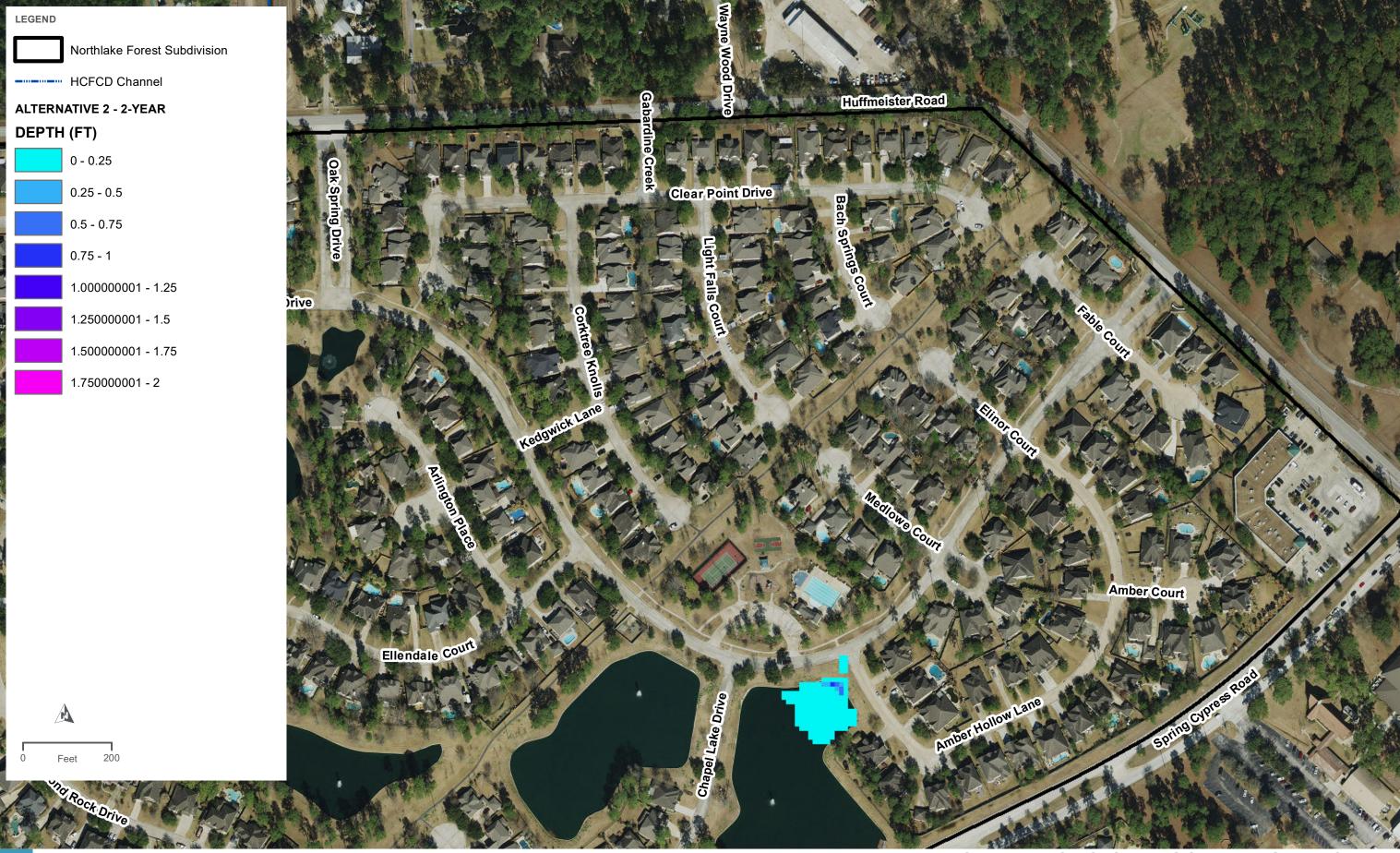
**EXISTING PONDING MAP - 10 YEAR** 





NORTHLAKE FOREST SUBDIVISION DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS

EXISTING PONDING MAP - 100 YEAR

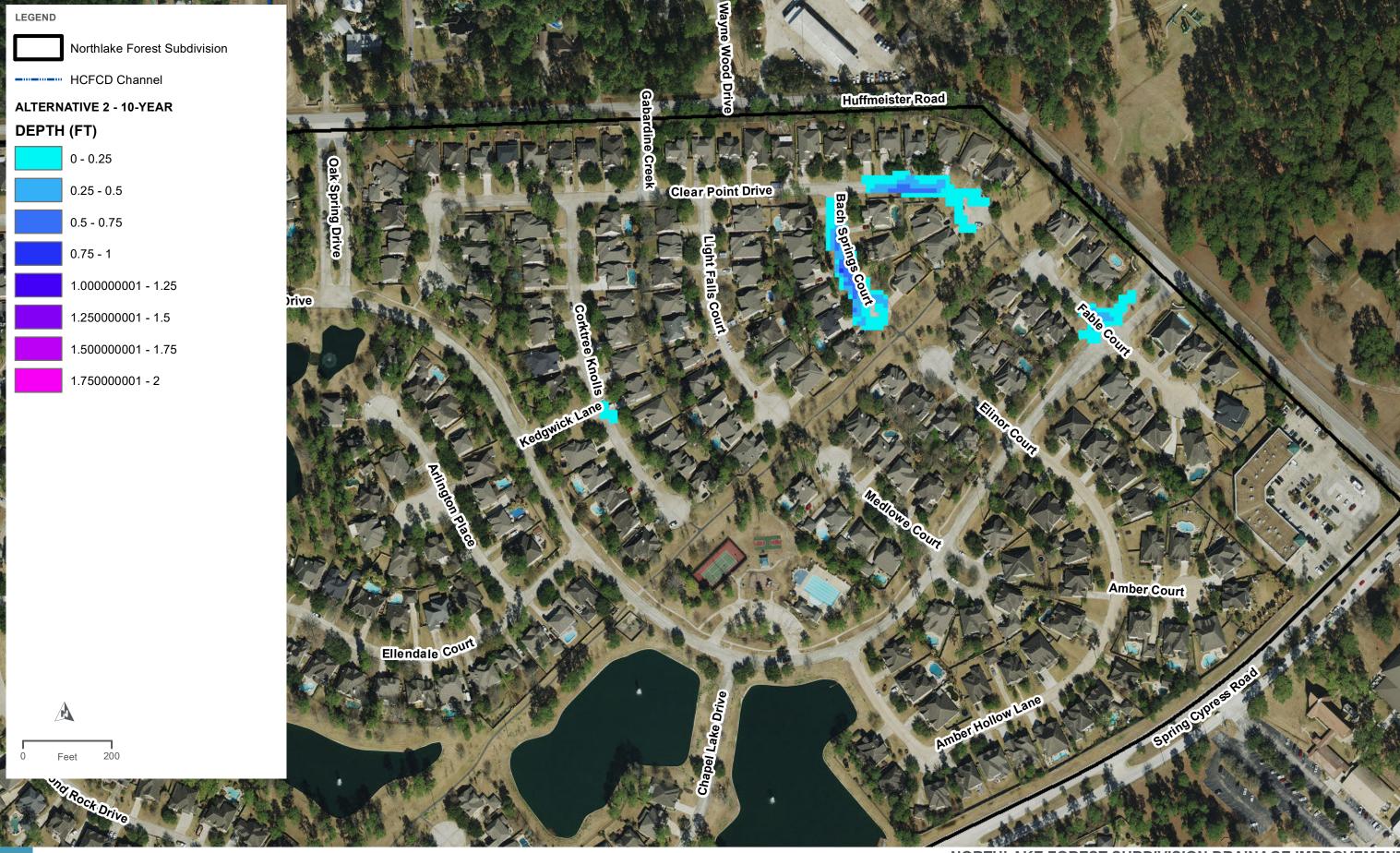




NORTHLAKE FOREST SUBDIVISION DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS

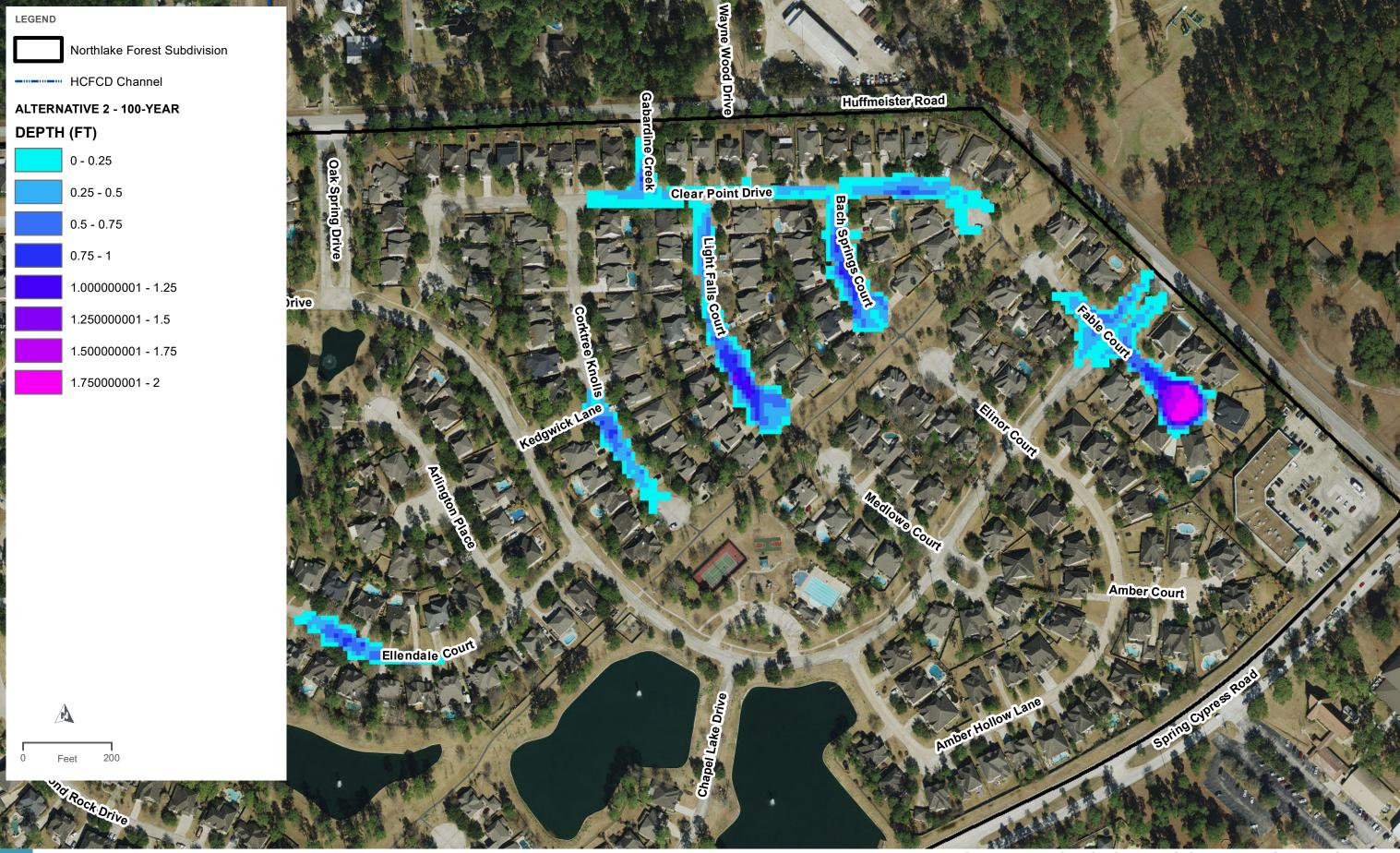
PROPOSED PONDING MAP - 2-YEAR

EXHIBIT 8





NORTHLAKE FOREST SUBDIVISION DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS
PROPOSED PONDING MAP - 10-YEAR
EXHIBIT 9





NORTHLAKE FOREST SUBDIVISION DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS
PROPOSED PONDING MAP - 100-YEAR
EXHIBIT 10

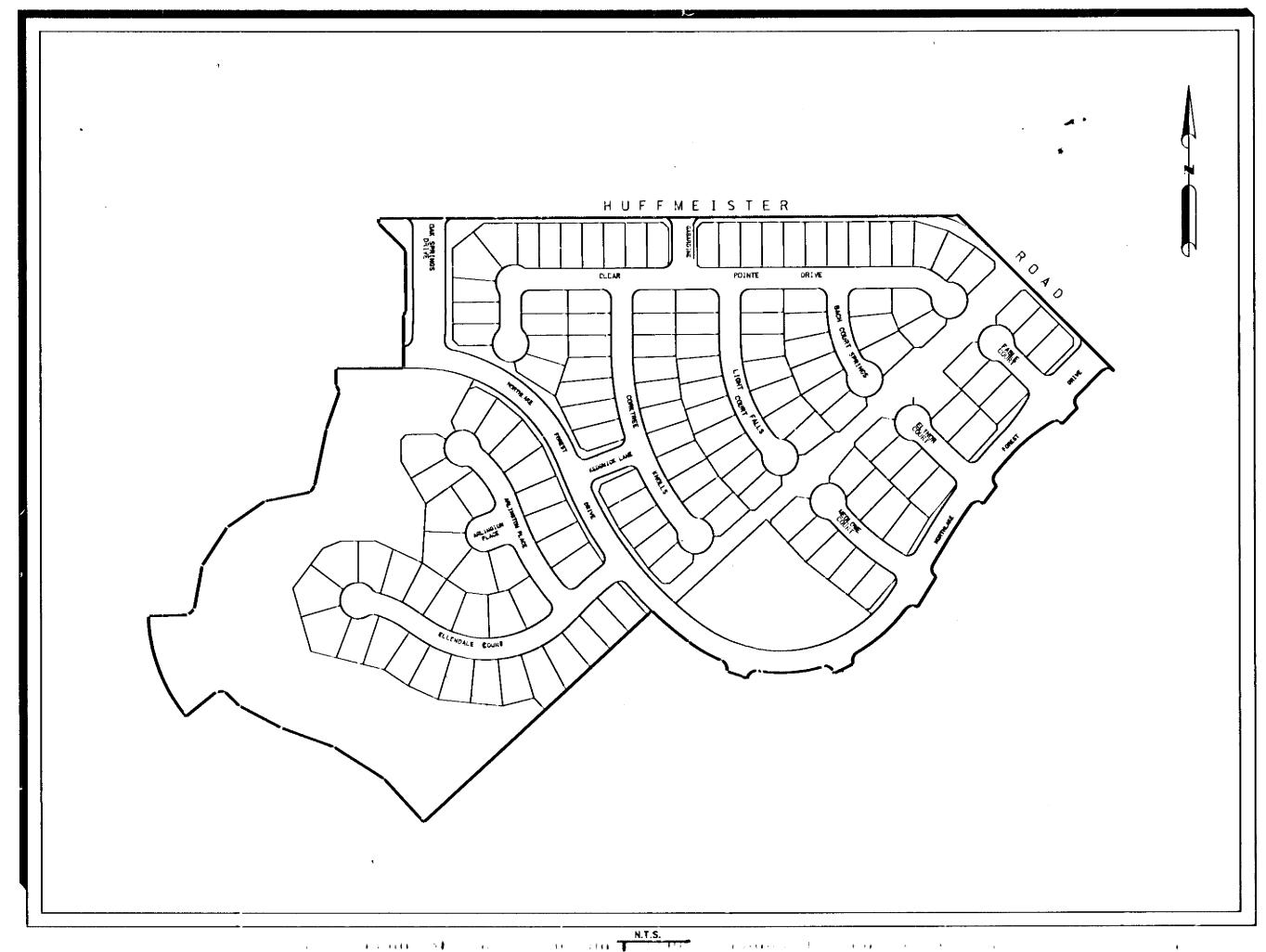
## NORTHLAKE FOREST - SECTION ONE

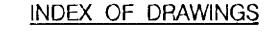
### NORTHWEST HARRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 10

WITHIN HARRIS COUNTY, TEXAS

CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR

# WATER DISTRIBUTION, SANITARY SEWER, PAVING AND DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS AND PUBLIC UTILITIES





COVER SHEET NORTHLAKE FOREST DIRVE STA.47+00.00 TO STA.52+00.00 STA.0+00.00 TO STA.5+06.19 KEDGWICK LANE ELLENDALE COURT CLEAR POINTE DRIVE STA.13+00.00 TO END STA.1+00.00 TO END GABARDINE CREEK BACH SPRINGS COURT STA.1+00.00 TO STA.5+08.76 STA.1+00.00 TO STA.4+00.00 LIGHT FALLS COURT STA-4+00-00 TO STA 7+43-32 STA.1+00.00 TO STA.5+00.00 CORKTREE KNOLLS 27. STA.5+00.00 10 STA.9+77.33 28. CTK-2 29. STA.1+00.00 TO STA.4+71.62 MEDLOWE COURT 30. STA.1+00.00 TO STA.4+08.14 ELINOR COURT 31. FC-1 STA.1+00.00 TO STA.4+00.00 FABLE COURT 32. STA.1+00.00 TO STA. 4+60.00 UTILITY EASEMENT STA.4+60.00 TO STA. 9+60.00 33. STA.9+60.00 TO STA. 12+25.74 PL-3 STA.0+00.00 TO STA. 9+73.83 DRAINAGE DITCH OUTFALL1 STA.1+00.00 TO STA. 5+03.72 LAKE DRAIN LINE OUTFALL2 STA.0+00.00 TO STA. 4+80.18 SYSTEM 1 OUTFALL LINE DETPOND DETENTION POND & SPILLWAY SUBDIVISION STANDARD PAVEMENT DETAILS HCFCD OUTFALL & INTERCEPTOR DETAILS TRENCHING DETAILS STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN DETAILS CITY OF HOUSTON CITY DWG. NO .: RICHARD C. SCOTT. P.E. -1-22-47 DIRECTOR, DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND ENGINEERING JIMMÍE SCHINDEWOLF. P.E. PRIOR TO THE CONSTRUCTION OF SUCH FACILITIES WITHIN THE DISTRICT. THE DISTRICT OR ITS ENGINEER WILL GIVE WRITTEN NOTICE BY REGISTERED OR CERTIFIED MAIL TO THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS AND ENGINEERING. STATING THE DATE SUCH CONSTRUCTION WILL BE COMMENCED. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFTY THE CITY OF HOUSTON, DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND ENGINEERING, ENGINEERING CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE GROUP (TELEPHONE No. 754-0700) 48 HOURS BEFORE STARTING WORK ON THIS PROJECT. APPROVED; TERRY A. ANDERSON. P.E. HARRIS COUNTY ENGINEER SIGNATURE IS VOID IF CONSTRUCTION HAS NOT COMMENCED WITHIN ONE (1) YEAR OF SIGNATURE DATE. I JERROLD L. GRAHAM. Jr. A PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER REGISTERED

IN THE STATE OF TEXAS. DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE PLANS WERE PREPARED UNDER MY SUPERVISION TO MEET OR EXCEED THE

SPECIFICATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS OF HARRIS COUNTY. TEXAS.

COH Log No. 97-0004

GRANT RD.

M.U.D. NO. 10

> PROJECT LOCATION

KEY MAP NO. 327-Y & 367-C

VICINITY MAP

J. L. GRAHAM, Jr.

SHEET 1 OF 42 SHEETS P- 600

### UTILITY NOTES:

HOUSTON LIGHTING AND POWER COMPANY (HL&P)

OVERHEAD LINES MAY EXIST ON THE PROPERTY. WE HAVE NOT ATTEMPTED TO MARK THOSE LINES SINCE THEY ARE CLEARLY VISIBLE, BUT YOU SHOULD LOCATE THEM PRIOR TO BEGINNING ANY CONSTRUCTION. TEXAS LAW, SECTION 752, HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE. FORBIDS ALL ACTIVITIES IN WHICH PERSONS OR THINGS MAY COME WITHIN SIX (6) FEET OF LIVE OVERHEAD HIGH VOLTAGE LINES. CONTRACTORS AND OWNERS ARE LEGALLY RESPONSIBLE FOR SAFETY OF CONSTRUCTION WORKERS UNDER THIS LAW. THIS LAW CARRIES BOTH CRIMINAL AND CIVIL LIABILITY. TO ARRANGE FOR LINES TO BE TURNED OFF OR MOVED. CALL HL&P AT 713/207-7777

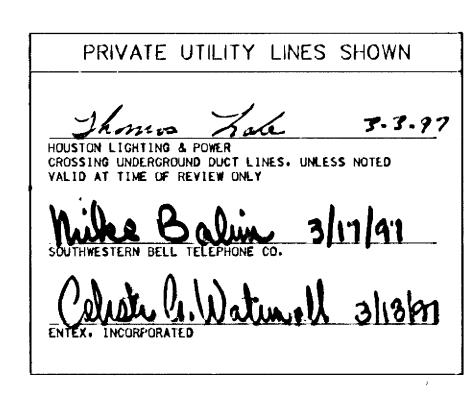
SOUTHWESTERN BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY (SWBT)

THE LOCATIONS OF SWBT UTILITIES ARE SHOWN IN AN APPROXIMATE WAY ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION BEFORE COMMENCING WORK. HE AGREES TO BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND ALL DAMAGES WHICH MIGHT BE OCCASIONED BY HIS FAILURE TO EXACTLY LOCATE AND PRESERVE THESE UNDERGROUND UTILITIES.

ENTEX

LOCATION OF ENTEX MAIN LINES (TO INCLUDE UNIT CAS TRANSMISSION, AND/OR INDUSTRIAL GAS SUPPLY CORPORATION WHERE APPLICABLE) ARE SHOWN IN AN APPROXIMATE LOCATION ONLY. SERVICE LINES ARE USUALLY NOT SHOWN. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT THE UTILITY COORDINATING COMMITTEE AT 713/223-4567 OR 1-800-245-4545 A MINIMUM OF 48 HOURS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION TO HAVE MAIN AND SERVICE LINES FIELD LOCATED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION BEFORE COMMENCING WORK AND AGREE TO BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY DAMAGES CAUSED BY HIS FAILURE TO EXACTLY LOCATE AND PRESERVE THESE UNDERGROUND FACILITIES.

REVISED 5/17/95



Steffek & Van De Wiele Incorporated Engineers

2925 Briarpark, Suite 275
Houston, Texas 77042-3778
713/782--0042

JOB NO. 10902-001-1

FEBUARY, 1997

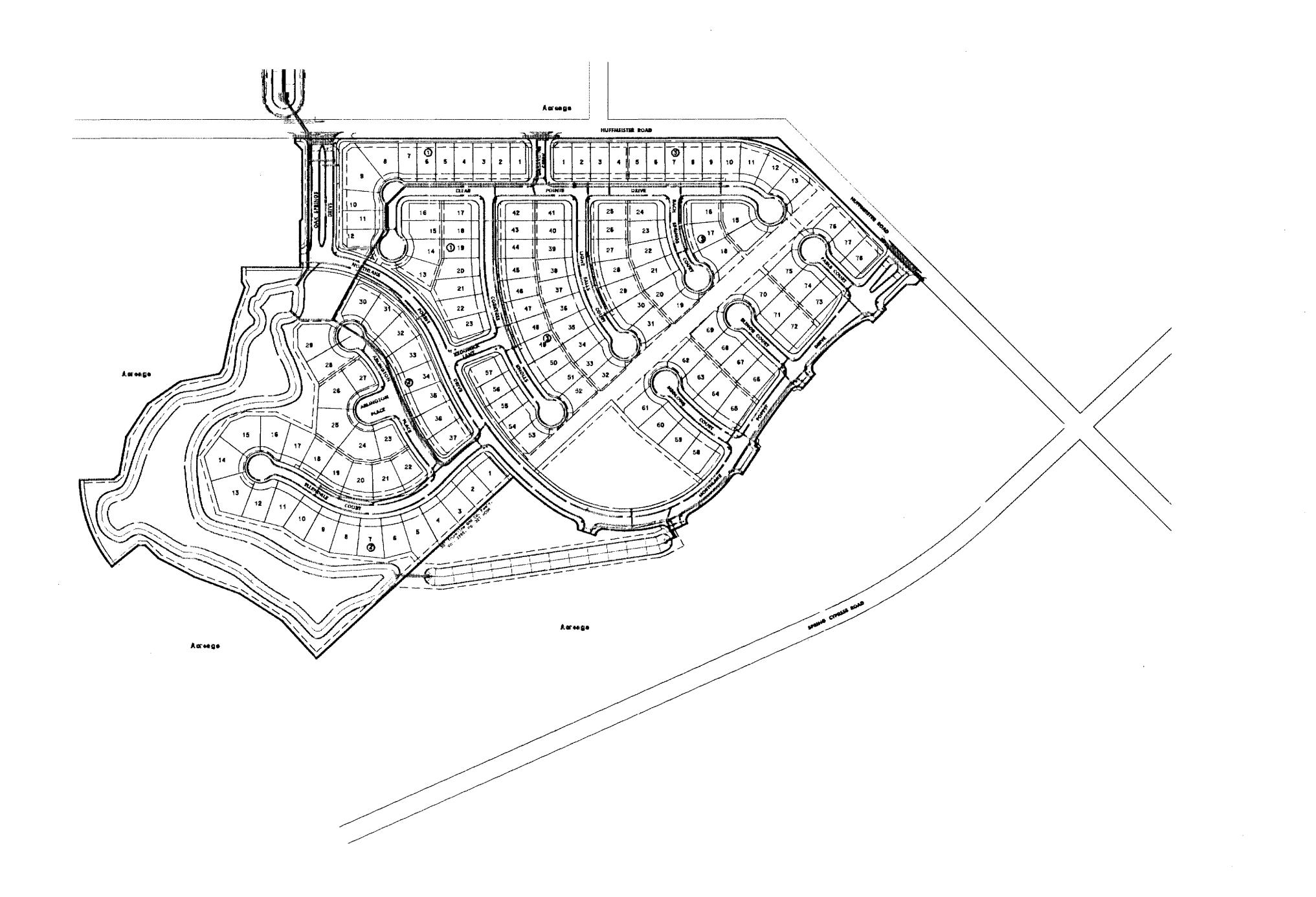
### GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES

- 1. ALIGNMENT, CENTERLINE CURVE DATA AND STATIONING TO BE VERIFIED FROM APPROVED SUBDIVISION PLAT OR APPROVED PLAT FOR OFFSITE EASEMENTS.
- 2. CONTRACTOR SHALL SEND WRITTEN NOTIFICATION TO HARRIS COUNTY ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT FORTY-EIGHT (48) HOURS IN ADVANCE OF COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION AND NOTIFY THEM TWENTY-FOUR (24) HOURS IN ADVANCE OF COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION AT (713-755-8210).
- 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE FOLLOWING AGENCIES 48 HOURS PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION:
- A) UTILITY LOCATION AND COORDINATING COMMITTEE AT 713-223-4567
- B) ENTEX AT 713-654-5166
- C) HOUSTON LIGHTING AND POWER COMPANY AT 713-659-6457
- D) TEXAS ONE CALL SYSTEM AT 800-245-4545
- E) HARRIS COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT AT 713-684-4050
- 4. CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN ALL DEVELOPMENT, RIGHT-OF-WAY AND CONSTRUCTION PERMITS REQUIRED BY THE REGULATIONS OF HARRIS COUNTY, TEXAS AT HIS EXPENSE PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK. THE ENGINEER WILL ASSIST THE CONTRACTOR IN COMPLETING THE PERMIT APPLICATION.
- 5. CONTRACTOR SHALL GIVE NOTICE TO ALL AUTHORIZED INSPECTORS, SUPERINTENDENTS, OR PERSONS IN CHARGE OF PRIVATE AND PUBLIC UTILITIES OR RAILROADS AFFECTED BY HIS OPERATIONS PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK. REQUIRED PERMITS THAT CAN BE ISSUED TO CONTRACTOR WILL BE OBTAINED AT HIS EXPENSE.
- 6. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY LOCATION AND ELEVATION OF EXISTING FACILITIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OF PROPOSED FACILITIES. NO SEPARATE PAY. ANY DAMAGE TO EXISTING FACILITIES INCURRED AS A RESULT OF CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS WILL BE REPAIRED TO THE OWNING AUTHORITY'S STANDARDS BY THE CONTRACTOR AT HIS OWN EXPENSE.
- 7. CONDITION OF THE ROAD AND/OR RIGHT-OF-WAY. UPON COMPLETION OF JOB. SHALL BE AS GOOD OR BETTER THAN THE CONDITION PRIOR TO STARTING WORK.
- 8. EXISTING PAVEMENTS, CURBS, SIDEWALKS, AND DRIVEWAYS DAMAGED OR REMOVED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE REPLACED TO CITY OF HOUSTON DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS AS CURRENTLY AMENDED AT CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- 9. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CLEANING THE MUD AND/OR DIRT DEPOSITED ON EXISTING PAVEMENT DUE TO HIS CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY ON A DAILY BASIS. (NO SEPARATE PAY)
- 10.PROPOSED PAVING AND BARRICADES AS SHOWN IN THE WATER. SEWER AND DRAINAGE PLANS ARE FOR INFORMATION ONLY AND ARE NOT INCLUDED IN THE WATER. SEWER AND DRAINAGE CONTRACT.
- 11. SEWER MATERIALS, CONSTRUCTION AND TESTING SHALL BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE CITY OF HOUSTON STANDARD CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS (SEPTEMBER 1996) INCLUDING ALL REVISIONS AND AMENDMENTS THERETO. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ALL NECESSARY TEST EQUIPMENT AT NO SEPARATE PAY.
- 12. CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE EXISTING PLUGS AND CONNECT TO EXISTING UTILITY LINES AS INDICATED ON PLANS. NO SEPARATE PAY.
- 13.MANHOLE RIM ELEVATIONS SHALL BE TWO (2) INCHES ABOVE A STRAIGHT LINE FROM TOP OF CURB TO FINISHED GRADE ELEVATION AT RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE.
- 14.NO MANHOLES SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN PAVING LIMITS.
- 15. WHEN TRENCH CONDITIONS REQUIRE THE USE OF WELL POINTS.
  THIS SHALL BE REQUESTED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND APPROVED
  BY THE ENGINEER. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT OF THESE ITEMS
  SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 1 TO
  SPECIFICATIONS FOR SEWER CONSTRUCTION.
- 16.ALL AREAS AFFECTED BY CONTRACTOR'S OPERATIONS. INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ACCESS ROADS. AREAS OF MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT STORAGE. AND ALL CONSTRUCTION AREAS. SHALL BE STRIPPED OF ALL VEGETATION PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK. STRIPPINGS SHALL BE DISPOSED OF OFFSITE BY THE CONTRACTOR. NO SEPARATE PAY.
- 17.ADEQUATE DRAINAGE SHALL BE MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES DURING CONSTRUCTION AND ANY DRAINAGE DITCH OR STRUCTURE DISTURBED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE RESTORED TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE OWNING AUTHORITY.
- 18.APPROVAL ONLY FOR UTILITIES WITHIN PUBLIC R.O.W.
- 19.FINAL ACCEPTANCE OF THE UTILITIES WILL NOT BE GIVEN TO THE CONTRACTOR UNTIL THEY ARE INSPECTED AND APPROVED BY THE TEXAS NATURAL RESOURCE CONSERVATION COMMISSION.
- 20.ALL TRENCH BACKFILL FOR UTILITIES SHALL BE COMPACTED TO AT LEAST 95% OF MAXIMUM DENSITY PER ASTM D-698.
  MOISTURE CONTENT SHALL BE WITHIN 2% OF OPTIMUM. ALL TRENCH BACKFILL SHALL BE CONSIDERED INCIDENTAL TO UTILITY CONSTRUCTION.

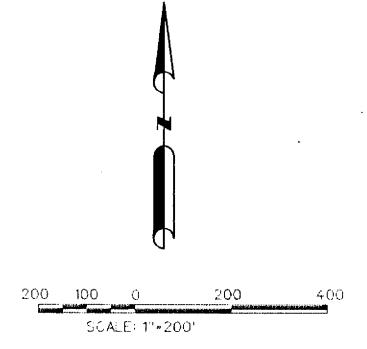
The state of the s

REVISED: 2/14/97

1992 worthicachoshotes don Dun 18, 1997 18 54:5



المتالية والأرابية والمستقدين والمتالية في المستقدين مشيرة الأراب الأراب المستقدية والمنظم الأرابية والمستقدين والمستقدين والمناط



NORTHWEST HARRIS COUNTY M.U.D. 10

> SECTION ONE GENERAL NOTES

NORTHLAKE FOREST

& CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

### BENCH MARK

REFERENCE BENCHMARK
RM 164 - CHISELED SQUARE ON TOP OF HEADWALL
ON EAST SIDE OF CYPRESS ROSEHILL ROAD.
APPROXIMATELY 3.400 FEET SOUTH OF FENSKE ROAD.
ELEVATION = 162.59' (1973 ADJUSTMENT)

RR SPIKE IN POWER POLE ON SPRING CYPRESS ROAD ON THE SOUTH R.O.W. ACROSS FROM PIPELINE. ELEVATION = 147.70'

TBM 2
RR SPIKE IN POWER POLE ON WEST R.O.W. OF HUFFMEISTER ROAD 50' NORTH OF PIPELINE.
ELEVATION = 147.22'

NOTES



FLOOD CONTROL

COUNTY ENGINEER

Steffek & Consulting Incorporated Engineers

2925 Briorpork, Suite 275 Houston, Texas 77042-3778 713/782-0042

JOB NO. 10302-001-1-UTL DWG. NO. P-600

### CITY UF MUUSIUN DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND ENGINEERING

ENGINEERING, CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE GROUP

SECTION APPROVALS

1. 24 47

TRAFFIC AND SIGNAL ENGINEERING

WASTEWATER ENGINEZAING STREET & BRIDGE ENGINEERING

INEERING CONSTRUCT

OTHER DEPARTMENT

ANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SPONSOR DEPARTMENT

PLANTING AND DEVELOPMENT TO SPONSOR DEPARTMENT

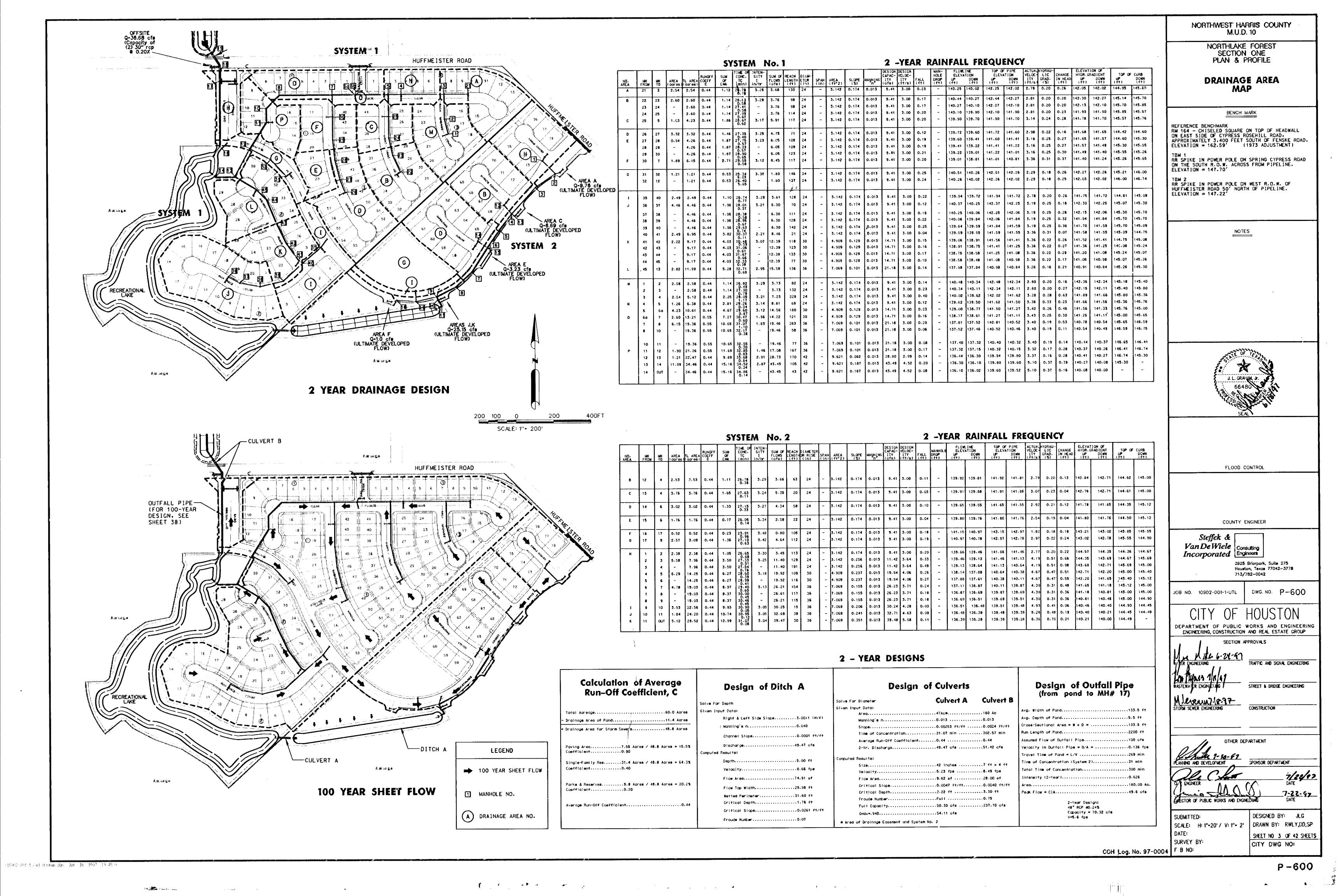
PLANTING AND TO SPONSOR

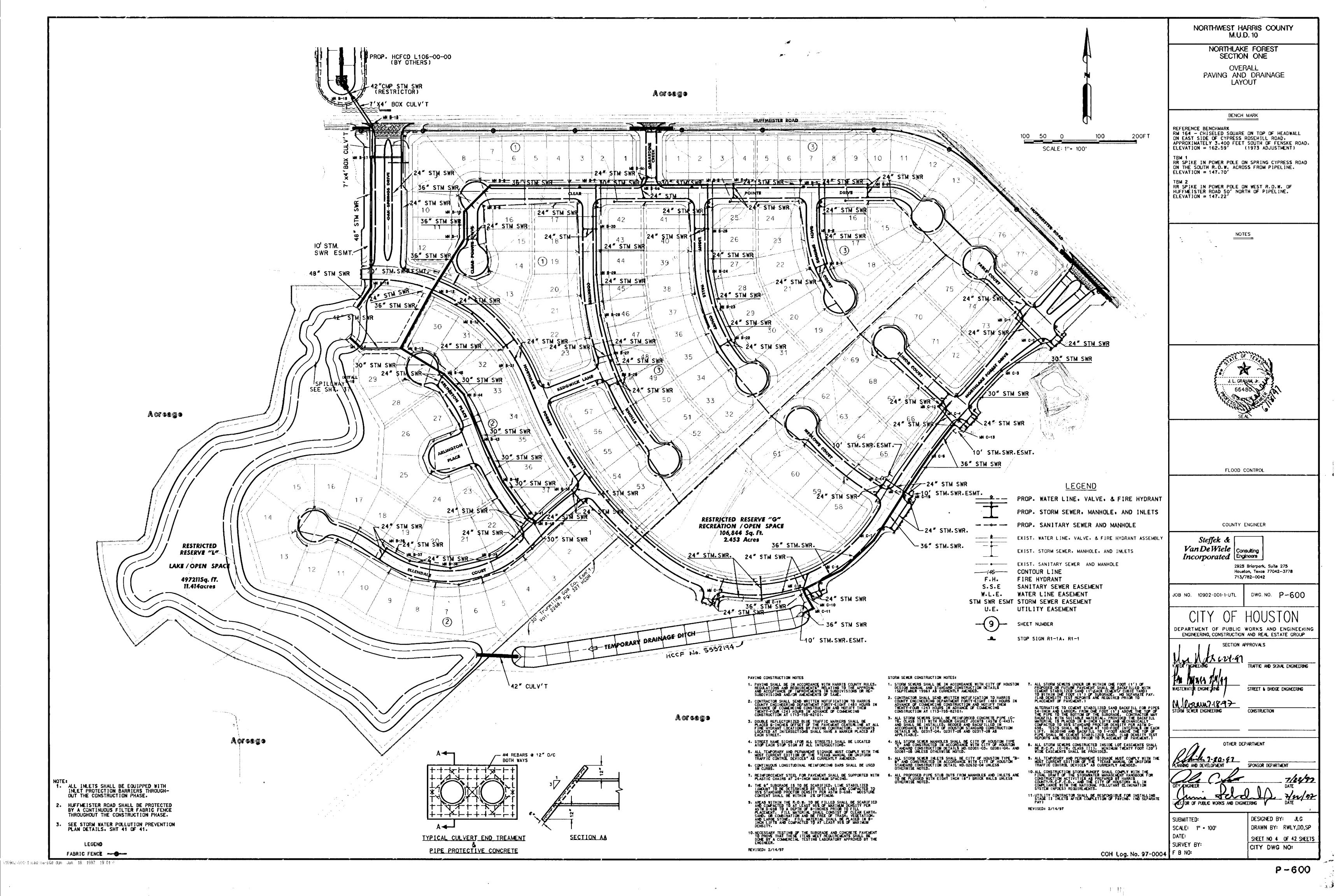
SUBMITTED: SCALE: 1"=200' DATE:

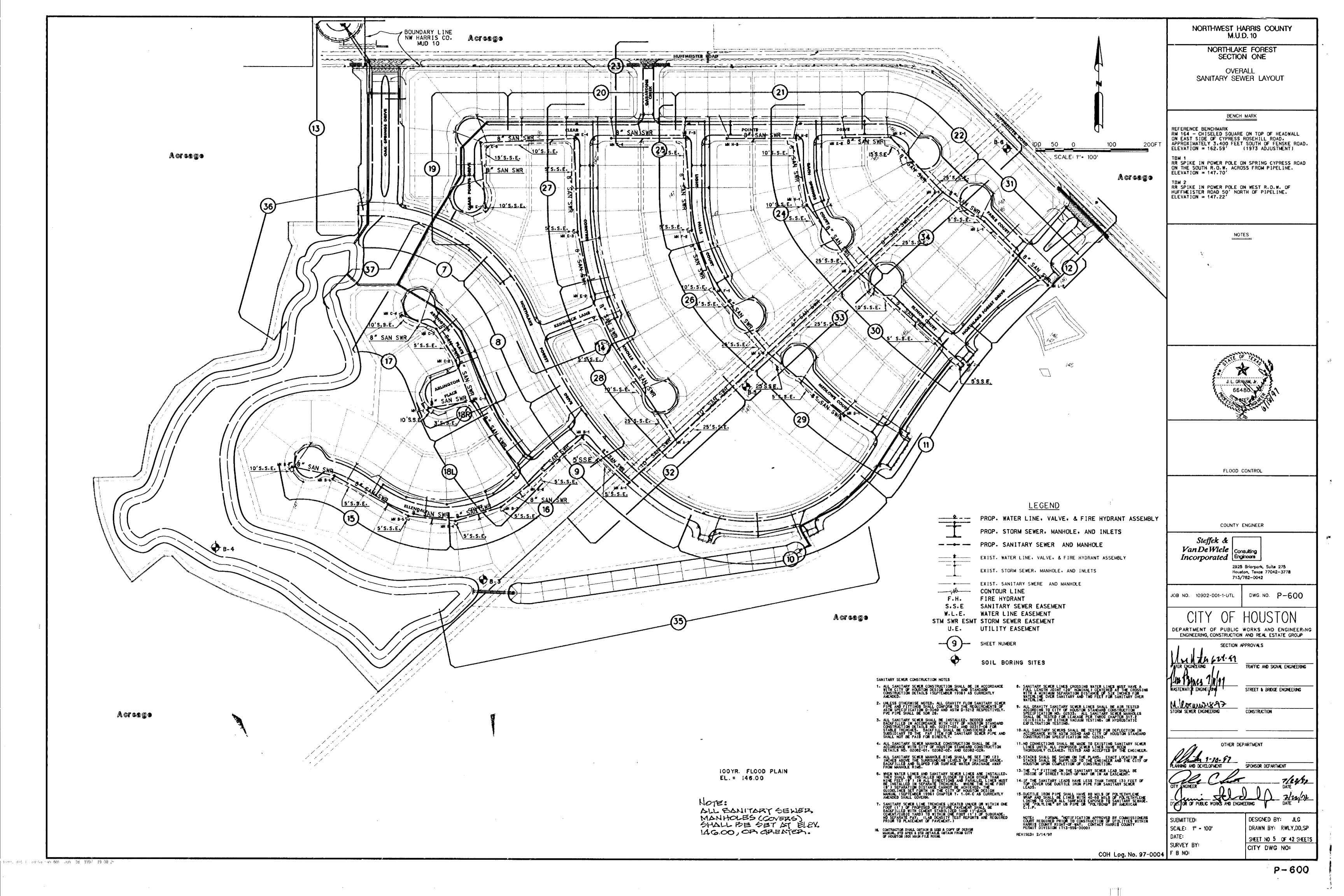
SURVEY BY:

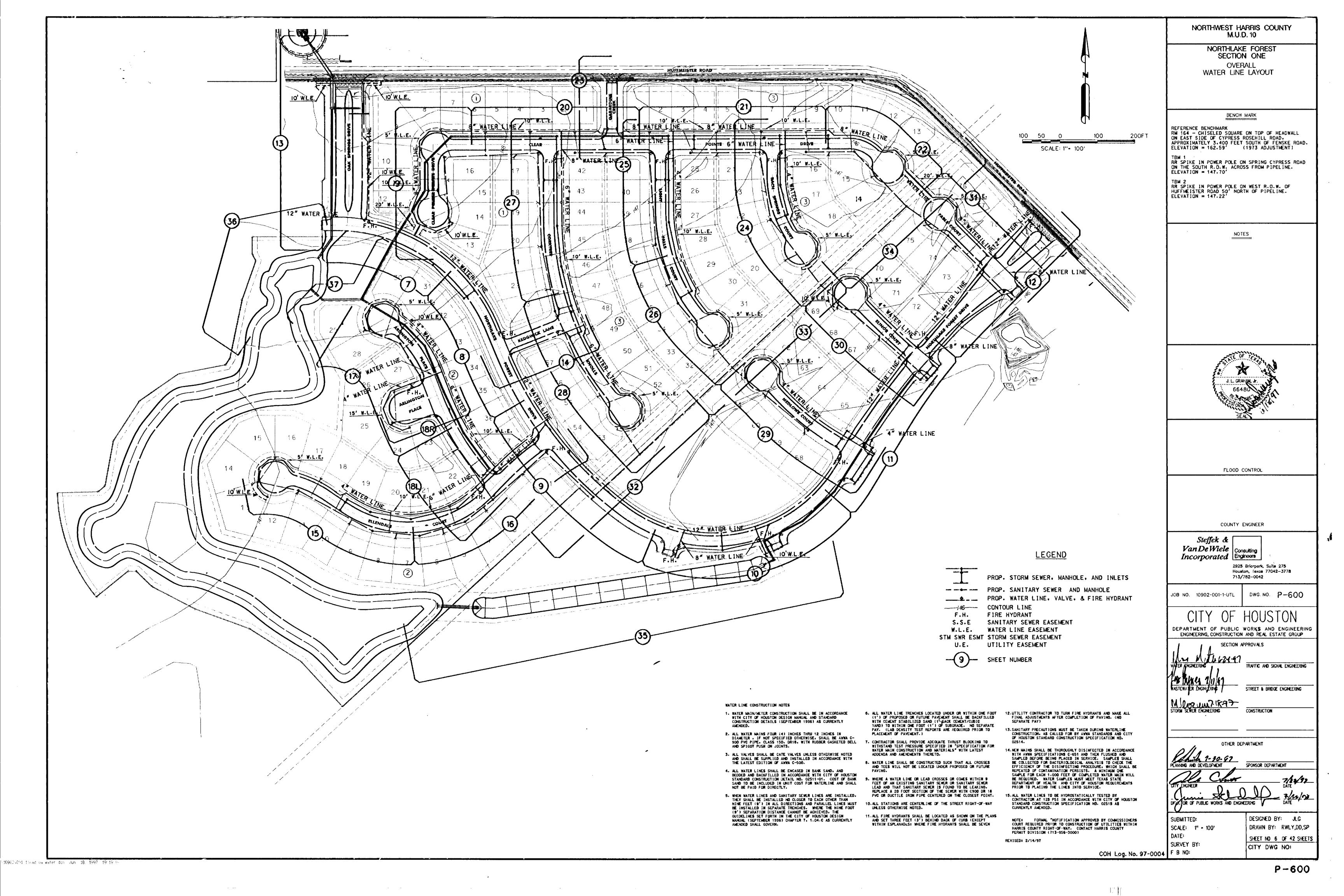
DESIGNED BY: JLG
DRAWN BY: RWLY,DD,SP
SHEET NO 2 OF 42 SHEETS
CITY DWG NO:

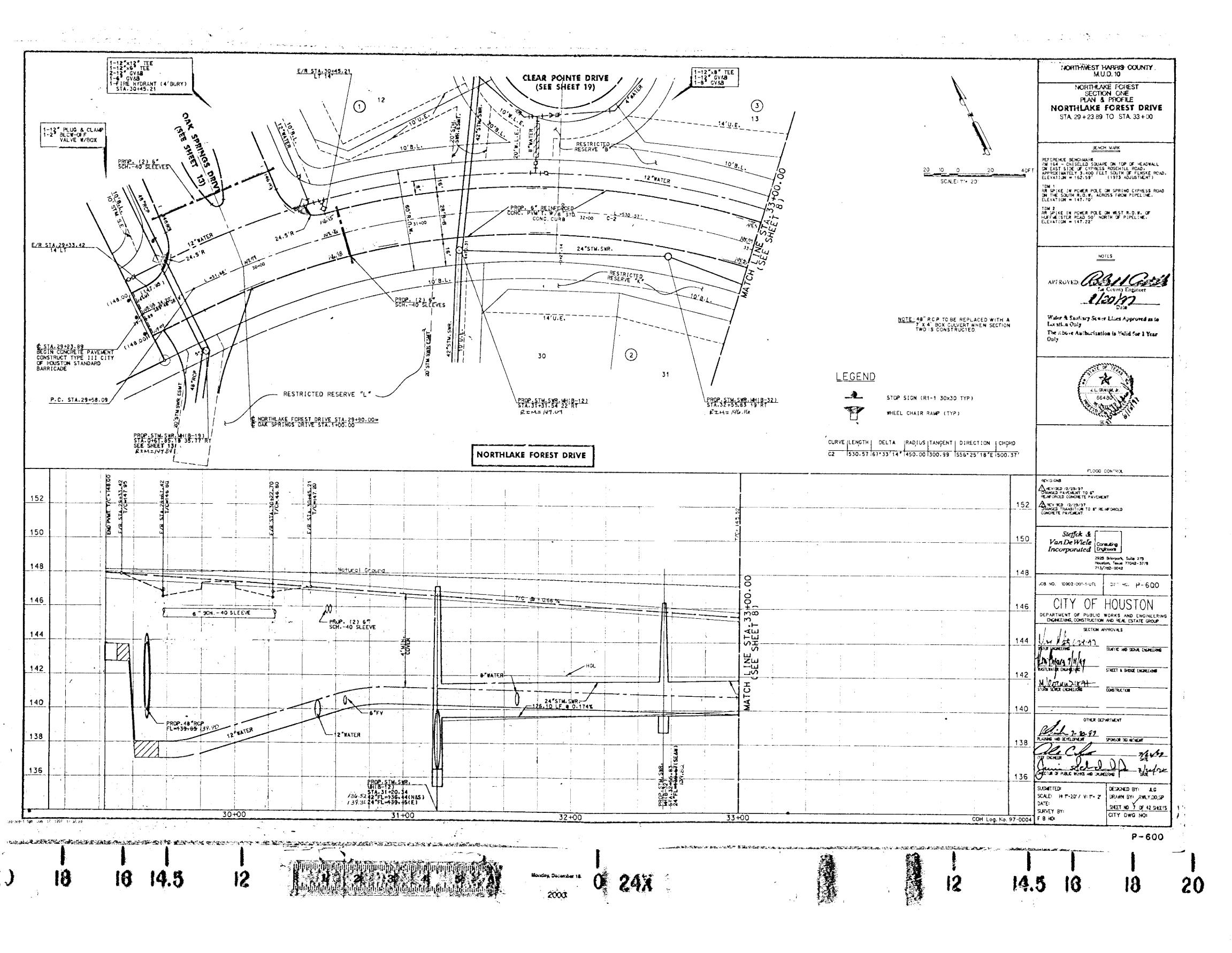
COH Log. No. 97-0004 F B NO:

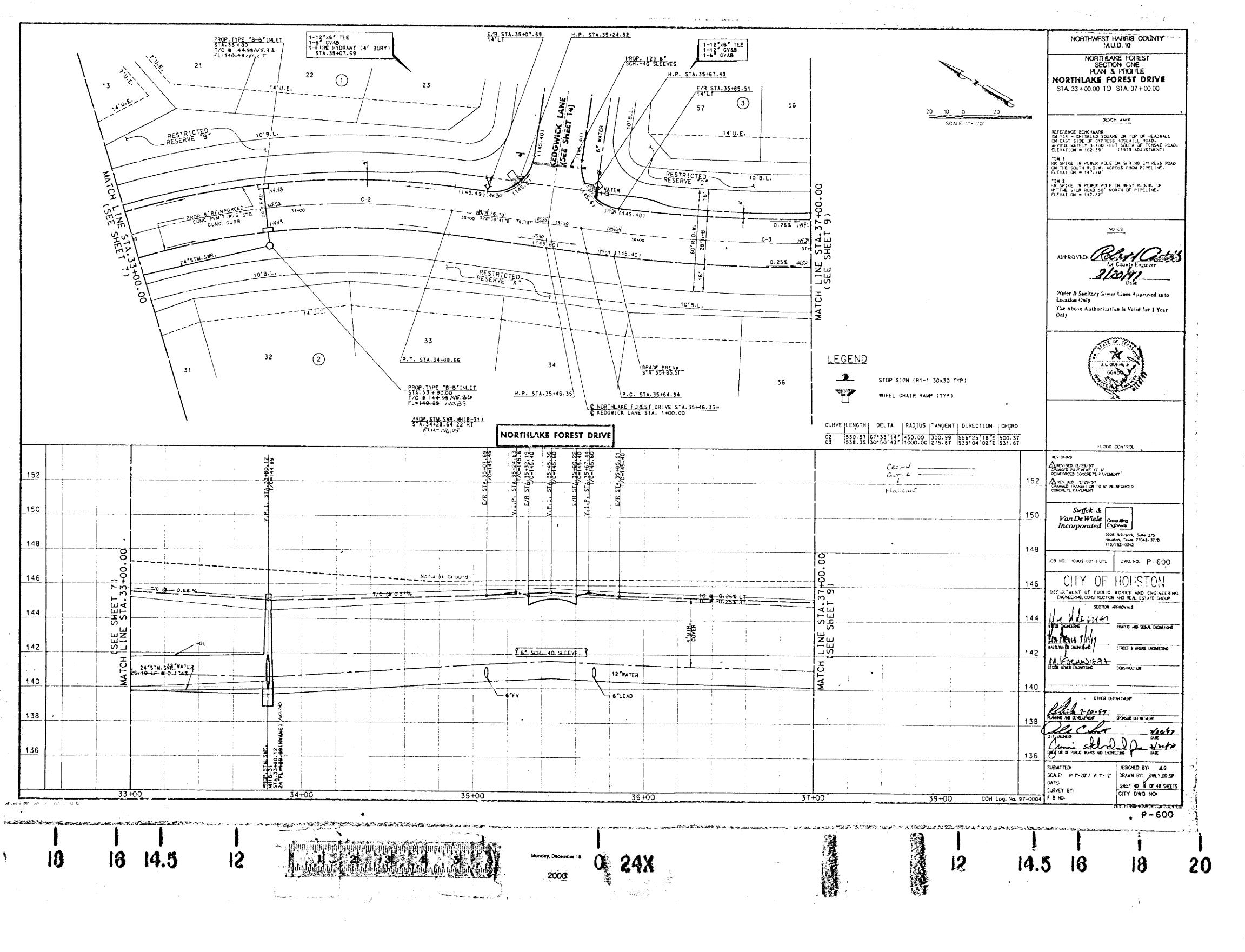


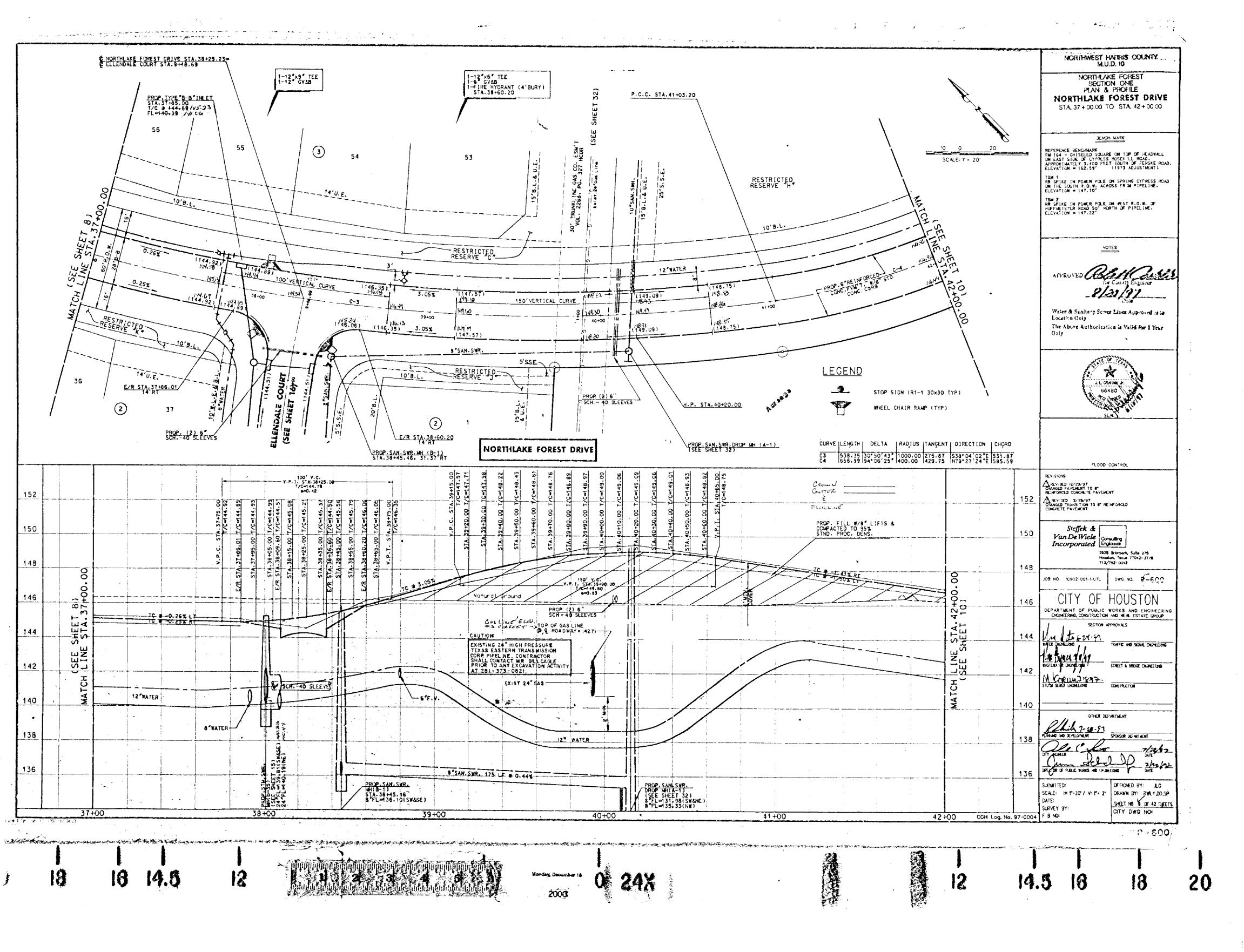


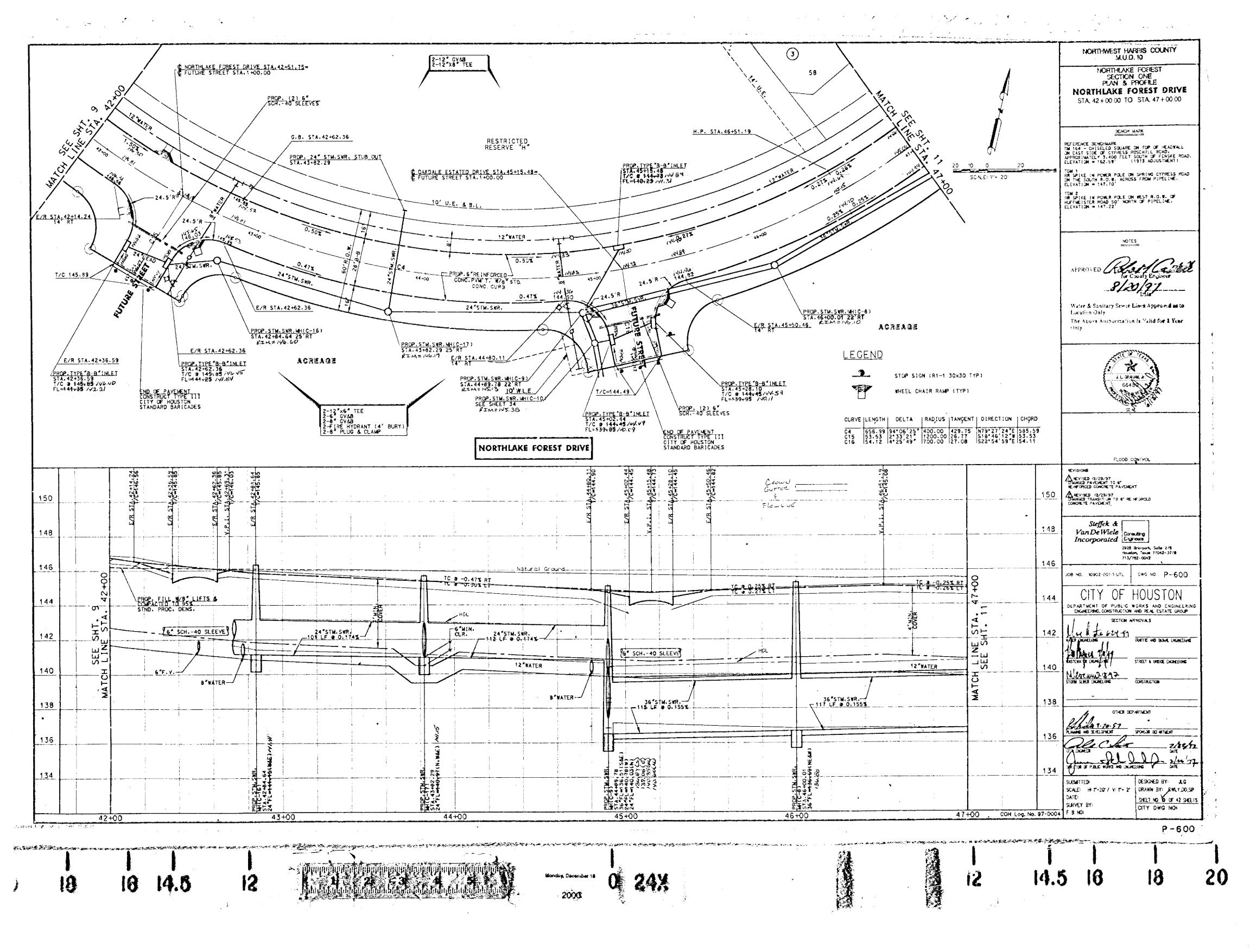


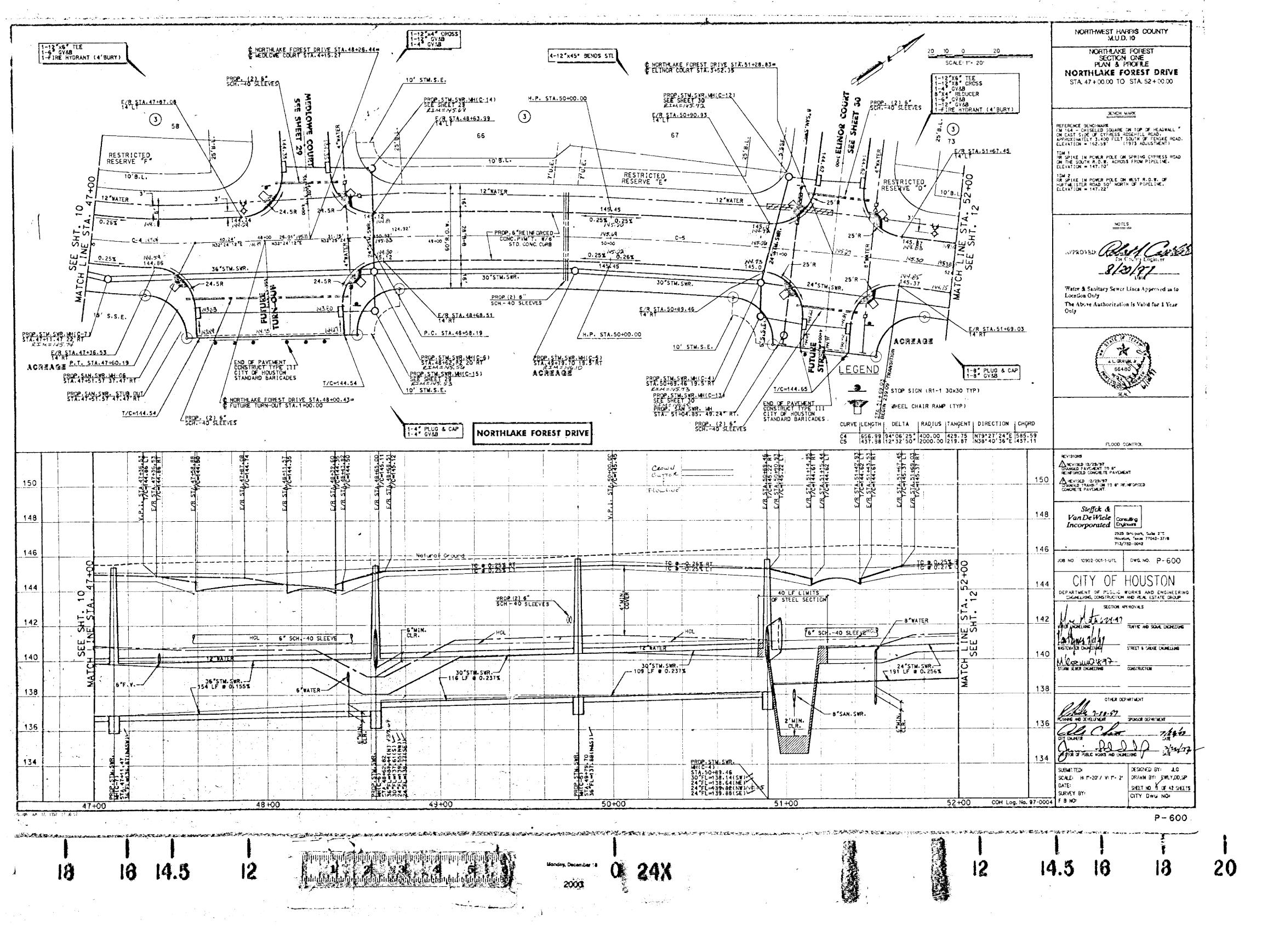


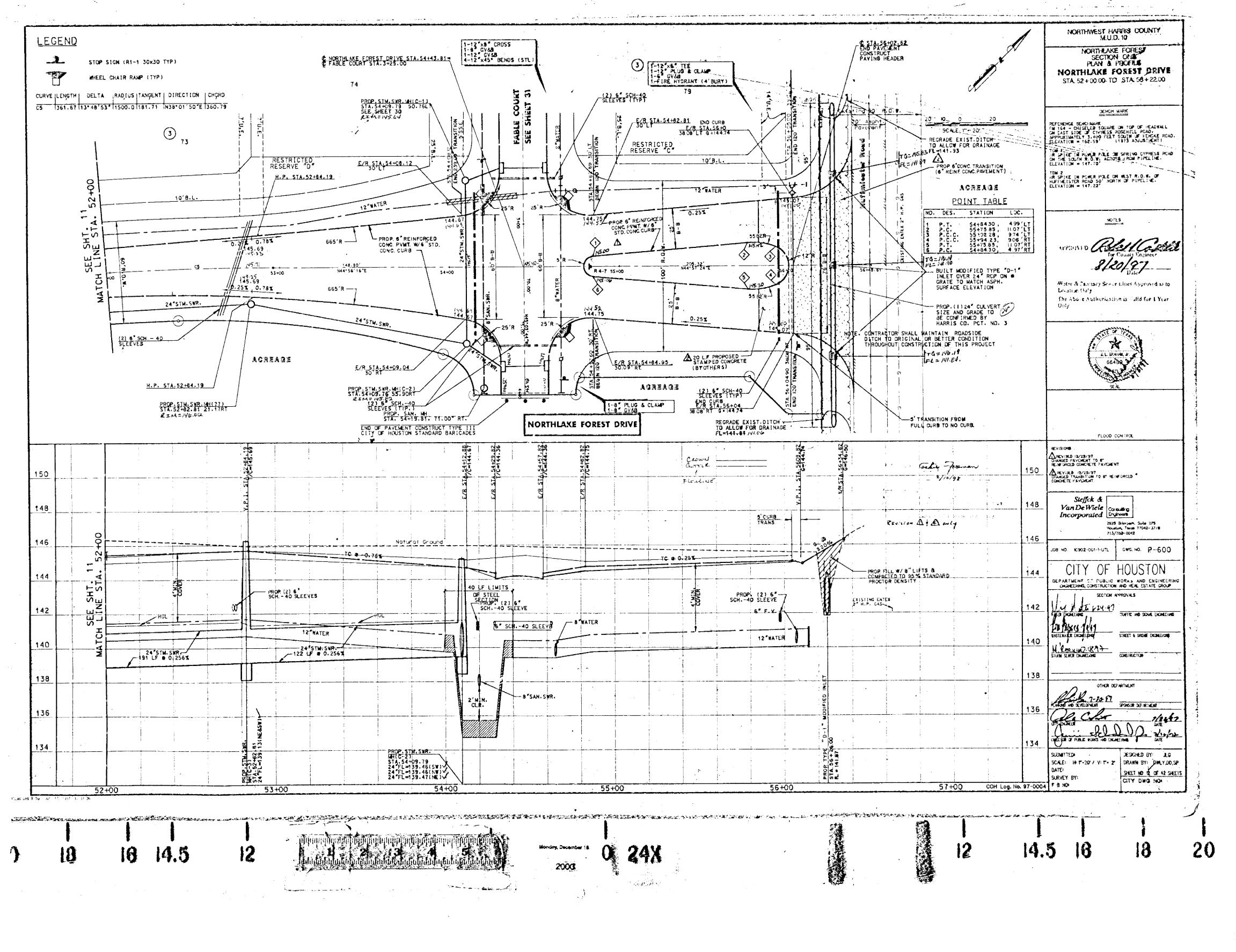


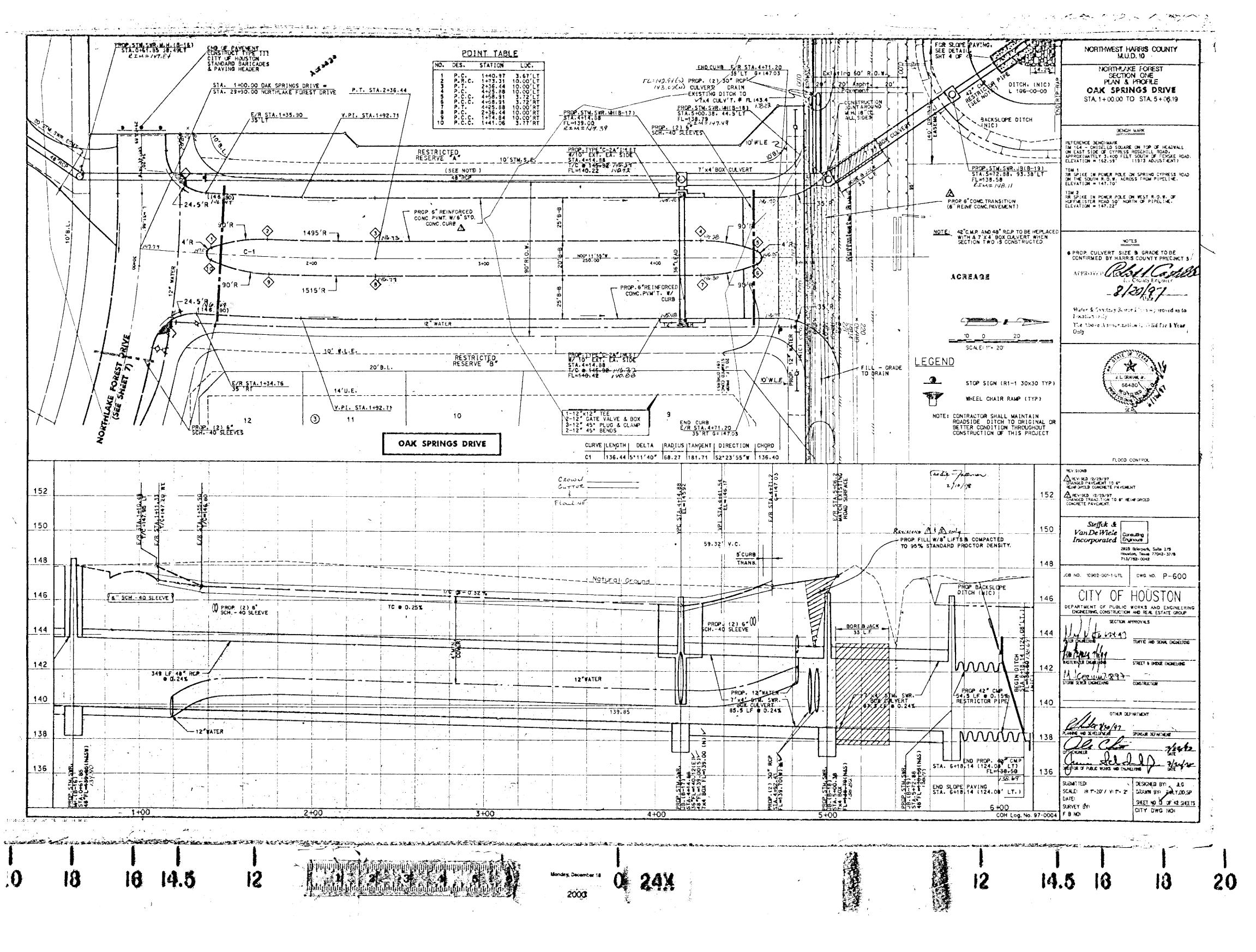


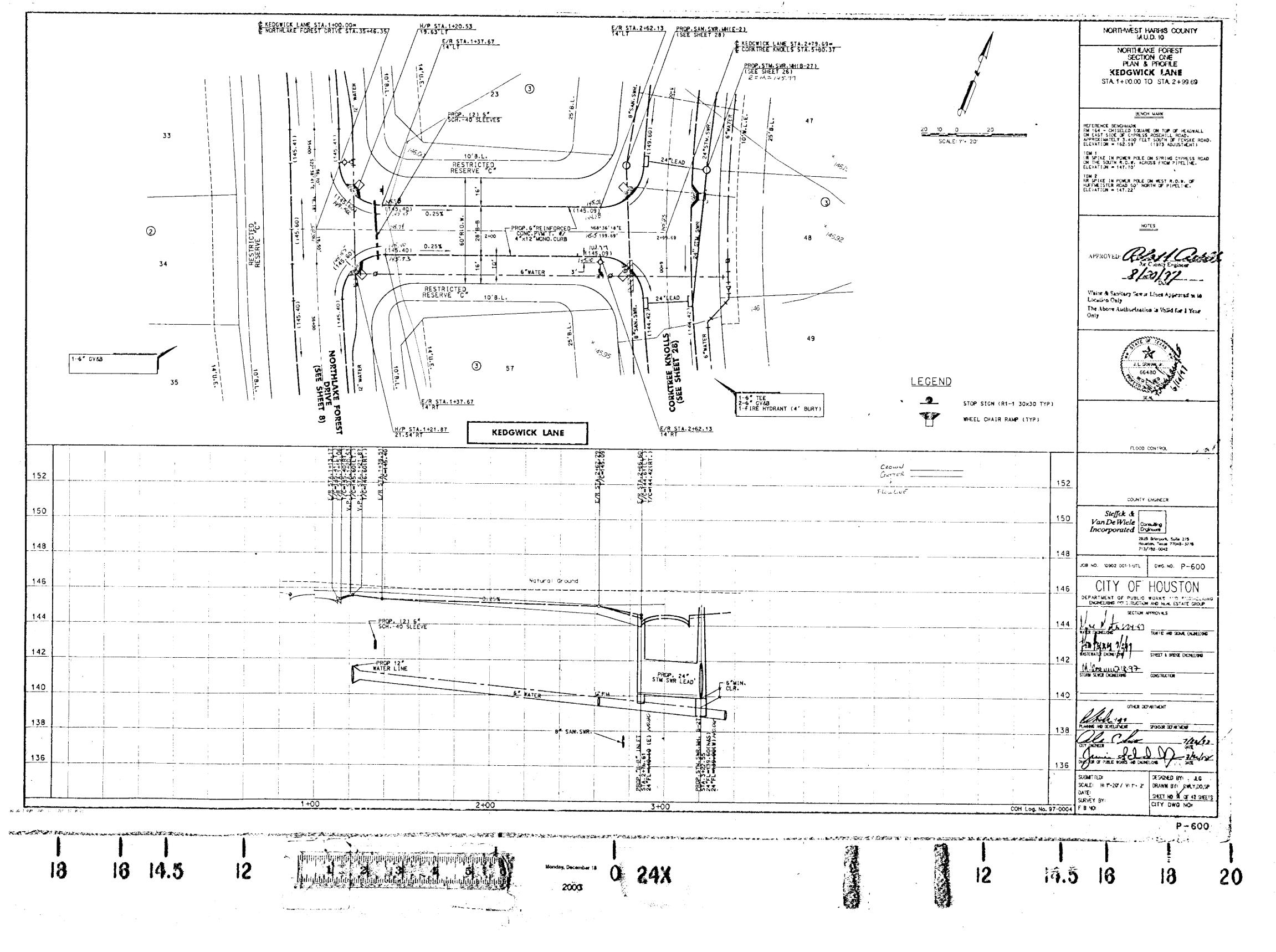


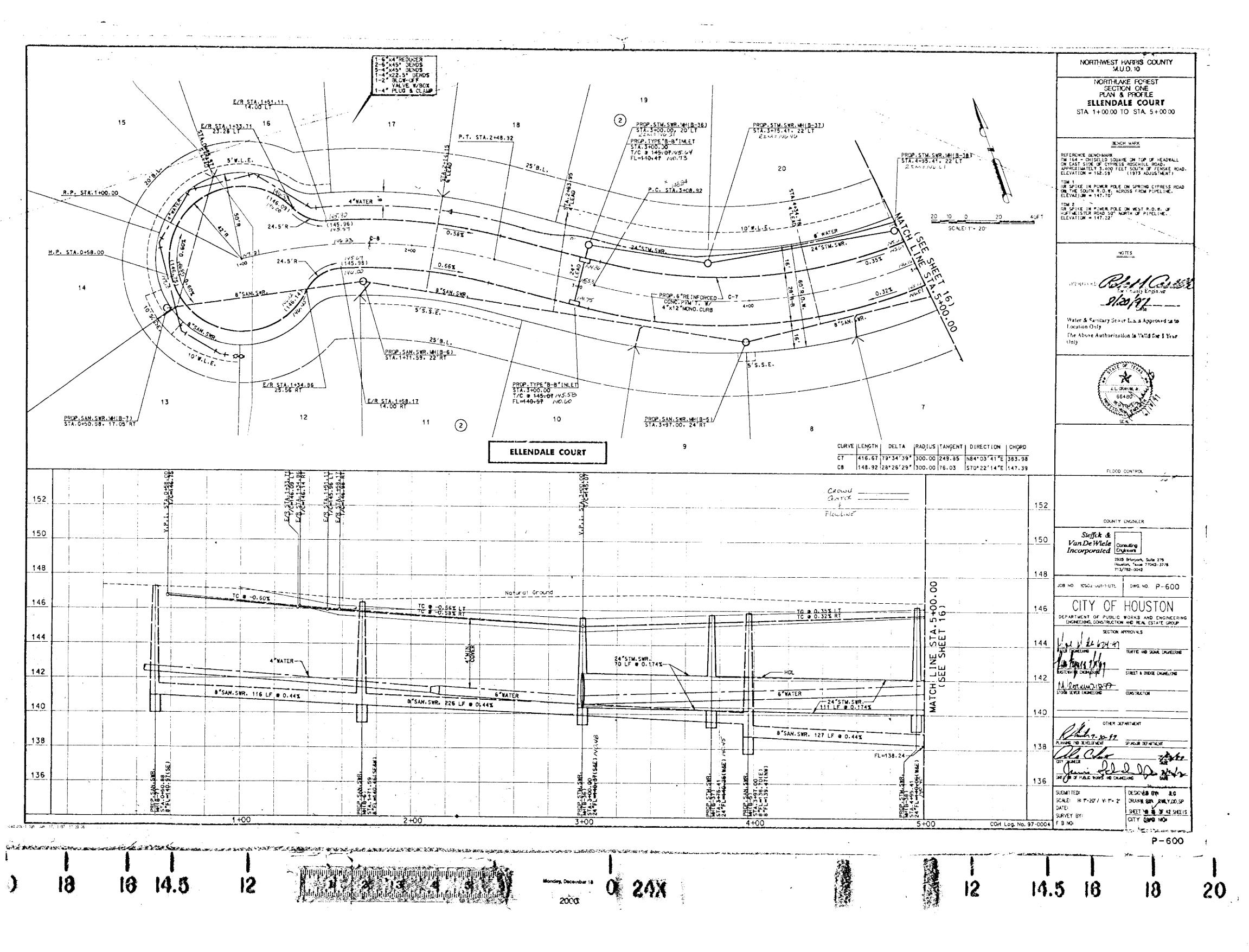


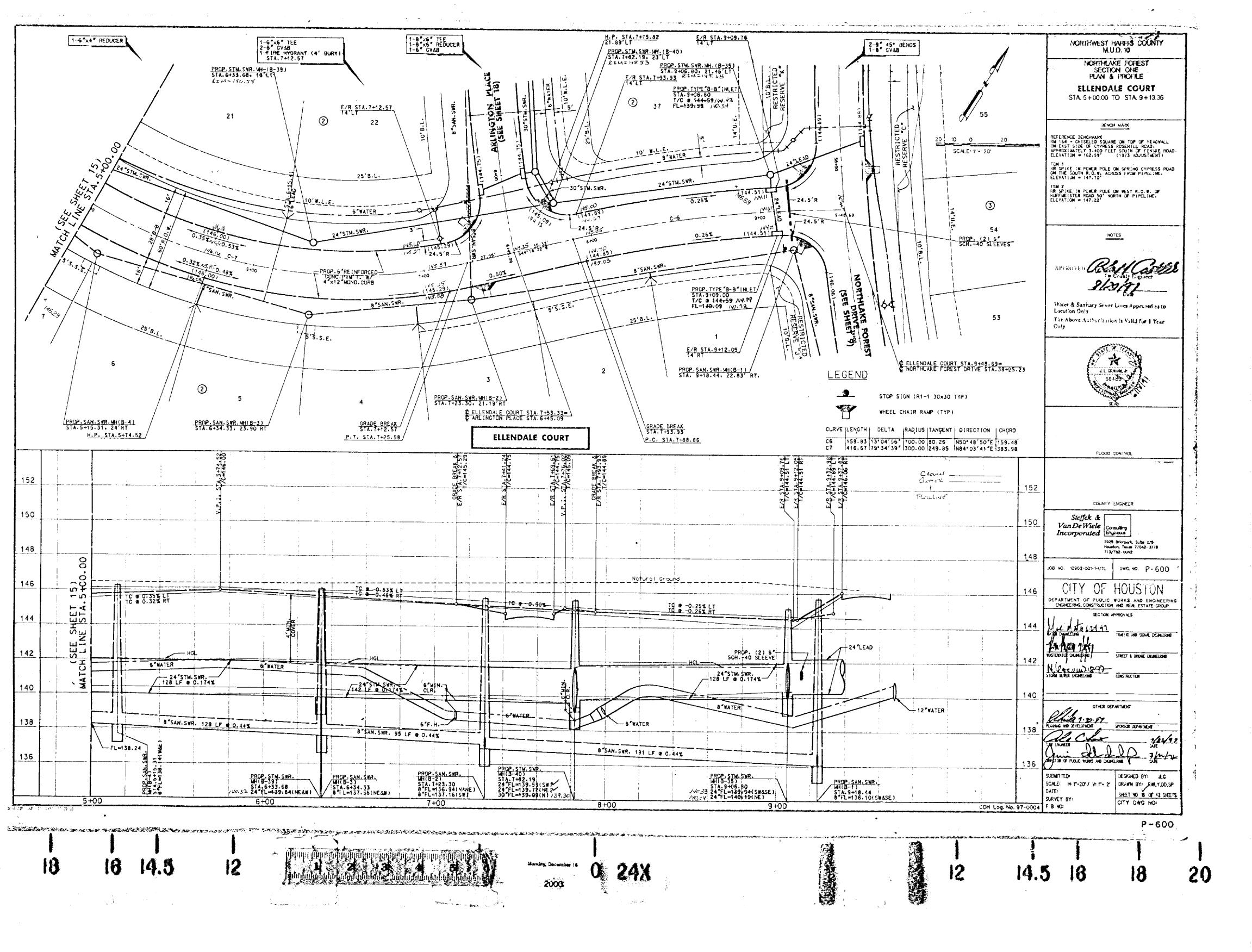


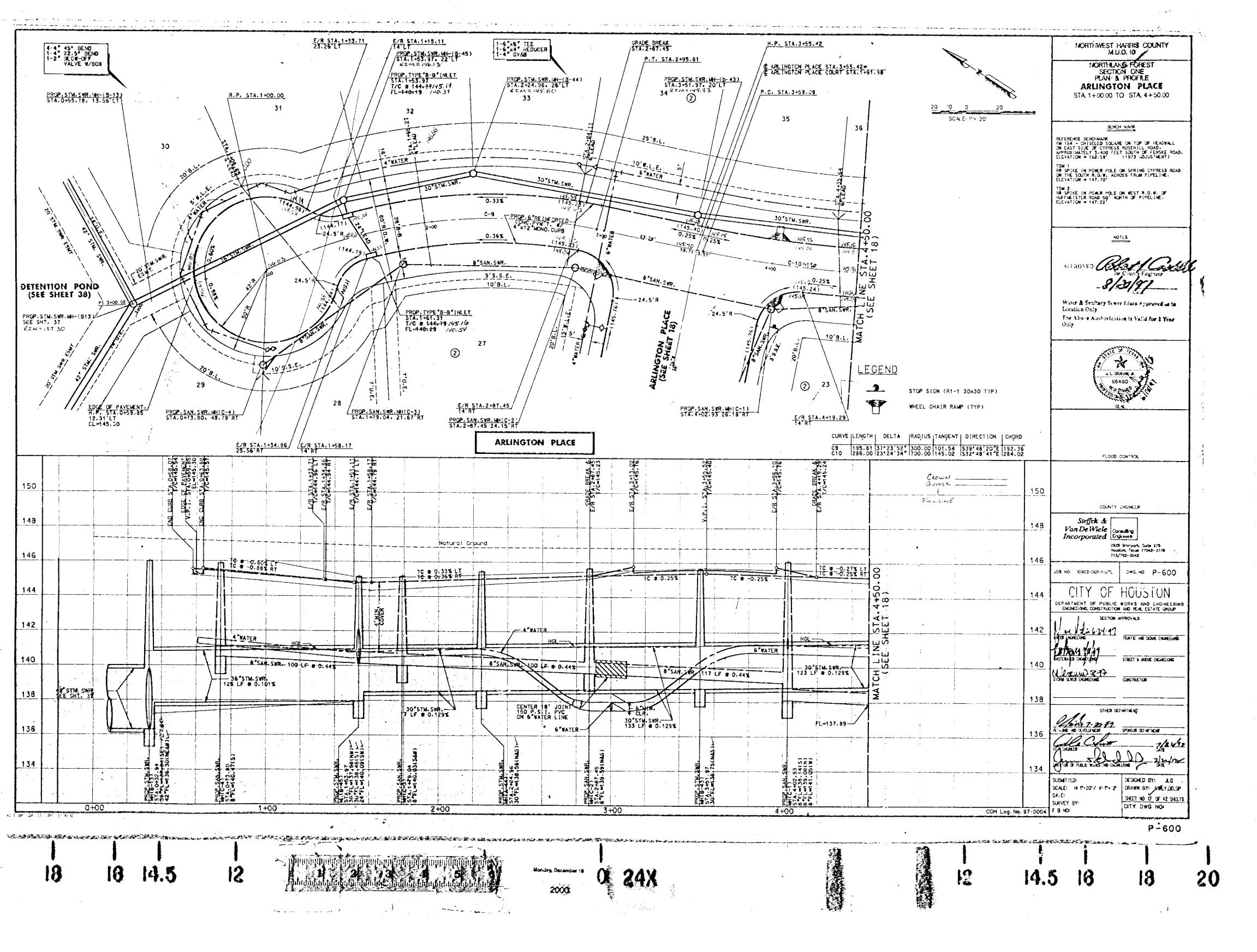


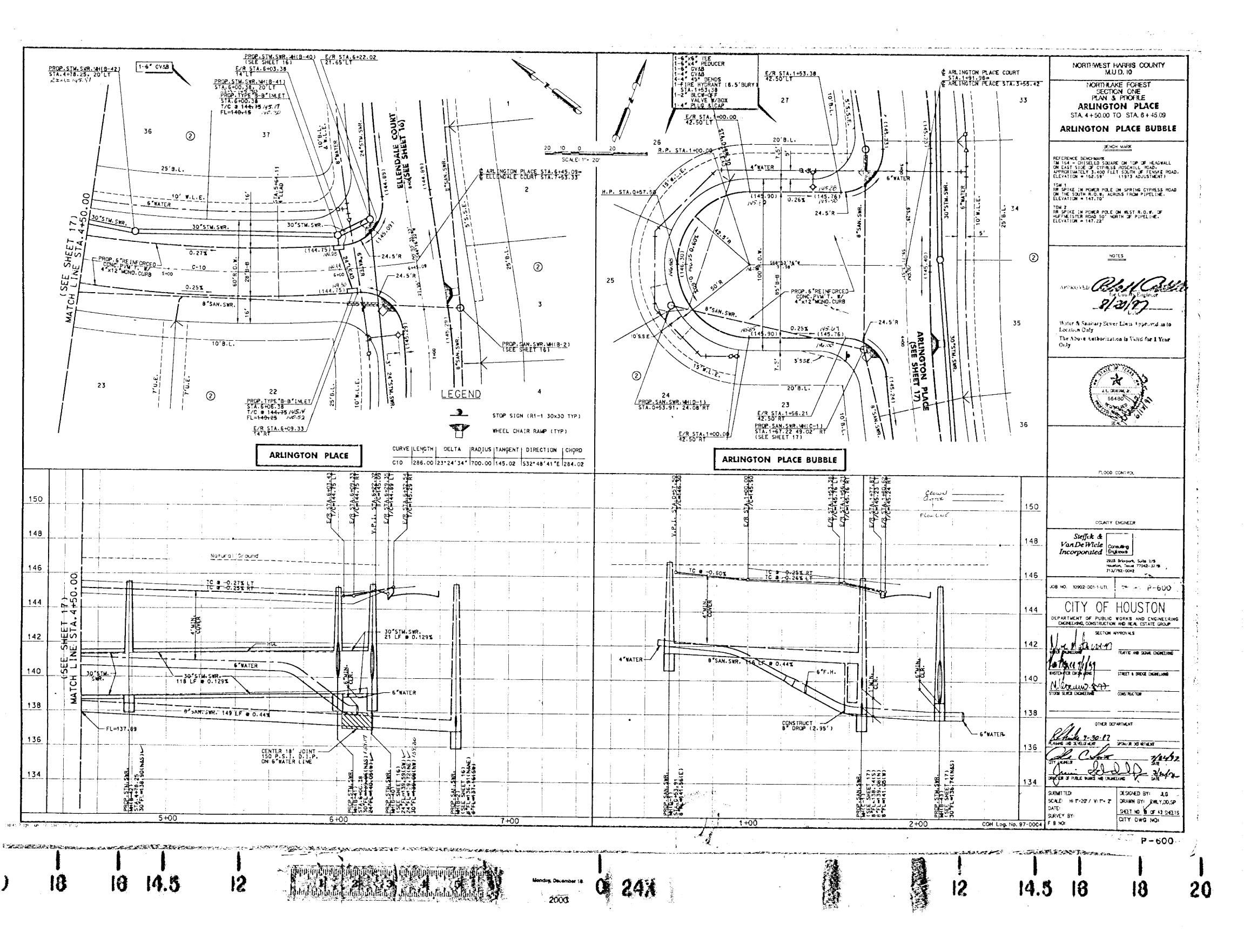


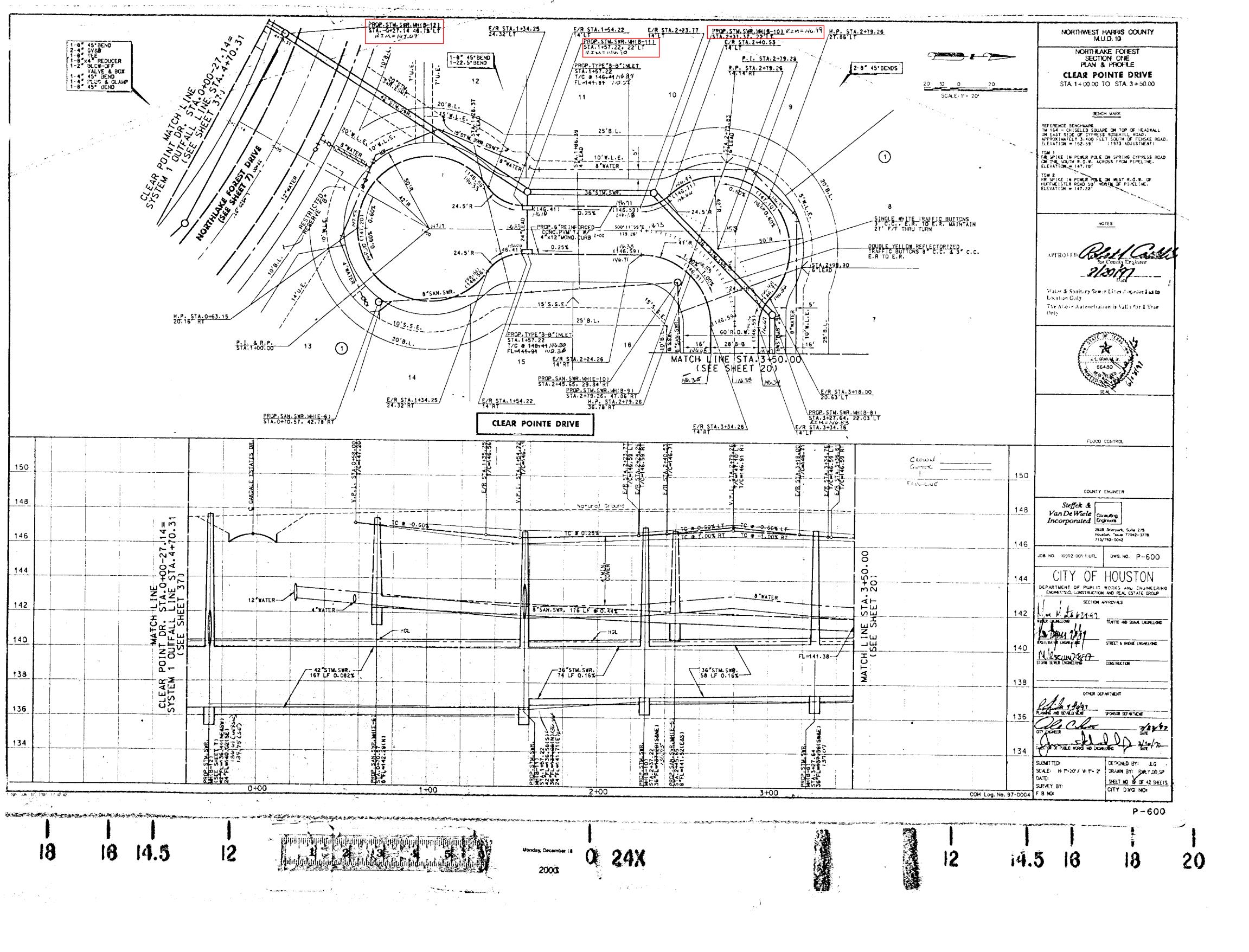


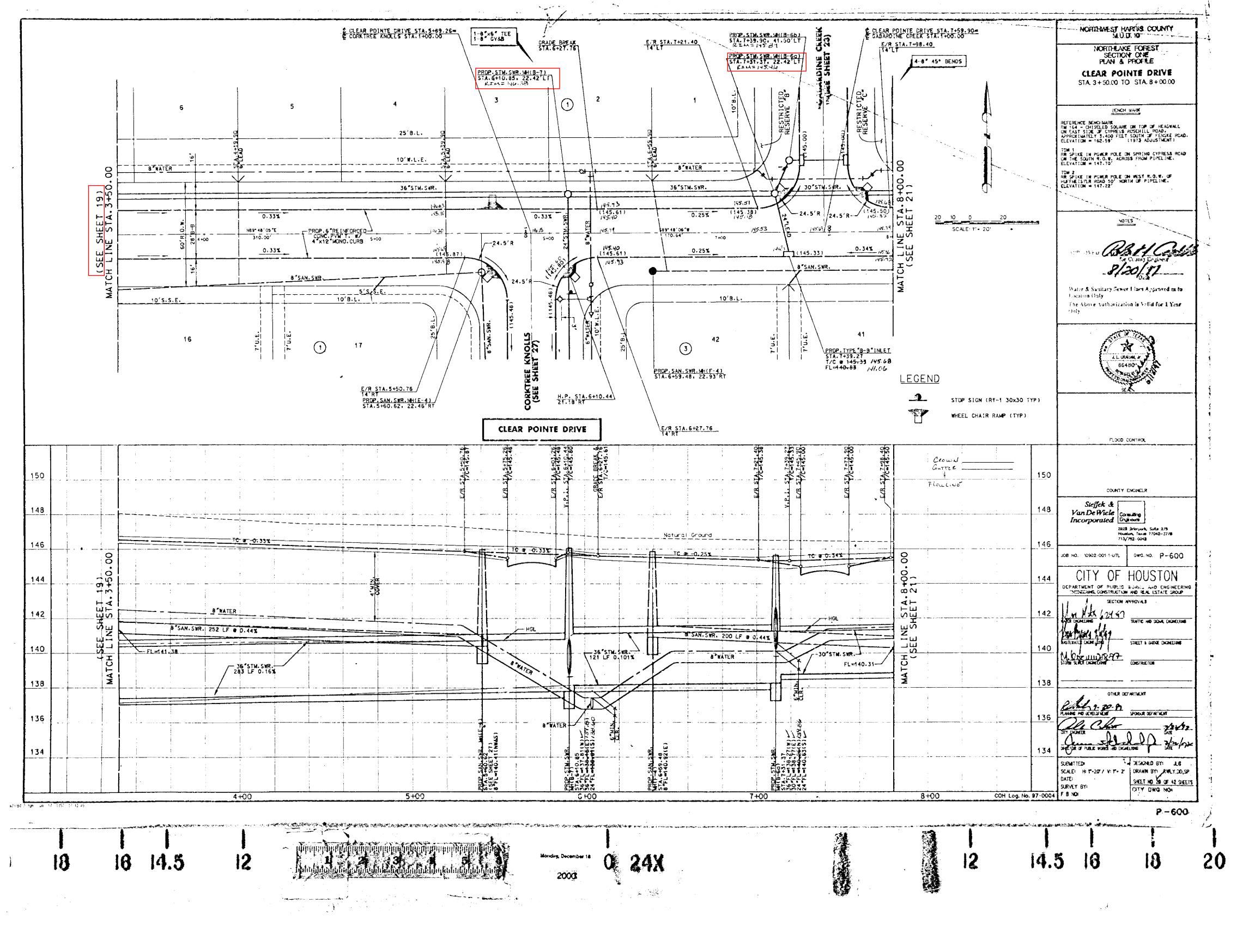


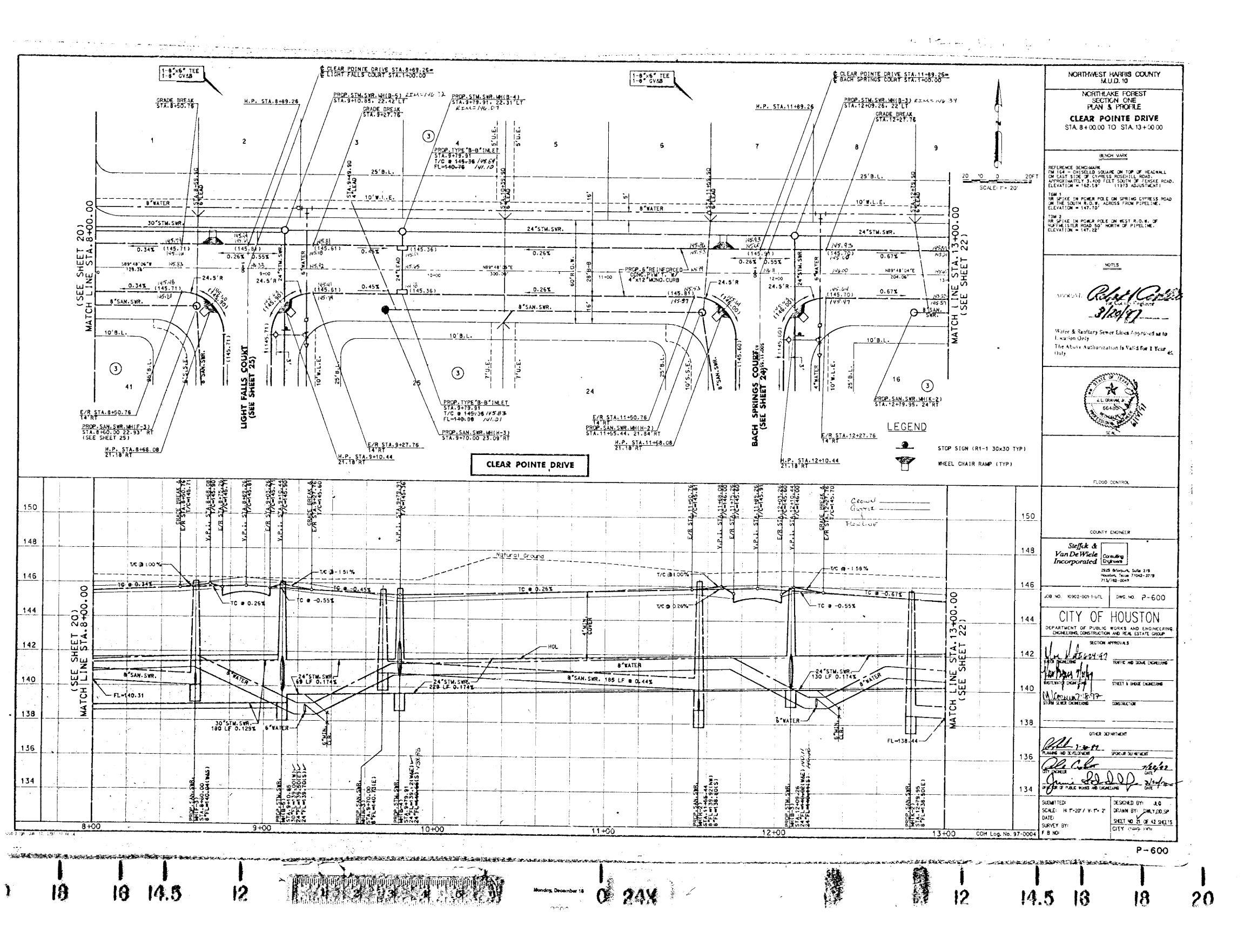


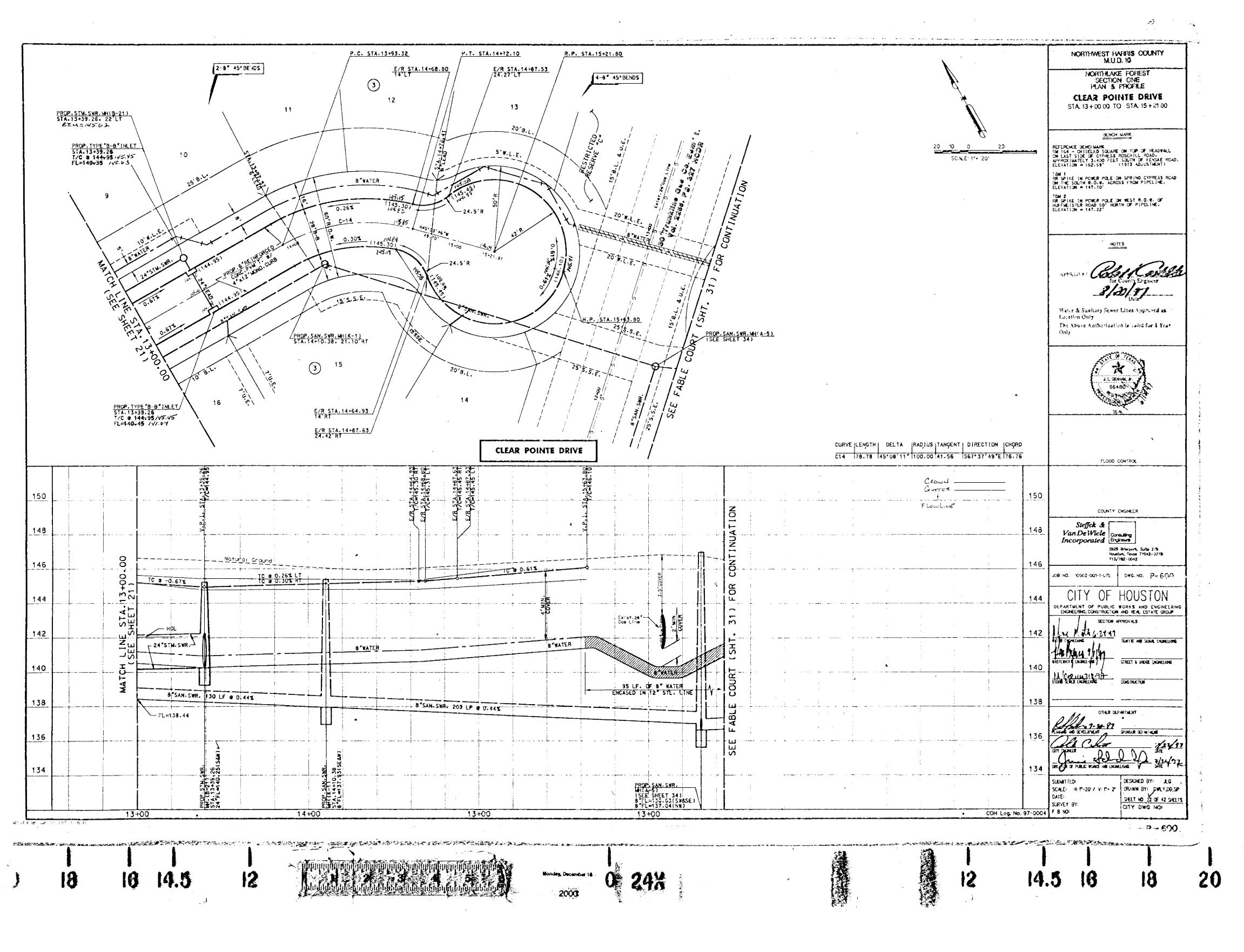


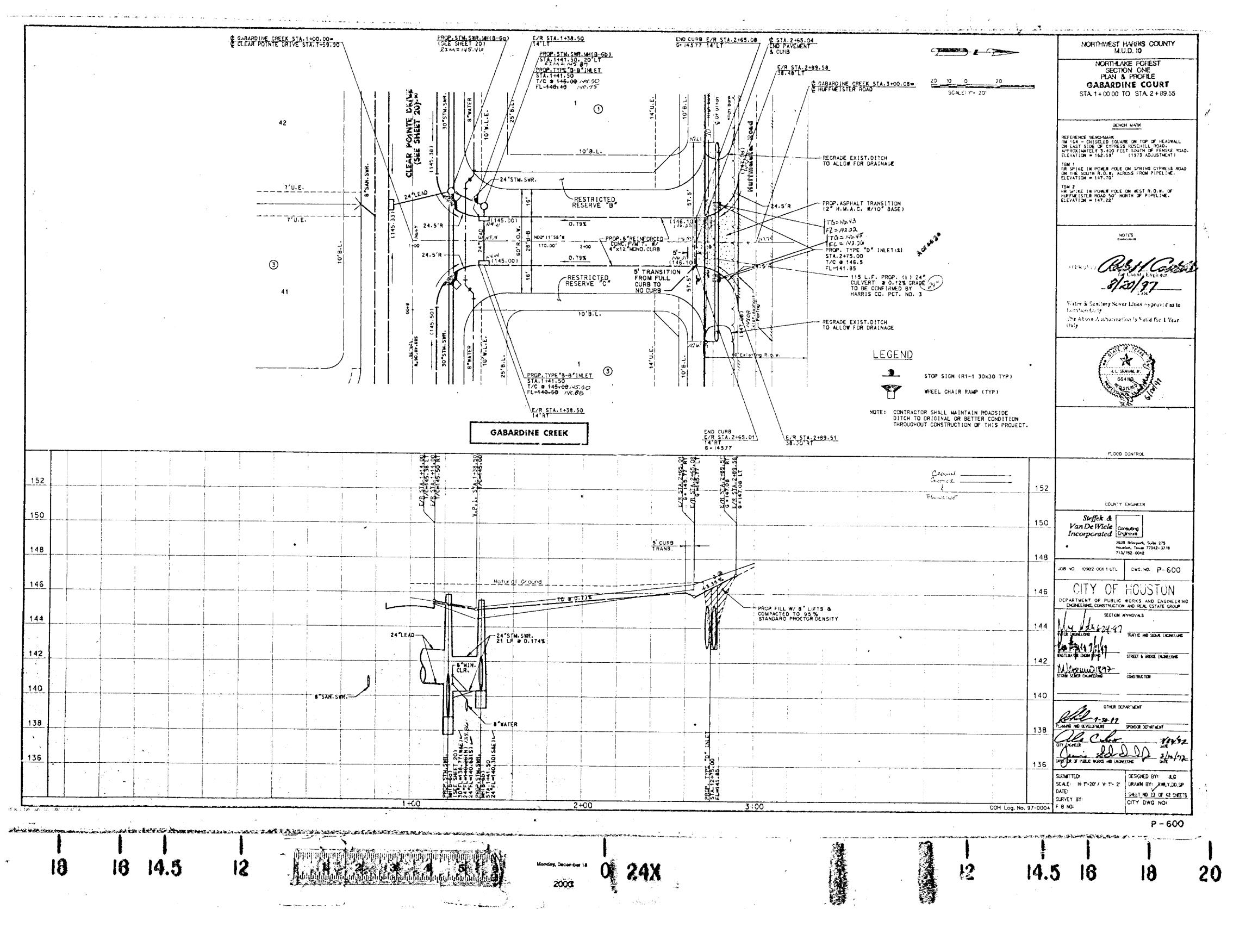


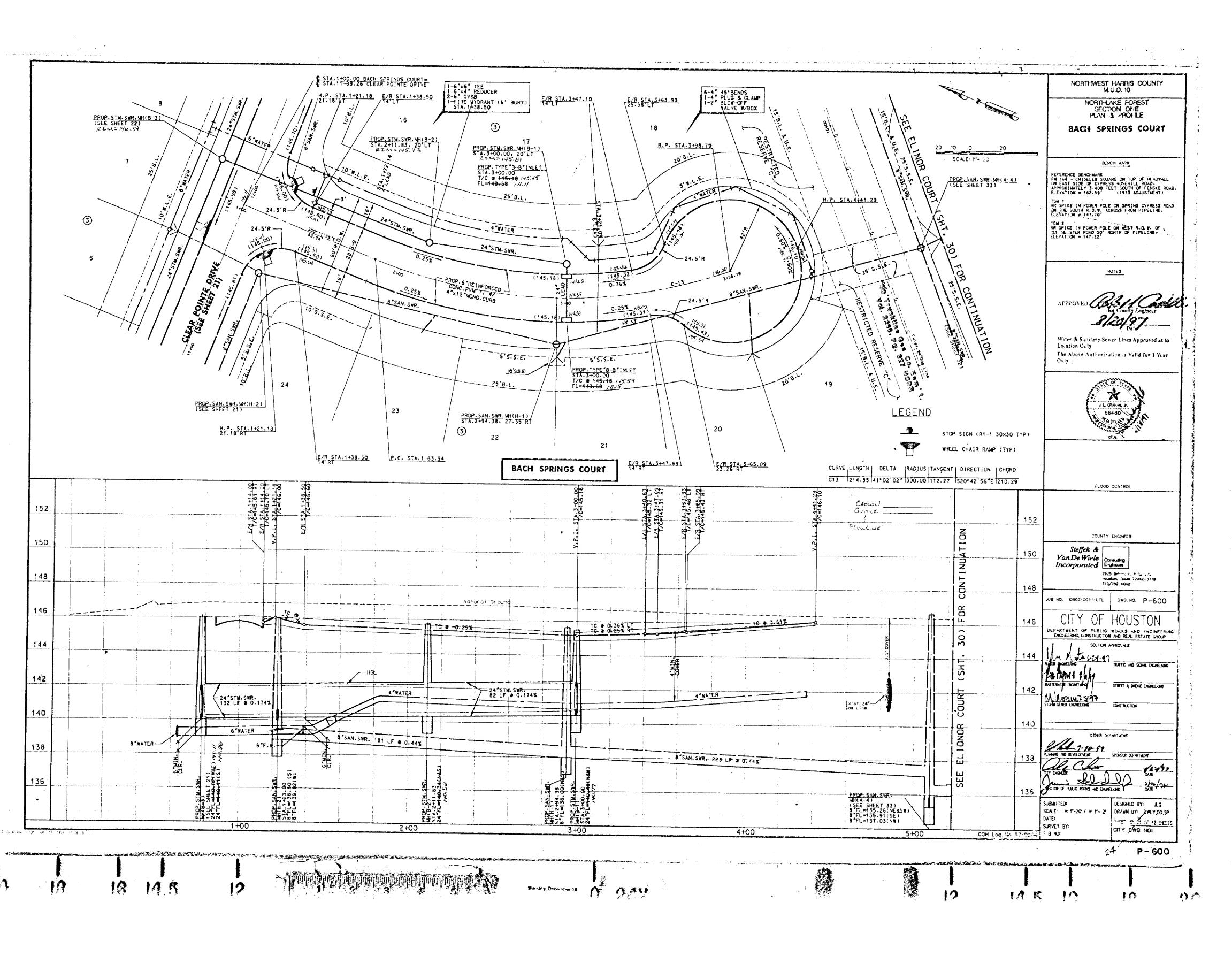


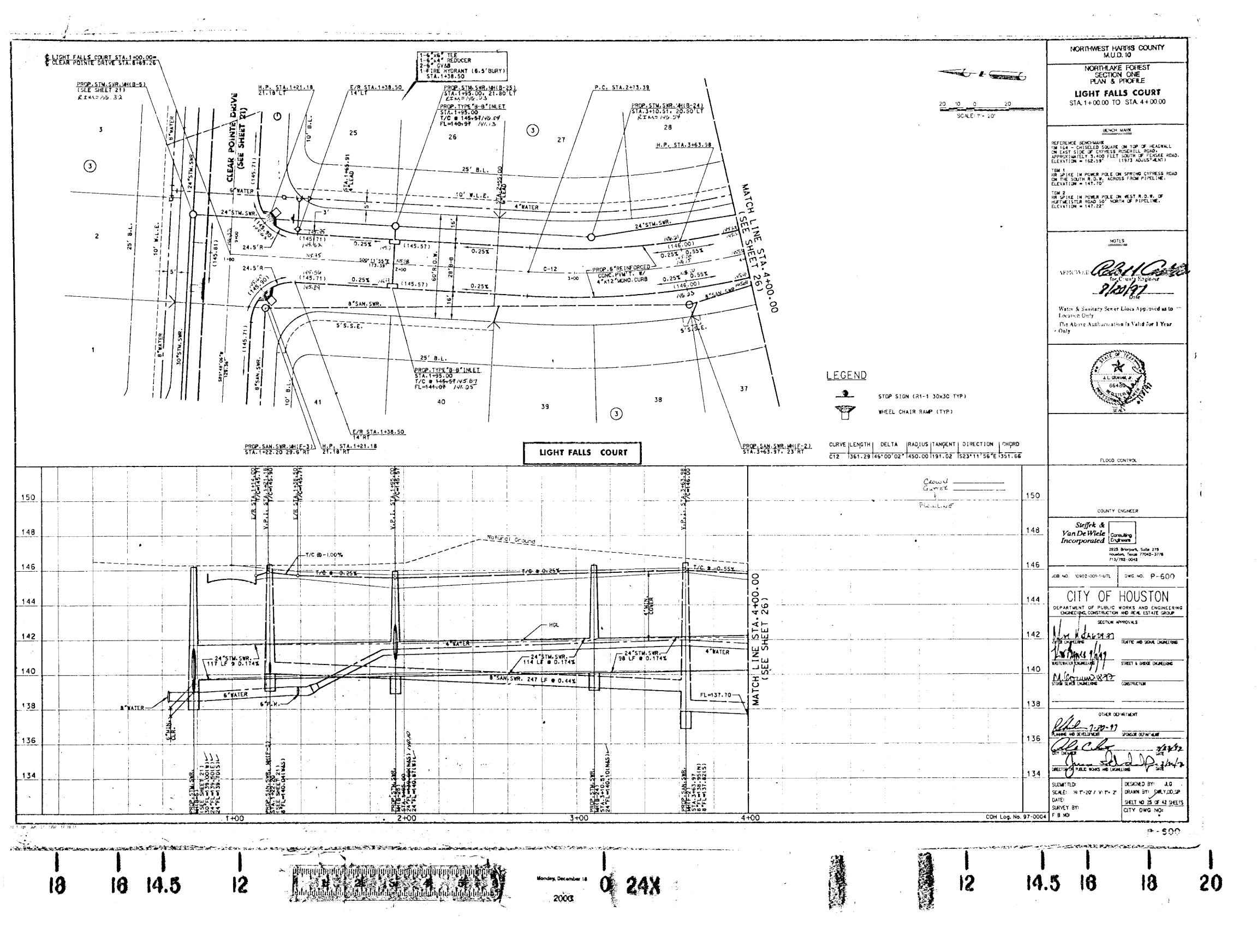


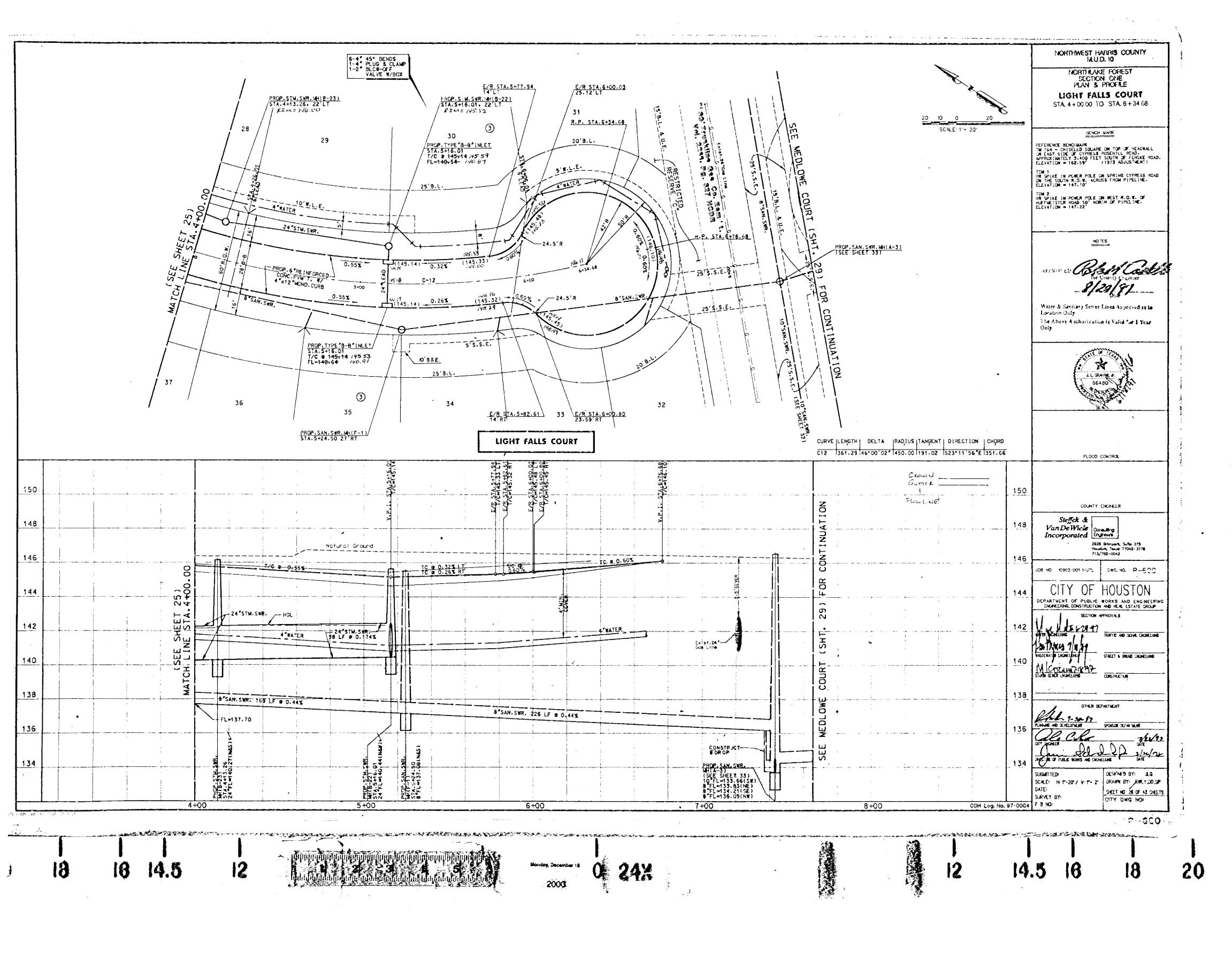


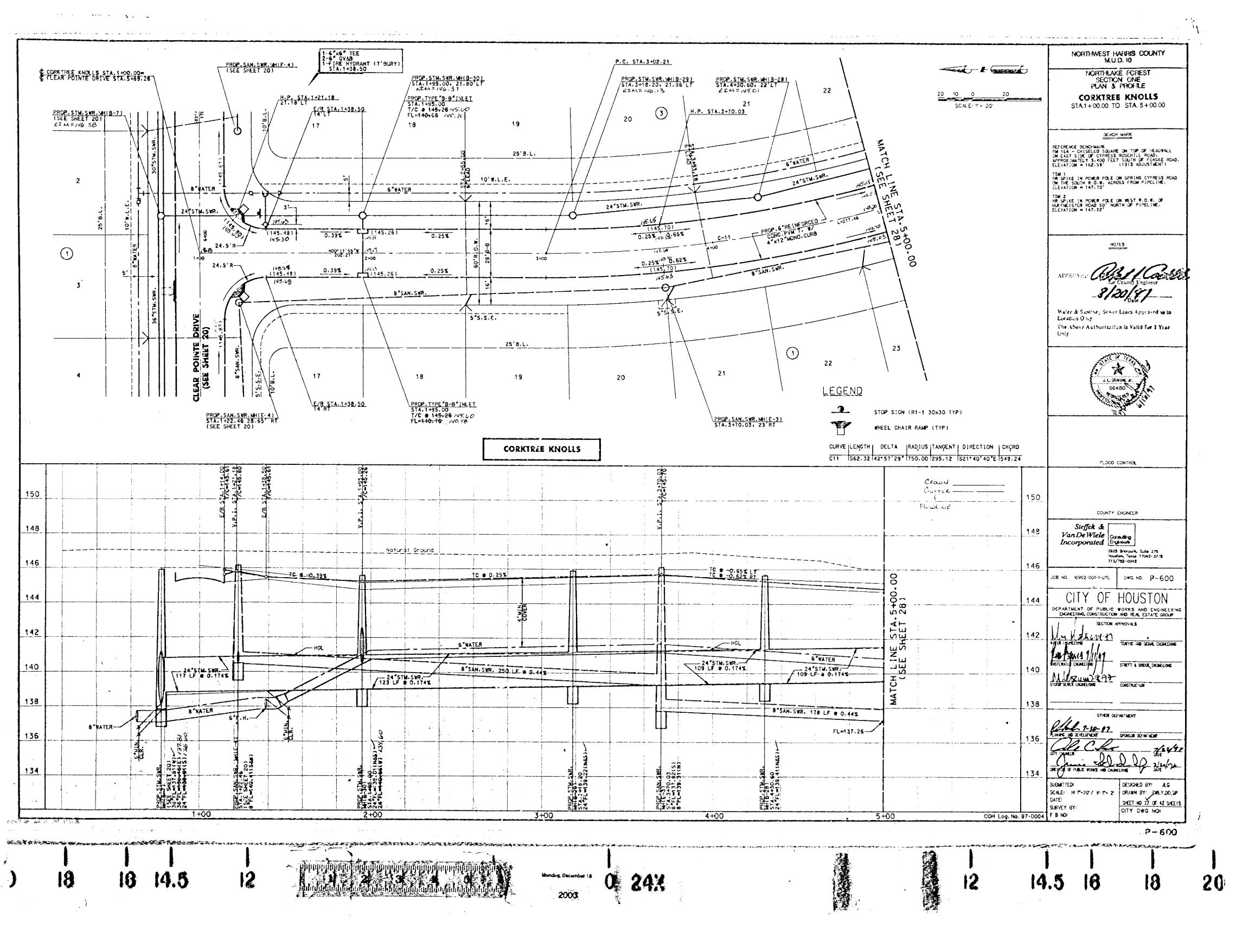


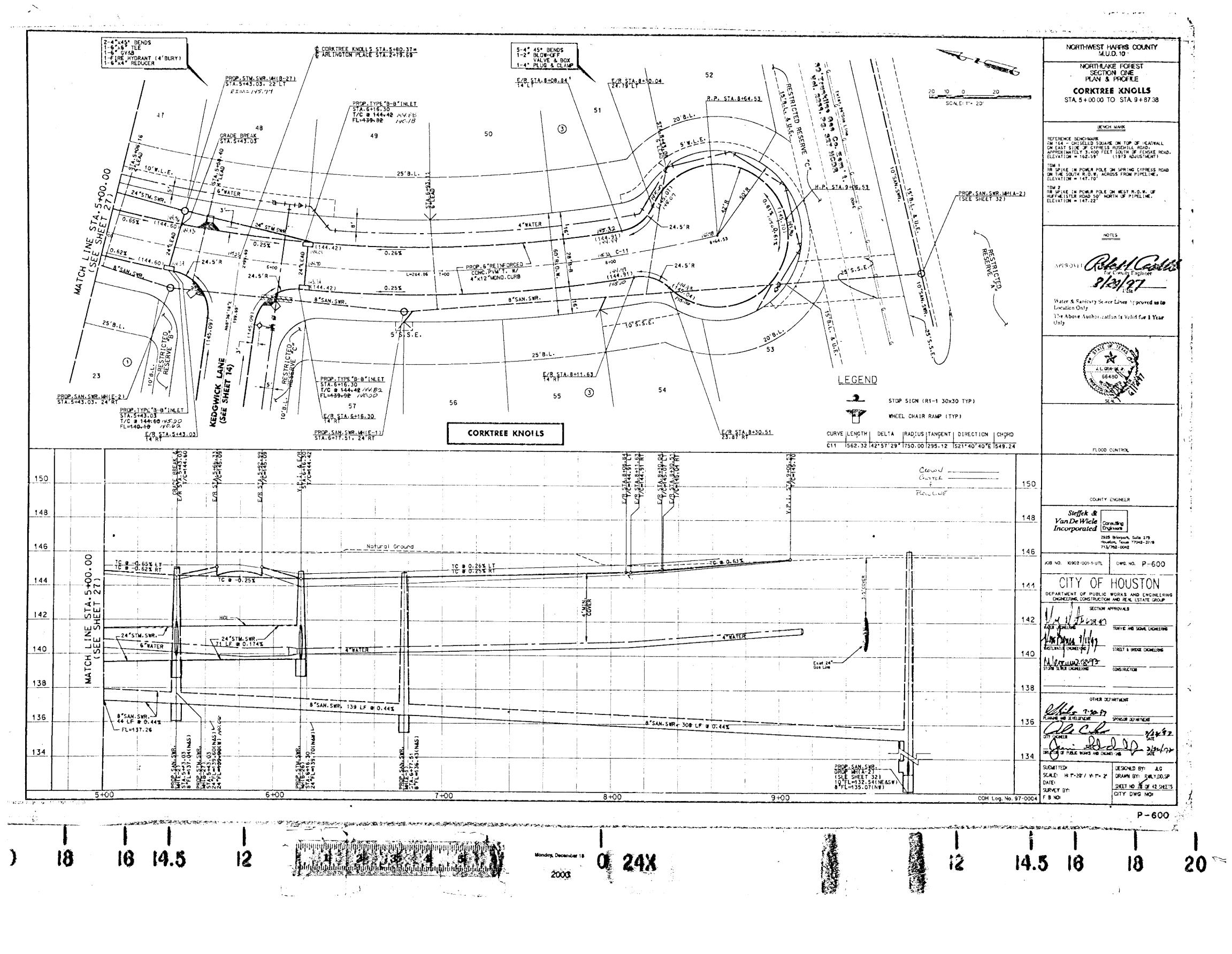


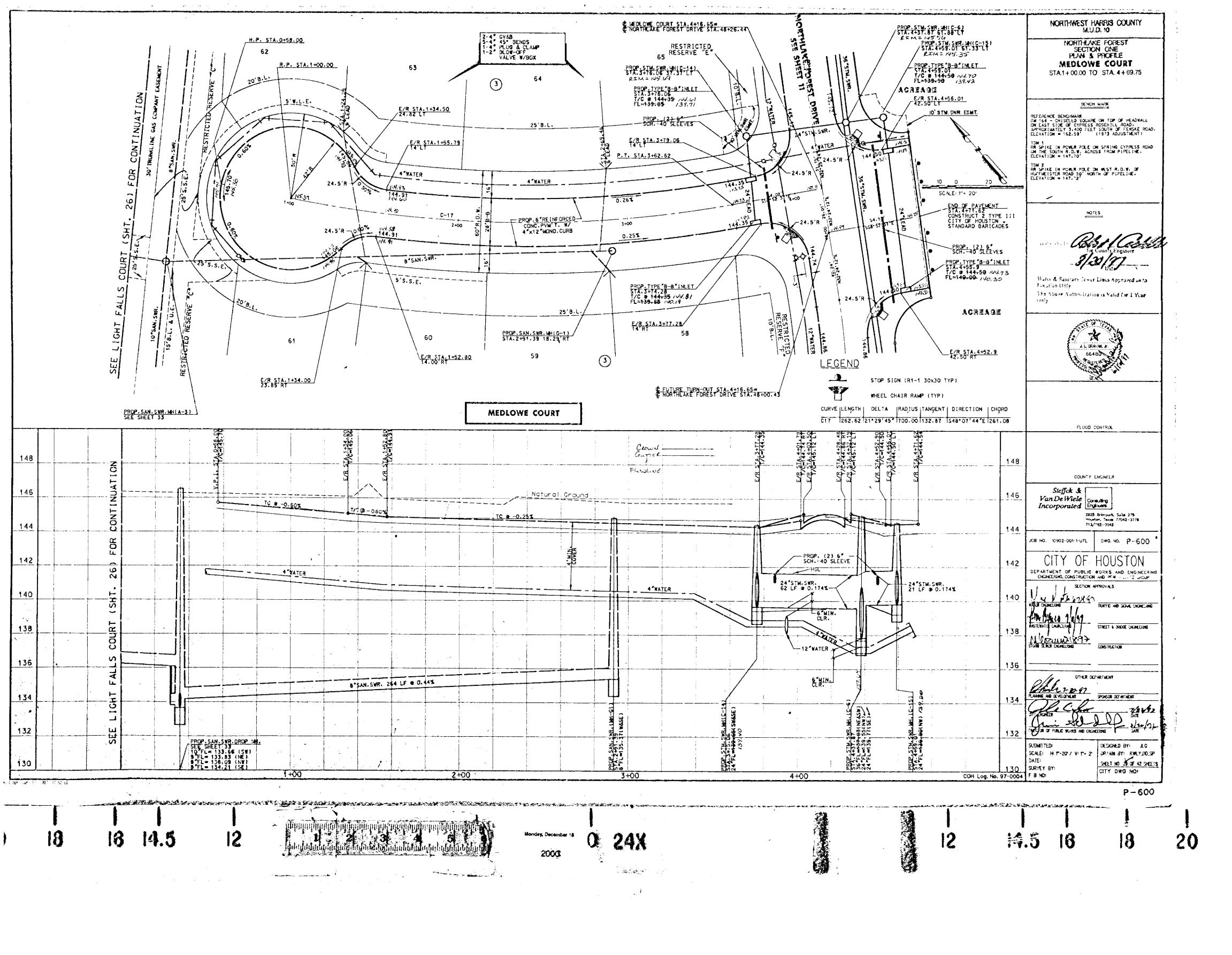


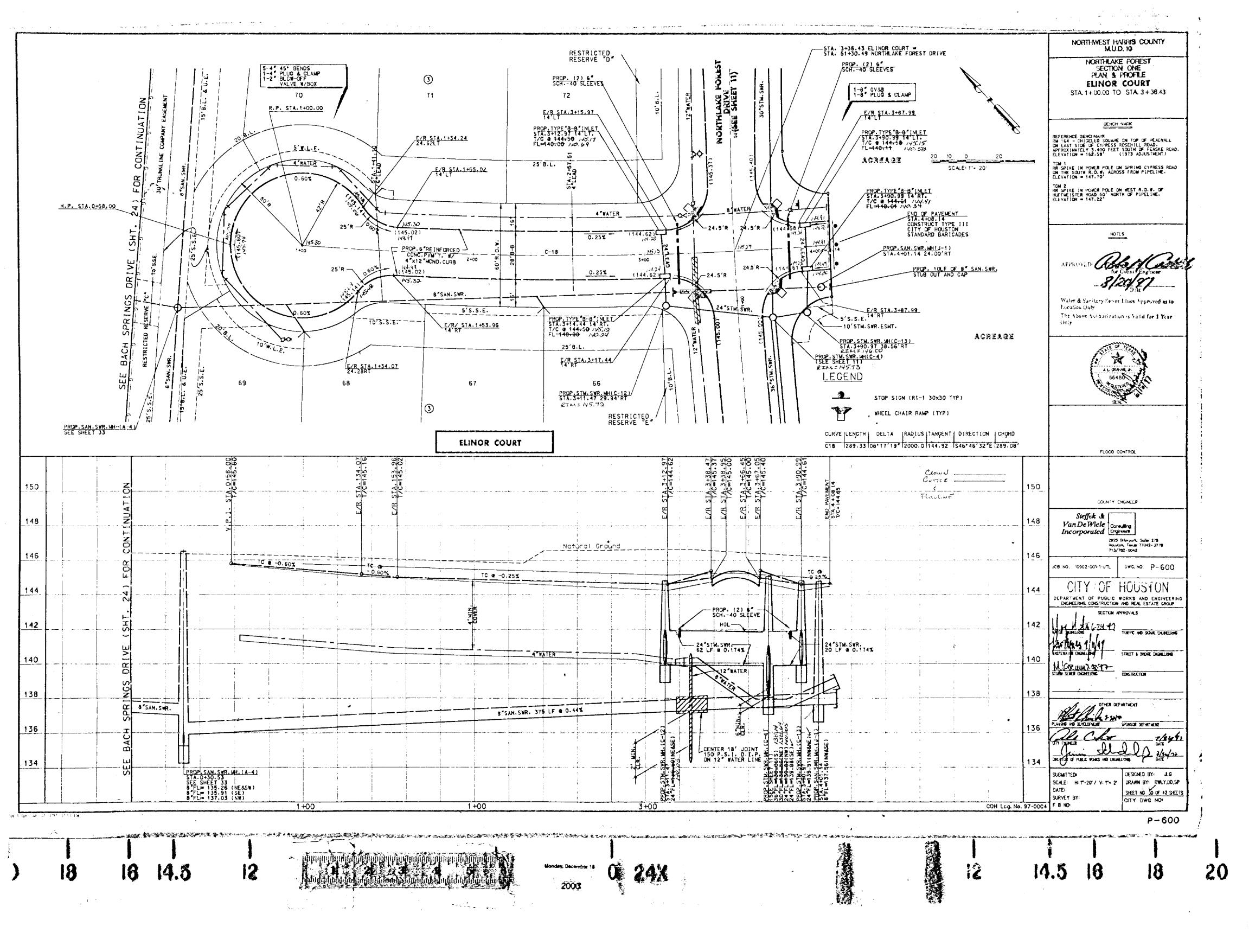


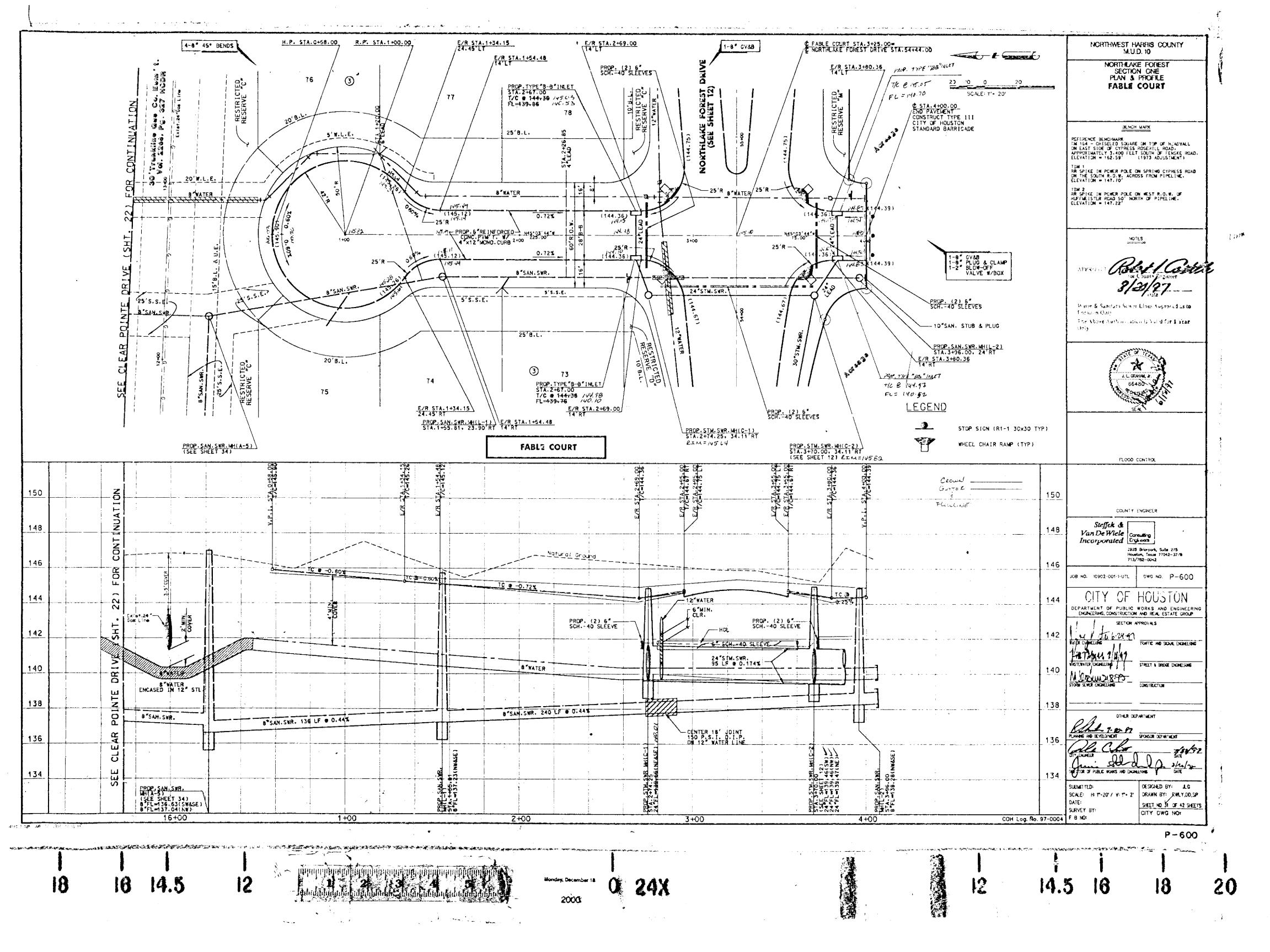


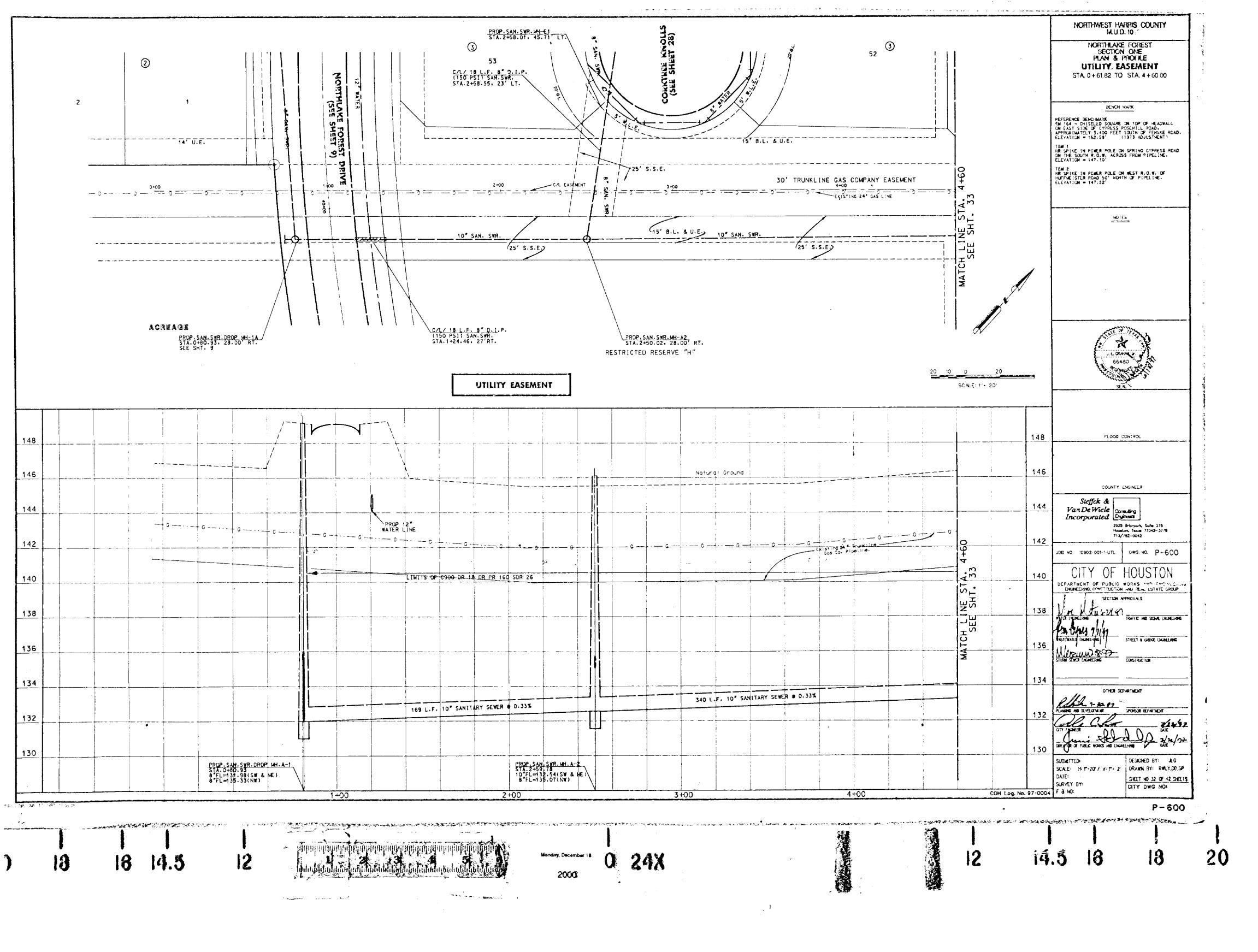


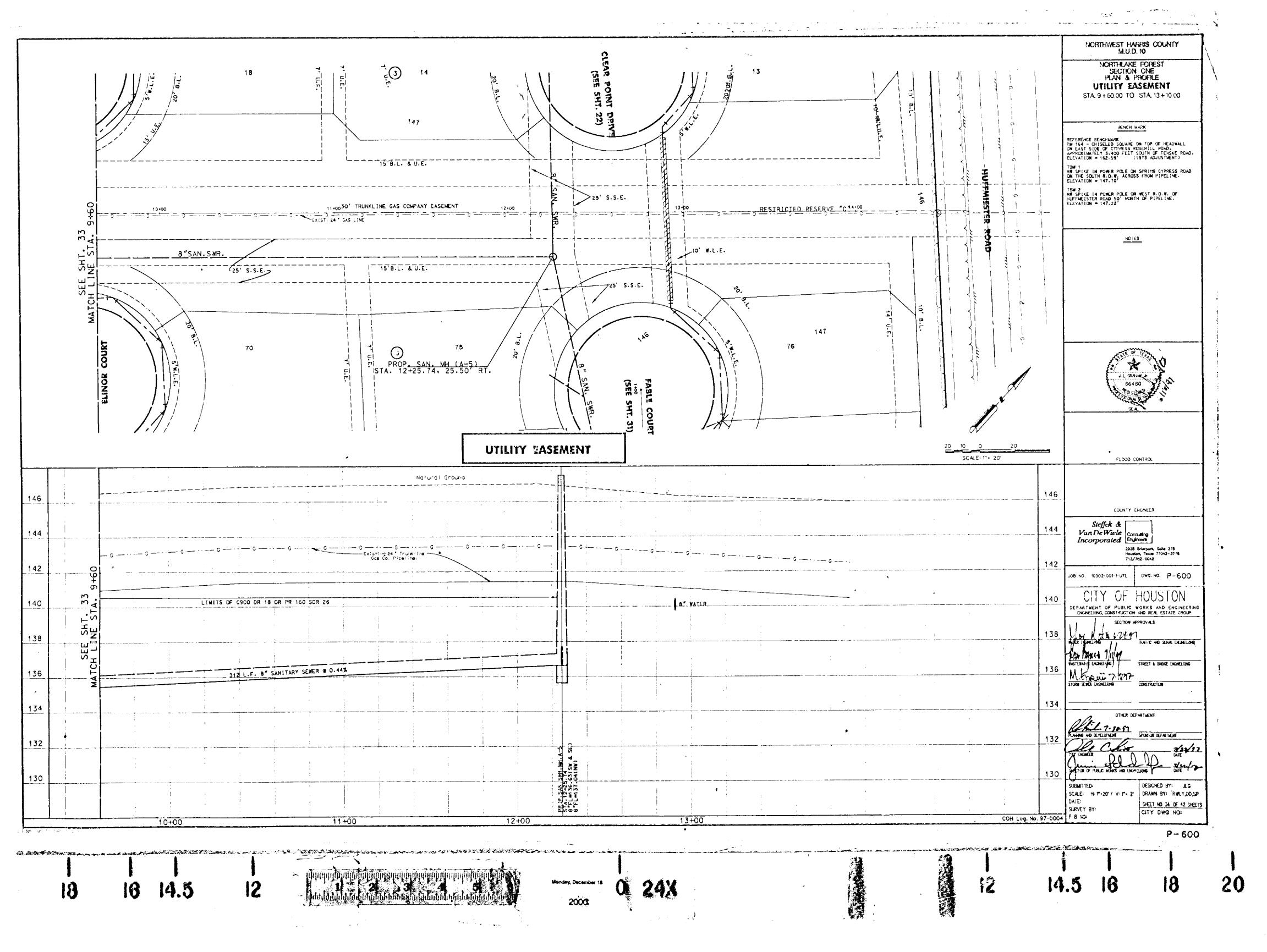


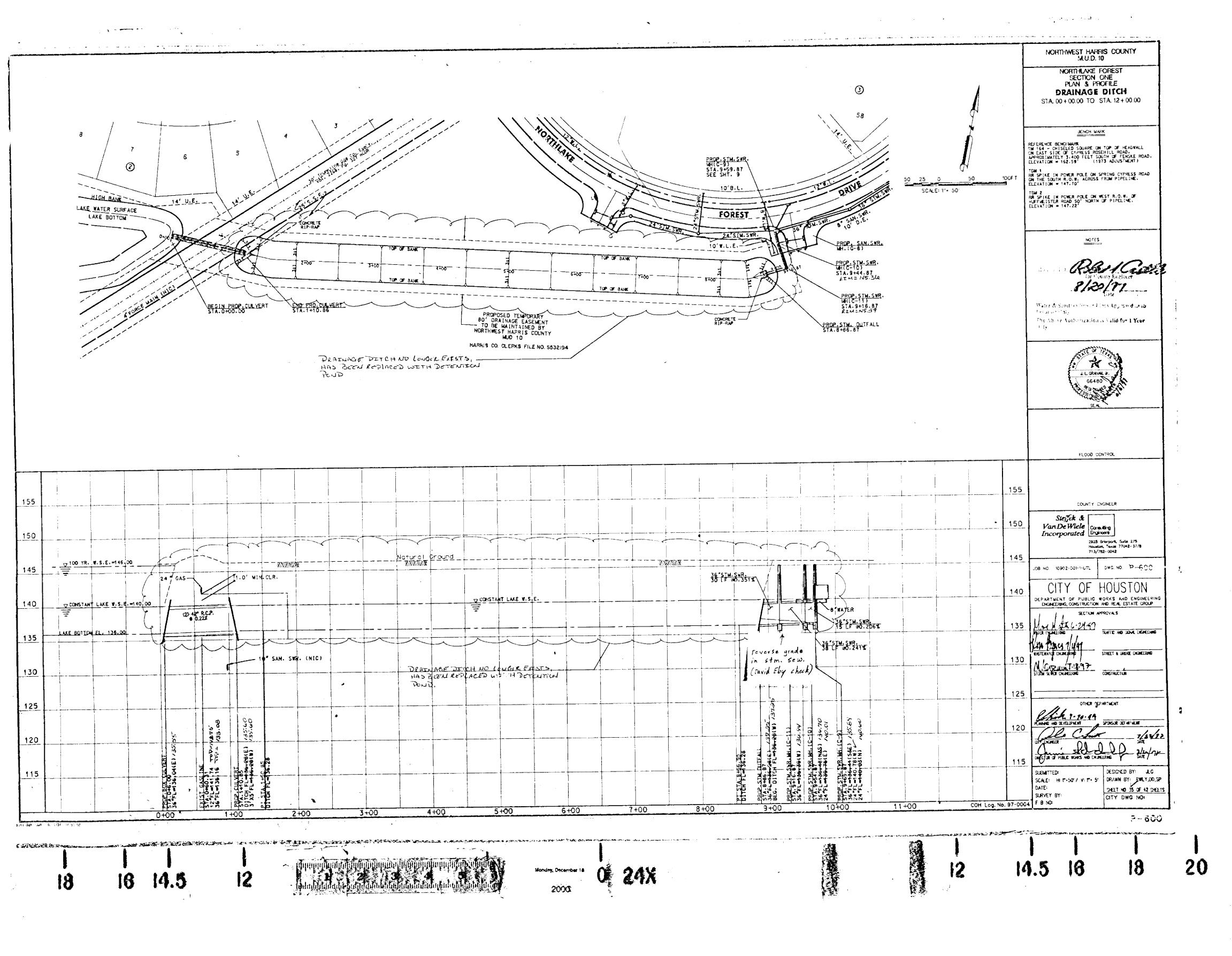


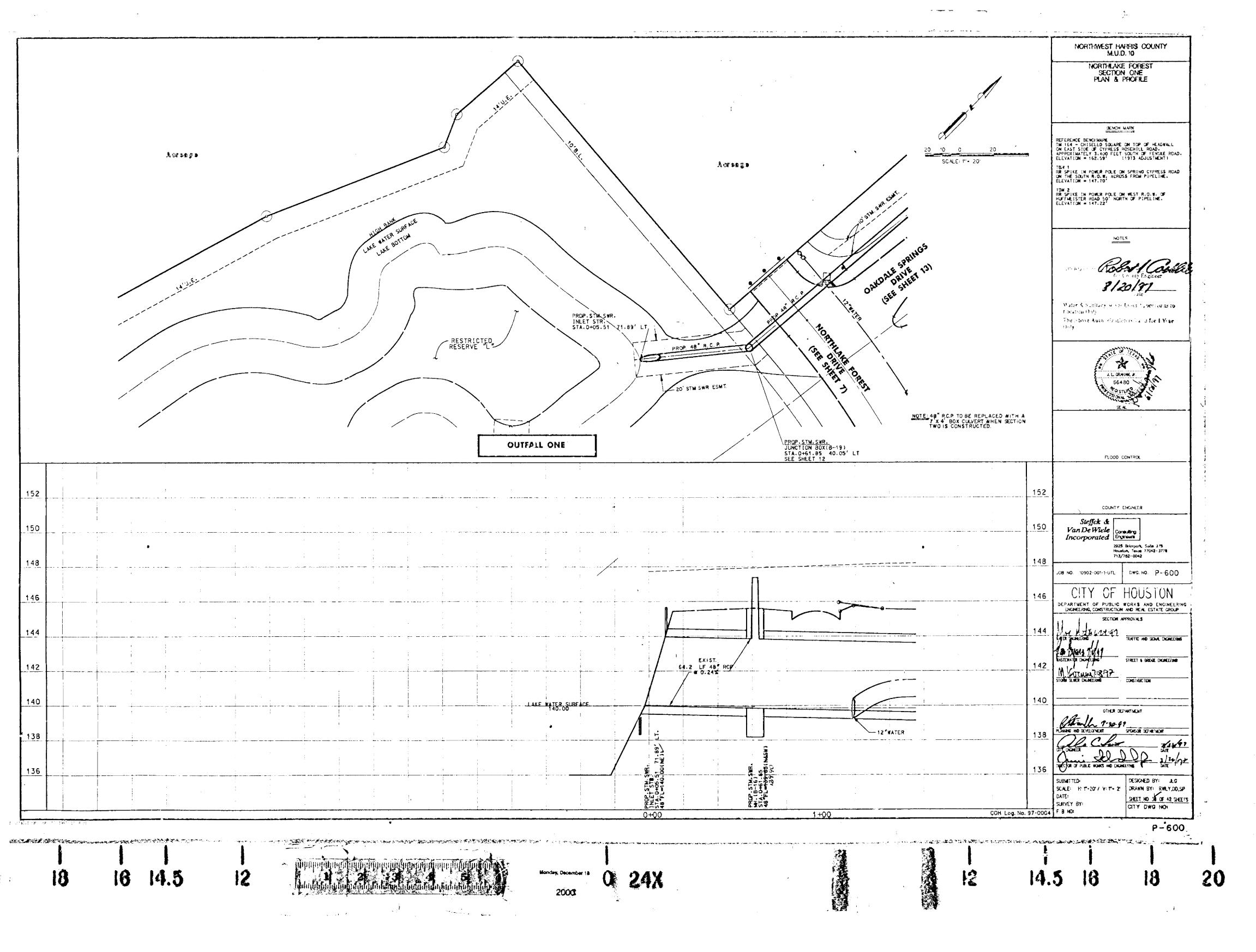


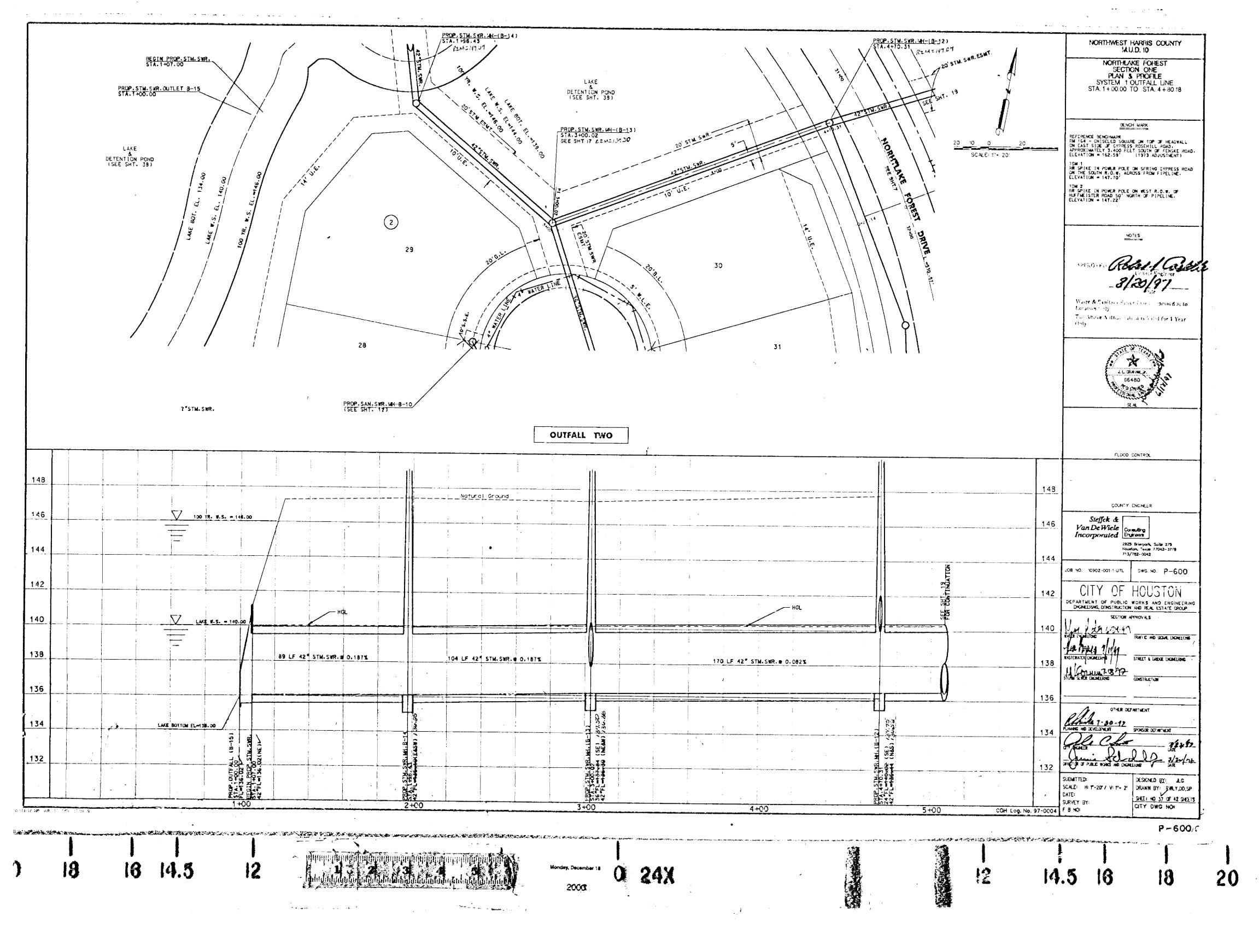


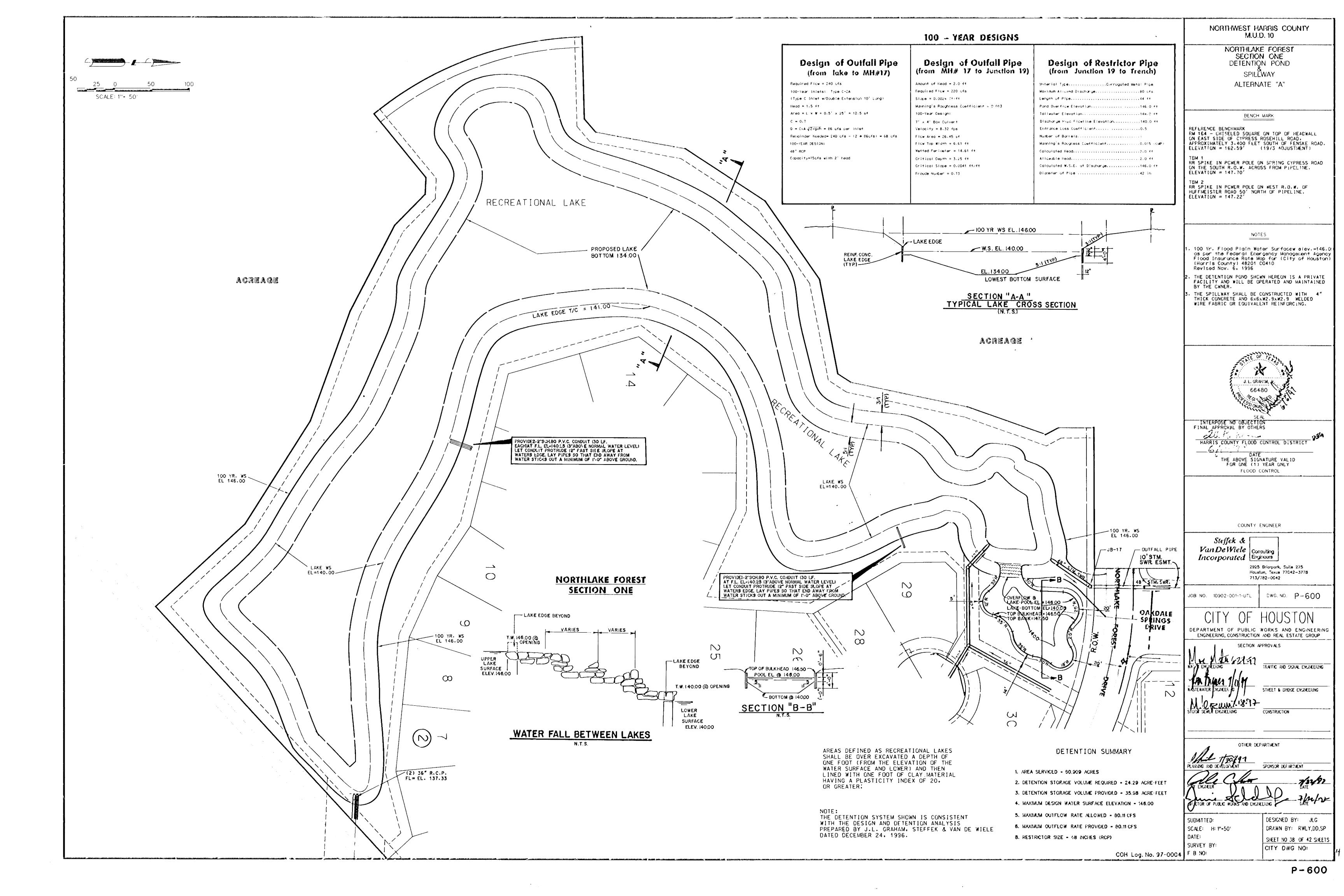


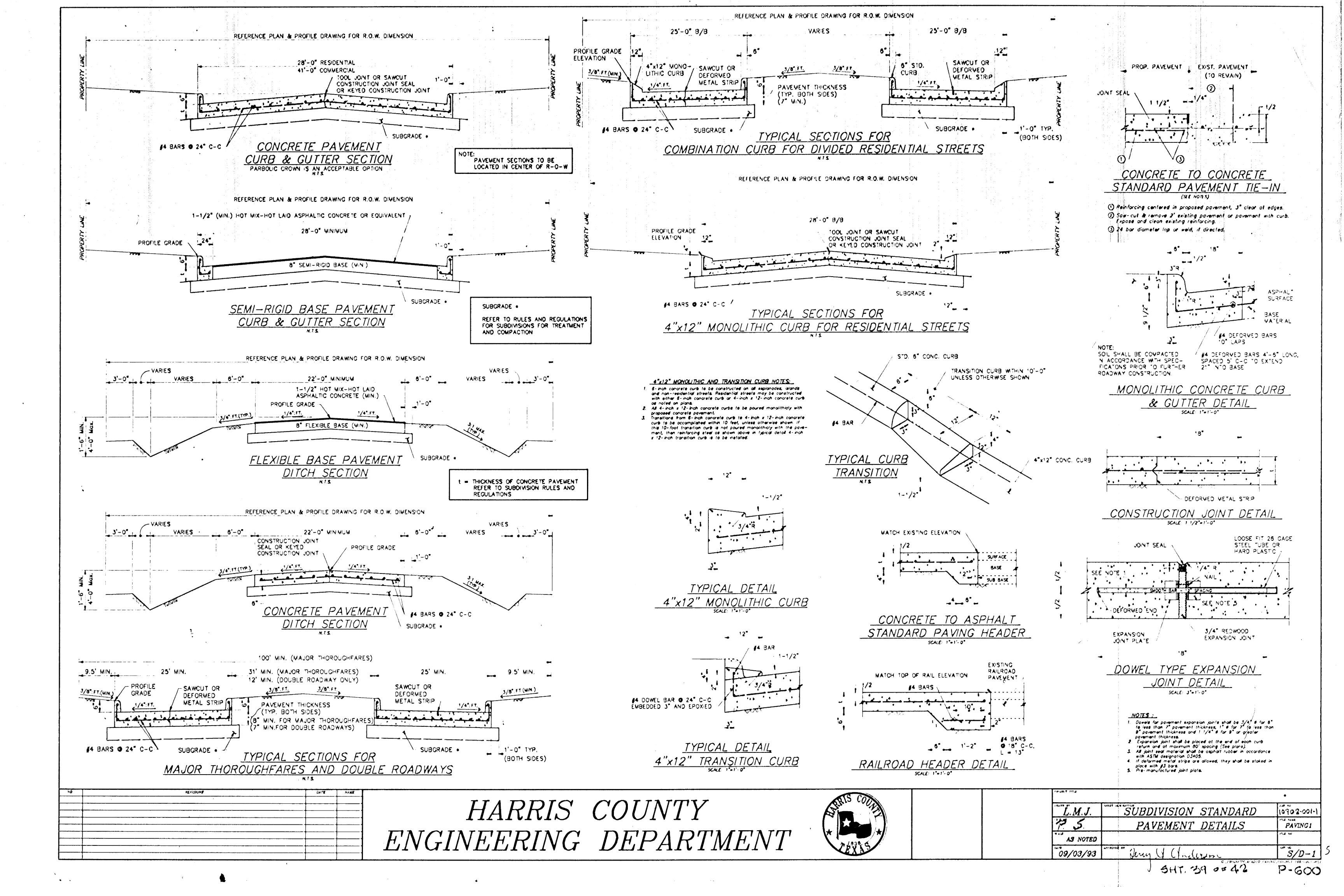


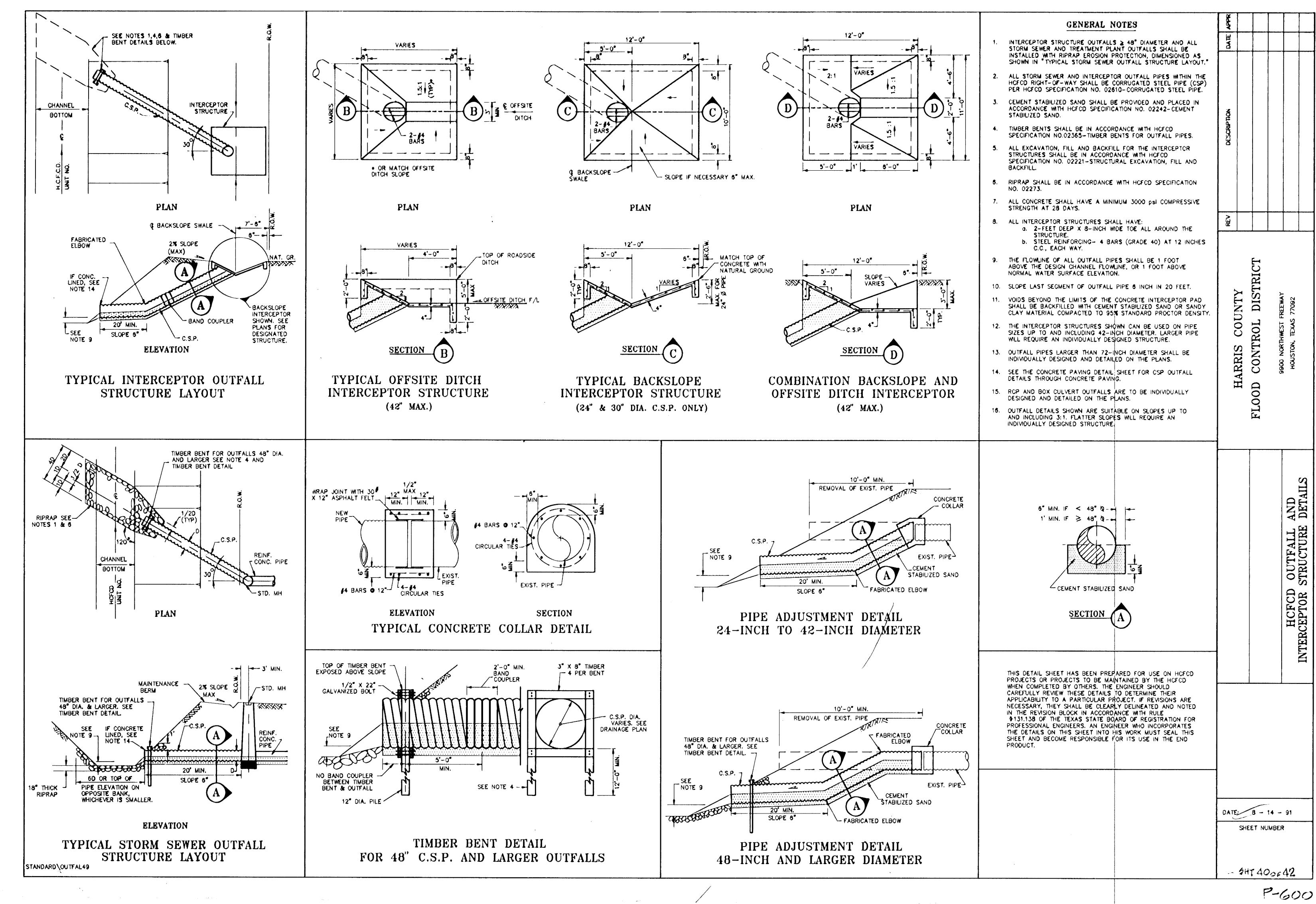












## Subpart P-Excavations, Trenching, and Shoring

#1926.650 General protection require

(a) Walkways, runways, and sidewalks shall be kept clear of excavated material or other obstructions and no sidewalks shall be undermined unless shored to carry a minimum live . load of one hundred and twenty-five (125) pounds per square foot.

(b) If planks are used for raised walkways, runways, or sidewalks, they shall be laid parallel to the length of the walk and fastened together against displacement.

(c) Planks shall be uniform in thickness and all exposed ends shall be provided with beveled cleats to prevent tripping.

(d) Raised walkways, runways, and sidewalks shall be provided with plank steps on strong stringers. Ramps, used in lieu of steps, shall be provided with cleats to insure a safe walking surface.

 (e) All employees shall be protected with personal protective equipment for the protection of the head, eyes, respiratory organs, hands, feet, and other parts of the body as set forth in Subpart E of this part.

(f) Employees exposed to vehicular traffic shall be provided with and shall be instructed to wear warning vests marked with or made of reflectorized

or high visibility material. (g) Employees subjected to hazard. ous dusts, gases, fumes, mists, or atmospheres deficient in oxygen, shall be protected with approved respiratory protection as set forth in Subpart

D of this part. (h) No person shall be permitted under loads handled by power shovels, derricks, or hoists. To avoid any spillage employees shall be required to stand away from any vehicle being loaded.

(i) Daily inspections of excavations shall be made by a competent person. If evidence of possible cave-ins or slides is apparent, all work in the excavation shall cease up to the necessary

ONE EXAMPLE OF SEVERAL TYPES OF SHEETING

guard the employees.

\$1926.65! Specific excavation require-

(a) Prior to opening an excavation, i.e., sewer, telephone, water, fuel, elec- temporary removal of individual suptric lines, etc., will be encountered, and ports. if so, where such underground instalof such an installation, the exact location shall be determined and when it and advised of proposed work prior to frost action, and slide planes appear. the start of actual excavation.

face encumbrances, located so as to ed or other material shall be effective. create a hazard to employees involved. Ity stored and retained at least 2 feet or in excavation work or in the vicinity more from the edge of the excavation. thereof at any time during operations, shall be removed or made safe before prescribed in paragraph (i)(1) of this excavating is begun.

tions in which employees are exposed ing devices in lieu thereof in order to to danger from moving ground shall prevent excavated or other materials be guarded by a shoring system, slop- from falling into the excavation. ing of the ground, or some other

equivalent means.

(e) The determination of the angle—content. the excavation is open; anticipated ground water. changes in materials from exposure to air, sun, water, or freezing; loading im- piling, cribbing, bracing, shoring, and posed by structures, equipment, over- underpinning shall be in good servicelying material, or stored material; and able condition, and timbers shall be vibration from equipment, blasting, sound, free from large or loose knots,

traffic, or other sources. (f) Supporting systems; i.e., piling, (m) Special precations shall be taken cribbing, shoring, etc., shall be de- in sloping or shoring the sides of excasigned by a qualified person and meet—vations adjacent to a previously backaccepted engineering requirements. filled excavation or a fill, particularly When tie rods are used to restrain the when the separation is less than the top of sheeting or other retaining sys- depth of the excavation. Particular at-

precautions have been taken to safe- chored well back of the angle of repose. When tight sheeting or sheet piling is used, full loading due to ground water table shall be assumed. unless prevented by weep holes or drains or other means. Additional effort shall be made to determine stringers, ties, and bracing shall be whether underground installations; provided to allow for any necessary

(g) All slopes shall be excavated to lations are located. When the excava- at least the angle of repose except for tion approaches the estimated location areas where solid rock allows for line drilling or presplitting.

(h) The angle of repose shall be flatis uncovered, proper supports shall be lened when an excavation has water provided for the existing installation. conditions, silty materials, loose boul-Utility companies shall be contacted ders, and areas where erosion, deep (1)(1) In excavations which employ

(b) Trees, boulders, and other survees may be required to enter, excavat-(2) As an alternative to the clearance section, the employer may use effec-(c) The walls and faces of all excava- tive barriers or other effective retain-

(j) Sides, slopes, and faces of all excavations shall meet accepted engi- (d) Excavations shall be inspected by neering requirements by scaling, a competent person after every rain- benching, barricading, rock bolting, storm or other hazard-increasing oc- wire meshing, or other equally effeccurrence, and the protection against—tive means. Special attention shall be alides and cave-ins shall be increased if given to slopes which may be adversely affected by weather or moisture

of repose and design of the supporting (k) Support systems shall be planned system shall be based on careful evalu- and designed by a qualified person ation of pertinent factors such as: when excavation is in excess of 20 feet Depth of cut; possible variation in in depth, adjacent to structures or imwater content of the material while provements, or subject to vibration or

 (1) Materials used for sheeting, sheet and of proper dimensions.

tems, the rods shall be securely an- tention also shall be paid to joints and

seams of material comprising a face (v) In locations where oxygen defiand the slope of such seams and ciency or gaseous conditions are possi-

in Except in hard rock, excavations tested. Controls, as set forth in Subbelow the level of the base of footing parts D and E of this part, shall be esof any foundation or retaining wall tablished to assure acceptable atmosshall not be permitted, unless the wall pheric conditions. When flammable gases are present, adequate ventilation is underpinned and all other precautions taken to incire the stability of shall be provided or sources of ignition the adja ent walls for the protection shall be eliminated. Attended emerof emplyees involved in excavation gency rescue equipment, such as work or in the vicinity thereof.

and line, basket stretcher, etc., shall seco If the stability of adjoining builds ings or walls is endangered by excava- be readily available where adverse attions, shoring bracing, or underpinning shall be provided as necessary to velop in an excavation. inside their safety. Such shoring, braing, or andermining shall be in are required or permitted to cross over spected daily or more often as condi-excuvations, walkways or bridges with tions warrant by a competent person standard guardrails shall be provided and the protection effectively main (x) Where ramps are used for em-

ta ned

p. Diversion divines, dikes, or other - designed and constructed by qualified sintable means shall be used to pre- persons in accordance with accepted went surface water from entering an engineering requirements. excavation and to provide adequate (y) All ladders used on excavation drainage of the area adjacent to the operations shall be in accordance with excavation. Water shall not be allowed the requirements of Subpart L of this

to accumulate in an excavation (q) If it is necessary to place or operate power shovels, derricks, trucks, materials, or other heavy objects on a level above and near an excavation, the side of the excavation shall be sheet-piled, shored, and braced as necessary to resist the extra pressure due to such superimposed loads. -r) Blasting and the use of explosives.

Subpart U of this part. is) When mobile equipment is uti- be effectively protected when exami lized or allowed adjacent to excava- nation of the ground indicates hazardtions, substantial stop logs or barri- ous ground movement may be expectcades shall be installed. If possible, the ed. grade should be away from the excava: (b) Sides of trenches in unstable or

et i Adéquate barrier physical protece shall be shored, sheeted, braced, tion shall be provided at all remotely—sloped, or otherwise supported by located excavations. All wells, pits, means of sufficient strength to protect shafts, etc., shall be barricaded or cover the employees working within them. ered. Upon completion of exploration. See Tables P-1, P-2 (following paraand similar operations, temporary graph (g) of this section). wells, pits, shafts, etc., shall be back-

(u) If possible, dust conditions shall—shall be shored or otherwise supported be kept to a minimum by the use of when the trench is more than 5 feet in water, salt, calcium chloride, oil, or depth and 8 feet or more in length. In other means

--- NATURAL GROUND

above the 5 foot level may be sloped to preclude collapse, but shall not be ble, air in the excavation shall be steeper than a 1 foot rise to each 4foot horizontal. When the outside diameter of a pipe is greater than 6 feet. a bench of 4 foot minimum shall be provided at the toe of the sloped por-(d) Materials used for sheeting and

> sheet piling, bracing, shoring, and underpinning, shall be in good serviceable condition, and timbers used shall be sound and free from large or loose knots, and shall be designed and installed so as to be effective to the bottom of the excavation

(e) Additional precautions by way of shoring and bracing shall be taken to prevent slides or cave ins when excavations or trenches are made in locations adjacent to backfilled excavations, or where excavations are subjected to vibrations from railroad or highway traffic, the operation of machinery, or

any other source. (f) Employees entering bell bottom pier holes shall be protected by the installation of a removable-type casing of sufficient strength to resist shifting of the surrounding earth. Such temporary protection shall be provided for the full depth of that part of each pier hole which is above the bell. A lifeline, suitable for instant rescue and securely fastened to a shoulder harness, shall be worn by each employee entering the shafts. This lifeline shall be individually manned and separate from any line used to remove materials excavated from the bell footing.

trench timbering shall be in accordance with Table P-2. (2) Braces and diagonal shores in a wood shoring system shall not be subjected to compressive stress in excess of values given by the following formula:

(g)(1) Minimum requirements for

Maximum ratio L/D = 50

Where L = Length, unsupported, in inches. D = Least side of the timber in inches. S. Allowable stress in pounds per square inch of cross section.

25 feet of lateral travel shall be carried along with the excava-this section

be placed in true horizontal position. Unstable be spaced vertically, and be secured to (ii) "Kickouts" - Accidental release or prevent sliding, falling, or kickouts trench shields may be used for the that may form one of a continuous inprotection of personnel in lieu of a terlocking line, or a row of timber. shoring system or sloping. Where such a concrete, or steel piles, driven in close trench boxes or shalds are used, they confact to provide a tight wall to resist shall be designed, constructed, and the lateral pressure of water, adjacent maintained in a manner which will earth, or other materials provide protection equal to or greater (k) "Sides", "Walls", or "Faces" than the sheeting or shoring required. The vertical or inclined earth surfaces - for the trench

traces shall be released slowly and, in out movement. the tren h

2 1926 653. Definitions, applicable, to this subpart

ments for practices? Those requires not greater than 15 feet tered architect, a registered profess trench shoring system. sional engineer, or other duly licensed or recognized authority

c) Bank"-A mass of soil rising as work progresses. above a digging level shaft or footing excavation, usually nature or the influence of related connear the bottom and bell-shaped, i.e., ditions, cannot be depended upon to

(e) Braces (trench). The horizon-system of shoring. tal members of the shoring system (r) Uprights"—The vertical mem whose ends bear against the uprights bers of a shoring system. or stringers.

(f) "Excavation"—Any manmade this section. cavity or depression in the earth's sur- (t) "Walls" - See paragraph (k) of -face, including its sides, walls, or faces, —this section.

in high the imployees are required to formed by earth removal and produc be in trenches 4 feet deep or more, an ling unsupported earth conditions by adequate means of exit, such as a reasons of the excavation if installed ladder or steps, shall be provided and forms or similar structures reduce the located so as to require no more than depth to width relationship, an exca-

vation may become a trench (i) Bracing or shoring of trenches (g) Faces"-See paragraph (k) of

(h) Hard compact soil All (arth 3) Cross braces or trench jacks shall materials not classified as running or

failure of a shore or brace Sheet pile" A pile, or sheeting (i) Sheet pile" A pile, or sheeting,

formed as a result of excavation work Backfilling and removal of trench (1) Slope" The langle with the apports shall proceed together from horizontal at which a particular earth the bottom of the trench Jacks or material will stand indefinitely with

anstable soil, ropes shall be used to \_\_\_(m) Stringers" (wales). The horipaid out the jacks or braces from zontal members of a shoring system above after employees have cleared, whose sides bear against the uprights.

or earth (n) Trench A narrow excavation made below the surface of the ground In general, the depth is greater than (a) Accepted engineering requires the width, but the width of a trench is

ments or practices which are compatible (o). French jack. Screw or hydrau ble with standards required by a registal licitype jacks used as cross bracing in a

(p) Trench shield"-A shoring system composed of steel plates and (b) Angle of repose" - The greatest bracing, welded or bolted together, angle above the horizontal plane at which support the walls of a trench which a material will lie without slid- from the ground level to the trench bottom and which can be moved along

(q) Unstable soil" - Earth material d) Belled excavation"-A part of a other than running, that because of its an enlargement of the cross section remain in place without extra support, such as would be furnished by a

(s) 'Wales''-See paragraph (m) of

FLOOD CULLIRUL

BENCH MARK

NOTES

Contractor must submit, in writing, his

. Conformance with the OSHA Trenching

. Soils Report available at the office of

Safety Requirements is mandatory and

Trenching Safety Requirements.

will be strictly enforced.

the Engineer.

proposal for conformance with OSHA

CITY OF HOUSTON DEPARTMENT OF JUBLIC WORKS Found Dept OTHER DEPT'S. haffie & Transportation Dapt CHy Planning Dept

Augs. Designer of Public Works - Designer of Public Works

COUNTY ENGINEER

Steffek & Van De Wiele, Inc.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH **ADMINISTRATION** TRENCHING SAFETY REQUIREMENTS

DRAWN L.D.W. HORIZ .\_\_\_\_ CHECKED : THH SCALE VERT N.T.S. DWS. NO. 100 NO 10405-001-1 SD-000 SHEET 4 COFA 2HEETS

5' - 8' 8' - 10' 10 – Greater

breathing apparatus, a safety harness

mospheric conditions may exist or de-

(w) Where employees or equipment

ployees or equipment, they shall be

§ 1926 652 Specific trenching require;

(a) Banks more than 5 feet high

shall be shored, laid back to a stable

slope, or some other equivalent means

of protection shall be provided where

employees may be exposed to moving

es less than 5 feet in depth shall also

soft material, 5 feet or more in depth.

(c) Sides of trenches in hard or com

pact soil, including embankments,

lieu of shoring, the sides of the trench

ground or cave ins. Refer to Table P-1

ments.

shall be performed in accordance with as a guide in sloping of banks. Trench-

🖐 🖶 Shoring or Trenching Box is Required

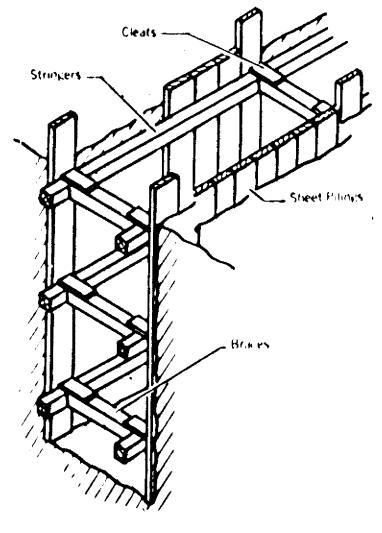


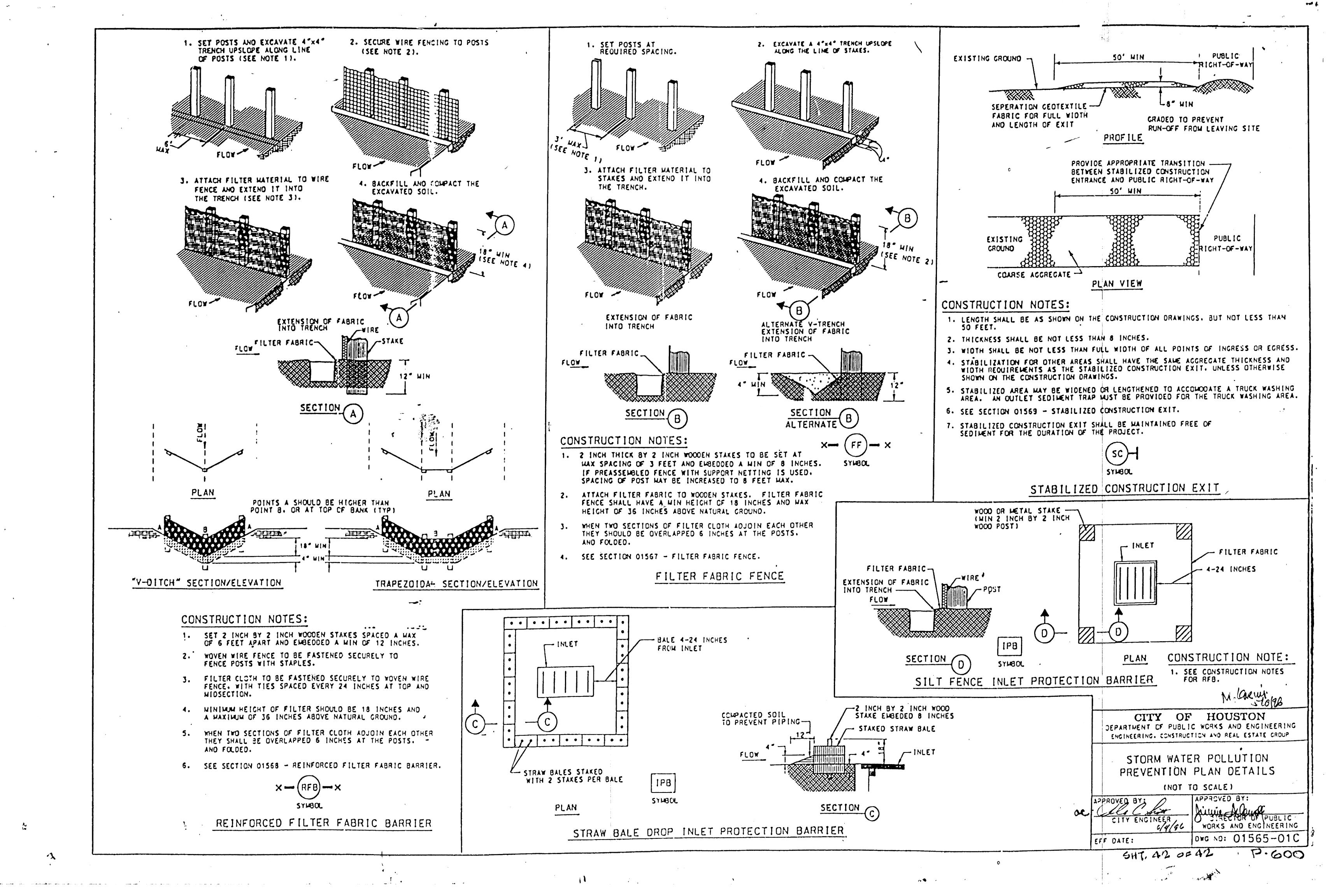
TABLE P-2-TRENCH SHORING-MINIMUM RÉQUIREMENTS

Onpith of trench	Kind of condition of earth	See and spacing of members										
		Uprights		Stringers		Cross traces ' Width of trench				Masmum spacing		
		Morange	Maurical	Minimum dimension	specing.	Up to 3 feet	3 to 6 leaf	6 10 9 loopl	9,10 12 legt	12 to 15 feet	Vertical	Horzontal
Feet		Inches	Feet	inches	Fool	inches	inches	Inches	inches	Inches	Feet	Feet
\$ to 18	Herd, compact	3 1 4 m	•			2.4	4.4	4.6	0.6	6.0	4	
	Likely to creck	2 x 4 ca 2 x 6	3	4 , 6	4	2.0	4.4	4.4	4.6		4	
	Soft, sendy, or Med	3 x 4 cm 2 x 6	Class	4.0	4	4 . 4	4.0	4 × 6	6.0	0.0		
	Hydrostatic presture	2 x 4 @ 2 x 6	Closed sheeting	0,0	(	4x4	4 x <b>(</b>	€×€	6 x 6	121	4	
10 to 15	Here	\$x4 or 2x0	4	4x4		6x4	4×4	6×4	] exe		4	
	Lively to credit	a bxt	8	4,0		4×4	4×4	6x6	6×4	0 x 0		,
	Soft sendy, or Med	3x4 er 8x4	Close	4×4		4 x <b>0</b>	€×€	<b>\$</b> x <b>0</b>	8×8	8 x 10	•	
	Hydrostatic presture	3×6	Closes - sheeting	0 × 10	4	4 x 4	6×6	6 x 0	6 > 4	0×10		
15 to 20	All lands or conditions	3×4	Close sheeting	4718	4	4 4 12	6,0	- exe	8 x 10	10 x 10		
Over 29	All lunds or conditions	3×4	Cloud sheeting	6×6	4	4 x 12	0 × 6	8 x 10	10×10	10 x 12	4	

DETAIL "A"

TRENCHING BOX MUST MEET OR EXCEED THIS ELEVATION TRENCHING BOX or SHORING VARIES DETAIL" B

- NATURAL GROUND



# NORTHLAKE FOREST - SECTION THREE

## NORTHWEST HARRIS COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 10

WITHIN HARRIS COUNTY, TEXAS

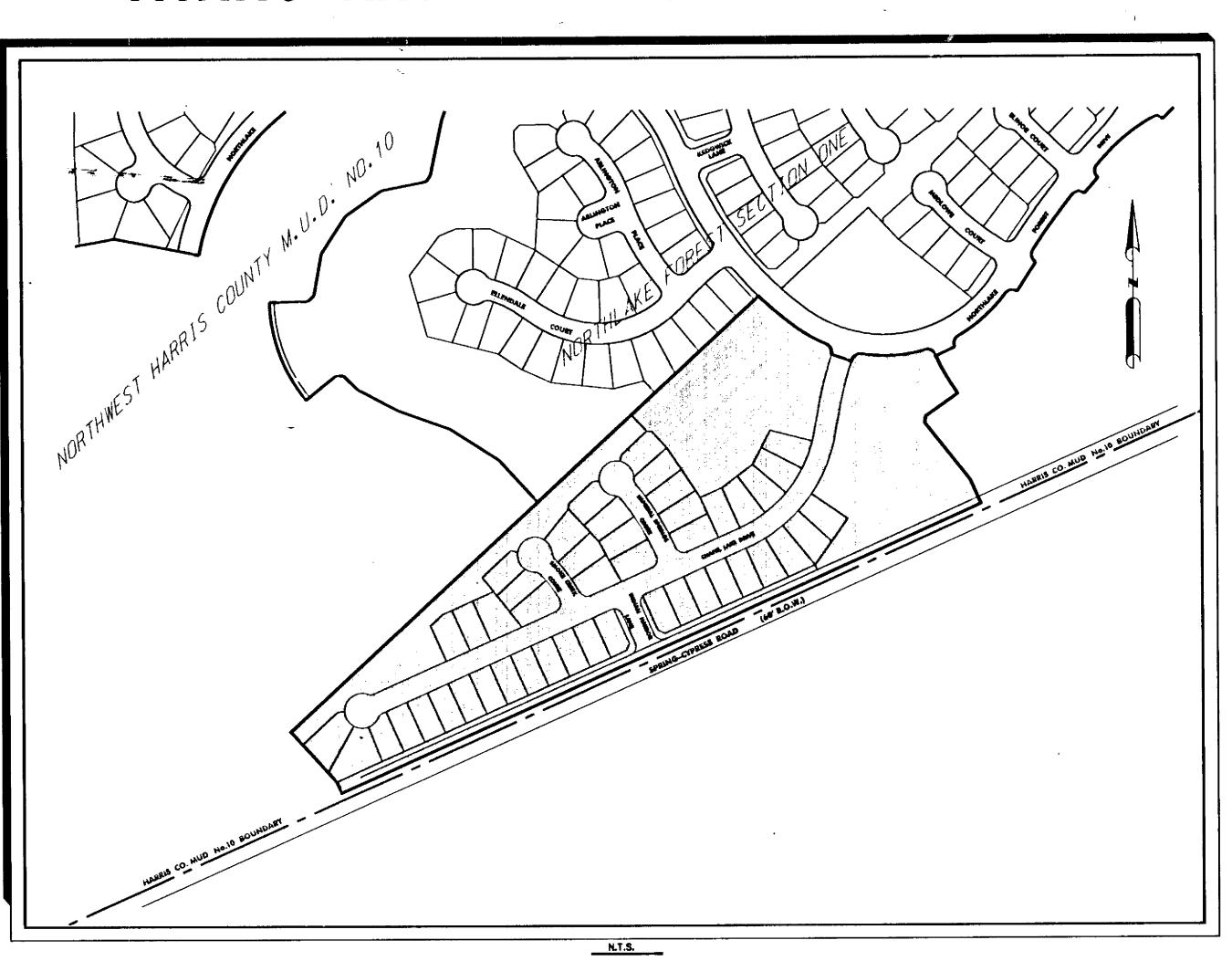
CONSTRUCTION PLANS **FOR** 

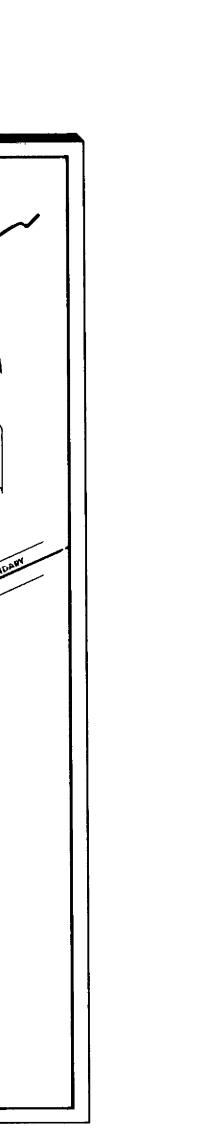
## WATER DISTRIBUTION, SANITARY SEWER, PAVING AND DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS

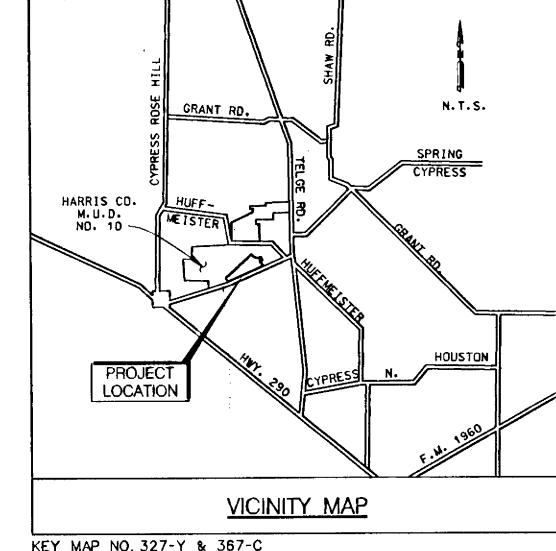
## INDEX OF DRAWINGS

in 409020005 10 ad/cover don Apr. 6. 1998 10 40

SHEET NO.	DESCRIPTION	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9.	COVER SHEET GENERAL NOTES DRAINAGE AREA. PONDING. AN PAVING AND DRAINAGE LAYOUT SANITARY SEWER AND WATER L STORM WATER RUNOFF POLLUTI TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN DETENTION POND "A" PLAN DETENTION POND "B" PLAN	AYOUT ON PREVENTION PLAN
PLAN & PROFILES		
	STA. 0+00 TO STA. 5+20 STA. 5+20 TO STA.10+20 STA.10+20 TO STA.14+60 STA.14+60 TO STA.18+40 STA.18+40 TO STA.19+11 STA. 1+00 TO STA. 4+00 STA. 0+00 TO STA. 3+08.40 STA. 0+00 TO STA. 4+07.97	CHAPEL LAKE DRIVE INDIAN HARBOR LANE SMOKE CREEK COURT
DETAILS		
18. 19. 20. 21. 22. 23. 24.	TRENCHING SAFETY REQUIREMENTARIS COUNTY SUBDIVISION STORM SEWER DETAILS SANITARY SEWER DETAILS WATER LINE DETAILS STORM WATER RUNOFF POLLUTI BARRICADE STANDARD DETAILS STANDARD WHEELCHAIR RAMP COUNTY	STANDARD PAVEMENT DETAILS ON PREVENTION PLAN DETAILS







UTILITIES

THREE - PAVING

SECTION

FOREST

NORTHLAKE

KEY MAP NO. 327-Y & 367-C

PRIVATE UTILITY LINES SHOWN SOUTHWESTERN BELL TELEPHONE CO. ENTEX. INCORPORATED

CITY OF HOUSTON RICHARD C. SCOTT. P.E. PUBLIC WORKS AND ENGINEERING

PRIOR TO THE CONSTRUCTION OF SUCH FACILITIES WITHIN THE DISTRICT. THE DISTRICT OR ITS ENGINEER WILL GIVE WRITTEN NOTICE BY REGISTERED OR CERTIFIED MAIL TO THE DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS AND ENGINEERING. STATING THE DATE SUCH CONSTRUCTION WILL BE COMMENCED.

"CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE CITY OF HOUSTON. DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND ENGINEERING, ENGINEERING CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE GROUP (TELEPHONE NO.754-0700) 48 HOURS BEFORE STARTING WORK ON THIS PROJECT".

APPROVED:

TERRY A. ANDERSON. P.E. HARRIS COUNTY ENGINEER

SIGNATURE IS VOID IF CONSTRUCTION HAS NOT COMMENCED WITHIN ONE (1) YEAR OF SIGNATURE DATE.

I J. A. VAN DE WIELE. A PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER REGISTERED IN THE STATE OF TEXAS. DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE PLANS WERE PREPARED UNDER MY SUPERVISION TO MEET OR EXCEED THE SPECIFICATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS OF HARRIS COUNTY. TEXAS.



CPC FORM 101 FILE NO. 12848 C.O.H. LOG NO. 98-0083

CITY DWG, NO.:

2925 Briarpark, Sulte 275 Houston, Texas 77042-3778

713/782-0042

Steffek &

JOB NO. 10902-003-1

Van De Wiele Consulting Engineers

MARCH, 1998

SHEET 1 OF 25 SHEETS P-644

## GENERAL CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

CONSTRUCTION AT (713-755-8210).

- 1. ALIGNMENT. CENTERLINE CURVE DATA AND STATIONING TO BE VERIFIED FROM APPROVED SUBDIVISION PLAT OR APPROVED PLAT
- FOR OFFSITE EASEMENTS. 2. CONTRACTOR SHALL SEND WRITTEN NOTIFICATION TO HARRIS COUNTY ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT FORTY-EIGHT (48) HOURS IN ADVANCE OF COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION AND NOTIFY THEM
- 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE FOLLOWING AGENCIES 48 HOURS PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION:

TWENTY-FOUR (24) HOURS IN ADVANCE OF COMMENCING

- A) UTILITY LOCATION AND COORDINATING COMMITTEE AT 713-223-4567
- ENTEX AT 713-654-5166
- HOUSTON LIGHTING AND POWER COMPANY AT 713-659-6457
- TEXAS ONE CALL SYSTEM AT 800-245-4545
- E) HARRIS COUNTY FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT AT 713-684-4050
- 4. CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN ALL DEVELOPMENT, RIGHT-OF-WAY AND CONSTRUCTION PERMITS REQUIRED BY THE REGULATIONS OF HARRIS COUNTY. TEXAS AT HIS EXPENSE PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK. THE ENGINEER WILL ASSIST THE CONTRACTOR IN COMPLETING THE PERMIT APPLICATION.
- 5. CONTRACTOR SHALL GIVE NOTICE TO ALL AUTHORIZED INSPECTORS. SUPERINTENDENTS. OR PERSONS IN CHARGE OF PRIVATE AND PUBLIC UTILITIES OR RAILROADS AFFECTED BY HIS OPERATIONS PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK. REQUIRED PERMITS THAT CAN BE ISSUED TO CONTRACTOR WILL BE OBTAINED AT HIS EXPENSE.
- 5. CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY LOCATION AND ELEVATION OF EXISTING FACILITIES PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OF PROPOSED FACILITIES. NO SEPARATE PAY. ANY DAMAGE TO EXISTING FACILITIES INCURRED AS A RESULT OF CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS WILL BE REPAIRED TO THE OWNING AUTHORITY'S STANDARDS BY THE CONTRACTOR AT HIS OWN EXPENSE.
- 7. CONDITION OF THE ROAD AND/OR RIGHT-OF-WAY, UPON COMPLETION OF JOB, SHALL BE AS GOOD OR BETTER THAN THE CONDITION PRIOR TO STARTING WORK.
- 8. EXISTING PAVEMENTS, CURBS. SIDEWALKS, AND DRIVEWAYS DAMAGED OR REMOVED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE REPLACED TO CITY OF HOUSTON DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION STANDARDS AS CURRENTLY AMENDED AT CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE.
- 9. CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR CLEANING THE MUD AND/OR DIRT DEPOSITED ON EXISTING PAVEMENT DUE TO HIS CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY ON A DAILY BASIS. (NO SEPARATE
- 10-PROPOSED PAVING AND BARRICADES AS SHOWN IN THE WATER. SEWER AND DRAINAGE PLANS ARE FOR INFORMATION ONLY AND ARE NOT INCLUDED IN THE WATER. SEWER AND DRAINAGE
- 11. SEWER MATERIALS, CONSTRUCTION AND TESTING SHALL BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE CITY OF HOUSTON STANDARD CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS (SEPTEMBER 1996) INCLUDING ALL REVISIONS AND AMENDMENTS THERETO. CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE ALL NECESSARY TEST EQUIPMENT AT NO SEPARATE PAY.
- 12. CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE EXISTING PLUGS AND CONNECT TO EXISTING UTILITY LINES AS INDICATED ON PLANS. NO
- 13. MANHOLE RIM ELEVATIONS SHALL BE TWO (2) INCHES ABOVE A STRAIGHT LINE FROM TOP OF CURB TO FINISHED GRADE ELEVATION AT RIGHT-OF-WAY LINE.
- 14.NO MANHOLES SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN PAVING LIMITS.
- 15. WHEN TRENCH CONDITIONS REQUIRE THE USE OF WELL POINTS.
  THIS SHALL BE REQUESTED BY THE CONTRACTOR AND APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER. MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENT OF THESE ITEMS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SPECIAL PROVISION NO. 1 TO SPECIFICATIONS FOR SEWER CONSTRUCTION.
- 16.ALL AREAS AFFECTED BY CONTRACTOR'S OPERATIONS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ACCESS ROADS, AREAS OF MATERIAL AND EQUIPMENT STORAGE, AND ALL CONSTRUCTION AREAS, SHALL BE STRIPPED OF ALL VEGETATION PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF WORK. STRIPPINGS SHALL BE DISPOSED OF OFFSITE BY THE CONTRACTOR. NO SEPARATE PAY.
- 17. ADEQUATE DRAINAGE SHALL BE MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES DURING CONSTRUCTION AND ANY DRAINAGE DITCH OR STRUCTURE DISTURBED DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE RESTORED TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE OWNING AUTHORITY.
- 18.APPROVAL ONLY FOR UTILITIES WITHIN PUBLIC R.O.W.
- 19.FINAL ACCEPTANCE OF THE UTILITIES WILL NOT BE GIVEN TO THE CONTRACTOR UNTIL THEY ARE INSPECTED AND APPROVED BY THE TEXAS NATURAL RESOURCE CONSERVATION COMMISSION.
- 20.ALL TRENCH BACKFILL FOR UTILITIES SHALL BE COMPACTED TO AT LEAST 95% OF MAXIMUM DENSITY PER ASTM D-698.
  MOISTURE CONTENT SHALL BE WITHIN 2% OF OPTIMUM. ALL TRENCH BACKFILL SHALL BE CONSIDERED INCIDENTAL TO UTILITY CONSTRUCTION.
- 21 GUIDELINES SET FORTH IN THE "MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES" SHALL BE OBSERVED.

REVISED: 2/14/97

## WATER LINE CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

- 1. WATER MAINS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF HOUSTON, DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND ENGINEERING "STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS AND STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAILS FOR WASTE WATER COLLECTION SYSTEMS. WATER LINES, STORM DRAINAGE AND PAVING" (NOVEMBER 1997).
- 2. ALL WATER MAINS FOUR (4) INCHES THRU 12 INCHES IN DIAMETER. IF NOT SPECIFIED OTHERWISE. SHALL BE AWWA C-900 PVC PIPE. CLASS 150. DR18. WITH RUBBER GASKETED BELL AND SPIGOT PUSH ON JOINTS.
- 3. ALL VALVES SHALL BE GATE VALVES UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED AND SHALL BE SUPPLIED AND INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST EDITION OF AWWA C-500.
- 4. ALL WATER LINES SHALL BE ENCASED IN BANK SAND. AND. BEDDED AND BACKFILLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF HOUSTON STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL NO. 02511-01. COST OF BANK SAND TO BE INCLUDED IN UNIT COST FOR WATERLINE AND SHALL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY.
- 5. WHEN WATER LINES AND SANITARY SEWER LINES ARE INSTALLED. THEY SHALL BE INSTALLED NO CLOSER TO EACH OTHER THAN NINE FEET (9') IN ALL DIRECTIONS AND PARALLEL LINES MUST BE INSTALLED IN SEPARATE TRENCHES. WHERE THE NINE FOOT (9') SEPARATION DISTANCE CANNOT BE ACHIEVED. THE GUIDELINES SET FORTH IN THE CITY OF HOUSTON DESIGN MANUAL (SEPTEMBER 1996) CHAPTER 7. 1.04.C AS CURRENTLY AMENDED SHALL GOVERN.
- 6. ALL WATER LINE TRENCHES LOCATED UNDER OR WITHIN ONE FOOT (1') OF PROPOSED OR FUTURE PAVEMENT SHALL BE BACKFILLED WITH CEMENT STABILIZED SAND (11/25ACK CEMENT/CUBIC YARD) TO WITHIN ONE FOOT (1') OF SUBGRADE. NO SEPARATE PAY. (LAB DENSITY TEST REPORTS ARE REQUIRED PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF PAVEMENT.)
- 7. WATER LINE SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED SUCH THAT ALL CROSSES AND TEES WILL NOT BE LOCATED UNDER PROPOSED OR FUTURE
- 8. WHERE A WATER LINE OR LEAD CROSSES OR COMES WITHIN 9 FEET OF AN EXISTING SANITARY SEWER OR SANITARY SEWER LEAD AND THAT SANITARY SEWER IS FOUND TO BE LEAKING.
  REPLACE A 20 FOOT SECTION OF THE SEWER WITH C900 DR 18
  PVC OR DUCTILE IRON PIPE CENTERED ON THE CLOSEST POINT.
- 9. ALL STATIONS ARE CENTERLINE OF THE STREET RIGHT-OF-WAY UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 10.ALL FIRE HYDRANTS SHALL BE LOCATED AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS AND SET THREE FEET (3') BEHIND BACK OF CURB (EXCEPT WITHIN ESPLANADES: WHERE FIRE HYDRANTS SHALL BE SEVEN FEET (7') BEHIND BACK OF CURB) AND WITH STREAMER NOZZLE 22 INCHES ABOVE FINISHED GRADE UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED ON
- 11. UTILITY CONTRACTOR TO TURN FIRE HYDRANTS AND MAKE ALL FINAL ADJUSTMENTS AFTER COMPLETION OF PAVING. (NO
- 12. SANITARY PRECAUTIONS MUST BE TAKEN DURING WATERLINE CONSTRUCTION. AS CALLED FOR BY AWWA STANDARDS AND CITY OF HOUSTON STANDARD CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION NO.
- 13. NEW MAINS SHALL BE THOROUGHLY DISINFECTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH AWWA SPECIFICATIONS C-651 AND THEN FLUSHED AND SAMPLED BEFORE BEING PLACED IN SERVICE. SAMPLES SHALL BE COLLECTED FOR BACTERIOLOGICAL ANALYSIS TO CHECK THE EFFICIENCY OF THE DISINFECTING PROCEDURE. WHICH SHALL BE REPEATED IF CONTAMINATION PERSISTS. A MINIMUM ONE SAMPLE FOR EACH 1.000 FEET OF COMPLETED WATER MAIN WILL BE REQUIRED. WATER SAMPLES MUST MEET TEXAS STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND CITY OF HOUSTON REQUIREMENTS PRIOR TO PLACING THE LINES INTO SERVICE.
- 14.ALL WATER LINES TO BE HYDROSTATICALLY TESTED BY CONTRACTOR AT 125 PSI IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF HOUSTON STANDARD CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION NO. 02515 AS CURRENTLY AMENDED.

NOTE: FORMAL "NOTIFICATION APPROVED BY COMMISSIONERS COURT REQUIRED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES WITHIN HARRIS COUNTY RIGHT-OF-WAY. CONTACT HARRIS COUNTY PERMIT DIVISION (713-956-3000)

OVERHEAD LINES MAY EXIST ON THE PROPERTY. WE HAVE NOT ATTEMPTED TO MARK

THOSE LINES SINCE THEY ARE CLEARLY VISIBLE. BUT YOU SHOULD LOCATE THEM

PRIOR TO ANY BEGINNING ANY CONSTRUCTION. TEXAS LAW. SECTION 752. HEALTH

& SAFETY CODE, FORBIDS ALL ACTIVITIES IN WHICH PERSONS OR THINGS MAY COME

WITHIN SIX(6) FEET OF LIVE OVERHEAD LINES. PARTIES RESPONSIBLE FOR THE WORK. INCLUDING CONTRACTORS. ARE LEGALLY RESPONSIBLE FOR SAFETY OF CONSTRUCTION WORKERS UNDER THIS LAW. THIS LAW CARRIES BOTH CRIMINAL AND CIVIL LIABILITY.

TO ARRANGE FOR LINES TO BE TURNED OFF OR MOVED CALL HL&P AT (713) 207-7777.

THE LOCATIONS OF SWBT UTILITIES ARE SHOWN IN AN APPROXIMATE WAY ONLY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE EXACT LOCATION BEFORE COMMENCING WORK. HE AGREES TO BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND ALL DAMAGES WHICH MIGHT BE OCCASIONED BY HIS FAILURE TO EXACTLY LOCATE AND PRESERVE THESE UNDERGROUND

LOCATION OF ENTEX MAIN LINES (TO INCLUDE UNIT GAS TRANSMISSION, AND/OR

INDUSTRIAL GAS SUPPLY CORPORATION WHERE APPLICABLE) ARE SHOWN IN AN

APPROXIMATE LOCATION ONLY. SERVICE LINES ARE USUALLY NOT SHOWN. THE

SERVICE LINES FIELD LOCATED. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DETERMINE THE EXACT

LOCATION BEFORE COMMENCING WORK AND AGREE TO BE FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY

CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT THE UTILITY COORDINATING COMMITTEE AT 713/223-4567 OR

DAMAGES CAUSED BY HIS FAILURE TO EXACTLY LOCATE AND PRESERVE THESE UNDERGROUND

1-800-245-4545 A MINIMUM OF 48 HOURS PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION TO HAVE MAIN AND

REVISED: 3/18/98

UTILITY NOTES:

UTILITIES.

FACILITIES.

**REVISED 5/17/95** 

ENTEX

HOUSTON LIGHTING & POWER COMPANY (HL&P)

SOUTHWESTERN BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY (SWBT)

## SANITARY SEWER CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

- 1. ALL SANITARY SEWER CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF HOUSTON DESIGN MANUAL (SEPTEMBER 1996) AND STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAILS (NOVEMBER 1997) AS CURRENTLY
- UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. ALL GRAVITY FLOW SANITARY SEWER PIPE AND FITTINGS SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM SPECIFICATION D-3040 AND ASTM D-3212 RESPECTIVELY. PVC PIPE SHALL BE SDR 26.
- 3. ALL SANITARY SEWER SHALL BE INSTALLED. BEDDED AND BACKFILLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF HOUSTON STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAILS NO. 02317-02. AND 02317-08 FOR STABLE TRENCHES. BACKFILL SHALL BE CONSIDERED AS SUBSIDIARY TO THE PAY ITEM FOR SANITARY SEWER PIPE AND SHALL NOT BE PAID FOR DIRECTLY.
- 4. ALL SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF HOUSTON STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAILS NO. 02082-01. 02082-02. AND 02082-02N.
- 5. ALL SANITARY SEWER MANHOLE RIMS SHALL BE SET TWO (2) INCHES ABOVE THE SURROUNDING LEVELS OF FINISHED GRADE. BACKFILLED AND SLOPED FOR SURFACE WATER DRAINAGE AWAY
- 6. WHEN WATER LINES AND SANITARY SEWER LINES ARE INSTALLED.
  THEY SHALL BE INSTALLED NO CLOSER TO EACH OTHER THAN
  NINE FEET (9') IN ALL DIRECTIONS AND PARALLEL LINES MUST
  BE INSTALLED IN SEPARATE TRENCHES. WHERE THE NINE FOOT
  (9') SEPARATION DISTANCE CANNOT BE ACHIEVED. THE GUIDELINES SET FORTH IN THE CITY OF HOUSTON DESIGN MANUAL (SEPTEMBER 1996) CHAPTER 7. 1.04.C AS CURRENTLY AMENDED SHALL GOVERN.
- 7. SANITARY SEWER LINE TRENCHES LOCATED UNDER OR WITHIN ONE FOOT (1') OF PROPOSED OR FUTURE PAVEMENT SHALL BE BACKFILLED WITH CEMENT STABILIZED SAND (1'/2 SACK CEMENT/CUBIC YARD) TO WITHIN ONE FOOT (1') OF SUBGRADE. NO SEPARATE PAY. (LAB DENSITY TEST REPORTS ARE REQUIRED PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF PAVEMENT.)
- 8. SANITARY SEWER LINES CROSSING WATER LINES MUST HAVE A FULL LENGTH JOINT (20' NOMINAL) CENTERED AT THE CROSSING WITH A MINIMUM SEPARATION DISTANCE OF SIX INCHES FOR WATERLINE OVER SANITARY AND TWO FEET FOR SANITARY OVER
- 9. ALL GRAVITY SANITARY SEWER LINES SHALL BE AIR TESTED ACCORDING TO CITY OF HOUSTON STANDARD CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION NO. 02533. ALL SANITARY SEWER MANHOLES SHALL BE TESTED FOR LEAKAGE PER TNRCC CHAPTER 317.2 (C)(5)(H). BY EITHER VACUUM TESTING. OR HYDROSTATIC EXFILTRATION TESTING.
- 10.ALL SANITARY SEWERS SHALL BE TESTED FOR DEFLECTION IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM 3034D AND CITY OF HOUSTON STANDARD CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATION NO. 02533.
- 11.NO CONNECTIONS SHALL BE MADE TO EXISTING SANITARY SEWER LINES UNTIL ALL PROPOSED SEWER LINES HAVE BEEN THOROUGHLY CLEANED. TESTED AND ACCEPTED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 12. STACKS SHALL BE SHOWN ON THE PLANS. EXACT LOCATION OF STACKS SHALL BE SUPPLIED TO THE ENGINEER AND THE CITY OF HOUSTON UPON COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 13. THE "Y" FITTING ON THE SANITARY SEWER LEAD SHALL BE INSIDE OF STREET RIGHT-OF-WAY OR IN AN EASEMENT.
- 14. IF THE SANITARY LEADS HAVE LESS THAN THREE (3) FEET OF TOP COVER USE DUCTILE IRON PIPE FOR SANITARY SEWER
- 15. DUCTILE IRON PIPE SHALL HAVE 80 MILS OF POLYETHYLENE WRAP AND SHALL BE LINED WITH 40-50 MILS OF POLYETHYLENE LINING TO COVER ALL SURFACES EXPOSED TO SANITARY SEWAGE. USE "POLYLINE" BY US PIPE OR "POLYBOND" BY AMERICAN
- 16. CONTRACTOR SHALL OBTAIN (AND USE) A COPY OF DESIGN MANUAL. STD. SPEC. & STD. DETAILS. OBTAIN FROM CITY OF HOUSTON 1801

FORMAL "NOTIFICATION APPROVED BY COMMISSIONERS COURT REQUIRED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION OF UTILITIES WITHIN HARRIS COUNTY RIGHT-OF-WAY. CONTACT HARRIS COUNTY PERMIT DIVISION (713-956-3000)

REVISED: 3/18/98

### STORM SEWER CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

- 1. STORM SEWERS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF HOUSTON 1996 DESIGN MANUAL (SEPTEMBER 1996) AND STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAILS (JULY 1, . 1997) AS CURRENTLY AMENDED.
- 2. CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY FORT BEND COUNTY ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT 48 HOURS IN ADVANCE OF COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION AT TELEPHONE NUMBER 281/342-3039.
- 3. REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE (C-76. CLASS III) WITH RUBBER GASKET JOINTS (ASTM C-443). SHALL BE INSTALLED. BEDDED AND BACKFILLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF HOUSTON STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAILS NO. 02317-04. 02317-05 AND 02317-09 AS APPLICABLE.
- 4. ALL STORM SEWER MANHOLES SHALL BE CITY OF HOUSTON TYPE "C" AND CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF HOUSTON STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAILS NO.02081-03. 02081-04. AND 02081-05 UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 5. ALL STORM SEWER INLETS SHALL BE CITY OF HOUSTON TYPE "B-B" AND CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH CITY OF HOUSTON STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL NO.02632-04 UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 6. ALL PROPOSED PIPE STUB OUTS FROM MANHOLES AND INLETS ARE TO BE PLUGGED WITH EIGHT INCH (8") BRICK WALLS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- 7. ALL STORM SEWERS UNDER OR WITHIN ONE FOOT (1') OF PROPOSED OR FUTURE PAVEMENT SHALL BE BACKFILLED WITH CEMENT STABILIZED SAND (11/2SACK CEMENT/ CUBIC YARD) TO WITHIN ONE FOOT (1') OF SUBGRADE. NO SEPARATE PAY. (LAB DENSITY TEST REPORTS ARE REQUIRED PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF PAVEMENT.)
- ALTERNATIVE TO CEMENT STABILIZED SAND BACKFILL FOR PIPES 54-INCH AND LARGER, FROM ONE FOOT (1') ABOVE THE TOP OF THE PIPE TO THE BOTTOM OF THE SUBGRADE. CONTRACTOR MAY BACKFILL WITH SUITABLE MATERIAL, PROVIDED THE BACKFILL MATERIAL IS PLACED IN 6-INCH LIFTS AND MECHANICALLY COMPACTED TO 95% STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY PER ASTM D-698. TESTS SHALL BE TAKEN AT 100-FOOT INTERVALS ON EACH LIFT. BEDDING AND BACKFILL TO 1-FOOT ABOVE THE TOP OF PIPE SHALL BE CEMENT STABILIZED SAND. (LAB DENSITY TEST REPORTS ARE REQUIRED PRIOR TO PLACEMENT OF PAVEMENT.)
- 8. ALL STORM SEWERS CONSTRUCTED INSIDE LOT EASEMENTS SHALL BE R.C.P. (C-76, CLASS III). MINIMUM TWENTY FOOT (20') WIDE EASEMENTS SHALL BE PROVIDED.
- 9. ALL CONSTRUCTION STORM RUNOFF SHALL COMPLY WITH THE FINAL DRAFT OF THE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT HANDBOOK FOR CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES AS PREPARED BY HARRIS COUNTY/H.C.F.C.D., AND THE CITY OF HOUSTON; ALL IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE NATIONAL POLLUTANT ELIMINATION SYSTEM (NPDES) REQUIREMENTS.
- 10.UTILITY CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR INSTALLING STAGE II INLETS AFTER COMPLETION OF PAVING. (NO SEPARATE
- 11.ALL DRIVEWAYS WILL BE LOCATED TO AVOID EXISTING CURB INLET STRUCTURES. REVISED: 3/18/98

## **PAVING CONSTRUCTION NOTES:**

- 1. PAVING SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH HARRIS COUNTY RULES. REGULATIONS AND REQUIREMENTS" RELATING TO THE APPROVAL AND ACCEPTANCE OF IMPROVEMENTS IN SUBDIVISIONS OR RESUBDIVISIONS AND/OR AMENDMENTS OF SAME.
- 2. CONTRACTOR SHALL SEND WRITTEN NOTIFICATION TO HARRIS COUNTY ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT FORTY-EIGHT (48) HOURS IN ADVANCE OF COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION AND NOTIFY THEM TWENTY-FOUR (24) HOURS IN ADVANCE OF COMMENCING CONSTRUCTION AT (713-755-8210).
- 3. DOUBLE REFLECTORIZED BLUE TRAFFIC MARKERS SHALL BE PLACED 6-INCHES OFFSET OF THE PAVEMENT CENTERLINE AT ALL FIRE HYDRANT LOCATIONS BY PAVING CONTRACTOR. HYDRANTS LOCATED AT INTERSECTIONS SHALL HAVE A MARKER PLACED AT
- 4. STREET NAME SIGNS (FOR ALL STREETS) SHALL BE LOCATED ATOP EACH STOP SIGN AT ALL INTERSECTIONS.
- 5. ALL TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SIGNAGE MUST COMPLY WITH THE MOST CURRENT EDITION OF THE "TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES" AS CURRENTLY AMENDED.
- 6. CONTINUOUS LONGITUDINAL REINFORCING BARS SHALL BE USED
- 7. REINFORCEMENT STEEL FOR PAVEMENT SHALL BE SUPPORTED WITH PLASTIC CHAIRS AT 24-INCH MAXIMUM SPACING
- 8. THE 6" SUBGRADE IS TO BE SCARIFIED. LIME STABILIZED (AMOUNT TO BE DETERMINED BY TEST LAB) AND COMPACTED TO 95% STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY PER ASTM D-698. MOISTURE CONTENT SHALL BE WITHIN 2% OPTIMUM.
- 9. AREAS WITHIN THE R.O.W. TO BE FILLED SHALL BE SCARIFIED AND COMPACTED TO AT LEAST 95% OF MAXIMUM DENSITY PER ASTM D-698 TO A DEPTH OF 8-INCHES PRIOR TO FILL PLACEMENT. FILL MATERIAL SHALL CONSIST OF CLEAN EARTH. SAND. OR COMBINATION AND BE FREE OF TRASH. VEGETATION. AND LARGE STONE. FILL MATERIAL SHALL BE PLACED IN 8-INCH LIFTS AND COMPACTED TO AT LEAST 95% OF MAXIMUM DENSITY.
- 10.NECESSARY TESTING OF THE SUBGRADE AND CONCRETE PAVEMENT TO PROVE THAT THESE ITEMS MEET REQUIREMENTS SHALL BE DONE BY A COMMERCIAL TESTING LABORATORY APPROVED BY THE

REVISED: 2/14/97

RR SPIKE IN POWER POLE ON SPRING CYPRESS ROAD ON THE SOUTH R.O.W. ACROSS FROM PIPELINE. ELEVATION - 147.70 RR SPIKE IN POWER POLE ON VEST R.O.W. OF HUFFMEISTER ROAD, 50' NORTH OF PIPELINE. ELEVATION - 147.22

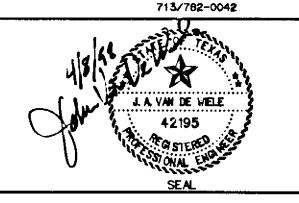
BENCH MARK

REFERENCE BENCHMARK
RM 164 - CHISELED SQUARE ON TOP OF HEADWALL ON
EAST SIDE OF CYPRESS ROSEHILL RO D, APPROXIMATELY
3,400 FEET SOUTH OF FENSKE ROAD.
ELEVATION - 162.59 (1973 ADJUSTMENT)

NOTES

Steffek & Van De Wiele Consulting Incorporated Engineers

> 2925 Briarpark, Sulte 275 Houston, Texas 77042-3778



FLOOD CONTROL

COUNTY ENGINEER NORTHWEST HARRIS COUNTY

> M.U.D. 10 NORTHLAKE FOREST SECTION THREE

> > GENERAL

**NOTES** 

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND ENGINEERING ENGINEERING, CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE GROUP

STREET & BRIDGE ENGINEERING

OTHER DEPARTMENT

PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SPONSOR DEPARTMENT

APPROVED BY: Color C/2/91

DIRECTOR DEPUBLIC

WORKS AND ENGINEERING

SUBMITTED: JAV SCALE: DATE:

DRAWN BY: SMP,DD N/A 3 / 98 SHEET NO. 2 OF 25 SHEET CITY DWG NO:

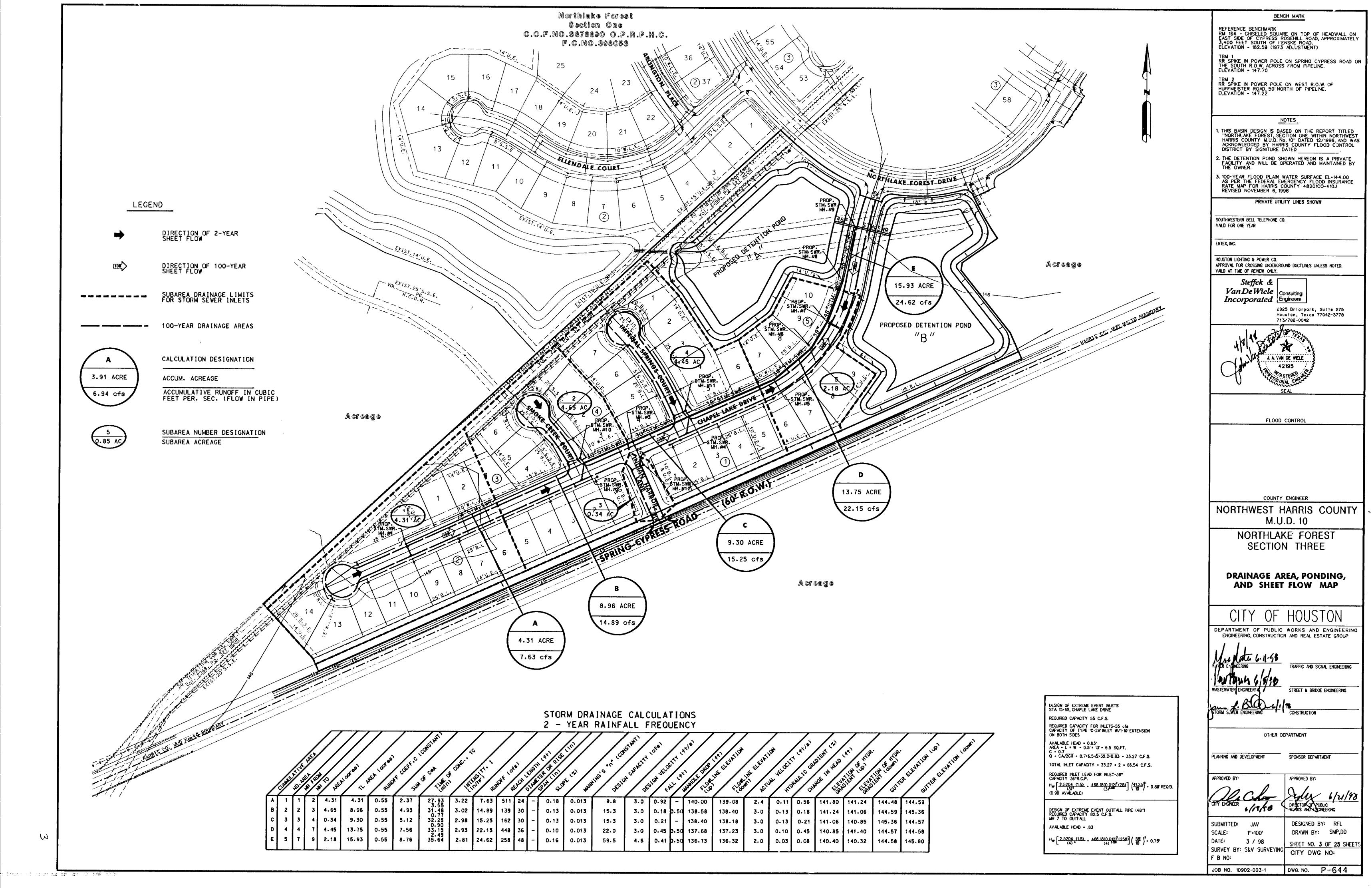
SURVEY BY: S&V SURVEYING F B NO: JOB NO. 10902-003-1

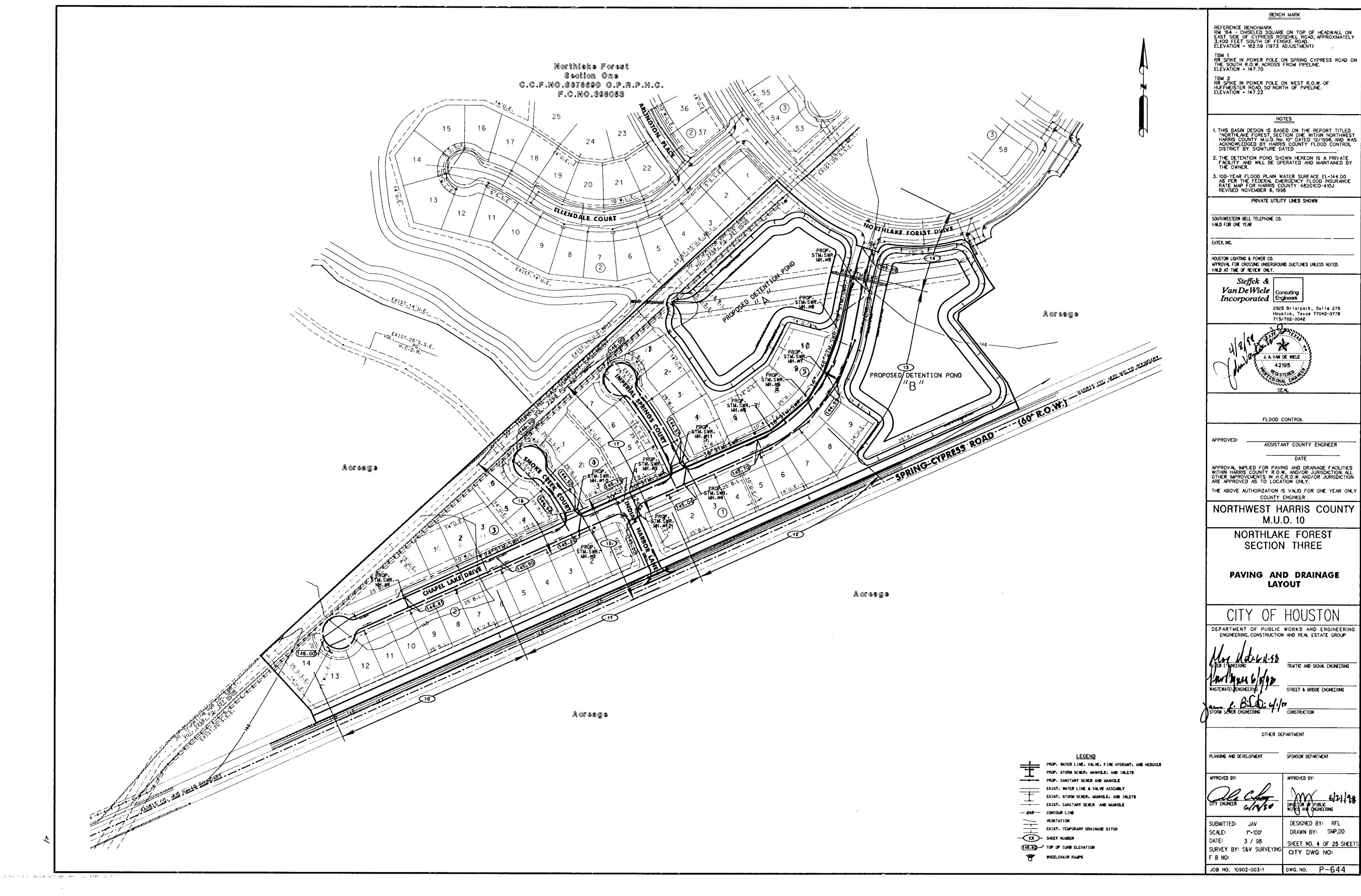
DWG. NO. P-644

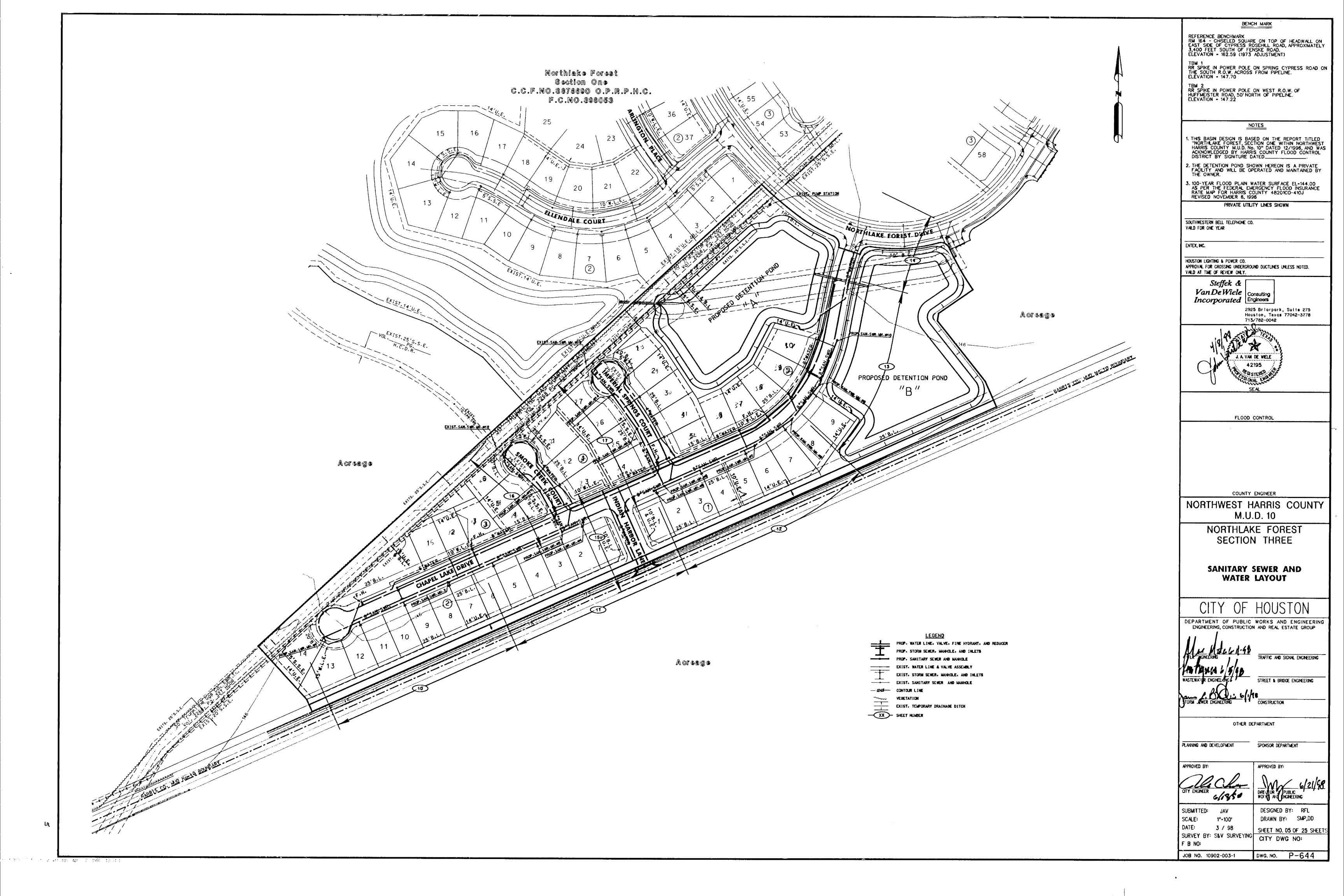
DESIGNED BY: RFL

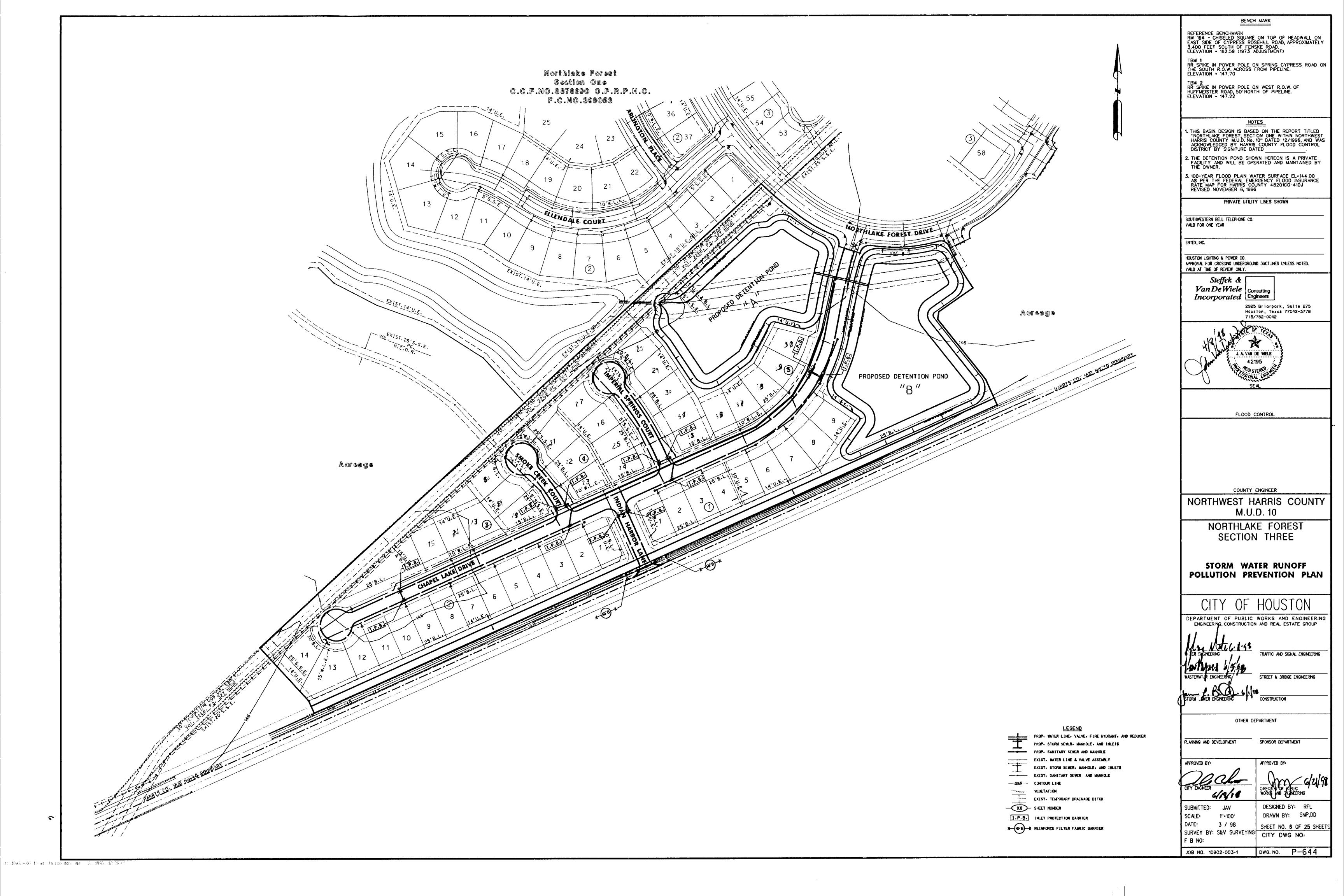
TRAFFIC AND SIGNAL ENGINEERING

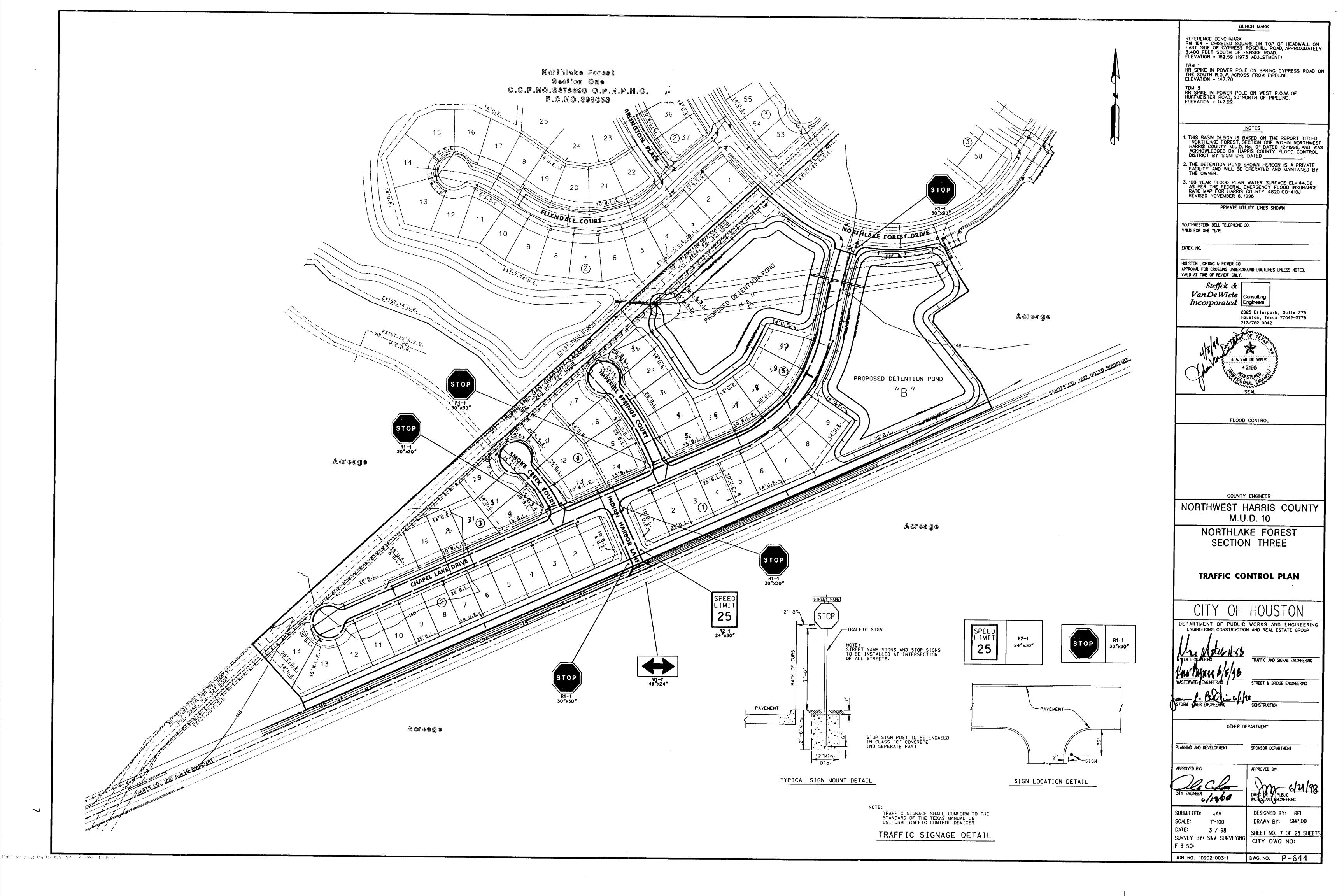
i. viodos vood incaungem mode ogn. Mar. 20, 1996- 17 52,5

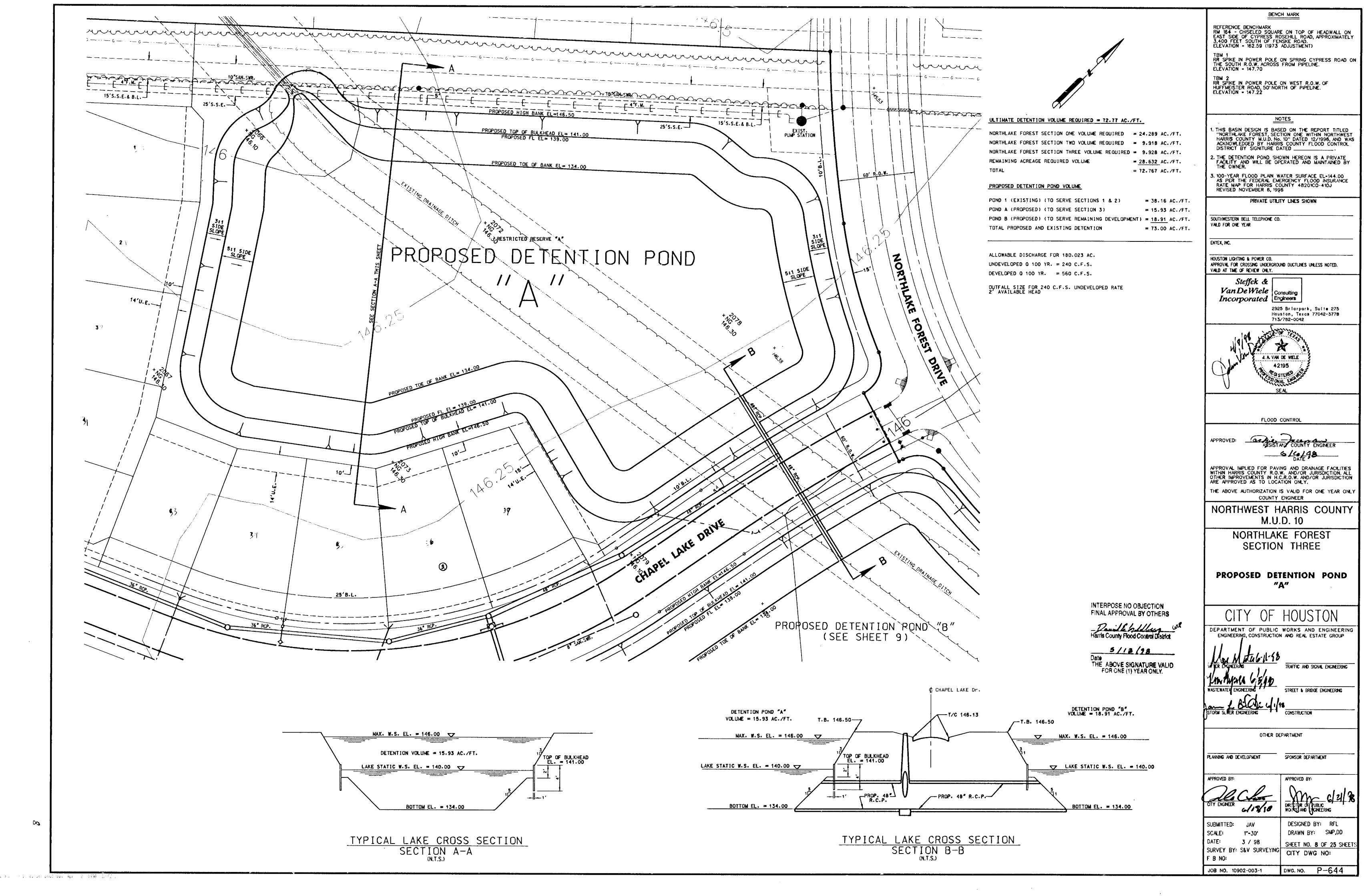


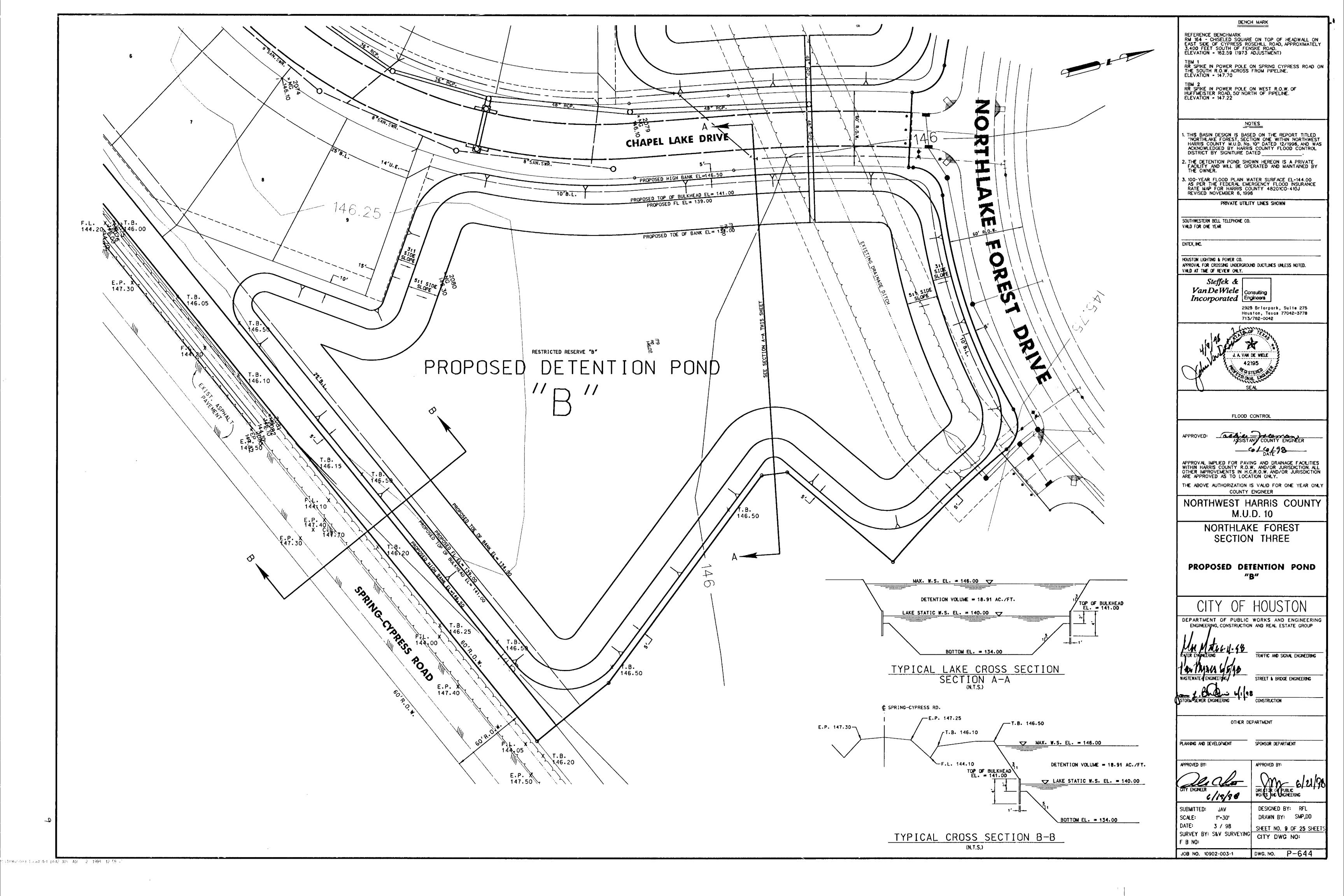


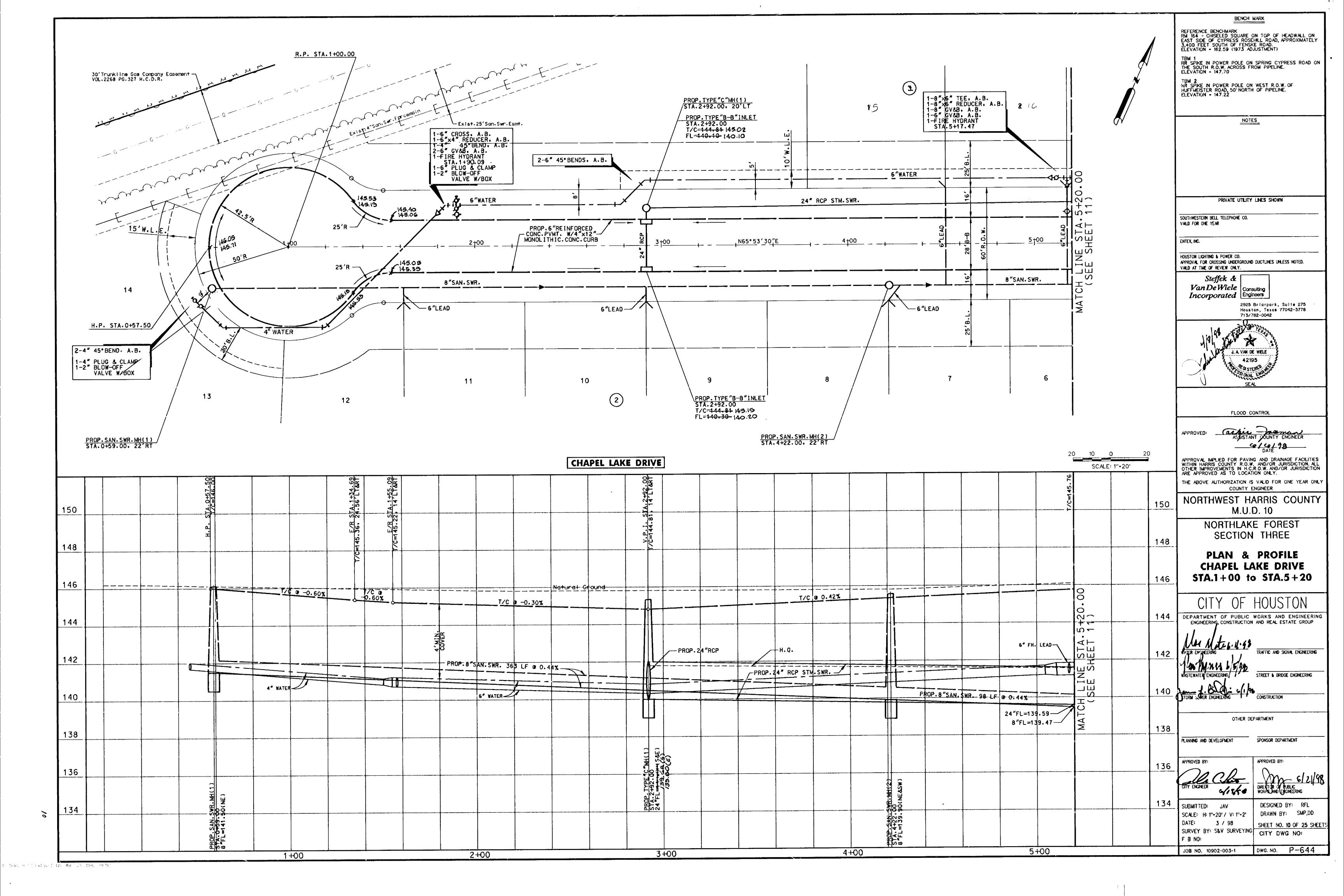


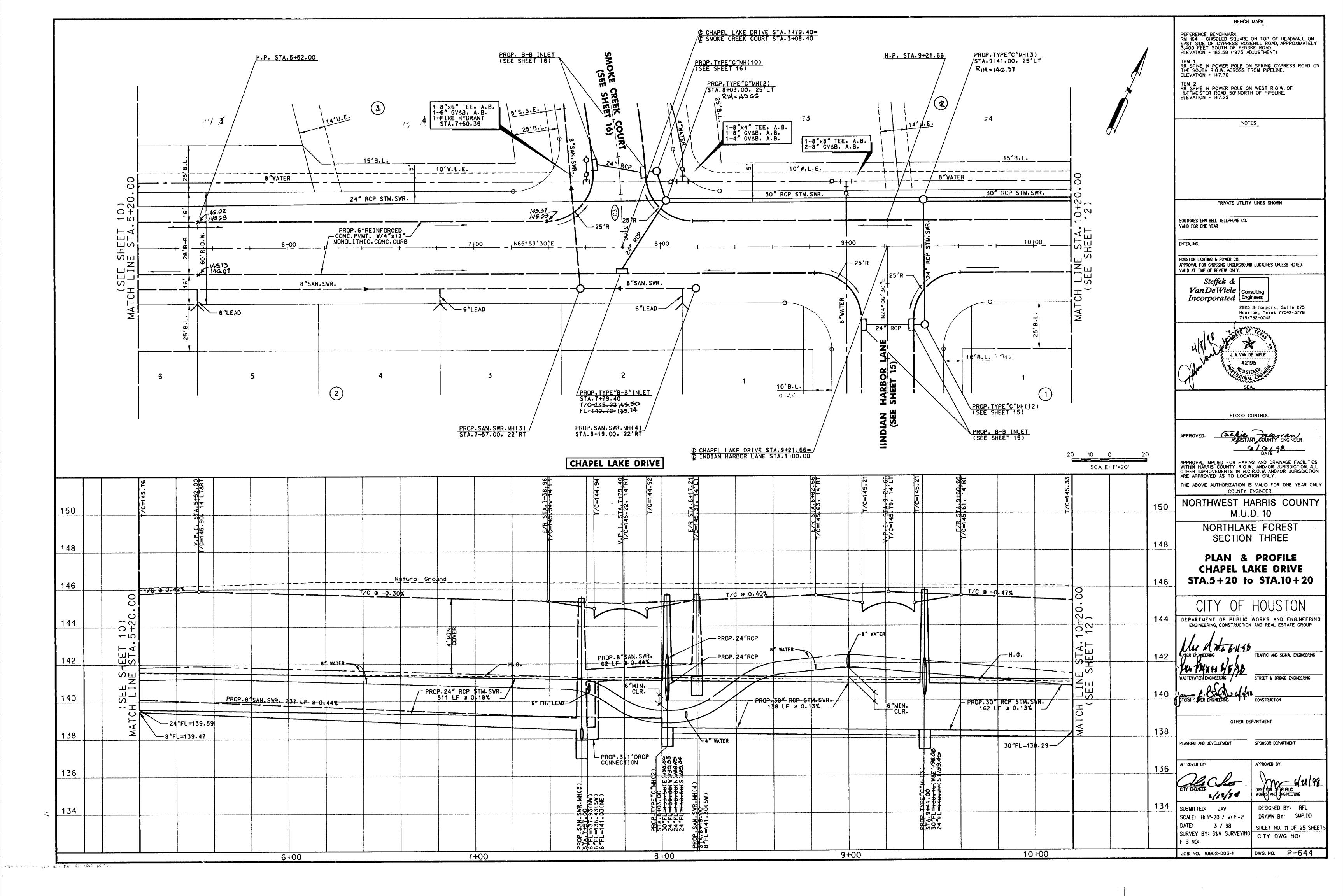


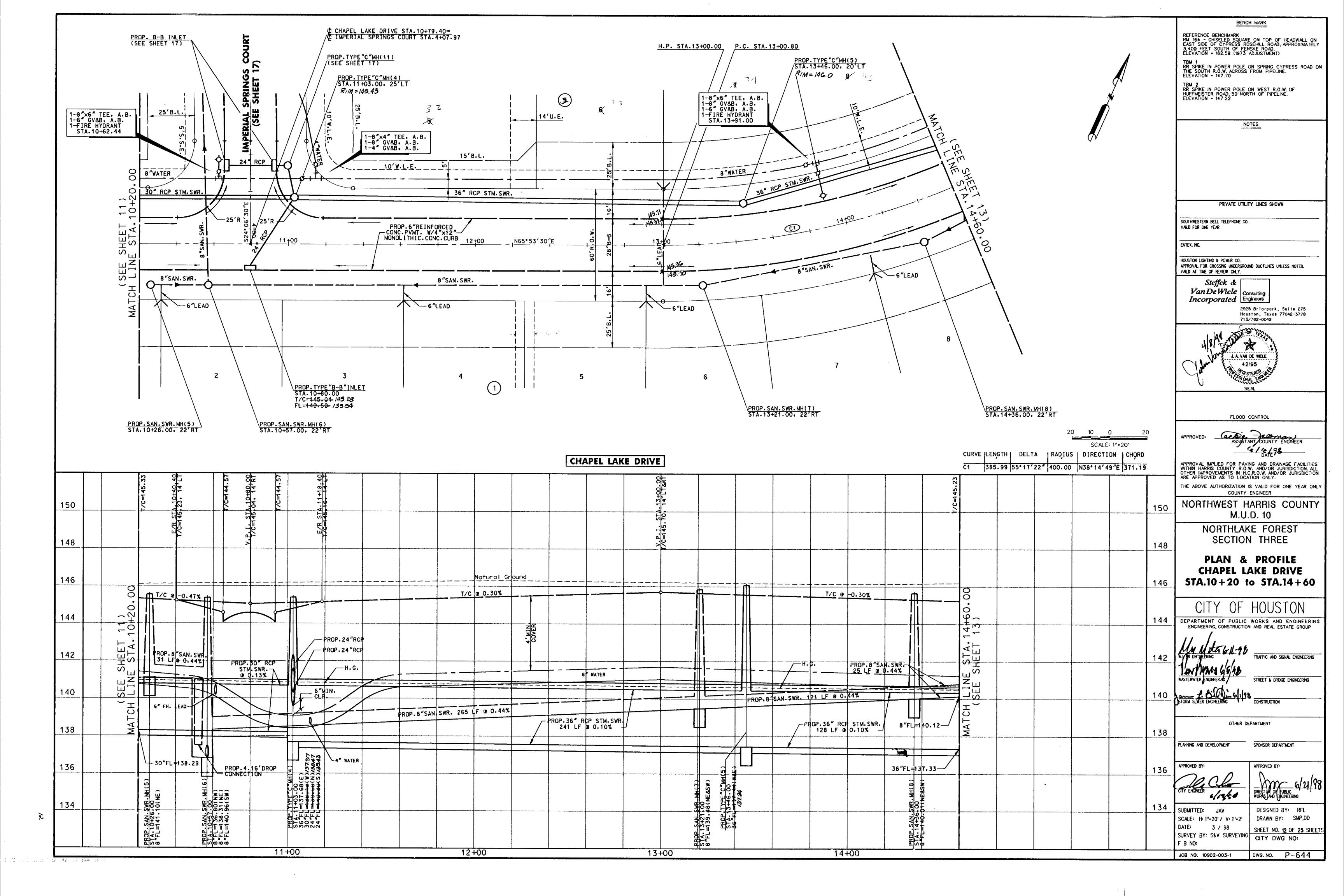


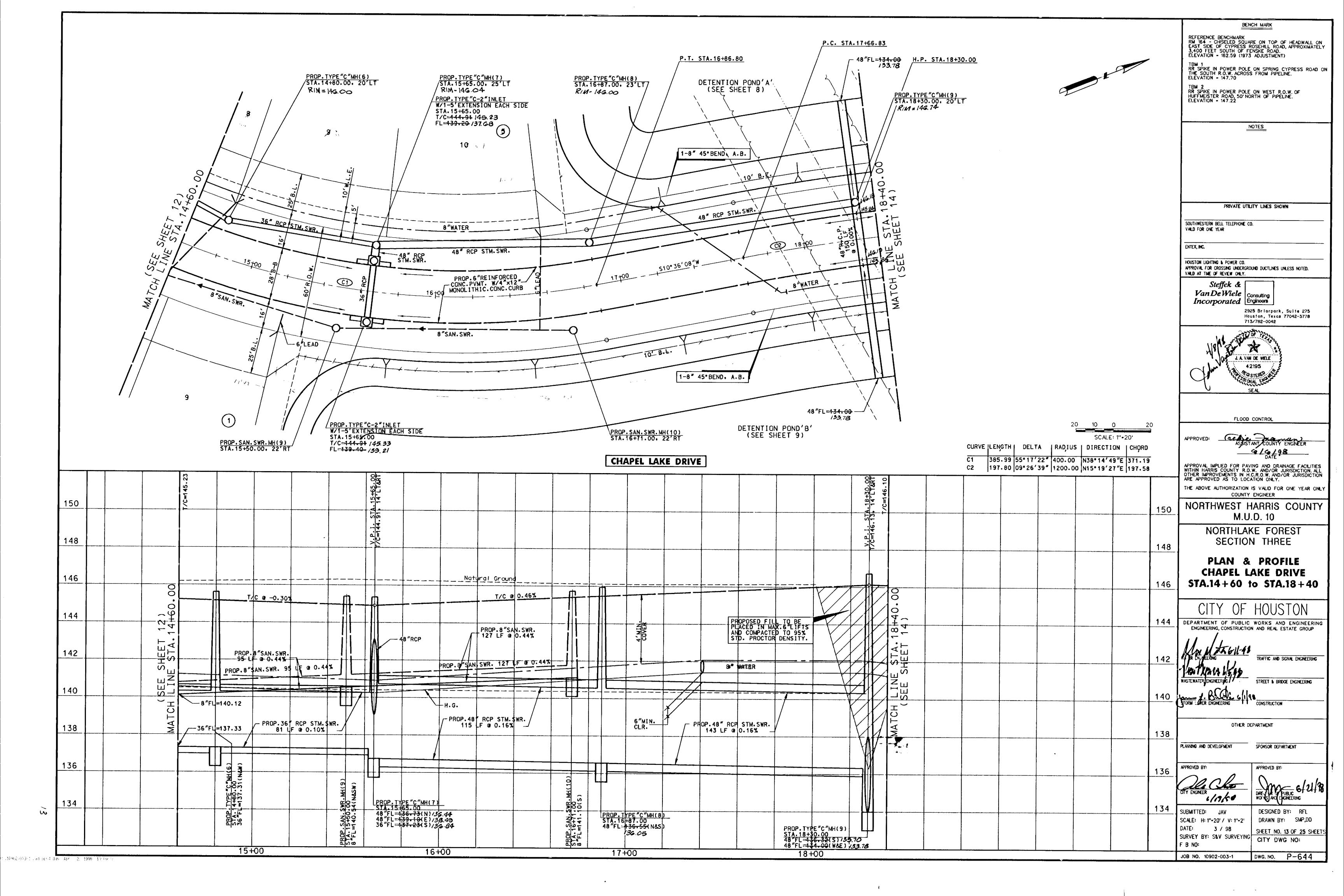


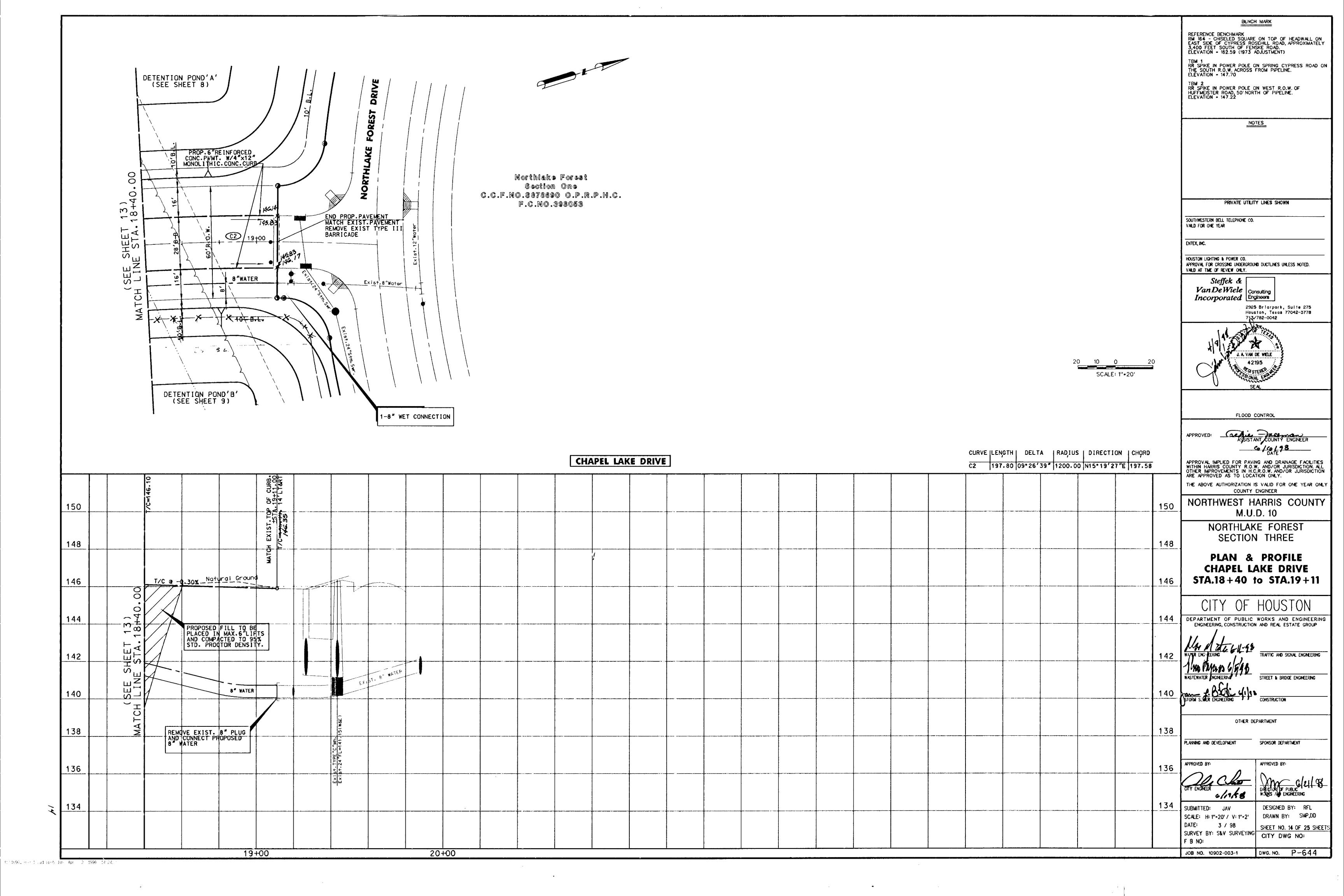


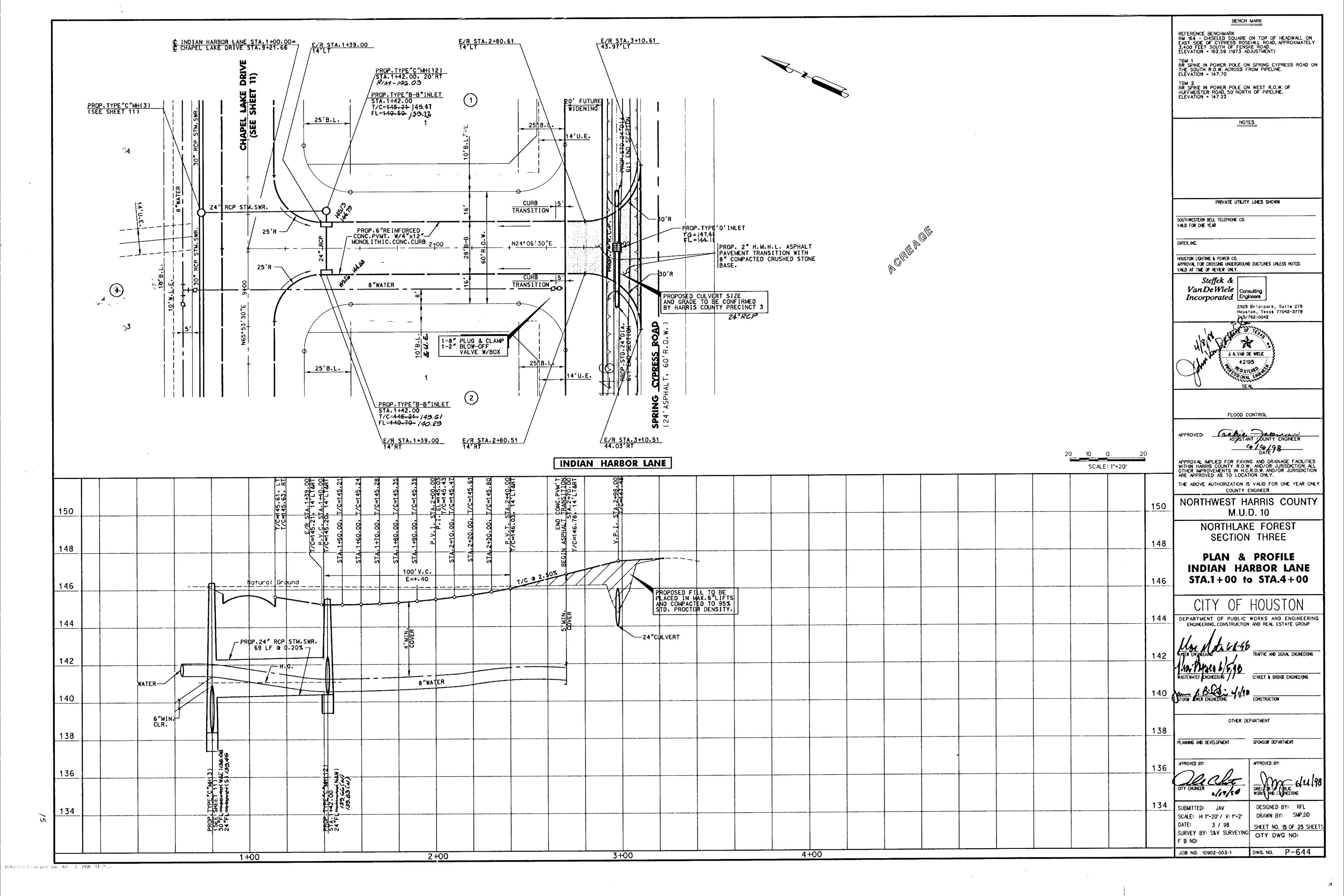


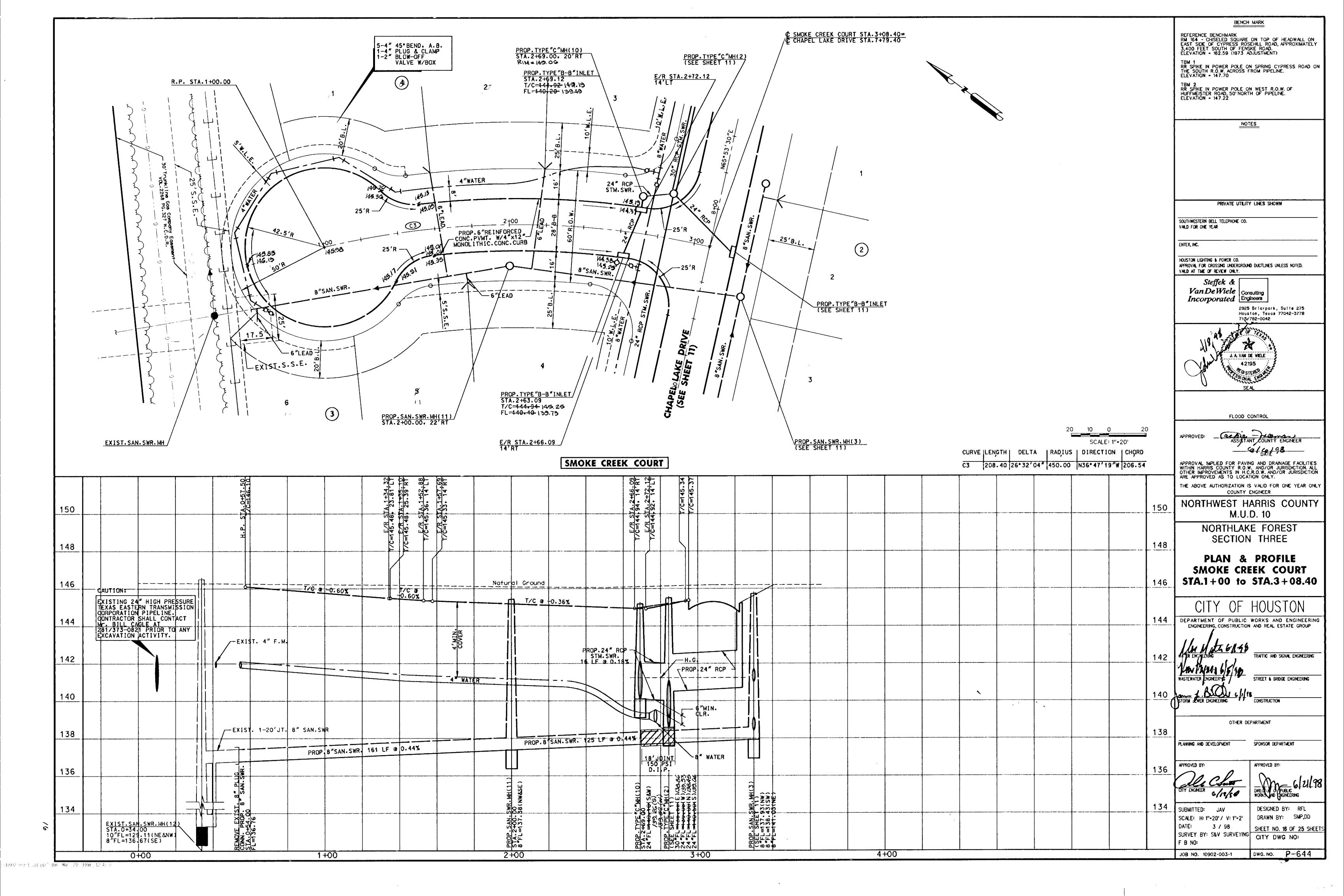


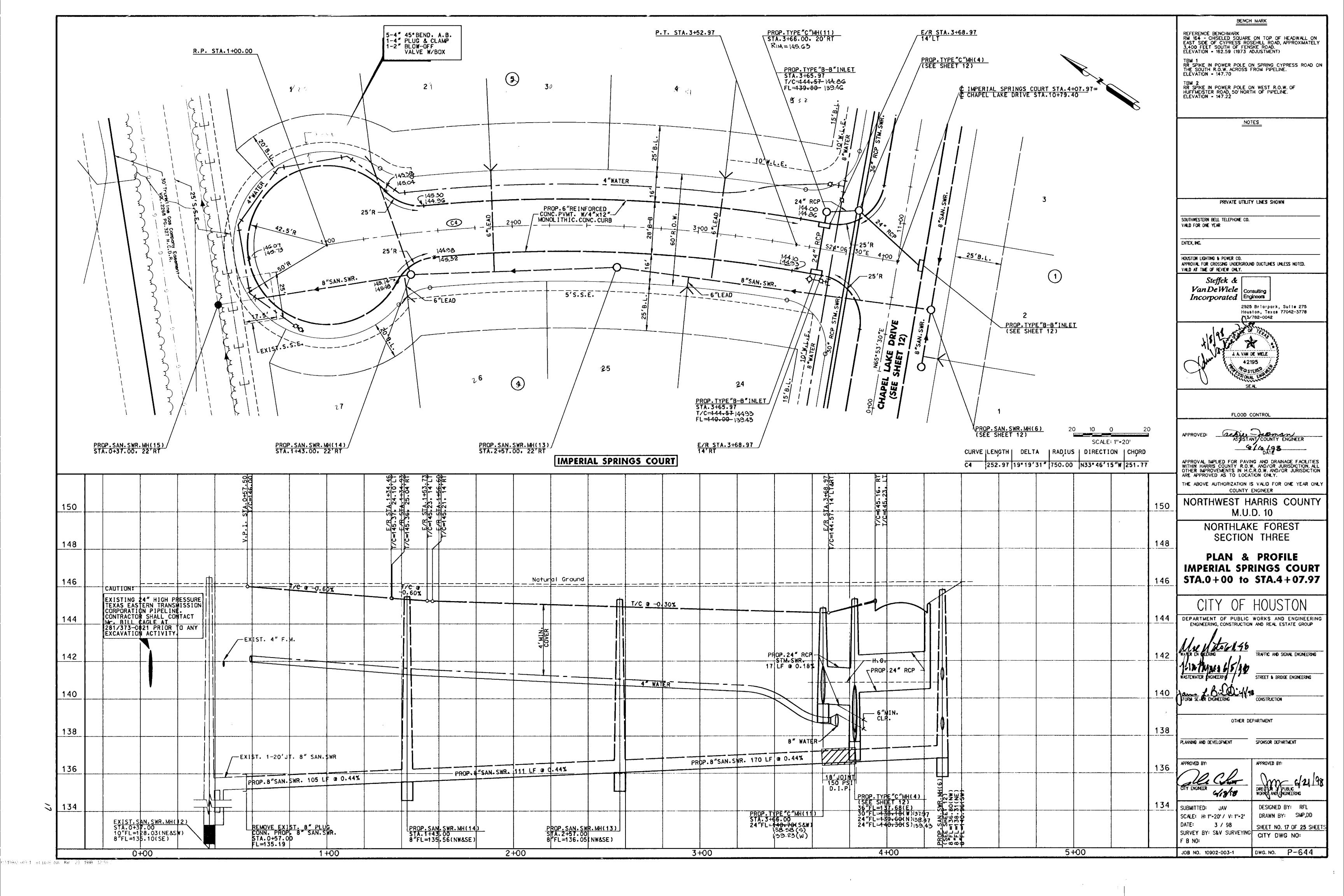












(a) Walkways, runways, and sidewalks shall be kept clear of excavated materials or other obstructions and no sidewalks shall be undermined unless shored to carry a minimum live load of one hundred and twenty-five (125) pounds

per square foot.
(b) If planks are used for raised walkways, runways, or sidewalks, they shall be laid parallel to the length of the walk and fastened together against

(a) Planks shall be uniform in thickness and all exposed ends shall be provided with beveled cleats to prevent tripping.

(d) Reised walkways, runways, and sidewalks shall be provided with plank steps on strong stringers. Ramps, used in lieu of steps, shall be provided with cleats to insure a safe walking surface.

(a) All employees shall be protected with personal protective equipment for the protection of the head, eyes, respiratory organs, hands, feet, and other parts of the body as set forth in Subpart E of this part. (f) Employees exposed to vehicular traffic shall be provided with and shall be instructed to wear warning vests marked with or made of reflectorized or high visibility material.

(g)Employees subjected to hazardous dusts, gases, fumes, mists, or atmospheres deficient in oxygen, shall be protected with approved respiratory protection as set forth in Subpart D of this part. (h) No person shall be permitted under loads handled by power shovels, derricks, or hoists. To avoid spillage employees shall be required to stand away from any vehicle being loaded.
(1) Daily inspections of excavations shall be made by a competent person. If evidence of possible cavemins or slides is apparent, all work in the excavation shall cease until necessary precautions have been taken to safeguard

### § 1926.651 Specific excavation requirements.

STRINGERS -

ONE EXAMPLE OF

SEVERAL TYPES

OF SHEETING

(a) Prior to opening an excavation, efforts shall be made to determine whether underground installations; i.e., sewer, telephone, water, fuel, electric lines, etc., will be encountered, and if so, where such underground installations are located. When the excavation approaches the estimated location of such an installation, the exact location shall be determined and when it is uncovered, proper supports shall be provided for the existing installation. Utility companies shall be contacted and advised of proposed work prior to the start of

actual excavation. (b) Trees, boulders, and other surface encumbrances, located so as to oreate a hazard to employees involved in the excavation work in the vicinity thereof at any time during operations, shall be removed or made safe before excavating is begun.
(c) The walls and faces of all excavations in which employees are exposed

to danger from moving ground shall be guarded by a shoring system, sloping of the ground, or some other equivalent means. (d) Excavations shall be inspected by a competent person after every rainstorm or other hazard-increasing occurrence, and the protection against slides and cave-ins shall be increased if necessary.

(a) The determination of the angle of repose and design of the supporting system shall be based on careful evaluation of pertinent factors such ass Depth F cut; possible variation in water content of the material while the excavation is open; anticipated changes in materials from exposure to air, sun, water, or freezings loading imposed by structures, equipment, overlying material, or stored materials and vibration from equipment, blasting, traffic, or other sources.

(f) Supporting systems; i.e., piling oribbing, shoring, etc., shall be designed by a qualified person and meet accepted engineering requirements. When tie rods are used to restrain the top of sheeting or other retaining system, the rods shall be securely anchored well back of the angle of repose. When tight sheeting or sheet piling is used, full loading due to ground water table shall be assumed, unless prevented by weep holes or drains or other means. Additional stringer, ties and bracing shall be provided to allow for any necessary temporary removal of individual supports.

(g) All slopes shall be excavated to at least the angle of repose except for areas where solid rock allows for line drilling and presplitting. (h) The angle of repose shall be flattened when an excavation has water conditions, silty materials, loose boulders, and areas where erosion, deep frost

action, and slide planes appear.

(i)(1) In excavations which employees may be required to enter, excavation or other material shall be effectively stored and retained at least 2 feet or more from the edge of the excavation. (2) As an alternative to the clearance prescribed in paragraph (1)(1) of this section, the employer may use effective barriers or other effective retaining devices in lieu thereof in order to prevent excavated or other

materials from falling into the excavation. (j) Sides, slopes, and faces of all excavations shall meet accepted engineering requirements by scaling benching barricading rock bolting wire meshing or other equally effective means. Special attention shall be given to slopes which may be adversely affected by weather or moisture content.

(k) Support systems shall be planned and designed by a qualified person when excavation is in excess of 20 feet in depth, adjacent to structures or

improvements, or subject to vibration or ground water. (1) Materials used for sheeting, sheet piling, oribbing, bracing, shoring, and underpinning shall be in good serviceable condition, and timbers shall be sound, free from large or loose knots, and of proper dimensions. (m) Special precautions shall be taken in sloping or shoring the sides of excavations adjacent to a previously backfilling excavation or a fill, particularly when the separation is less that the depth of the excavation. Particular attention also shall be paid to joint and seams of material comprising

a face and the slope of such seams and joints. in) Except in hard rock, excavations below the level of the base of footing of any foundation or retaining wall shall not be permitted, unless the wall is underpinned and all other precautions taken to insure the stability of the adjacent walls for the protection of employees involved in excavation work

or in the vicinity thereof. (a) If the stability of adjoining buildings or walls is endangered by excavations, shoring, bracing, or underpinning shall be provided as necessary to insure their safety. Such shoring, bracing, or underpinning shall be inspected daily or more often, as conditions warrant, by a competent person and the protection effectively maintained.

(p) Diversion ditches, dikes, or other suitable means shall be used to prevent surface water from entering an excavation and to provide adequate drainage of the area adjacent to the excavation. Water shall not be allowed to

accumulate in an excavation. (q) If it is necessary to place or operate power shovels, derricks, trucks, materials, or other heavy objects in a level above and near an excavation, the side of the excavation shall be sheet-piled, shored, and braced as necessary to resist the extra pressure due to such superimposed loads. (r) Blasting and the use of explosives shall be performed in accordance with Subpart U of this part. (s) When mobile equipment is utilized or allowed adjacent to excavation,

substantial stop logs or barricades shall be installed. If possible, the grade should be away from the excavation. (t) Adequate barrier physical protection shall be provided at all remotely located excavations. All wells, pits, shafts, etc., shall be barricaded or

covered. Upon completion of exploration and similar operations, temporary wells, pits, shafts, etc., shall be backfilled.

(u) If possible, dust conditions shall be kept to a minimum by the use of water, salt, calcium chloride, oil, or other means.

(v) In locations where oxygen deficiency or gaseous conditions are possible, air in the excavation shall be tested. Controls, as set forth in Subparts D and E of this part, shall be established to assure acceptable atmospheric conditions. When flammable gases are present adequate ventilation shall be provided or sources of ignition shall be eliminated. Attended emergency rescue equipment, such as breathing apparatus, a safety harness and line, basket stretcher, etc., shall be readily available where adverse atmospheric conditions may exist or develop in an excavation.

(w) Where employees or equipment are required or permitted to cross over

excavations, walkways or bridges with standard guardrails shall be provided.

(x) Where ramps are used for employees or equipment, they shall be designed and constructed by qualified persons in accordance with accepted engineering requirements.
(y) All ladders used on excavation operation shall be in accordance with

the requirements of Subpart L of this part. § 1926.652 Specific tranching requirements

NATURAL GROUND

(a) Banks more than 5 feet high shall be shored, laid back to a stable slope, or some other equivalent means of protection shall be provided where employees may be exposed to moving ground or cave-ins. Refer to Table P-1 as a guide in sloping of banks. Trenches less than 5 feet in depth shall also be effectively protected when examination of the ground indicated hazardous ground

movement may be expected. (b) Sides of tranches in unstable or soft material, 5 feet or more in depth, shall be shored, sheeted, braced, sloped, or otherwise supported by means of sufficient strength to protect the employees working within them. See Tables

P-1, P-2 (following paragraph (g) of this section).

(o) Sides of tranches in hard or compact soil, including embankments, shall be shored or otherwise supported when the tranch is more than 5 feet in depth and 8 feet or more in length. In lieu of shoring, the sides of the trench above the 5 foot level may be sloped to preclude collapse, but shall not be steeper than a 1 foot rise to each 1/2 foot horizontal. When the outside diameter of a pipe is greater than 6 feet, a bench of 4 foot minimum shall be provided at the toe of the sloped portion.

(d) Materials used for sheeting, sheet piling, bracing, shoring, and underpinning, shall be in good serviceable condition, and timbers used shall be sound and free from large or loose knots, and shall be designed and installed so as to be effective to the bottom of the excavation. (e) Additional precautions by way of shoring and bracing shall be taken to prevent slides or cave-ins when excavations or trenches are made in locations

adjacent to backfilled excavations, or where excavations are subjected to vibrations from railroad or highway traffic, the operation of machinery, or any other source.

(f) Employees entering bell-bottom pier holes shall be protected by the installation of a removable-type casing of sufficient strength to resist shifting of the surrounding earth. Such temporary protection shall be provided for the full depth of that part of each pier hole which is above the bell. A lifeline, suitable for instant rescue and securely fastened to a shoulder harness shall be worn by each employee entering the shafts. This lifeline shall be individually manned and separate from any line used to remove materials excavated from the bell footing.

(g)(1) Minimum requirements for trench timbering shall be in accordance with Table P-2. (2) Braces and diagonal shores in a wood shoring system shall not be subjected to compressive stress in excess of values given by the following formula:

S = 13 - 20 L/DMaximum ratio L/D = 50

L = Length, unsupported, in inches
D = Least side of the timber in inches S = Allowable stress in pounds per square inch of pross-section

(h) When employees are required to be in trenches 4 feet deep of more, an adequate means of exit, such as a ladder or steps, shall be provided and located so as to require no more than 25 feet of lateral travel. (1) Bracing or shoring of tranches shall be carried along with the

(j) Cross braces or trench lacks shall be placed in true horizontal position, be spaced vertically, and be secured to prevent sliding, falling, or (k) Portable tranch boxes or sliding tranch shields may be used for the protection of personnel in lieu of a shoring system or sloping. Where such tranch boxes or shields are used, they shall be designed, constructed, and maintained in a manner which will provide protection equal to or greater than the

sheeting or shoring required for the trench. (1) Backfilling and removal of trench supports shall progress together from the bottom of the trench Jacks or braces shall be released slowly and, in unstable soils, ropes shall be used to pull of the jacks or braces from above after employees have cleared the trench.

§ 1926.653 Definitions applicable to this subpart.

(a) "Accepted engineering requirements (or practices)" -- Those requirements or practices which are compatible with standards required by a registered architect, a registered professional engineer, or other duly licensed or recognized authority.

(b) 'Angle of repose' -- The greatest angle above the horizontal plane at which a material will lie without sliding. (c) 'Bank' -- A mass of soil rising above a digging level.

(d) 'Belled excavation' -- A part of a shaft or footing excavation, usually near the bottom and bell-shapedrie, an enlargement of the cross (a) 'Braces (tranch)' -- The horizontal members of the shoring system

whose ends bear against the uprights or stringers.

(f) "Excavation" -- Any manmade cavity or depression in the earth's surface, including its sides, walls, or faces, formed by earth removal and producing unsupported earth conditions by reasons of the excavation. If installed forms or similar structures reduce the depth-to-width relationship, an excavation may become a trench.
(g) 'Faces' -- See paragraph (k) of this section.

(h) "Hard compact soil" -- All earth materials not classified as running

or unstable. (1) "Kickouts" -- Accidental release or failure of a shore or brace. (j) 'Sheet pile' -- A pile, or sheeting that may form one of a continuous interlocking line, or a row of timber, concrete, or steel piles, driven in close contact to provide a tight wall to resist the lateral pressure of water, adjacent earth, or other materials.

(k) "Sides", "Walls", or "Faces" -- The vertical or included earth surface formed as a result of excavation work. (1) 'Slope' -- The angle with the horizontal at which a particular earth material will stand indefinitely without movement.

(m) 'Stringers (wales)' -- The horizontal members of a shoring system

whose sides bear against the uprights or earth. (n) 'Tranch' -- A narrow excavation made below the surface of the ground. in general, the depth is greater than the width, but the width of a trench is not greater than 15 feet.
(a) 'Trench jack' -- Screw or hydraulic type jack used as cross bracing

in a trench shoring system.

(p) "Trench shield" -- A shoring system composed of steel plates and bracing, welded or bolted together, which support the walls of a trench from the ground level to the trench bottom and which can be moved along as work q) "Unstable soil" -- Earth material, other than running, that because of its nature or the influence of related conditions, cannot be depended upon to remain in place without extra support, such as would be furnished by a system of

shoring.
(r) "Uprights" -- The vertical members of a shoring system.
(s) "Wales" -- See paragraph (m) of this section.
(t) "Walls" -- See paragraph (k) of this section.

ם	X	Y
Ø' - 5'	0	1′
5′ - 8′	1′	1'
8' - 10'	2′	1′
10'-GREATER	•	•

# TABLE P-2 TRENCH SHORING-MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS

- SHEET PILINGS

-		SIZE AND SPACING OF MEMBERS										
DEPTH OF TRENCH	KIND OF CONDITION OF EARTH	UPRIGHT <b>S</b>		STRINGERS		CROSS BRACE / WIDT			TH OF TRENCH		MAXIMUM SPACING	
		MINIMUM DIMENSION	MAXIMUM SPACING	MINIMUM DIMENSION	MAXIMUM SPACING	UP TO 3 FEET	3 TO 6 FEET	6 TO 9 FEET	9 TO 12 FEET	12 TO 15 FEET	VERTICAL	HORIZONTAL
FEET		INCHES	FEET	INCHES	FEET	INCHES	INCHES	INCHES	INCHES	INCHES	FEET	FEET
5 TO 1Ø	HARD, COMPACT	3×4 OR 2×6	6	,		2×6	4×4	4×6	6×6	6×8	4	6
	LIKELY TO CRACK	3x4 OR 2x6	3	4×6	4	2×6	4×4	4×6	6×6	6×8	4	6
	SOFT, SANDY OR FILLED	3×4 OR 2×6	CLOSE SHEETING	4×6	4	4×4	4×6	6×6	6×8	8×8	4	6
	HYDROSTATIC PRESSURE	3×4 OR 2×6	CLOSE SHEETING	6×8	4	4×4	4×6	6×6	6×8	8×8	4	6
1Ø TO 15	HARD	3x4 OR 2x6	4	4×6	4	4×4	4×6	6× <b>6</b>	6×8	8×8	4	6
	LIKELY TO CRACK	3x4 OR 2x6	2	4×6	4	4×4	4×6	6×6	6×8	8×8	4	6
	SOFT, SANDY OR FILLED	3x4 OR 2x6	CLOSE SHEETING	4×6	4	4×6	6×6	6×8	8×8	8×10	4	6
	HYDROSTATIC PRESSURE	3×6	CLOSE SHEETING	8×1Ø	4	4×6	6×6	6×8	8×8	8×1Ø	4	6
15 TO 2Ø	ALL KINDS OR CONDITIONS	3×6	CLOSE SHEETING	4×12	4	4×12	6×8	8×8	8×1Ø	10×10	4	6
OVER 20	ALL KINDS OR CONDITIONS	6×8	CLOSE SHEETING	3×6	4	4×12	8×8	8×1Ø	10×10	10×12	4	6

TRENCH PACKS MAY BE USED IN LIEU OF OR IN COMBINATION WITH, CROSS BRACES.
SHORING IS NOT REQUIRED IN SOLID ROCK, HARD SHALE OR HARD SLAG.
WHERE DESIRABLE, STEEL SHEET PILING AND BRACING OF EQUAL STRENGTH MAY BE SUBSTITUTED FOR WOOD.

•• SHORING OR TRENCHING BOX IS REQUIRED NATURAL GROUND TRENCHING BOX MUST MEET OR EXCEED THIS ELEVATION - TRENCHING BOX OR/SHORING TANKINKINK T **VARIES** DETAIL "A"

DETAIL 'B'

BENCH MARK

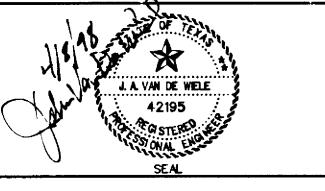
REFERENCE BENCHMARK
RM 164 - CHISELED SQUARE ON TOP OF HEADWALL ON
EAST SIDE OF CYPRESS ROSEHILL ROAD, APPROXIMATELY
3,400 FEET SOUTH OF FENSKE ROAD.
ELEVATION - 162.59 (1973 ADJUSTMENT)

TBM 1 RR SPIKE IN POWER POLE ON SPRING CYPRESS ROAD ON THE SOUTH R.O.W. ACROSS FROM PIPELINE. ELEVATION - 147.70 RR SPIKE IN POWER POLE ON WEST R.O.W. OF HUFFMEISTER ROAD, 50' NORTH OF PIPELINE. ELEVATION - 147.22

NOTES

Steffek & Van De Wiele | Consulting Incorporated Engineers

> 2925 Briarpark, Sulte 275 Houston, Texas 77042-3778 713/782-0042



FLOOD CONTROL

COUNTY ENGINEER

NORTHWEST HARRIS COUNTY M.U.D. 10 NORTHLAKE FOREST

> SECTION THREE U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION

TRENCHING SAFETY **REQUIREMENTS** 

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND ENGINEERING ENGINEERING, CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE GROUP

> TRAFFIC AND SIGNAL ENGINEERING street & Bridge Engineering

OTHER DEPARTMENT

SPONSOR DEPARTMENT PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

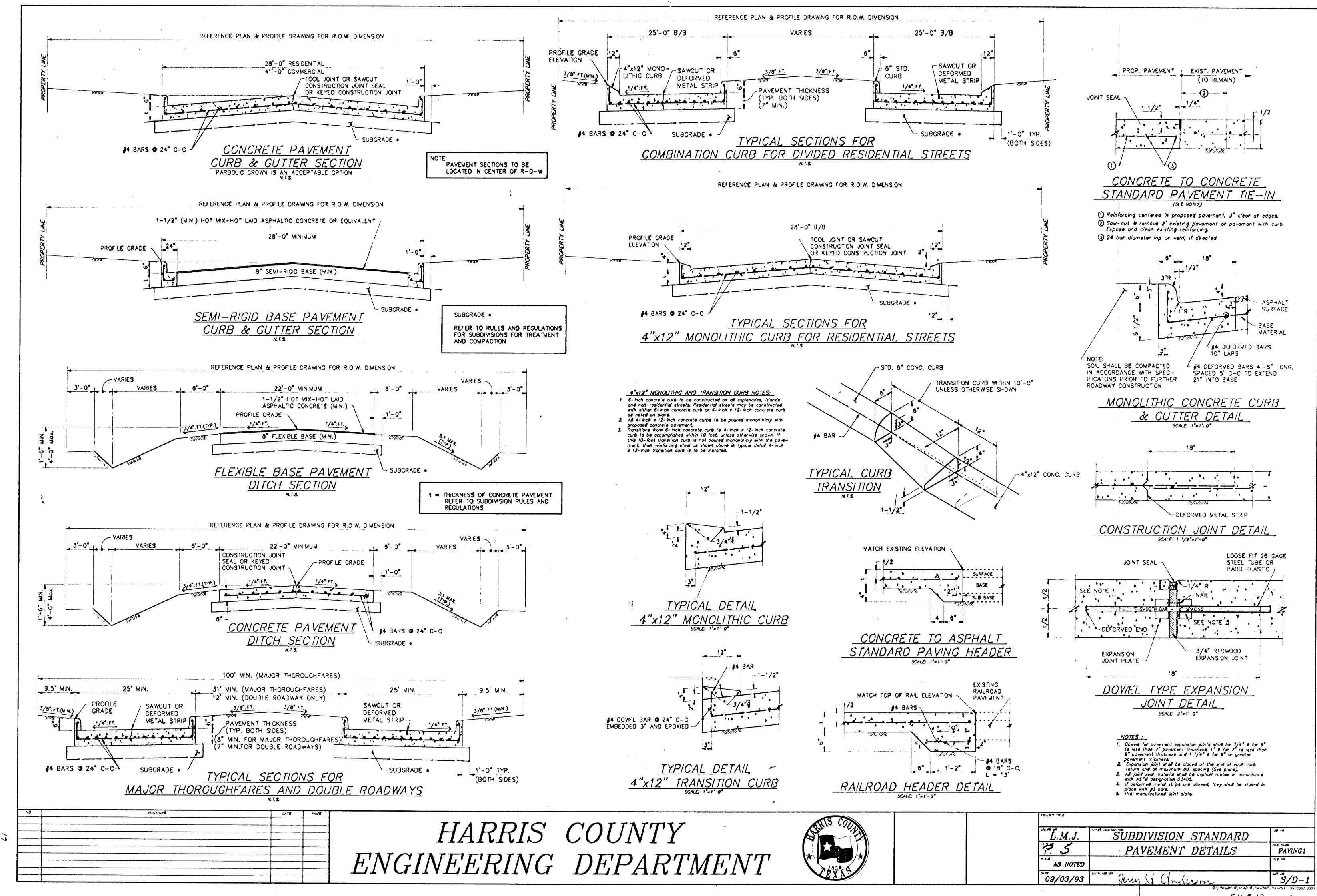
SUBMITTED: SCALE: DATE: 3 / 98

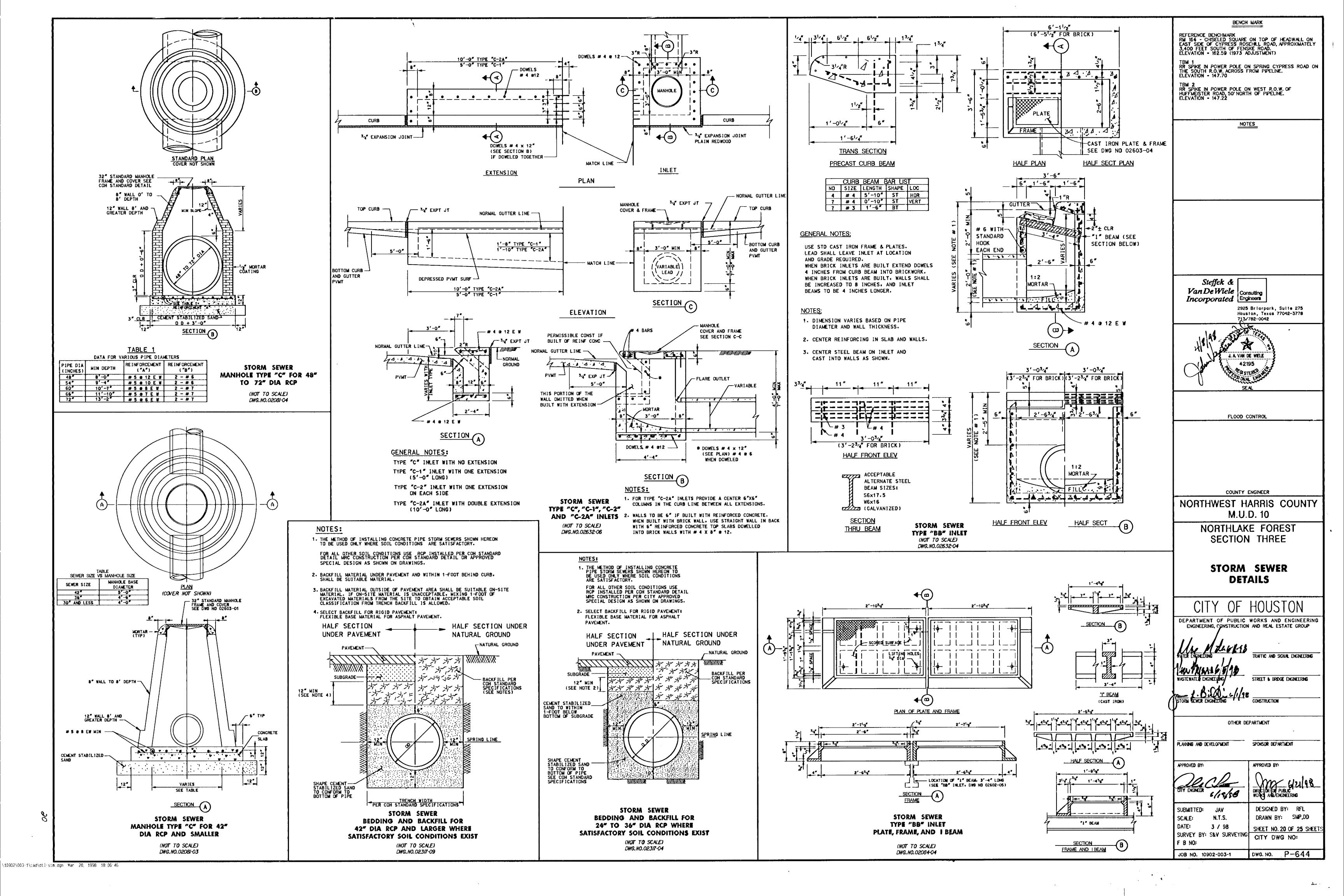
JOB NO. 10902-003-1

DESIGNED BY: RFL DRAWN BY: SMP,DD SURVEY BY: S&V SURVEYING F B NO:

SHEET NO. 18 OF 25 SHEET CITY DWG NO: DWG. NO. P-644

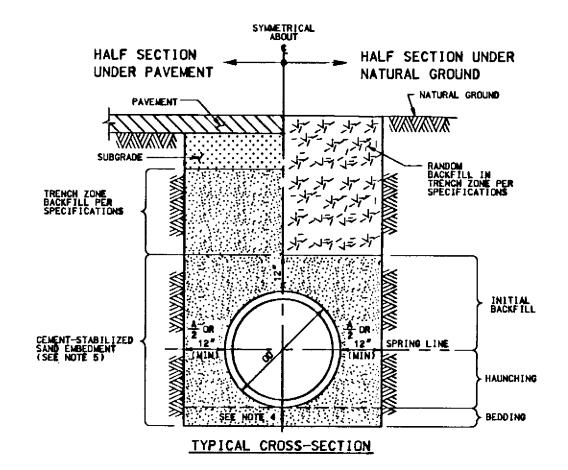
:\10902\003 1\cad\dtl trch dgn Mar 20, 1998 18 04:26



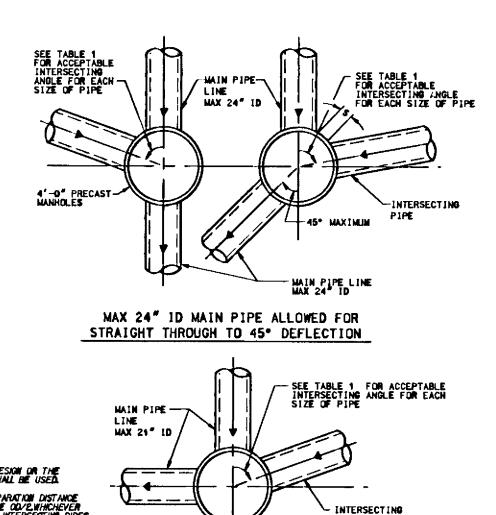


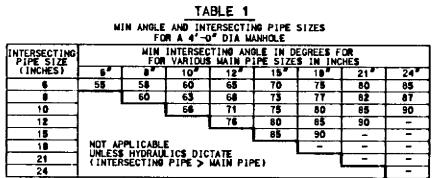


- NOMINAL PIPE SIZE 18" TO 30" OVER 30"
- MAX TRENCH WIDTH SHALL BE NOT GREATER THAN MIN TRENCH WIDTH PLUS 24 INCHES, UNLESS OTHERWISH NOTED.
- 4. MIN BEDDING DEPTH SHALL BE THE GREATER OF 14 OD OR 6 INCHES. 5. ALTERNATIVE EMBEDMENT BACKFILL MATERIALS FOR FORCE MAINS MAY BE ALLOWED. SEE C.O.H. STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS.



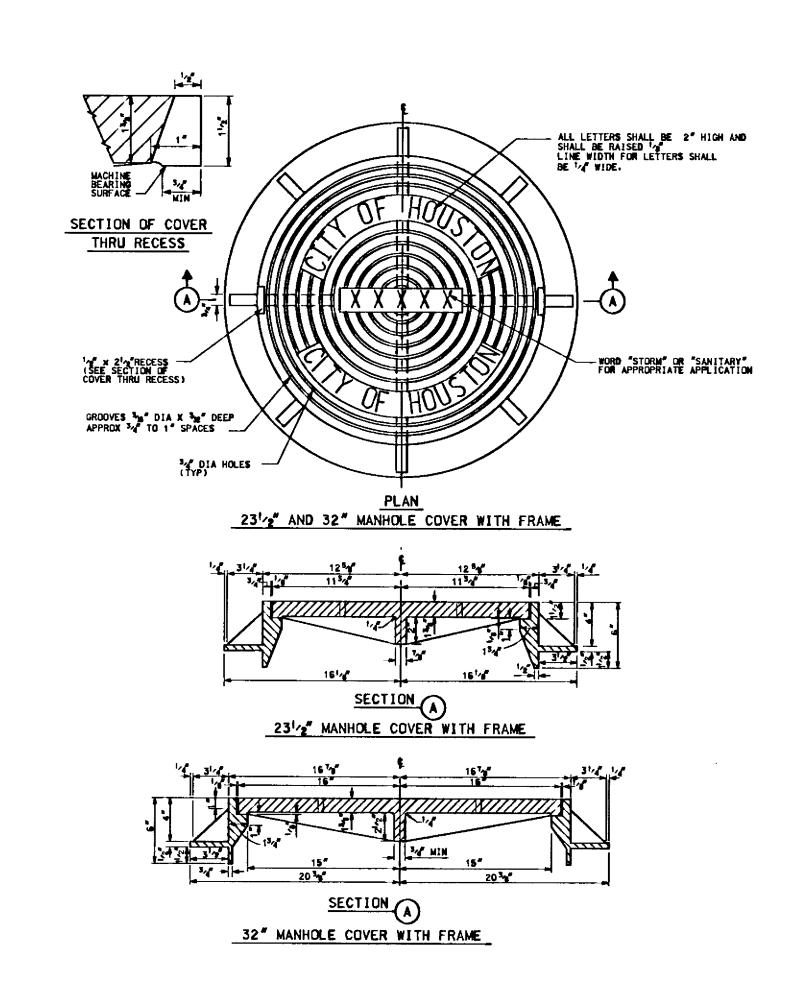
SANITARY SEWER BEDDING AND BACKFILL FOR DRY STABLE TRENCH

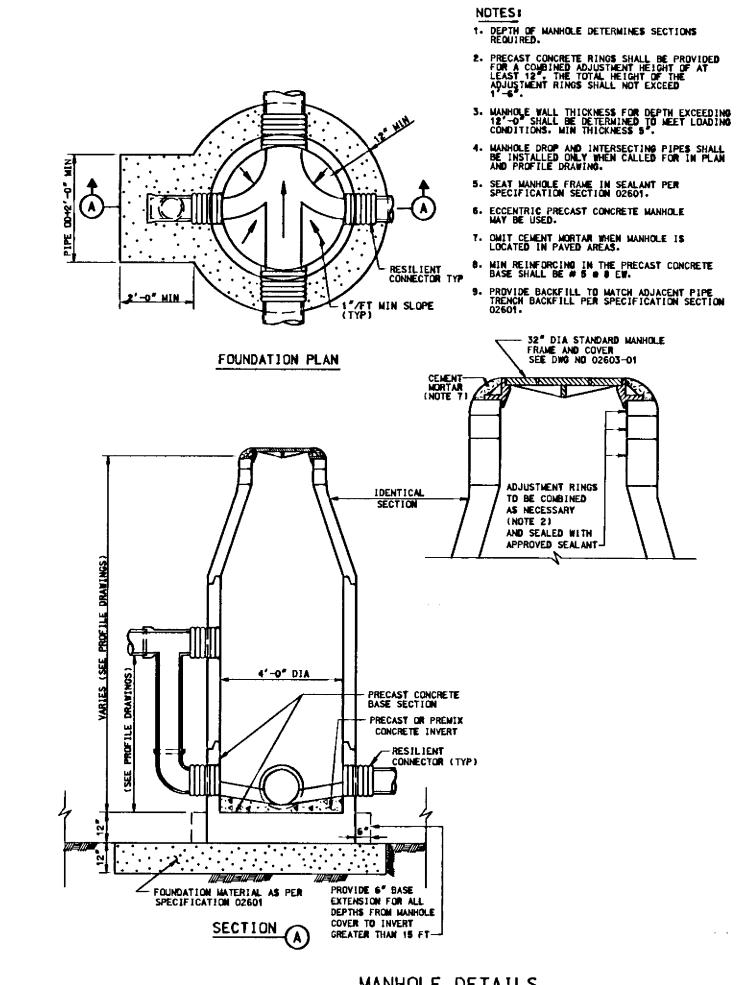




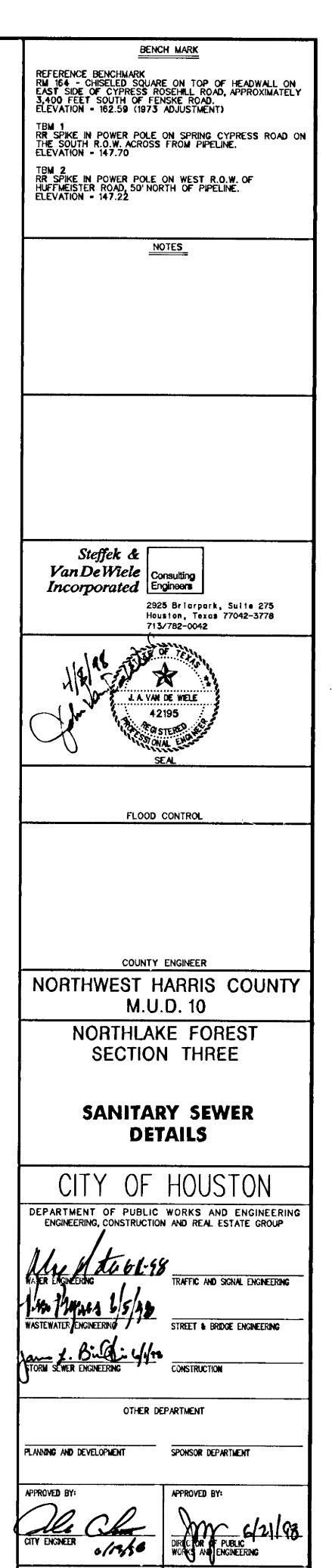
NOTES TO SPECIFIER

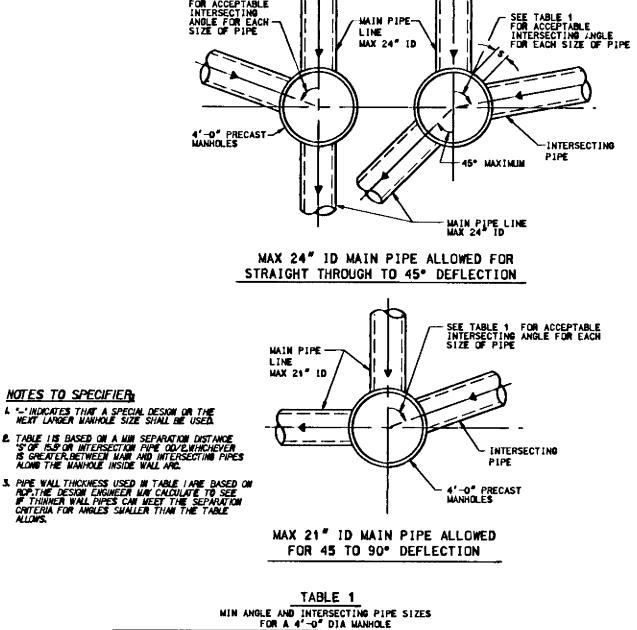
1109021009 11cad1dt1 can dgn Man 20. 1998 18:07:32

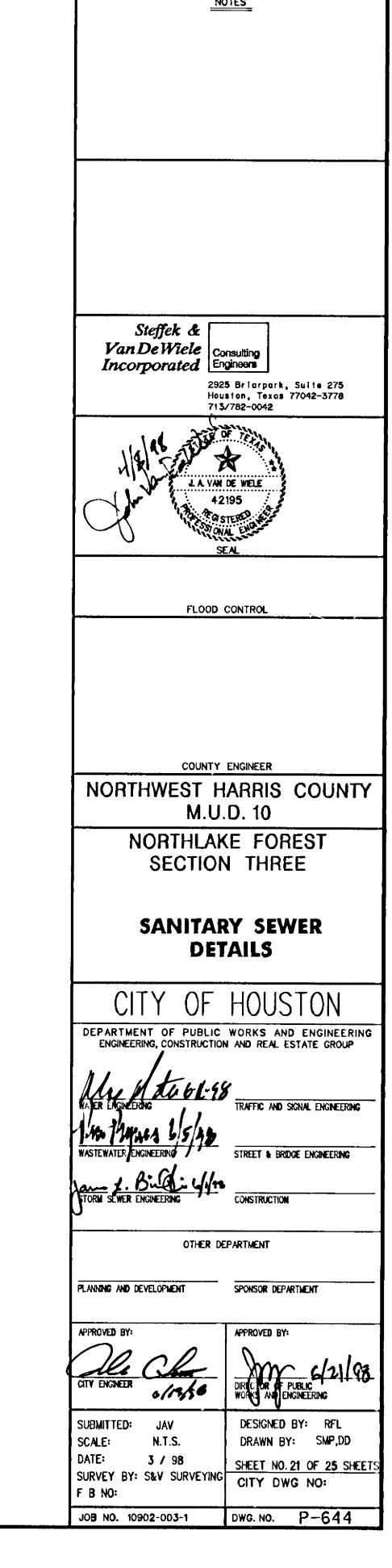


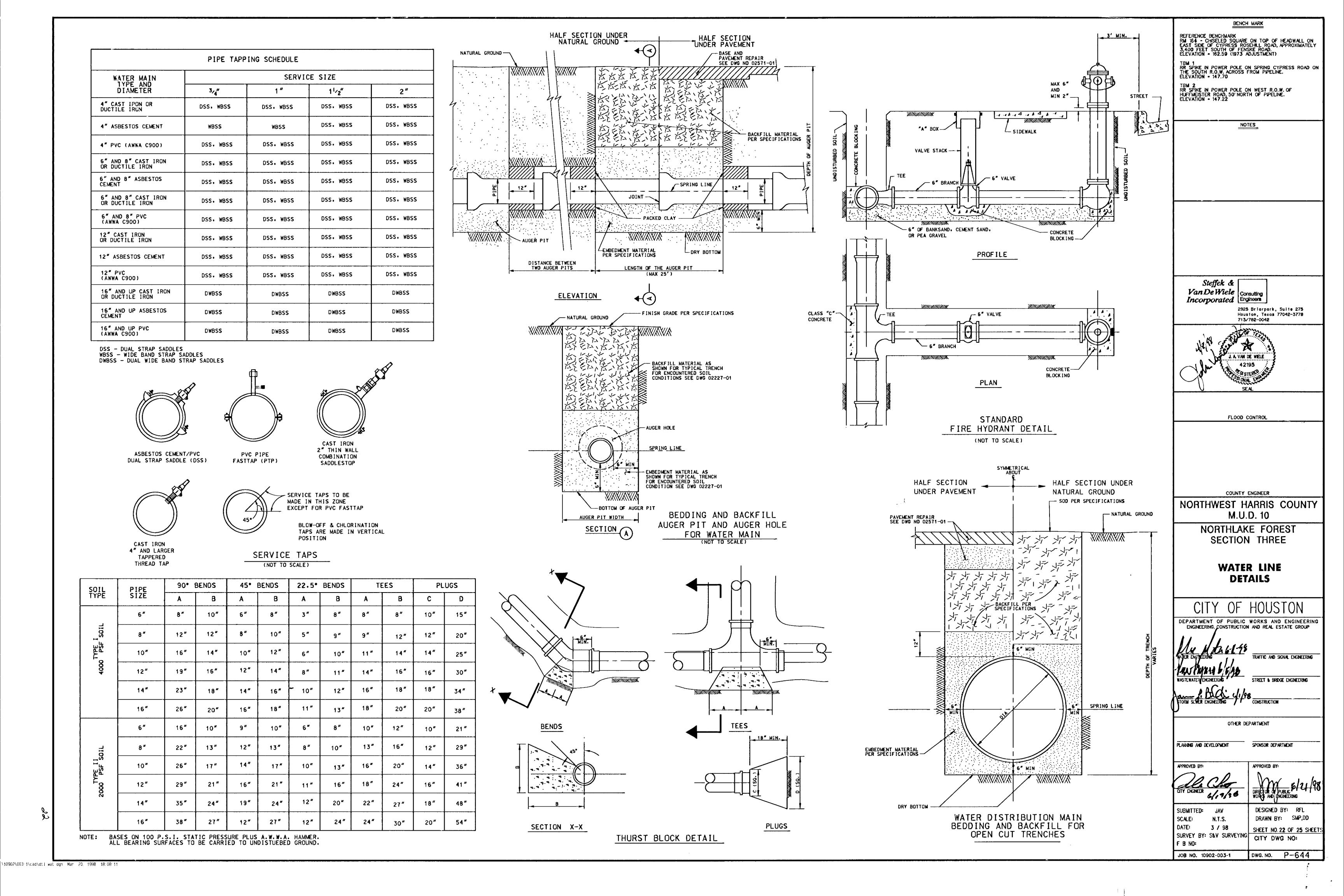


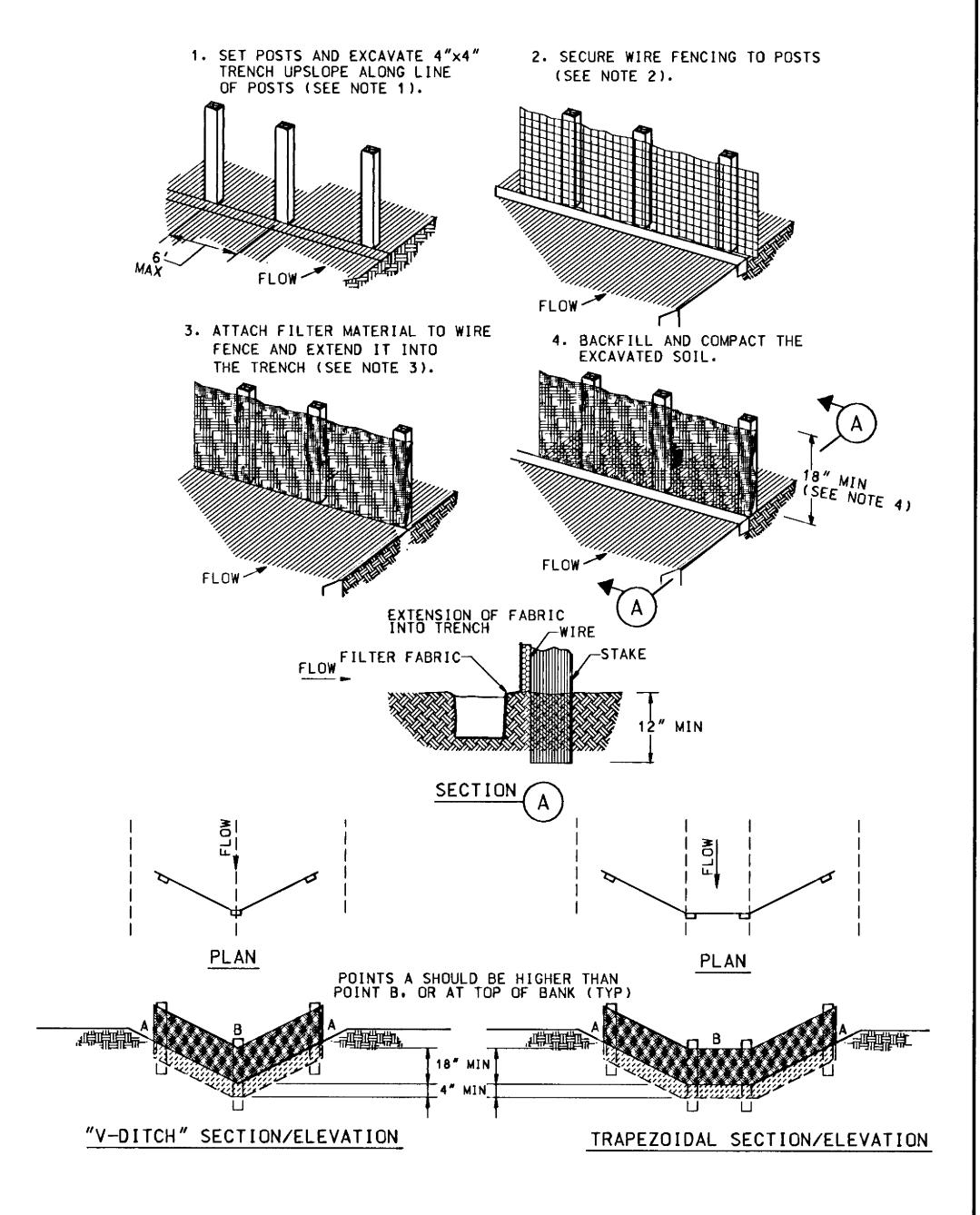
MANHOLE DETAILS

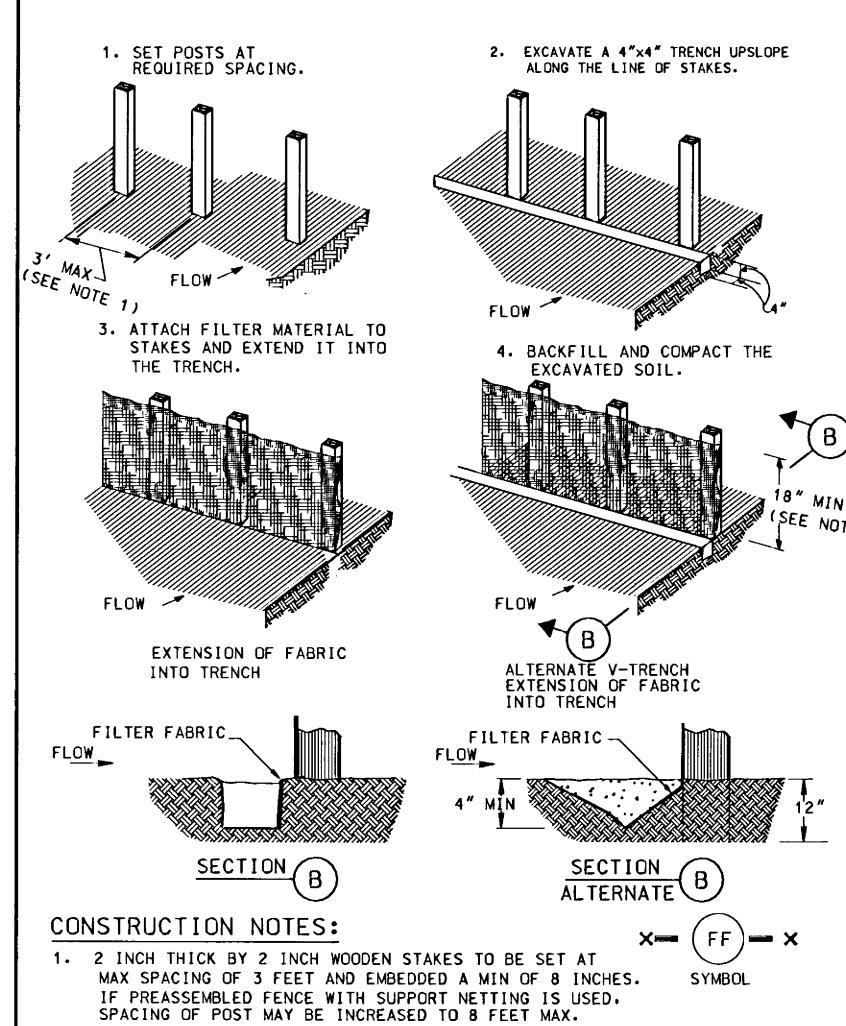










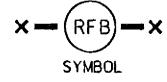


- ATTACH FILTER FABRIC TO WOODEN STAKES. FILTER FABRIC FENCE SHALL HAVE A MIN HEIGHT OF 18 INCHES AND MAX HEIGHT OF 36 INCHES ABOVE NATURAL GROUND.
- WHEN TWO SECTIONS OF FILTER CLOTH ADJOIN EACH OTHER THEY SHOULD BE OVERLAPPED 6 INCHES AT THE POSTS.
- 4. SEE SECTION 01567 FILTER FABRIC FENCE.

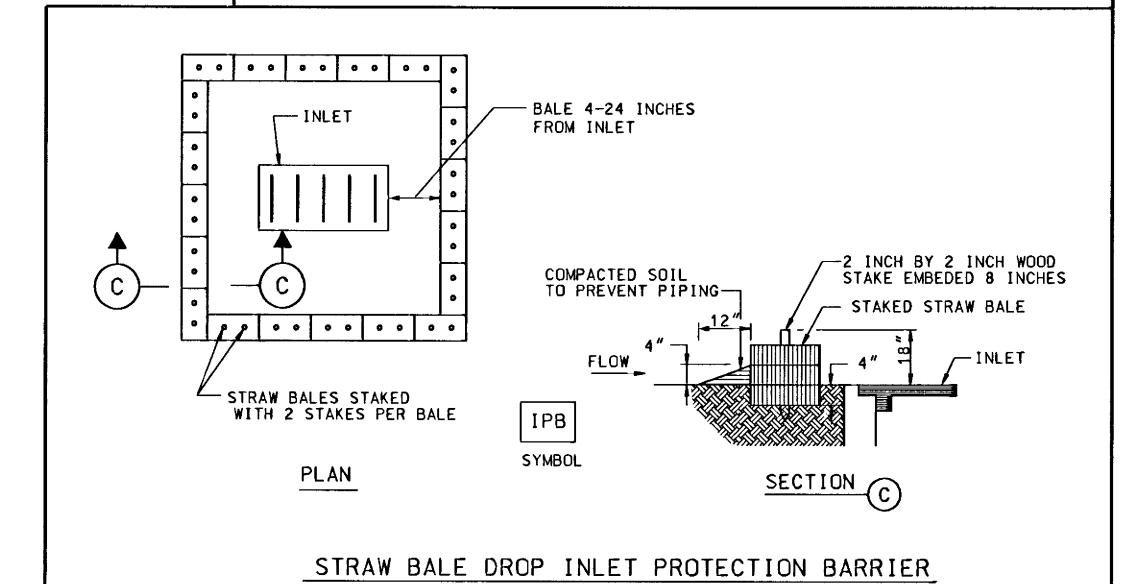
## FILTER FABRIC FENCE

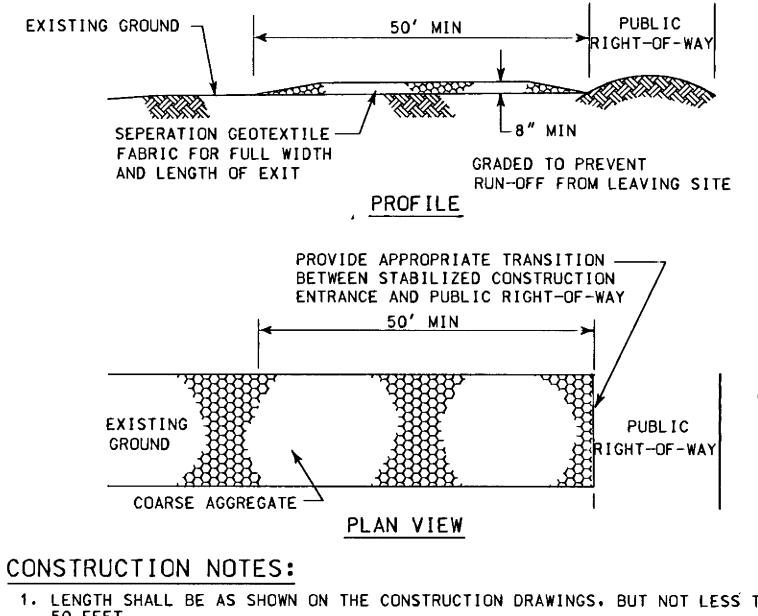


- 1. SET 2 INCH BY 2 INCH WOODEN STAKES SPACED A MAX OF 6 FEET APART AND EMBEDDED A MIN OF 12 INCHES.
- 2. WOVEN WIRE FENCE TO BE FASTENED SECURELY TO FENCE POSTS WITH STAPLES.
- 3. FILTER CLOTH TO BE FASTENED SECURELY TO WOVEN WIRE FENCE. WITH TIES SPACED EVERY 24 INCHES AT TOP AND MIDSECTION.
- 4. MINIMUM HEIGHT OF FILTER SHOULD BE 18 INCHES AND A MAXIMUM OF 36 INCHES ABOVE NATURAL GROUND.
- 5. WHEN TWO SECTIONS OF FILTER CLOTH ADJOIN EACH OTHER THEY SHALL BE OVERLAPPED 6 INCHES AT THE POSTS. AND FOLDED.
- 6. SEE SECTION 01568 REINFORCED FILTER FABRIC BARRIER.

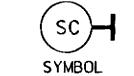


REINFORCED FILTER FABRIC BARRIER

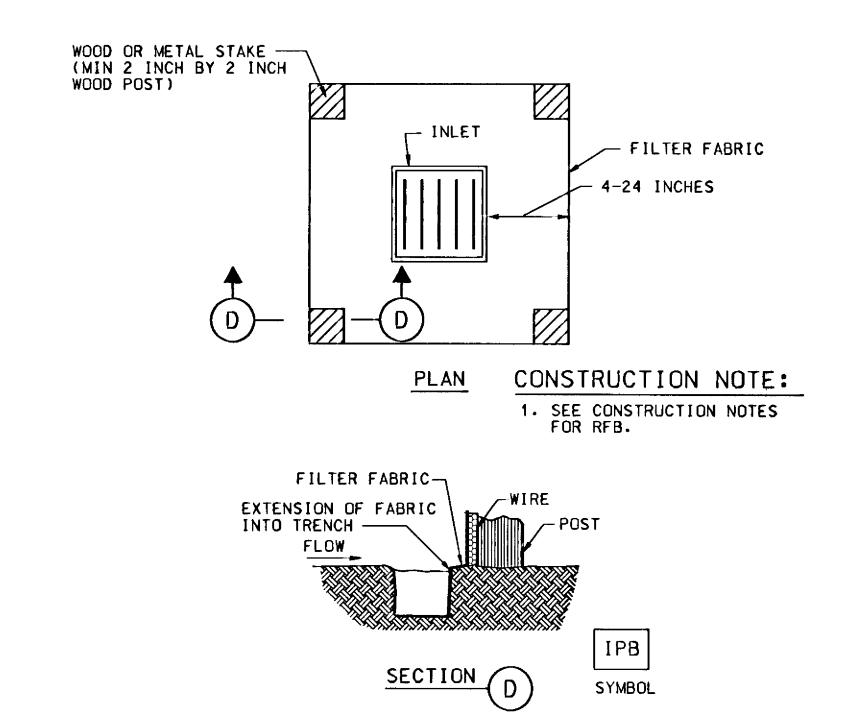




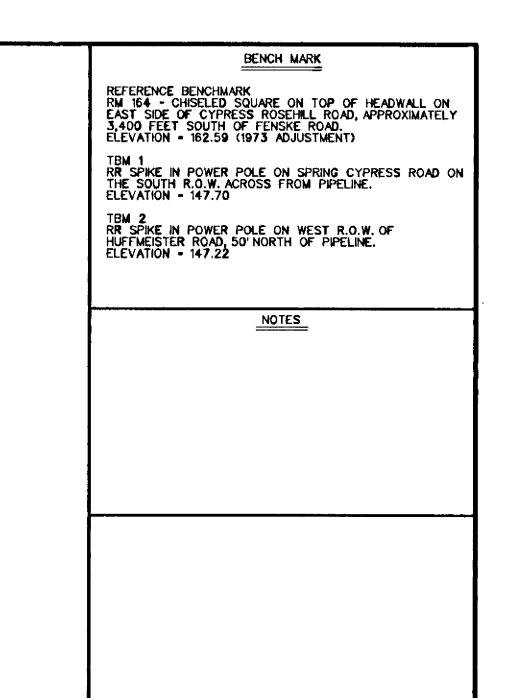
- 1. LENGTH SHALL BE AS SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS, BUT NOT LESS THAN 50 FEET.
- 2. THICKNESS SHALL BE NOT LESS THAN 8 INCHES.
- 3. WIDTH SHALL BE NOT LESS THAN FULL WIDTH OF ALL POINTS OF INGRESS OR EGRESS. 4. STABILIZATION FOR OTHER AREAS SHALL HAVE THE SAME AGGREGATE THICKNESS AND WIDTH REQUIREMENTS AS THE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION EXIT. UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS.
- 5. STABILIZED AREA MAY BE WIDENED OR LENGTHENED TO ACCOMODATE A TRUCK WASHING AREA. AN OUTLET SEDIMENT TRAP MUST BE PROVIDED FOR THE TRUCK WASHING AREA.
- 6. SEE SECTION 01569 STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION EXIT.
- 7. STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION EXIT SHALL BE MAINTAINED FREE OF SEDIMENT FOR THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT.

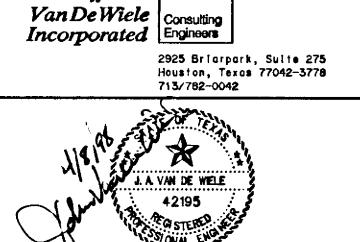


## STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION EXIT



SILT FENCE INLET PROTECTION BARRIER





Steffek &

FLOOD CONTROL

COUNTY ENGINEER NORTHWEST HARRIS COUNTY

M.U.D. 10 NORTHLAKE FOREST

POLLOUTION PREVENTION

PLAN DETAILS

SECTION THREE STORM WATER RUNOFF

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND ENGINEERING ENGINEERING, CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE GROUP TRAFFIC AND SIGNAL ENGINEERING STREET & BRIDGE ENGINEERING

OTHER DEPARTMENT

APPROVED BY:

PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT

DATE:

F B NO:

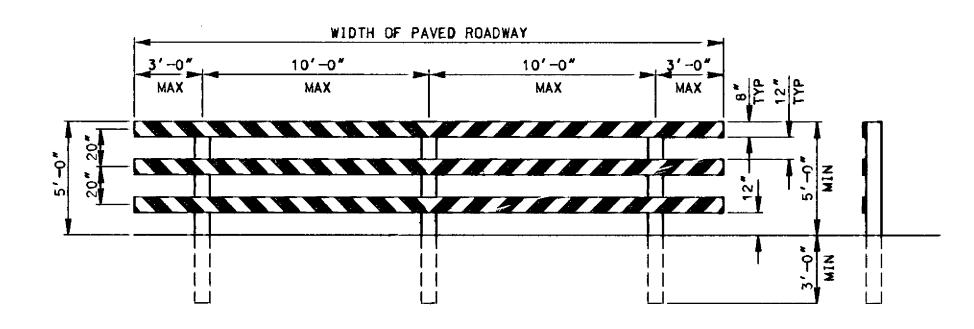
DESIGNED BY: RFL SUBMITTED: JAV SCALE: N.T.S.

DRAWN BY: SMP,DD 3 / 98 SHEET NO. 23 OF 25 SHEET SURVEY BY: S&V SURVEYING CITY DWG NO:

SPONSOR DEPARTMENT

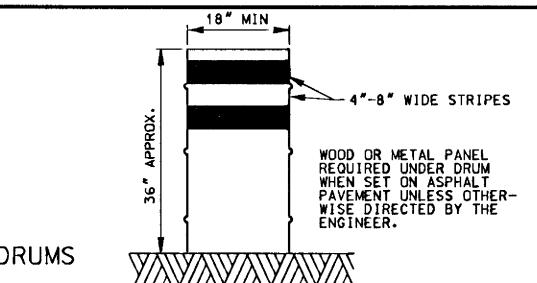
DWG. NO. P-644 JOB NO. 10902-003-1

1030z.coul izadiküri Sppp üğh Mar 20, 1998—18 09:11



## TYPE III BARRICADE FOR END OF ROAD

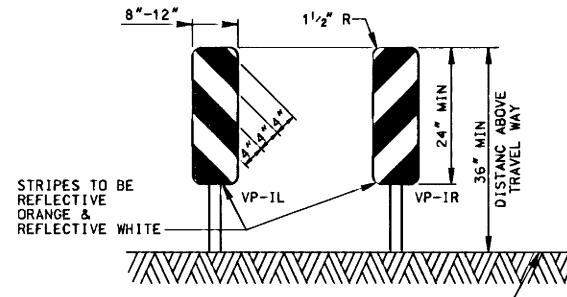
FOR TYPE III BARRICADE FOR END OF ROAD, THE THREE (3) RAILS SHALL BE REFLECTIVE RED AND RELFLECTIVE WHITE SRIPES ON SIDE FACING TRAFFIC



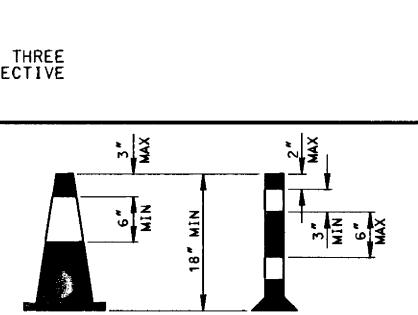
DRUMS. SET ON END. AND USED FOR TRAFFIC WARNING OR CHANNELIZATION SHALL BE APPROX 36" IN HEIGHT AND A MIN OF 18" IN DIAMETER. THE CONTRACTOR. AT HIS OPTION. MAY USE DRUMS MADE FROM STEEL BARRELS OR BLACK POLYETHYLENE PLASTIC DRUM LINERS WEIGHING APPROX EIGHT POUNDS EACH. THE MARKINGS ON DRUMS SHALL BE HORIZONTAL, CIRCUMFERENTIAL, REFLECTORIZED ORANGE AND REFLECTORIZED WHITE

STRIPES, 4 TO 8 INCHES WIDE. THE FIRST REFLECTORIZED STRIPES, 4 TO 8 INCHES WIDE. THE FIRST REFLECTORIZED STRIPE SHOULD START WITHIN TWO (2) INCHES OF THE TOP OF THE DRUM. THERE SHALL BE AT LEAST TWO ORANGE AND TWO WHITE STRIPES ON EACH DRUM. IF THERE ARE NON-REFLECTORIZED SPACES BETWEEN THE HORIZONTAL ORANGE AND WHITE STRIPES, THEY SHALL BE NO MORE THAN 2 INCHES WIDE. METAL DRUMS SHALL BE PAINTED BLACK OR ORANGE BEFORE REFLECTORIZED STRIPES ARE ADDED. ALL DRUMS ON PROJECT WILL BE THE SAME COLOR. WHEN DRUMS ARE PLACED IN THE ROADWAY. APPROPIATE WARNING SIGNS SHOULD BE USED. DURING HOURS OF DARKNESS. A FLASHING WARNING LIGHT SHOULD BE PLACED ON DRUMS USED SINGLY AS A WARNING DEVICE. STEADY BURN ELECTRIC LIGHTS OR DELINEATORS SHOULD BE PLACED ON DRUMS USED IN SERIES FOR TRAFFIC CHANNELIZATION. DRUMS SHALL BE WEIGHTED WITH SAND TO THE EXTENT INDICATED IN THE PLANS.

CWI-8 CHEVRON SIGNS, CWI-6A ARROW SIGNS OR VP-I VERTICAL PANELS MOUNTED ABOVE DRUMS MAY BE USED AS SUPPLEMENTS TO DRUM DELINEATION.



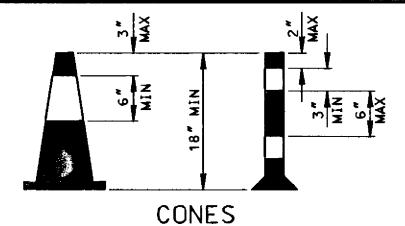
VERTICAL PANELS (VP)



TRAFFIC CONES AND TUBULAR MARKERS
SHALL BE A MIN OF 18" INCHES IN HEIGHT
WITH A BROADENED BASE AND MAY BE MADE
OF VARIOUS MATERIALS TO WITHSTAND
IMPACT WITHOUT DAMAGE TO THEMSELVES OR
TO VEHICLES. LARGER SIZES SHOULD BE
USED ON FREEWAYS AND OTHER ROADWAYS
WHERE SPEED ARE RELATIVELY HIGH OR
WHERE EVER MORE CONSPICUOUS GUIDANCE
IS NEEDED. ORANGE SHALL BE THE
PREDOMINANT COLOR ON CONES AND TUBULAR
MARKERS. THEY SHOULD BE KEPT CLEAN
AND BRIGHT FOR MAX TARGET VALUE.
FOR NIGHTTIME USE THEY SHALL BE
REFLECTORIZED OR EQUIPPED WITH
LIGHTING DEVICES FOR MAX VISIBILITY.
REFLECTORIZED MATERIAL SHALL HAVE A
SMOOTH. SEALED OUTER SURFACE WHICH
WILL DISPLAY THE SAME APPROX COLOR
DAY AND NIGHT.

REFLECTORIZATION OF TUBULAR MARKERS SHALL BE A MIN OF TWO THREE-INCH BANDS PLACED A MAX OF 2" FROM THE TOP WITH A MAX OF 6" BETWEEN THE BANDS. REFLECTORIZATION OF CONES SHALL BE PROVIDED BY A MIN 6" BAND PLACED A MAX OF 3" FROM THE TOP.

CONES OR TUBULAR MARKERS ARE GENERALLY ONLY SUITABLE FOR TEMPORARY USAGE (UP TO 8 HOURS) WITH OTHER CHANNELIZATION DEVICES SUCH AS VERTICAL PANELS OR BARRICADES PREFERRED FOR LONGER TERM USAGE. CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO INSURE THAT THEY REMAIN IN THEIR PROPER LOCATION AND IN AN UPRIGHT POSITION.

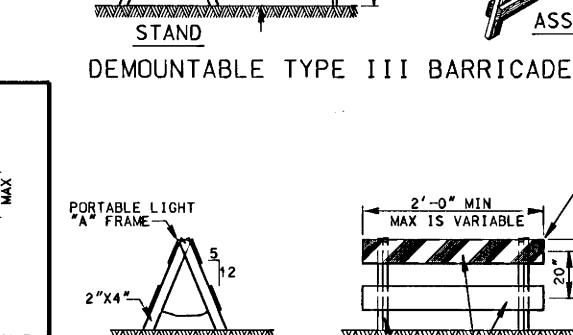


PORTABLE LIGHT

"A" FRAME

DEMOUNTABLE

SECTION

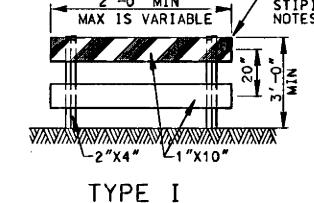


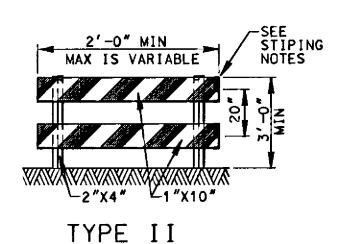
12'-0" MIN

18'-0" MAX

-1″X8″-√ 1″X8″-√

PANEL





ALTERNATE DESIGNS ARE USED.

BARRICADE NOTES

DESCRIBED.

THE MOST RECENT EDITION OF THE TEXAS MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES. AND IT'S REVISIONS. SHALL

GOVERN THE CONSTRUCTION AND USE OF ALL ITEMS HEREIN

CHANNELIZATION DEVICES OTHER THAN BARRICADES SHOULD NORMALLY BE USED FOR CHANNELIZATION PURPOSES.

BARRICADES SHOULD NORMALLY BE PLACED PERPENDICULAR TO THE TRAFFIC FLOW. OTHER CHANNELIZING DEVICES, SUCH AS

BE USED WHERE NEEDED TO SEPARATE TRAFFIC FROM THE WORK AREA. IN ALL CASES, THE BARRICADES SHOULD BE SO LOCATED AS TO MOST ADVANTAGEOUSLY WARN AND DIRECT TRAFFIC.

DRUMS. VERTICAL PANELS OR PORTABLE BARRIERS. SHOULD

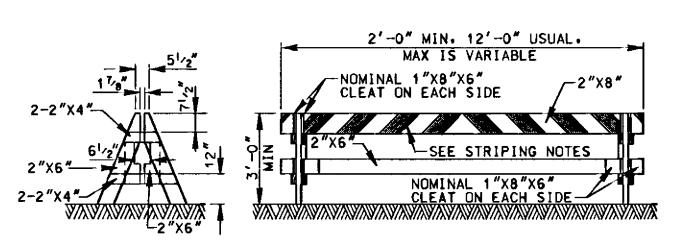
BARRICADES MAY BE DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED FROM WOOD

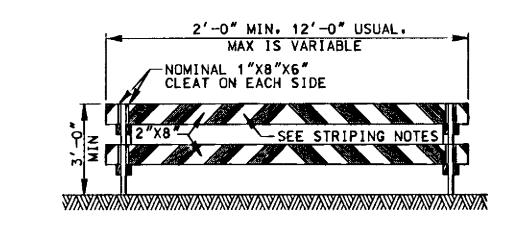
THE DEPARTMENT OF TRAFFIC AND TRANSPORTATION. THE

(ABOVE PAVEMENT) OF RAILS MUST BE ADHERED TO WHEN

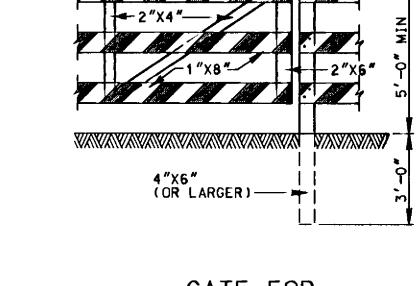
OR ANY OTHER SUITABLE MATERIAL IN A MANNER APPROVED BY

CONSTRUCTION DETAILS SHOWN HEREON ARE TYPICAL AND ARE SUGGESTED DETAILS FOR WOOD SUPPORT SYSTEMS FOR BARRICADES. THE DETAILS OF RAIL WIDTH AND STRIPING.
NUMBER AND SPACING OF RAILS. MINIMUM LENGTH AND HEIGHT





TYPE II



BARRICADES ARE TO BE CONSTRUCTED OF CLEAN SOUND MATERIAL. ALL SURFACES ABOVE GROUND. WHICH ARE NOT STRIPED. SHALL BE WHITE EXCEPT

THE UNPAINTED GALVANIZED METAL OR ALUMINUM COMPONENTS MAY BE USED. COMPONENTS MADE OF LUMBER SHALL BE PAINTED WITH

A MINIMUM OF TWO COATS OF AN APPROVED BRAND OF WHITE PAINT TO SECURE THOROUGH COVERAGE AND A UNIFORM WHITE COLOR.

SET BY DOTT.

SECTION.

THE REFLECTORIZED WHITE AND REFLECTORIZED ORANGE (REFLECTORIZED RED) STRIPES FOR BARRICADES, DRUMS

AND VERTICAL PANELS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED OF "HIGH INTESITY SHEETING AND SHALL BE MAINTAINED TO MEET THE APPEARANCE, COLOR AND REFLECTIVITY REQUIREMENTS

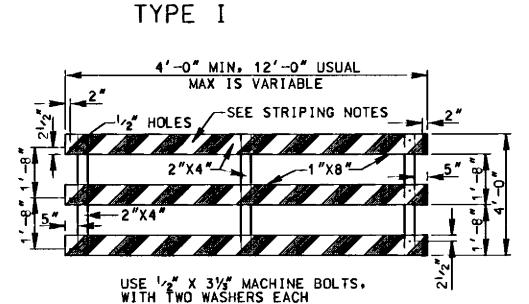
THE CONTRACTOR SHALL MAINTAIN EACH BARRICADE IN A CLEAN AND GOOD CONDITION.

BARRICADES SHALL BE REMOVED UPON COMPLETION OF THE

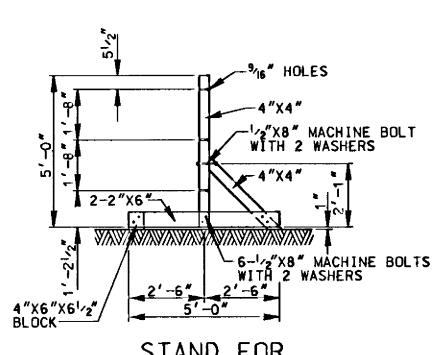
WORK AND/OR THE ELIMINATION OF THE HAZARD ON ANY

12'-0" MIN OPENING

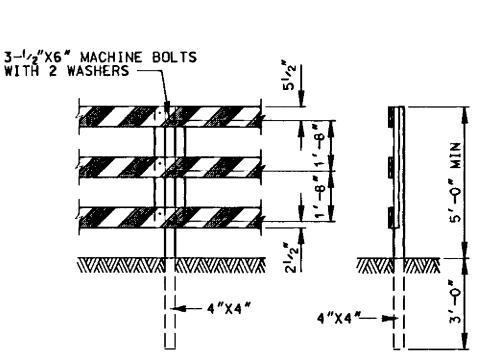
GATE FOR TYPE III BARRICADE



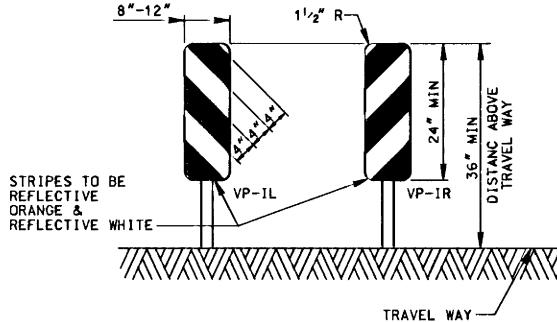
PANEL FOR TYPE III BARRICADE



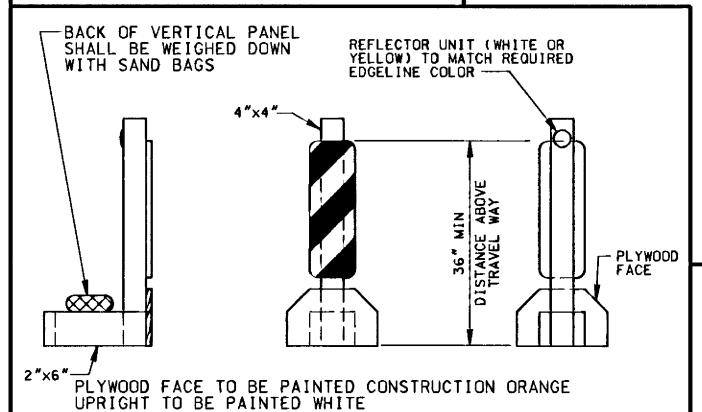
STAND FOR TYPE III BARRICADE



POST FOR TYPE III BARRICADE

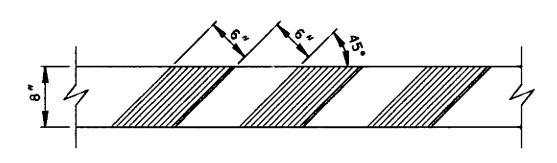


VERTICAL PANELS ARE NORMALLY USED AS CHANNELIZING DEVICES TO INDICATE TANGENT OR NEARLY TANGENT ROADWAY ALIGNMENT WHERE GOOD TARGET VALUE OF A DEVICE IS NEEDED IN DAYTIME AS WELL AS THE NIGHTTIME. IN ADDITION, VERTICAL PANELS SHOULD BE USED AT THE EDGE OF SHOULDER DROP-OFFS AND OTHER SUCH AREAS AS LANE TRANSITIONS WHERE POSITIVE DAY AND NIGHT DELINEATION MAY BE REQUIRED. VERTICAL PANELS SHOULD BE MOUNTED BACK TO BACK IF USED AT THE EDGE OF CUTS ADJACENT TO TWO-WAY TWO LANE ROADWAYS. STRIPES SHOULD ALWAYS SLOPE DOWNWARD TOWARD THE TRAVELED WAY.



TYPICAL PORTABLE VERTICAL PANEL

OR DELINEATOR OTHER SIMILAR SUPPORTS MAY BE USED WHEN APPROVED OR DIRECTED BY THE COH DEPT OF TRAFFIC AND



STRIPING FOR BARRICADE FOR ALL TYPES OF BARRICADES WITH RAILS LESS THAN 3'-0" LONG. STRIPES 4" WIDE SHALL BE USED. IDENTIFICATION MARKINGS MAY BE SHOWN ONLY ON BACK SIDE OF BARRICADE RAILS. STRIPING SHOULD COVER THE FULL WIDTH OF THE RAIL. STRIPING OF RAILS. PANELS. ETC. SHOULD SLOPE DOWNWARD AT AN ANGLE OF 45° DEGREES IN DIRECTIONS TRAFFIC IS TO PASS.

WHERE A BARRICADE EXTENDS ENTIRELY ACROSS A ROADWAY, IT IS DESIRABLE THAT THE STRIPES SLOPE DOWNWARD IN THE DIRECTION TOWARD WHICH TRAFFIC MUST TURN IN DETOURING. WHEN BOTH RIGHT AND LEFT TURNS ARE PROVIDED FOR, THE CHEVRON STRIPING MAY SLOPE DOWNWARD IN BOTH DIRECTIONS FROM THE CENTER OF THE BARRICADE.



REFERENCE BENCHMARK
RM 164 - CHISELED SQUARE ON TOP OF HEADWALL ON
EAST SIDE OF CYPRESS ROSEHILL ROAD, APPROXIMATELY
3,400 FEET SOUTH OF FENSKE ROAD.
ELEVATION - 162.59 (1973 ADJUSTMENT)

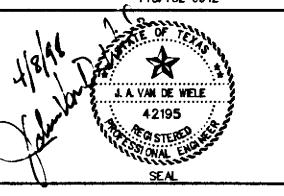
RR SPIKE IN POWER POLE ON SPRING CYPRESS ROAD ON THE SOUTH R.O.W. ACROSS FROM PIPELINE. ELEVATION - 147.70

NOTES

RR SPIKE IN POWER POLE ON WEST R.O.W. OF HUFFMEISTER ROAD, 50' NORTH OF PIPELINE. ELEVATION - 147.22

Steffek & Van De Wiele Incorporated Consulting Engineers

2925 Briarpark, Suite 275 Houston, Texas 77042-3778 713/782-0042



FLOOD CONTROL

COUNTY ENGINEER NORTHWEST HARRIS COUNTY M.U.D. 10

NORTHLAKE FOREST SECTION THREE

BARRICADE STANDARD DETAILS

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS AND ENGINEERING ENGINEERING, CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE GROUP

TRAFFIC AND SIGNAL ENGINEERING NASTEWATER ENGINEERI STREET & BRIDGE ENGINEERING

OTHER DEPARTMENT

PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SPONSOR DEPARTMENT

APPROVED BY: APPROVED BY: ITY ENGINEER 1/15/58 SUBMITTED: JAV N.T.S. SCALE: DATE: 3 / 98

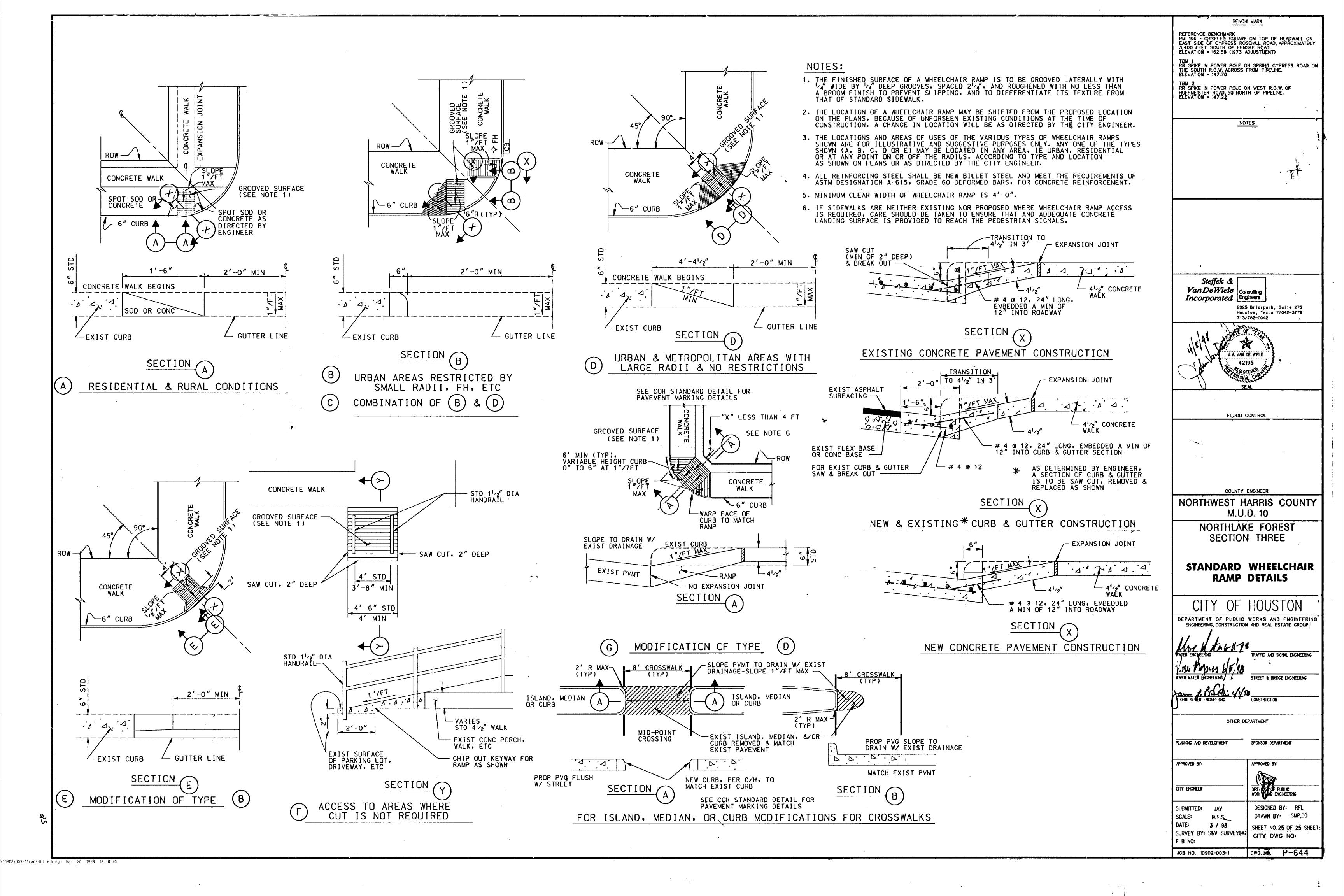
SURVEY BY: S&V SURVEYING

JOB NO. 10902-003-1

DIRECTOR OF PUBLIC WORKS AND LINCINEERING DESIGNED BY: RFL DRAWN BY: SMP,DD SHEET NO. 24 OF 25 SHEET CITY DWG NO:

DWG. NO. P-644

\10902\003-1\cad\dil brod dgn Mar 20, 1998 18:09:5



Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvements UPIN: 19103MF14F01



# APPENDIX C<br/>INO LETTER

FLOOD FLOOD CONTROL DISTRICT

9900 Northwest Freeway

Houston, Texas 77092

346-286-4000 www.hcfcd.org

June 4, 2021

Mr. Shawn Sturhan, PE
Permits Manager
Harris County Permits Division
10555 Northwest Freeway, Suite 120
Houston, TX 77092
shawn.sturhan@eng.hctx.net

SENT VIA ELECTRONIC MAIL: NO HARD COPY TO FOLLOW

RE: Project No. 2012100253

Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvements HCFCD Unit L106-00-00; Key Map 327-Z; Pct. 3

Dear Mr. Sturhan:

The referenced report has been reviewed pursuant to the HCFCD <u>Policy, Criteria, and Procedure Manual</u> and Section 3.02 of the "Regulations of Harris County, Texas for the Approval and Acceptance of Infrastructure." The goals of the review are to provide technical support to the Harris County Floodplain Administrator and to apply HCFCD policy and criteria where appropriate.

This review addresses issues regarding hydraulic and hydrologic drainage design criteria only. Design criteria regarding the site layout of the proposed development and drainage facilities will be reviewed upon submittal of site plans.

Our understanding of the report is described below. Please see the response contained within the "Hydrologic & Hydraulic Technical Review" section.

#### **HCFCD Jurisdiction**

The project meets at least one of the following conditions; HCFCD criteria apply:

- The project directly affects HCFCD Infrastructure.
- The project proposes infrastructure to be maintained by HCFCD.
- The project is located within a watershed where HCFCD has a regional project adopted by Harris County Commissioners Court.
- A technical review has been requested by Harris County.

#### **Submittal Information**

#### Submitted Report

Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvements May 17, 2021

#### **Consulting Engineer**

HDR Engineering, Inc.
4828 Loop Central Drive, Suite 800
Houston, TX 77081-2220
TBPE Registration No. F-754
Jeremy Blevins, PE, CFM
TX P.E. # 109719

June 4, 2021 Shawn Sturhan, P.E. Harris County Permits Division

Page 2

#### **Project Summary**

This memorandum provides the results of a drainage analysis associated with the proposed storm sewer improvements within the Northlake Forest subdivision in Harris County Precinct 3. The subdivision experienced significant structural flooding during the Tax Day flood of 2016 and Hurricane Harvey in 2017. Storm sewer improvements are proposed along Clear Point Drive, Corktree Knolls, and Medlowe Court. Additional inlet capacity is proposed by replacing existing Type B-B inlets with Type C-1 inlets along Light Falls Court, Bach Springs Court, Fable Court, and Elinor Court. The storm sewer improvements involve extending the existing storm sewer toward the end of each respective cul-de-sac and to provide additional inlet capacity. Additionally, the storm sewer outfall to the System 1 detention basin was modified to the proposed size of 6'x4' RCB with 5'x4' restrictor plate.

#### **Detention Summary**

N/A

#### Floodplain Related Information

Based on FEMA FIRM Panel No. 48201C0410M, dated October 16, 2013, the subdivision is currently mapped within FEMA effective Special Flood Hazard Area Shaded Zone X, which indicates that the entire subdivision lies within the 0.2% annual chance (500- year) floodplain of Little Cypress Creek.

Please also note that Harris County is the Floodplain Administrator for the receiving waterways. All issues regarding local floodplain regulations must be coordinated through Harris County.

#### **Report Findings**

The report states, "Based on the results of this analysis, the proposed project will cause no adverse impacts to flood hazard conditions on the receiving waterways, including downstream properties within the City of Houston, for storm events up to and including the NOAA Atlas 14 1% annual chance (100-year) storm event."

#### Hydrologic & Hydraulic Technical Review

HCFCD offers the following:

The report includes statements that the project will cause no adverse impact to the receiving waterways, including downstream properties within the City of Houston, in storm events up to and including the Atlas 14 100-year storm event. The documentation within the report generally supports the conclusions stated by the engineer. Based on the stated conclusions, HCFCD interposes no objection to the referenced report. Please note, this acceptance does not necessarily mean that the entire report, including all supporting data and calculations, has been completely checked and verified. However, the report is signed, dated, and sealed by a Professional Engineer licensed to practice in the State of Texas, which therefore conveys the licensed engineer's responsibility and accountability.

June 4, 2021 Shawn Sturhan, P.E. Harris County Permits Division

Page 3

#### **Additional HCFCD Criteria**

Site plans must be submitted to HCFCD for review and signature.

The local municipal utility district will be required to maintain the proposed basin and written agreement between the developer and local municipal utility district for maintenance of the basins must be submitted with the site plans.

#### **Environmental Review & Permitting**

The Harris County Flood Control District's Regulatory Compliance Department requires that proposed projects impacting regulated waters of the U.S. obtain and document the required U.S. Army Corps of Engineers permit(s) for any portions of the project located within any existing or proposed HCFCD right-of-way. The type of permit required (if any) must be stated on the site plans even if written permit authorization from the Corps of Engineers is not required. If written permit authorization is required, copies of approved Corps of Engineers permits must be submitted with the HCFCD Notification of Construction in Right-of-Way and submitted to the HCFCD Development Coordination and Inspection Department at least 48 hours prior to construction along with the 48-hour Pre-Construction Notification.

Thank you for coordinating this project with the Flood Control District. If you have any questions regarding the technical comments, please contact Mr. Wen Zhang, P.E. via email at Wen.Zhang@hcfcd.hctx.net. For any other questions, you may contact me at chris.bennett@hcfcd.hctx.net.

Sincerely,

Chris Bennett Watershed Coordinator

CB:ag

Ltr 06-04-21 P# 2012100253 Northlake Forest INO.docx

Northlake Forest Subdivision Drainage Improvements UPIN: 19103MF14F01



# APPENDIX D EXISTING ROW MAPS

## HARRIS COUNTY ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

INDEX OF DRAWINGS

SHEET DESCRIPTION

1 COVER SHEET

2 EXISTING R.O.W. MAP (SHEET 1 OF 2)

3 EXISTING R.O.W. MAP (SHEET 2 OF 2)

## EXISTING RIGHT-OF-WAY MAP NORTHLAKE FOREST SUBDIVISION DRAINAGE IMPROVEMENTS - 2018

## UPIN NO. 19103MF14F01

HARRIS COUNTY ROAD LOG IDENTIFIER NO.

Clear Pointe Drive 0305601
Bach Springs Court 0305501
Light Falls Court 0305401
Corktree Knolls 0305201
Northlake Forest Drive 3603101

Fable Court 0304201 Elinor Court 0304401 Medlowe Court 0304601 Kedgwick Lane 0305001 Chapel Hollow Lane 0304701

RODNEY ELLIS

COMMISSIONER

PRECINCT 1

LINA HIDALGO

STEVE RADACK

 $\overline{\text{COMMISSIONER}}$ 

PRECINCT 3

ADRIAN GARCIA

COMMISSIONER

PRECINCT 2

R. JACK CAGLE

COMMISSIONER

PRECINCT 4

MICHAEL POST, CPA

COUNTY AUDITOR

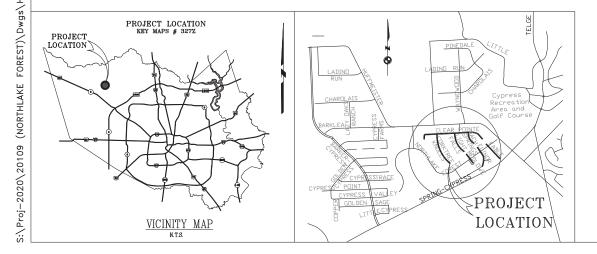


DECEMBER 2020 PRECINCT 3

Harris County, Texas

JOHN R. BLOUNT, P.E.

COUNTY ENGINEER



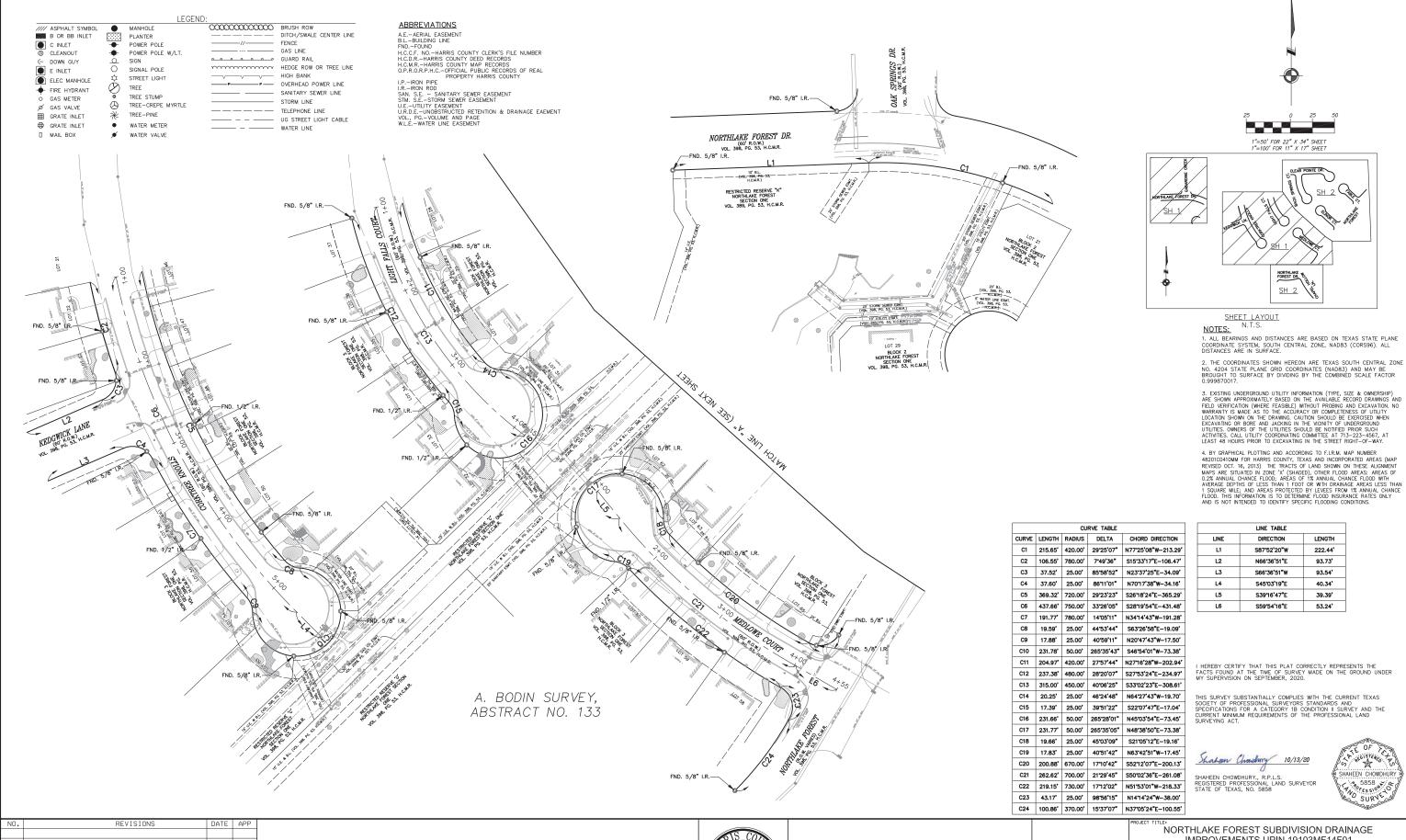
**KUO**& associates, Inc.

Consulting Engli & Surveyors 10300 Westoffice Dr., Sulte 800 Houston, TX 77042 Tel: (713) 975-8769 Fax: (713) 975-0920 www.kuoassodates.com TBPE Firm Registration No. F-4578

APPROVED: \_\_\_\_\_\_ HCED-Permit Group Flood Plain Management

Plain Management

CIVIL STANDARD PCS



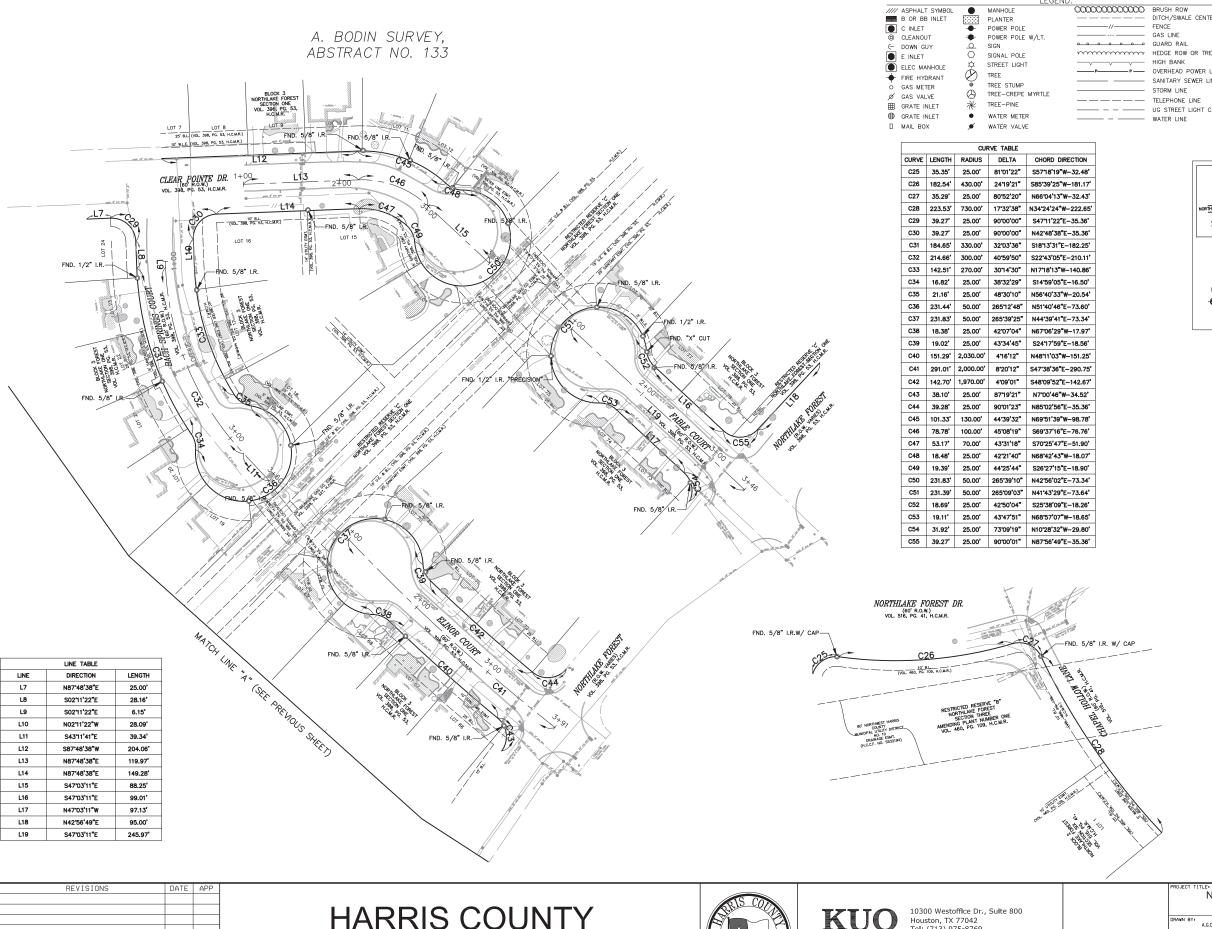
HARRIS COUNTY **ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT** 



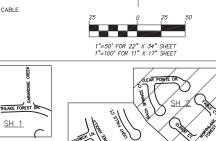
& associates, Inc. Consulting Engineers & Surveyors

10300 Westoffice Dr., Sulte 800 Houston, TX 77042 Tel: (713) 975-8769 Fax: (713) 975-0920 www.kuoassociates.com

		IMPROVEMENTS OPIN 19103MF14F01	
DRAWN BY:	A.G.C.	EXISTING R.O.W. MAP	HCED STANDARD
CK'D BY:	S.C.	(SHEET 1 OF 2)	
SCALE:	1"=50"		SHEET NO:
DATE: 10/	13/2020	APPROVED BY:	2 OF 3



DITCH/SWALE CENTER LINE HEDGE ROW OR TREE LINE — SANITARY SEWER LINE - - - UG STREET LIGHT CABLE



#### <u>ABBREVIATIONS</u>

ABBRE VIA HUNG
A.E.—AERIAL EASEMENT
B.L.—BUILDING LINE
FND.—FOUND
H.C.C.F. NO.—HARRIS COUNTY CLERK'S FILE NUMBER
H.C.D.R.—HARRIS COUNTY DEED RECORDS
H.C.M.R.—HARRIS COUNTY MAP RECORDS
O.P.R.O.R.P.H.C.—OFFICIAL PUBLIC RECORDS OF REAL
PROPERTY HARRIS COUNTY
I.P.—IRON PIPE

PROPERTY HARRIS COUNTY
I.R.—IRON ROD
SAN. S.E. — SANITARY SEWER EASEMENT
STM. S.E.—STORM SEWER EASEMENT
U.E.—UNITY EASEMENT
U.R.D.E.—UNOBSTRUCTED RETENTION & DRAINAGE EAEMENT
VOL., P.G.—VOLUWE AND PAGE
W.L.E.—WATER LINE EASEMENT

(CORS96). ALL DISTANCES ARE IN SURFACE.

3. EXISTING UNDERGROUND UTILITY INFORMATION (TYPE, SIZE & OWNERSHIP) ARE SHOWN APPROXIMATELY BASED ON THE AVAILABLE RECORD DRAWINGS AND FILED VERIFICATION (WHERE FEASIBLE) WITHOUT PROBING AND EXCAVATION, NO WARRANTY IS MADE AS TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF UTILITY LOCATION SHOWN ON THE DRAWING, CAUTION SHOULD BE EXERCISED WHEN EXCAVATING OR BORE AND JACKING IN THE VIGINITY OF UNDERGROUND UTILITIES, COMMETS OF THE UTILITIES SHOULD BE NOTHED PRIOR SUCH ACTIVITIES, CALL UTILITY CORDINATION COMMITTEE AT 1731–223–3657, AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO EXCAVATING IN THE STREET RIGHT-OF-WAY.

4. BY CRAPHICAL PLOTTING AND ACCORDING TO F.I.R.M. MAP NUMBER 48201C0410MM FOR HARRIS COUNTY, TEXAS AND INCORPORATED AREAS (MAP REVISED OCT. 16, 2013) THE TRACTS OF LAND SHOWN ON THESE ALICAMENT MAPS ARE SITUATED IN ZONE "X (SHADED), OTHER FLOOD AREAS. AREAS OF 0.2% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD; AREAS OF 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD; AREAS OF 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD; AREAS FORTECTED BY LEVES FROM 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD. THIS INFORMATION IS TO DETERMINE FLOOD INSURANCE AREAS LESS THAN 1 SQUARE MILE; AND AREAS PROTECTED BY LEVES FROM 1% ANNUAL CHANCE FLOOD. THIS INFORMATION IS TO DETERMINE FLOOD INSURANCE RATES ONLY AND IS NOT INTENDED TO IDENTIFY SPECIFIC FLOODING CONDITIONS.

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PLAT CORRECTLY REPRESENTS THE FACTS FOUND AT THE TIME OF SURVEY MADE ON THE GROUND UNDER MY SUPERVISION ON SEPTEMBER, 2020.

THIS SURVEY SUBSTANTIALLY COMPLIES WITH THE CURRENT TEXAS SOCIETY OF PROFESSIONAL SURVEYORS STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR A CATEGORY 18 CONDITION II SURVEY AND THE CURRENT MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS OF THE PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYING ACT.



REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYOR STATE OF TEXAS, NO. 5858



HARRIS COUNTY **ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT** 



& associates, Inc.

Tel: (713) 975-8769 Fax: (713) 975-0920 www.kuoassociates.com Consulting Engineers & Surveyors

## NORTHLAKE FOREST SUBDIVISION DRAINAGE

	IMPROVEMENTS UPIN 19103MF14F01	
RAWN BY: A.G.C.	EXISTING R.O.W. MAP	HCED STANDARD
K'D BY• S.C.	(SHEET 2 OF 2)	
1"=50"		SHEET NO:
ATE: 10/13/2020	APPROVED BY:	3 OF 3